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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY
Minn. Hist'l Society #15

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR. MONDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1893. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. THREE CENTS

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men

ESTABLISHED 1881.

Store Closed Every Evening Except Mondays and Saturdays.

Clip!
Clip!
Clip!

Go the reduction shears all through our beautiful stock. Two or three tables full of Overcoats here, and two or three tables full of Suits there, $5 and $10 a clip, and even more on some lots.

We Are Selling

Boys' Knee Pant Suits for.....

$3.50, $4 and $5,

Some of which were made to sell for $10.00, $8.00 and $7.00. If upon examination you don't like what you buy here, bring it back and get your money.

$2.48 For any $4.50, $4.00, $3.50 or $3.00 Spring Hat TODAY.

$1.48 For any $2.50 or $2.00 Spring Hat TODAY.

98c For any $1.50, $1.25 or $1.00 Spring Hat TODAY.

Get Your

Spring Fashionable Hat, TODAY the last day at this, our introduction sale. Weather is a little wintry as we write, but it will pay you to buy and lay it away.

The BIG DULUTH

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL, Props.

Wholesalers and Retailers of Lumbermen's, Miners and Explorer's Supplies.

"AS CORYDON AND PHYLLIS FAIR
Paused in the shade to rest,
He threw his arms around her there,
And drew her to his breast."

"'If I had gold,' he said to her,
'Twould be my dearest duty
To see that your surroundings were
Befitting to your beauty.'"

Sweet Phyllis blushed and softly trills,
"Dear 'Cord,' why wish for gold
When F. S. Kelly will take bills:
At least, so I've been told."

And So It Goes,

Where Furniture is mentioned the name of F. S. KELLY rises, we might say instinctively, to the lips. Beautify your homes—a Carpet, Rug, Odd Piece of Furniture, Draperies, or something of the sort. Your hours of rest at home should be looked forward to with pleasant anticipation. I will be pleased to have you call and inspect my stock.

EVERY article that is needed to start a young couple in house-keeping can be bought from me on easy payments.

F. S. Kelly

EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME.
EVERYTHING FOR THE OFFICE.
On Easy Payments.

J. M. GEIST, THE LEADING HOUSE IN Fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Etc.

TOMORROW!

Opening Day SPRING STYLES of the Celebrated

Dunlap Hat!

No stylish dresser can do without one. Get one before the sizes are broken.

CATE & CLARKE,

Sole Agents.

IN THE LEGISLATURE

A Flood of Petitions Against Religious Legislation and Many Bills Introduced in the House.

Mr. Boggs' Bill Confirming Defective Vacation of Streets, Avenues and Alleys Recommended to Pass.

Senator-elect Roach of North Dakota Addressed the Legislators and Promised to Aid Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 27.—[Special to The Herald.]—A flood of petitions was received in the house today against religious legislation. Bills were introduced as follows: By Hendricks, a bill to make licenses for the sale of liquor personal property and subject to transfer, mortgage, etc.; by Hendricks, to provide for transfer of monies from the state treasury to municipalities, consisting of money taken in fees by the insurance commissioner; by Fleming, to amend the general laws relating to building and loan associations, placing them under the supervision of the public examiner, who shall also place a valuation on all their real estate; by McGrath, a bill relating to validity of assessments against railroads which have abandoned their land grants or transferred them; by Boggs, a bill to authorize county commissioners to appropriate money and expend money in adjoining counties to an amount not exceeding $5,000 in one year; by Boggs, a bill relating to ownerships of real estate and providing that aliens may own and deal in real estate; by Abbott, a bill to declare express companies common carriers and placing them under supervision of the railroad and warehouse commission within one hundred days after the passage of the act; by Fuller, a bill providing for amendment of the general laws so that any one having claims on logs and lumber may assign the same.

Senator-elect Roach, of North Dakota, was present and was invited to address the house this morning. He said the causes which brought about the result of his election as United States senator of North Dakota were organization and persistence against a disorganized majority. He was happy and proud of the flattering words he had received from the press and people of Minnesota, and he would do everything that lay in his power to assist the state of Minnesota, if such assistance was at any time necessary.

Boggs' bill providing that in cases of the vacation of plats or of streets or alleys and avenues, if no proceedings have been begun to the contrary within ten years, any irregularity shall not affect the title, was recommended to pass this morning by the committee of the whole; also Boggs' bill authorizing the incorporation of subordinate grand lodges of a certain society which is understood to be in the interest of the Scandinavian Aid and Fellowship society of Duluth, which desires the right to hold property.

THE INVESTIGATION CLOSED.

The Inquiry Into the Whisky Trust Has Ended.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The whisky investigation closed today. James M. Veazey was recalled and concluded his testimony. He reviewed the testimony taken by the committee and said that there being no vinous malt or spirituous liquors produced in this country, which is in anyway improved by any change or adulteration, permits by the government to make such changes should not be issued.

Let fruit brandies be made in their respective districts from fruit, rye whiskies from rye, and bourbon whiskies from such grain as compose them. Amend the internal revenue laws so as to abolish the issue of rectifiers license to liquor dealers. Make it a felony to use oils or essences or colorings in adulterating or changing products, vinous, malt or spirituous liquors produced in this country.

Alcohol is a really useful product, finding its market almost exclusively in the arts and sciences. A bonded period is of no importance to producers of it. Fine whiskies, owing to the location in which they are made, the manner in which they are warehoused, the method of distillation and the quantity of the product require many of them at least, five years to ripen and become fit for use.

At present, under the bonded period law, whiskey is required to be withdrawn from the bond and the tax paid at the expiration of three years. Such of these goods as are not fit for use are exported, stored in foreign countries and returned here when our markets will receive them. The practice seems unwarranted, unfair and unjust. Let the bonded period be made five years instead of three.

The sub-committee will probably submit its findings to the full committee tomorrow.

Prize Fighters Arrested.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Vera and McArthur, the two principals in the prize fight at Niles Center Yesterday morning, which nearly resulted fatally to Vera, were held to the criminal court today in bonds of $500, and a number of witnesses of the contest were fined $10 each. Judge Brentano called the grand jury's special attention to the fight this morning and instructed it to investigate the case fully. He charged the affair as outrageous.

A Better Feeling.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—A feeling of confidence pervades the treasury department. So far as known $350,000 in gold has been engaged from the subtreasury at New York for shipment tomorrow. The free gold on hand is more than $4,000,000.

NOW IN A FRENCH PRISON.

A Notorious Bank Forger Has Again Been Apprehended.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The World this morning in a special article says: George MacDonnell, the notorious Bank of England forger, who was pardoned in August last after serving nearly twenty years of a life sentence of imprisonment, and whose pardon was granted on the ground that he had reformed, and also on his promise to leave England forever, is a prisoner once more in Lisle, France.

MacDonnell returned to his friends in this country last September and was believed to have determined to lead an honest life. It now transpires that MacDonnell had, or said he had, a large sum of money deposited in a French bank. He said he had placed it there under a false name before he received his life sentence and he made up his mind after nineteen years to go back to France and see if he could find it. He expected to recover the entire sum with interest.

His friends tried to dissuade him. They did not believe, as a matter of fact, that MacDonnell had ever placed the money in the French bank. MacDonnell, however, sailed for Lisle, France, only a few weeks after his arrival here. His friends expected to hear from him daily, and when two months had expired and not a word had been received his sister set out for France to find him. Word came back from her that MacDonnell had been arrested and sent to prison. The cause of his arrest she did not state, but she wrote that he protested he had no guilty intent in committing the offense for which he had been apprehended.

The cause of MacDonnell's arrest has since been learned. When he set out for France, MacDonnell had very little money for the trip. He spent some time going to different banks in France and making inquiries, until one day he found that he had about run out of ready cash and that his hotel bill had reached generous dimensions. His landlord asked him to settle. As the report comes to this country, MacDonnell gave his landlord a check for a sum of money, about £5 in excess of his hotel bill, and received the difference in cash.

With the £5 in cash in his pocket, MacDonnell intended returning to America but the check turned out to be worthless and he was arrested tried and convicted. The officials of the Pinkerton agency here think MacDonnell is mentally unsound.

WAS KILLED BY CHLORAL.

The Fate of a Young Physician in Wisconsin.

MARSHFIELD, Wis., Feb. 27.—Dr. Lyman J. Hills, a young physician of Sherry, a little town near here, died Saturday night from an overdose of chloral and laudanum. He had been addicted to drinking and took the Keeley cure, which, however, proved ineffective.

He then tried an anti-gold dipsomania cure at Fond du Lac, this state, which cured him of his love of drink, but resulted in the constant use of chloral.

WILL APPEAL THE CASE.

Speaker Ralph of Tennessee Will Not Resign His Position.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Feb. 27.—Ralph Davis, speaker of the Tennessee house of representatives, who has been disbarred by a decision of Judge Esten, of the Shelby county circuit court, announces that he will not resign his position as speaker, but will fight the case to the end.

He has appealed the case to the supreme court. The legislature meets again on March 8, and unless Davis reconsiders his determination not to resign impeachment proceedings will be commenced.

MILLIONAIRE MACKAY BETTER.

His Would-be Murderer Still Alive but Will Die.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27.—The condition of John W. Mackay continues to improve. He slept well last night and awoke greatly refreshed this morning. At 9:30 o'clock Dr. Keeney dressed his wound and stated that his patient was progressing in a very satisfactory manner.

Rippey is worse this morning. It is still a matter of doubt as to how long he will live, but final death from the self-inflicted wound is certain.

New Public Printer.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 27.—The announcement in the Philadelphia Record this morning that President-elect Cleveland has tendered the position of public printer to Charles W. Edwards, publisher of the Wilmington Journal, is believed by friends here of Mr. Edwards to be true. Mr. Edwards himself is out of the city and will not return until Thursday.

The General Lost.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The court of claims today rendered a decision in the case of D. G. Swain, judge advocate general of the army, vs. the United States for recovery of half of his pay for the period of twelve years, adverse to Gen Swain. The case has been pending in the court of claims for the past two or three years.

Worst of the Season.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 27.—Specials to the Journal from West Superior, New Richmond, Marshfield and other widely scattered points in the state report the worst storm of the season, with high winds and steadily falling mercury. At West Superior the street car system is demoralized and business almost suspended.

Switchmen on Strike.

DECATUR, Ill., Feb. 27.—All of the Vandalia switchmen on the Peoria division of the road in Decatur have struck for higher wages. The demand was for $15 increase for the foremen and twenty-six cents an hour for the helpers. The demand was refused, at which the men quit work.

Mantle Did Not Win.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 27.—Today's ballot for United States senator resulted as follows: Mantle, 30; Clark, 25; Dixon, 10; Toole, 1; Kleinschmadt, 2. No choice.

STIR AT BLOOMINGTON

The Departure of the Vice President-Elect for Washington the Cause of a Demonstration.

A General Interest Was Taken in the Event by the Bloomington People This Morning.

Adlai Was Loudly Cheered and Was Compelled to Shake Hands With Many Old Friends.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Feb. 27.—This city was astir unusually early this morning. It was the day of departure for the newly elected vice president and his escort for Washington, and never since the memorable June evening, when Mr. Stevenson returned from Chicago as the nominee, has there been such a general interest manifested. By 7:30 o'clock this morning, the railway station platform was thronged with eager citizens. The hour of departure had been announced as 8 o'clock, and a few minutes before that time the special train which had been prepared backed into the station.

The private car "Glacier," which was to be Vice President Stevenson's own quarters, was the rear car, while ahead of it were six other coaches and a baggage car. On the first coach was a long banner with the words "Illinois Club, Bloomington," while upon the car ahead of the "Glacier" was another banner inscribed "Stevenson's escort."

The vice president's carriage arrived at the depot at 7:50, and in the carriage with him were his wife and son Louis, and Mrs. M. T. Scott, his sister-in-law. The other members of the family followed in another carriage. Upon Mr. Stevenson's appearance the crowd gave a cheer, to which he bowed. The "Glacier" being the last car on the train Mr. Stevenson was obliged to pass through the entire throng, his hand being shaken by all who could approach him. Some minutes were consumed before he and his family were safely seated in the car.

Then the hundred or more citizens who are to go to Washington with him boarded the other cars and the whistle sounded for depature. The crowd gave a parting cheer as the train pulled out. Mr. Stevenson's parting with his mother was particularly touching. Owing to her feeble health the venerable lady could not accompany him. She kissed her boy goodbye at the house.

THE TRIP TO CHICAGO.

Crowds Gathered at the Stations Along the Route.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—Vice President-elect Adlai E. Stevenson passed through the outskirts of this city this morning en route to Washington to participate in the inauguration of President Cleveland and to be himself installed as presiding officer of the senate.

The special train consisting of the private car of President Oakes of the Northern Pacific, four Pullman sleepers, and a dining and baggage car left Bloomington over the Chicago & Alton road at 8:05. The private car was occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson, Louis G. Stevenson, Jr., Miss Letitia Stevenson, Hon. and Mrs. James S. Ewing, Mrs. Matthew T. Scott and daughters Letitia and Julia, of Louisville; Mr. and Mrs. John Stevenson, Hon. and Mrs. John T. Bunn, Miss Blanche Burnette, of St. Louis, and the venerable Robert E. Williams, the old law preceptor of vice president-elect.

In the Pullman cars were 100 members and ladies of the Illinois Democratic club of Bloomington, composing the escort of honor, a special committee of the club, headed by Hon. T. J. Dunn, having charge of all matters relating to the trip. The train was handsomely decorated inside and out with tri-colored bunting, stars and stripes in profusion, and portraits of Cleveland and Stevenson.

It pulled out of the Chicago & Alton depot at Bloomington shortly after 8 o'clock amidst huzzas and waving of handkerchiefs and hats by a throng of several thousand people that had congregated on both sides of the track to say good bye to their distinguished fellow townsman. A quick run was made, Brighton Park, Ill., being reached at 1:50. There the train was switched to the Belt Line and run over to South Chicago, where it was transferred to the tracks of the Baltimore & Ohio.

At Brighton park the party was joined by the vice president's two eldest daughters, the Misses Mary and Julia Stevenson, who are attending college in Chicago and who had reached the junction on the private car "Chicago," belonging to General Superintendent Campbell of the Baltimore & Ohio. The ladies were chaperoned by Division Superintendent H. C. Sneed and Passenger Agent W. C. Shoemaker, the former afterward taking charge of the special to Garrett, Ind., and the latter accompanying the party to Washington.

Between Bloomington and Chicago, short stops were made at Dwight, Joliet and Pontiac. Large crowds had assembled there and at almost every other station and in response to repeated calls Mr. Stevenson bowed his thanks from the platform of the rear car. "I will not make any speeches on the trip," he said to the representatives of the United Press." It would not be in good taste. I shall be glad to see the smiling faces of my friends en route and to shake hands with as many of them as time will permit, but this is not an occasion or opportunity for political speeches."

Vice President Stevenson affectionately greeted the people as they stopped at the stations. There was considerable delay in getting over the Belt Line. A few minutes were occupied in changing engines and the train left that point without any demonstration from the bystanders.

Consul Now Resigned.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—American Consul General J. C. New will leave the consulship to May 15 next.

THE PARISIAN SENSATION.

The Figaro Connects Prominent Officials With the Panama Scandal.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—The Figaro today professes to reveal some sensational points affecting men who have stood high in the government, which points, the Figaro claims, were elicited by the examining magistrate, M. Franqueville, during the recent examinations of Charles De Lesseps. The Figaro states that Charles De Lesseps testified that it was owing to the urgency of the late minister of war, M. De Freycinet, and the late president of the chamber of deputies, M. Floquet, and of M. Clemenceau that he yielded to the demands for money made upon him by the late Baron Reinach and Cornelius Herz, Reinach having threatened in 1888 to bring a public suit against the Panama Canal company, the exposures attending which might have proved highly disastrous to the company.

The Figaro goes on to state that when M. De Freycinet was questioned by M. Franqueville as to this avowal of Charles De Lesseps, M. De Freycinet admitted that he had employed his influence to dissuade Charles De Lesseps from incurring the risk of a lawsuit which would be likely to have damaging consequences for the Panama Canal company. M. Floquet, when questioned by M. Franqueville, denied altogether the truth of the statement of Charles De Lesseps so far as it affected him.

The report in the Figaro occasions considerable comment, in view of the terms of intimacy known to have existed between De Freycinet and Herz, and the sympathy that De Freycinet is alleged to have exhibited in Herz's success.

NOT AT THIS SESSION.

The Hartley Bridge Bill Recalled by the Senate and is Now Laid Upon the Shelf.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—[Special to The Herald.]—Senator Washburn's bill providing for a bridge over the St. Louis river between Connor's and Rice's point, which passed the senate Saturday, has upon action of Senator Vilas been recalled and will not become a law this session.

RESEMBLES A COMEDY.

The Fight Over the Bridge Bills Waxes Warmer.

A Washington dispatch of Saturday to the Pioneer Press says: What a merry war there is with the fighting lines on either bank of the St. Louis river, that bridge or those bridges, the row between Duluth and Superior and the peculiar relations which various members have in the affair make it resemble almost a comedy. Today Senator Washburn reported from his committee on commerce the Duluth and Superior Bridge company's bill, the Hartley and Mendenhall bill for Rice's Point. It was on his motion passed and sent to the house.

When it came over there Representatives Lind and Baldwin consulted, then Lind and Haugen consulted, then Haugen went over to the senate and consulted with Senator Vilas, of Wisconsin, Senator Vilas consulted with Senator Washburn, and the Minnesota senator immediately moved that the bill be recalled from the house and then moved its reconsideration.

Senator Washburn learned from Vilas that Haugen asked him to have the bill recalled. Haugen says he wanted some amendment to the bill. Lind says it was recalled for a slight amendment, and when so fixed would be on the speaker's table until the Grassy Point bridge was taken up and passed, when the senate Rice's Point bill would also be passed. Haugen and Lind both tried to get recognition for the Grassy Point bridge, but the house was not in the humor for it.

Representative-elect Baldwin says it looks as if the war had broken out again and that his first prediction that no bill would go through this session would be fulfilled. Senator Vilas says he intends to know all about it now and hear from Superior. When he hears from them he may be ready to fight everything.

CAUSED BITTER HARDSHIP.

English Cotton Operatives on Strike Are Suffering Greatly.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Great suffering exhists in Oldham, owing to the prolonged struggle between the master cotton spinners and the operatives. The number out of employment in Oldham alone is 34,000. Thousands of these are destitute of food and fuel, only those who belong to the operatives' union receiving union aid.

The prolonged cold weather has caused bitter hardship to multitudes of those out of work on account of the strike, and the frost and snow linger with a persistency that points to fatal suffering, unless relief speedily comes to the shivering and starving poor of the great cotton manufacturing center.

The local authorities are overburdened with demands upon them, and private charity has been exhausted owing to the continual and increasing drain since last November.

Oldham has not seen such misery since the time of the American war, when the scarcity of cotton caused thousands of Lancashire operatives to thrown out of employment.

Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The factory building, Nos. 811 to 817 East Ninetieth street, was destroyed by fire this morning. The building was occupied by Wm. Rowland, a ship joiner, and Horn & Fanshaw, bung makers. A model for a big steamer, which was to have been exhibited at the World's fair was destroyed. The loss on the building is $25,000 and on stock $50,000.

Purely a Local Affair.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—The Viscount D'Arinos, Brazilian minister to Great Britain, states that the agitation in the Brazilian province of Rio Grande Do Sul is purely a local affair and carries no menace of serious consequence to the general peace of the Brazilian republic.

Panton & Watson

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

The Great Trade Center For the Masses!

COME TODAY!
COME TOMORROW!

And every day in the week the bargains are here and plenty of them in every department.

GIVEN AWAY!

With every pair of Lace Curtains purchased during this sale, we give FREE, a Curtain Pole with brass trimmings, complete with Rings, Pins, Brackets, etc., and we guarantee the price 25 per cent cheaper than the cheapest.

WE ARE OPENING THE HANDSOMEST LINE OF

New Spring Carpets

Ever shown, and our prices will be the Lowest Named.

DON'T FORGET

To see our line before you purchase your spring Carpets; in Draperies and Curtains we will excell all previous efforts.

A GREAT SALE TUESDAY

ON THE CELEBRATED

Ivory Soap.

This is the genuine article, made by Proctor & Gamble, Cincinnati,

SIX BARS FOR 25c.

New Department!

Just opened, our new Candy Department.

New Fresh Candies Daily.

New Embroideries

Just opened and put on sale, a handsome new line of Embroideries,

From 3c to 75c Per Yard.

Panton & Watson

THE DEADLY SWITCH

By the Misplacement of a Switch, a Serious Wreck Was Caused Near Washington Today.

Fireman Simpson Was Almost Instantly Killed in a Collision and Three Other Employes Were Injured.

A Telegraph Operator Was Placed Under Arrest Because He Negligently Left the Switch Open.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27. — The misplacement of a switch on the Baltimore & Potomac railroad, at London bridge, in this city, resulted in an accident at 1 o'clock this morning that caused the death of one man and the injury of three more, all employes of the road. An extra freight, bound south, was standing in the causeway or approach to the bridge proper awaiting the incoming passenger train, No. 207. There is only a single track across the trestle work, and the engineer of the passenger train did not slack his speed.

When the engine reached the switch on this side he saw that the switch had been misplaced, and his engine rushed off on the south bound track. Before he could reverse his engine it crashed into the engine of the freight train. There was a tremendous crash and a bursting of boilers and a deafening sound of escaping steam.

The engineer of the freight train, W. E. Kudd, was on the ground awaiting orders, while the Fireman B. F. Simpson, was in the cab. Before he could realize his danger, the crash came and he was buried in the ruins. When his body was recovered from the wreck both legs were completely severed from the body. He lived about fifteen minutes after the accident. Engineer Mark Muloney and Fireman C. F. Cormek, of the passenger train, were badly injured. They were removed to the switch signal station near by and the surgeon of the railroad company dressed their injuries, after which they were sent to their homes in an ambulance.

The telegraph operator at the bridge was placed under arrest by Officer Barry, charged with causing the death of Fireman Simpson. Both engines were completely wrecked, the tender of the passenger engine being forced through the end of the baggage car. The freight train was in charge of Conductor Edward Thornbery, Engineer W. E. Kudd and Fireman Simpson, who was killed. The passenger train was in charge of Conductor Robert McLean, Mark Mulloney, engineer, and C. F. Cormek, fireman.

The crew of each of the trains say that the accident was caused by the carelessness of Operator V. J. Veal, who left the switch open, when he knew of the approach of the passenger train. Veal says he had out red lights and both trains were blocked. The engineer of the passenger train, Veal says, failed to halt at the red light or block signal and this caused the accident. He says his orders were to hold both trains.

Wrecking engines were telegraphed for both from this city and Alexandria, Virginia, and the work of clearing the tracks was begun. The road was completely blocked. No trains for the South were running. The body of Simpson was removed to the morgue and the Coroner notified. Veal was locked up at the Fourth precinct station. Witnesses to the affair will be summoned and the coroner's inquest held this evening or tomorrow.

DID NOT AUTHORIZE IT.

President Gannon of the Irish National League Denies.

OMAHA, Feb. 27.—M. V. Gannon, president of the Irish national league, practically denies that he authorized the address said to have been issued Saturday by officers of the league directed against the Gladstone home rule bill.

Mr. Gannon says he received a telegram from Treasurer Lyman, asking if he would join in an address, and he telegraphed a reply: "No, not against the bill; if against certain portions of bill, yes. The bill itself is right in principle, but some of its provisions should be modified in committee."

Mr. Gannon asserts that it would be the greatest presumption for the league to denounce a bill which both factions in Ireland have agreed to support.

RAILWAY EMPLOYES MEET.

Proper Cause for Dismissal Must be Shown Hereafter.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Feb. 27.—S. S. Stinson and A. Conners, of Chicago, members of the executive committee of the Order of Railway Conductors, held an important meeting in this city yesterday. They met by agreement representatives of all the organizations of railway men on the Chicago division of the Alton and discussed with them the recent dismissals of passenger conductors of that road, which they claim were made without cause.

All the representatives are stated to have agreed to insist that proper cause for dismissal be shown or the men reinstated, and it is claimed that in this demand the entire federation of railway men will support them.

MURDERED HER SISTERS.

Was Jealous of the Attention of Her Mother and Brothers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—A World special from Atlanta, Ga., says: Miss Julia Force, who murdered her two sisters last Friday, is now a prisoner. Yesterday she surrendered to the chief of police and gave a written statement about the matter. The statement covers about twenty pages of foolscap and says that she killed her sisters, because she was jealous of the attention her mother and brothers were showing to them. The statement shows evidence of the writer's insanity.

The Force brothers have employed the best legal talent in the state to defend the murderess, and will make a stubborn fight for her.

Another Large Hospital.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—A new hospital is to be erected at Hudson and Jay streets to replace what is known as the the Chambers street branch of the New York hospital. The new building will cost over $100,000.

RECORDER SMYTH ROASTED.

His Conduct of the Gardner Case in New York Criticised.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The Rev. Madison C. Peters, in his sermon at Bloomingdale Reformed church last night, made an attack upon Recorder Smyth for the conduct of the Gardner case. The sermon was entitled "Recorder Smyth's Travesty on Justice," and among other things Mr. Peters said:

"Those who have watched the recent trial of Detective Gardner must have been pained to observe that the conduct of the court lacked impartiality so conspicuously that the presiding judge lost the respect of the community.

"If the conduct of Recorder Smyth as exhibited in Gardner's trial should become usual with our judges, then we should have reason to thank God that the jury system stands as a protection between the people and those who might offend the powers that be. I believe that Gardner was guilty, but the conduct of the court showed that Gardner had to be convicted, whether innocent or guilty.

"I believe that I speak the sentiment of every lawyer and every intelligent and fairminded citizen of New York when I say that a greater outrage upon justice than Recorder Smyth's action in the Gardner case has never been perpetrated in the country. The recorder's service to the powers that be in this city smacks somewhat of the conduct that characterized Jeffreys, the servile judge of Charles the second."

THE FEDERALS VICTORIOUS.

Desperate Fight With the Government Troops in Argentina.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The Herald's special correspondent says: News reaches here of a desperate fight near Bage, in Rio Grande, on Saturday between the Federals and the government troops. The latter met with a crushing defeat and large numbers of the devoted soldiers deserted to the victorious, carrying their arms and ammunition with them.

Prospects for a truce are not considered so favorable. The Federal chief, Silviera Martins, says that no intervention is wanted. Nothing will satisfy his people but the removal of the Castilho people. It is probable that the reported fall of Santa Anna is premature. It is said that the city is closely invested and is expected to fall into the hands of the Federals in a day or two. An army of 2000 government troops are marching to the relief of the city as rapidly as possible.

There is a possibility of trouble between Argentina and Brazil. The Castilhists have been guilty of awful atrocities along the Argentine frontier and have impressed a number of Argentine citizens into their service. The Argentine government has made formal demands upon the government at Rio Janeiro for proper reparation for the injury done to her citizens.

MORE LYNCHING LIKELY.

A Colored Man Implicated Others in Criminal Outrages.

JELLICO, Tenn., Feb. 27.—Before being lynched Saturday night for his assault on Miss Nannie Cecil, Joe Payne, colored, confessed that he and three other men, whose names he gave, some months ago criminally assaulted and murdered Mildred Bryant, a white girl.

Two new mobs were organized to lynch these men. One of them is Joseph Tye, now in jail at Williamsburg, and one mob would have gone after him if any engine could have been procured. The members of the other mob are searching for the other two men implicated, and there are good chances of more lynchings soon. The authorities are making no attempt to preserve order.

Took Too Many Pills.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Walter Gratz, of Philadelphia, the well known horse owner, died yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Marlborough in this city. Mr. Gratz had not been in good health for two or three months and suffered much from insomnia, in consequence of which he had acquired a habit of taking pills. These had tended to weaken his naturally strong constitution. Mr. Gratz was only 38 years old. He had been prominently connected with the turf for six years.

Going to Inauguration.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 27.—Senator Bickwith and Governor Borne start for Washington today to be present at the inauguration of Present Cleveland.

When you feel all tired out and broken up generally, you need a good tonic. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best. Try it. 9

"Royal Ruby" Port Wine.

If you are reduced in vitality or strength by illness or any other cause, we recommend the use of this grand old port wine, the very blood of the grape. A grand tonic for mothers nursing and those reduced by wasting disease. It creates strength; improves the appetite. Nature's own remedy, much preferable to drugs, guaranteed absolutely pure and of age. Young wine ordinarily sold is not fit to use. Insist on having this standard brand, it costs no more. $1 in quart bottles only. Royal Wine company, Chicago. For sale by S. F. Boyce, druggist. 1

Are You Aware

That "The Milwaukee" is the best line in every respect to

"Chicago,"
"Milwaukee,"
"St. Louis,"
"Kansas City,"
"Dubuque,"
"Rock Island,"
"Davenport,"
"Madison,"
"Freeport,"
"Rockford,"

And all points in the East, South, Southeast and Southwest? If not, apply to any coupon ticket agent, or address

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't Gen. Pass. Agt., St. Paul, Minn.

NOTE—The only line running electric lighted and steam heated vestibuled limited trains.

Mrs. Jennie Moore, of Chicago, materializing seance every evening; trance readings daily at 309 West Second street.

IT CAUSED HEAVY LOSS.

Gotzian's Shoe Factory in St. Paul Totally Destroyed.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 27.—At 8 o'clock yesterday morning fire broke out in the Minnesota Shoe company's building, operated by C. Gotzian & Co., corner of Rosabel and Fifth streets, and in spite of the prompt and vigorous work of the whole fire department was almost entirely destroyed, together with an unoccupied building adjoining.

During the progress of the conflagration a fire escape was knocked down by a falling cornice and three firemen injured. Lieu. Felix J. O'Neill, of Company No. 2, was so seriously injured about the base of the spine that it is feared he cannot survive. Lieut. Ed Hines, of No 3, fell upon his ankle and strained it. Gilbert Gillam, second pipeman of No. 3, broke his leg and was seriously burned.

The loss to the Minnesota Shoe company was $100,000, covered by a blanket insurance policy in twenty companies. William Rogers & Co., machinists, lost about $10,000.

THROWN INTO A PANIC.

Inmates of a Lodging House Have Narrow Escapes.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 27.—At 3 o'clock the occupants of the lodging house at No. 1030 Market street were awakened by a fire that had gained such headway as to throw them into a panic. The building was a three story structure, and over twenty-five people were sleeping in it.

The fire started on the second floor and the smoke was so stifling as to make egress difficult. The fire department had considerable difficulty in preventing the occupants from jumping from the windows.

All the inmates escaped, however, but nearly all lost their entire clothing. The loss on building will be about $5,000.

FREE ZONE ABOLISHED.

The Mexican Government Abolishes a Restraint on Manufacturers.

PIEDRAS NEGRAS, Mex., Feb. 27.—Mexican government has definitely decided to abolish the free zone. This action will give general satisfaction along the Rio Grande border, and it is expected that will result in the establishment of extensive manufacturing concerns and other industries on this side of the river.

Under present restrictions, as an essential feature of the zona libre regulations, articles manufactured within the zone, on introduction into the interior, have to pay the same duty as if imported from foreign countries.

THE CHICAGO UNIVERSITY.

President Harrison to Be Offered the Chair of Constitutional Law.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The Press says: Considerable correspondence has been going on between President Harper, of the Chicago university, and John D. Rockefeller, concerning the best methods of promoting the growth of the university.

From a hint dropped by the millionaire to one of his friends, it is believed that a chair of constitutional law will be endowed in connection with the Chicago university, the salary to be $25,000 per year, and that President Harrison be invited to accept this position and lecture at least twice a week to the students of the Chicago educational institution.

HAS QUIT THE REPUBLICANS.

Speaker Walsh of the North Dakota Legislature Becomes a Democrat.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—A Times special from Grand Forks, N. D., says that George H. Walsh, Republican speaker of the house of representatives, has renounced all allegiance to the Republican party and henceforth will affiliate with the Democrats. In an interview with the Times correspondent he made the following statement: "I have become sickened of the Republican party in this state, and I am glad that I am no longer a member of it. The recent contest at Bismarck ought to end the existence of the Republican party in North Dakota, and every self-respecting man should repudiate the one-man bossism rule."

Dawson May Not Fight.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—A special to the Inter-Ocean from New Orleans says: The startling statement was made last night that George Dawson, the Australian matched to fight Tommy Ryan, the Chicago champion, was taken sick yesterday and that in all likelihood would be unable to get into the ring next Wednesday. Just how true this is cannot be ascertained at this writing. Dysentery is the alleged cause.

Archbishop Kenrick Improved.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 27.—Archbishop Kenrick yesterday afternoon enjoyed a ride along the Boulevard and through Forest Park. The venerable prelate appeared very feeble. It is apparent, however, that he is in better physical health than for some time past. Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, is still his guest and expects to remain until the latter part of this week.

A Cutter Sunk.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—The Brooklyn Annex boat, No. 3, ran into the United States revenue cutter Washington at the foot of Whitehall street this morning at 8:30. The Annex boat struck the Washington broadside on. The cutter was able to reach her dock where she sank ten minutes later.

How to Become Fleshy.

Dr. Miles' Nervine not only cures all nervous diseases, headache, blues, nervous prostration, sleeplessness, neuralgia, St. Vitus' dance, fits and hysteria, but also builds up the body. "I am pleased to say that after years of intense suffering with nervous disease, headache and prostration, I tried Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and in two weeks gained eight pounds in weight. I could not lie down to sleep, but now sleep perfectly easy, and am still improving wonderfully. Cannot say enough for the Nervine.—Mrs. L. B. MILLARD, Dunkirk, N. Y." "One customer used nervine, and gained fifteen pounds in flesh, says Brown & Maybury, Cortland, N. Y." Trial bottles and elegant book free at all druggists.

Geo. Dinwoodie, 208 West Superior street. Best coal, lowest prices, promptest delivery.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

World's Fairs.

Now that the great Columbian exposition at Chicago is close at hand, some information about previous similar exhibitions may be of interest. There have been twelve of them. Note that in the following statistics the number of acres refers to space occupied by buildings London, 1851, acres 21, exhibitors 14,000, admissions 6,000,000, days open 144, receipts $1,780,000; Dublin, 1853, acres 1, admissions 1,150,000, days open 170; New York, 1856, acres 6, exhibitors 4000, receipts $310,000; Paris, 1855, acres 24½, exhibitors 24,000, admissions 5,000,000, days open 200, receipts $644,000; London, 1862, acres 23½, exhibitors 29,000, admissions 6,200,000, days open 171, receipts $1,644,000; Paris, 1867, acres 37, exhibitors 50,000, admissions 10,200,000, days open 117, receipts $2,100,000; Vienna, 1873, acres 40, exhibitors 70,000, admissions 5,500,000, days open 186, receipts not stated; Philadelphia, 1876, (Centennial), acres 60, exhibitors 31,000, admissions 9,920,000, days open 150, receipts $3,830,000; Paris, 1878, acres 100, exhibitors 40,000, admissions 16,000,000, days open 191, receipts $2,500,000; Sydney, 1879, acres 15, exhibitors 9000, admissions 1,100,000, days open 216, receipts $200,000; Melbourne, 1880, exhibitors 13,000, admissions 1,300,000, no other data; Paris, 75½ acres, exhibitors 60,000, admissions 28,000,000, days open 164, receipts $8,390,000. The buildings of the Columbian exposition, exclusive of the Electrical, Administration and Live Stock structures, will cover about 83 acres. To reach the great show swiftly, surely and comfortably, ask your home agent for tickets via the Burlington Route or write to W. J. C. Kenyon, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

The Hum of Industry.

The hum of industry is growing louder in North Galveston, Tex. The Compo Board factory and the Agricultural Implement works are nearly completed. The same is true of the Knitting and Hosiery mills, Wool Scouring establishment and other enterprises. With good markets for their products, abundance of raw material and splendid shipping facilities, manufacturers are eagerly seizing upon this new field of profit. Messrs. Holwick & Youngblood, No. 327 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn., are the local agents of the North Galveston association, and they will be glad to furnish all particulars. The home address of the association is box 963, Minneapolis, Minn.



Mrs. S. A. Morrow
Doud's, Iowa.

Hives

Like All Other Blood Diseases, Are Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I have been a sufferer for several years with hives, and have tried everything I could hear of, from friends, or ordered by physicians, but nothing cured. In fact, I

Seemed to be Getting Worse

Finally I read about hives being cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and decided to try this medicine. Before half a bottle was gone I was almost cured, and now, being on the second bot-

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

tle, I am entirely cured and take great pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla to all who suffer from this distressing affliction. Hood's Sarsaparilla has also helped me in many other ways. It is a good medicine." MRS. S. A. MORROW, Doud's, Iowa.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of five hundred sixty-nine and 55-100 dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Napolean Roy and Celmire Roy, his wife, mortgagors, to Quesime Lemelin, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of May, 1891, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 20th day of May, 1891, at 11:40 o'clock a. m., in book 70 of mortgages, on page 431.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Quesime Lemelin mortgagee, to Frank Gustafson by written assigament dated the 28th day of November, 1891, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 30th day of November, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 73 of mortgages, on page 644.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby give thain, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: The most westerly one-half (½) of lot fifteen (15) in block thirteen(13) of Hoin's addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file in the office of the register of deeds in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth in said county and state, on the 11th day of April A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of five hundred sixty-nine and 55-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 27th, A. D. 1893.

FRANK GUSTAFSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

McMAHON & MITCHELL,
Attorneys for Assignee.
Duluth, Minn.
Feb 27 Mch 6-13-20-27 Apr 3-10



HEED THE WARNING

Which nature is constantly giving in the shape of boils, pimples, eruptions, ulcers, etc. These show that the blood is contaminated, and some assistance must be given to relieve the trouble. S.S.S. is the remedy to force out these poisons, and enable you to

GET WELL.

"I have had for years a humor in my blood, which made me dread to shave, as small boils or pimples would be cut, thus causing the shaving to be a great annoyance. After taking three bottles S.S.S. my face is all clear and smooth as it should be—appetite splendid, sleep well, and feel like running a foot all from the use of S. S. S.

CHAS. HEATON, 73 Laurel st., Phila.

Treatise on blood and skin diseases mailed free
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

My Sweetheart's Face

—that's my wife's you know—wears a cheerful, life-is-worth-living expression, ever since I presented her a box of

KIRK'S WHITE RUSSIAN SOAP

She is always recommending *Kirk's* soaps to her friends—says she is through with experiments—has just what she needed to make labor easy, and ensure perfectly clean clothes. She knows what she's talking about—don't forget it.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

Dusky Diamond Tar Soap The Soap for Cuts Wounds and Bruises

When

Your Door Bell refuses to ring, call up 'Phone No. 39.

Crowley Electric Co.

18 West Superior St.

Duluth Loan, Deposit & Trust COMPANY.

CAPITAL, - - - - $150,000
GUARANTEE FUND - - - - 100,000
SURPLUS, - - - - - 3,000

MONEY TO LOAN!

ANY AMOUNT

Interest Allowed on all Deposits.
Act as Trustee, Administrator, Etc.

Office open until 8 p. m. Saturdays for Deposits.

DIRECTORS:

J. H. T. E. BURR, NELS HALL,
W. S WOODBRIDGE, F. J. PULFORD
F. W. SMITH, F. L. JANEWAY
N. J. UPHAM, T. F. UPHAM,
H. A. WING.

N. J. UPHAM, President.
F. J. PULFORD, Vice President.
T. F. UPHAM, Secretary.

Duluth Loan Deposit & Trust Co.

First National Bank Building,
No. 16 Third Avenue West.

MALYDOR INJECTION

THE GENTLEMAN'S FRIEND. FOR MALE AND FEMALE.

Our Perfection Syringe free with every bottle. Does not Stain. PREVENTS STRICTURE. Cures Gonorrhœa and Gleet in 1 to 4 days. Best Druggists. Sent to any address for $1.00. MALYDOR MANUF'G CO., LANCASTER, O.

Faber's Golden Female Pills

Relieve Suppressed Menstruation. Used successfully by thousands of prominent ladies *monthly*. Thoroughly reliable and safe. Worth twenty times their weight in gold *for female irregularities*. Never known to fail.

Sent by mail sealed for $2. Address

The Aphro Medicine COMPANY,
Western Branch,
Box 27. Portland, Oregon.

Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth and Selleck & Walbank.

P. & P. (Trade Mark.) KID GLOVES

MANUFACTURED BY Chaumont TRADE P. & P. MARK

MANUFACTURED BY BERTHOLD TRADE P. & P. MARK

MANUFACTURED BY FONTAINE TRADE P. & P. MARK

Sole agents for the above brands of Kid Gloves.

J. E. HAYNIE & CO.

MEMBERS

Duluth Jobbers UNION.

DULUTH SHOE CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Boots and Shoes.

DULUTH DRY GOODS CO., Wholesale Dry Goods, Manufacturers Men's Furnishing Goods.

DULUTH & SUPERIOR BEDDING CO Manufacturers and Jobbers, Mattresses, Pillows and Bedding Material.

CHAPIN-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Wholesale Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Lumbermen's Supplies.

J. J. & R. A. COSTELLO, Wholesale Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Lumbermen's and Miners Supplies.

CRANE-ORDWAY CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Steam, Gas and Water Goods.

PHŒNIX ELECTRIC CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers of Electrical Supplies.

WELLS-STONE MERCANTILE CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.

STONE-ORDEAN CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.

KELLY ROBSON & CO., Wholesale Groceries and Produce.

SMITH & COULTER SPICE CO., Roasters of Coffee and Manufacturers of Baking Powder, Extracts and Spices.

J. S. SHINNERS & CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Confectionery.

T. B. HAWKES & CO., Wholesale Grain, Hay and Flour.

CULVER BROS., Wholesale Grain and Hay. Storage.

MESSICK & MACAULEY, Wholesale Commission, Butter, Eggs and Country Produce.

FITGER & CO., Brewers. The Trade and Families Supplied.

HELLER & LOEB, Importers and Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.

CALIFORNIA WINE HOUSE, Wholesale Wines, Liquors, Etc.

SCHULZE BROS., Leather and Shoe Findings, Manufacturers of Boot and Shoe Uppers.

E. WIELAND, Tanner. Harness Leather a Specialty.

GILL & WRIGHT, Duluth Roller Mills. "Gill's Best" Flour.

QUINEY & OMEIS, Builders and Cut Stone Contractors, and Shippers of Stone.

PIONEER FUEL CO., Shippers and Jobbers. Hard and Soft Coal, Wood and Coke.

NORTHWESTERN FUEL CO., Shippers and Jobbers. Anthracite and Bituminous Coals.

NATIONAL IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Engines, Pumps and Mining Machinery.

IRONTON STRUCTURAL STEEL CO Manufacturers Builders' and Bridge Materials.

DULUTH MANUFACTURING CO., Manufacturers of Freight Cars, Castings, Merchant Bar Iron, Forgings.

MARINETTE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Steam Engines.

CLYDE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Marine Supplies.

CRAWFORD STEAM ENGINE W'KS. Manufacturers Steam Engines, Pumps.

DULUTH BOILER WORKS, Manufacturers Stationary and Marine Boilers, Iron Tanks.

PEYTON, KIMBALL & BARBER, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

DUNCAN BREWER & CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

C. B. WOODRUFF, Wholesale and Retail Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

MESABA LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

HOWE LUMBER CO.--Tower Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

MITCHELL & McCLURE Manufacturers Lumber.

SCOTT & HOLSTON LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.

HOWARD LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

RICHARDS LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber.

SADLER & KROHN, DRUGGISTS,

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

We Carry Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Cigars

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

1928 West Superior St., Near Twentieth Avenue. TELEPHONE 567.

J. C. Schaefer Merchant Tailor.



DRESS SUITS A SPECIALTY IMPORTED WORSTEDS ALWAYS ON HAND

23 SUPERIOR ST. WEST.

DULUTH, MINN.

TELEPHONE 259

CLARK BLOCK

RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S Nervezine Pills, the great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $5.00 per box. 6 boxes for $25.00. Dr. Motts Chemical Co., Cleveland, O.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

For Sale By S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

BEWARE OF FRAUD.

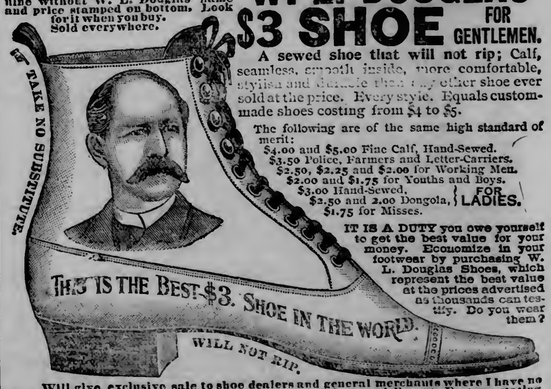
Ask for, and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy. Sold everywhere.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

The following are of the same high standard of merit:
$4.00 and $5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
$3.50 Police, Farmers and Letter-Carriers.
$2.50, $2.25 and $2.00 for Working Men.
$2.00 and $1.75 for Youths and Boys.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed, $2.50 and 2.00 Dongola, $1.75 for Misses. FOR LADIES.

IF IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?



Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Sold Only in Duluth by SUFFEL & CO.

$30 $30

Get A HOME

—In the Heart of theC ity!

Buy a Lot In Duluth, at Village Prices!

Why put your money in a savings bank when you can buy a fine Lot, convenient to an Electric Car Line, only Ten Minutes Ride from the heart of the city For $225 and make 100 per cent within a year.

Cash Payment $30 Down, DURING FEBRUARY.

Balance in monthly or yearly payments to suit purchaser.

FOR THE BEST BARGAIN

Ever offered at the Head of the Lakes, call on the

Highland Improvement Co.,

—ROOM 1, LYCEUM BUILDING.

$30 $30

THE DISTRICT COURT

Lizzie Weathers Acquitted Saturday Evening, the Jury Being Out Only Ten Minutes.

Beret Paulson, Who Wanted $5000 for Being Kissed Was Allowed $250 by the Jury.

Philip Larkinson Trial for Robbery in the Second Degree—Court Business of This Morning.

Lizzie Weathers is free, having been acquitted by the jury Saturday afternoon. Judge Ensign began his charge to the jury at 4 o'clock. He instructed the jury that the whole question of the guilt or innocence of the accused rested on the fact as to whether or not she was defending her property or person from a felony about to be committed by Zinie and his companion. If she was then she was innocent and if not, was guilty of manslaughter. The jury was only out about ten minutes before returning the verdict of acquittal.

In the damage suit of Bernt Paulson vs. the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway the jury was out nearly three hours and returned a verdict for $250. She was suing for $5000.

Before Judge Ensign this morning the case of the state of Minnesota vs. Philip Larkin, charged with robbery in the second degree, was taken up. Peter Peterson was the state's witness and he was as good as a comedy. He claimed to have lost a check and also six silver dollars. He didn't know much about anything and simply stuck to the assertion that he had been robbed by a man with a big black moustache and some other man. The other witnesses in the case were more positive. The case is still on.

T. A. Sheridan, who was selected as a juror at the beginning of this term of court, wired Judge Ensign from Charleston, W. Va., that his brother had been badly hurt in a railway accident and that he had to remain with him. An attachment was issued for Witness George Williams and Deputy Bates brought him into court.

Before Judge Brown there was considerable work done. Wells-Stone Mercantile Co. vs. E. M. Washburn et al. was continued, as was Marion Bros. vs. John Owens et al. The case of the State Bank of Duluth vs. Jessie Oakes et al. was reinstated on the calendar and placed at the foot. The case of Andrew Backstrom vs. E. T. Merritt reached the jury who were out with it at noon. The case of Andrew Nylen vs. E. T. Merritt is now on trial.

To Fill Strikers' Places.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 27.—The union switchmen of this city are actively opposing the hiring of men here to fill the places of Chicago strikers. The Boyd detective agency of Detroit have given the contract for supplying new men to take the strikers' places and they have an agent here collecting all the non-union men willing to go to Chicago.

MR. HATCH'S NEXT MOVE.

Will Try to Pass Anti-Option Under Suspension of Rules.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The house committee on agriculture was in session this morning considering the course that should be pursued with reference to the anti-option bill. The majority of the committee was as determined as ever to persist to the last in the fight for the bill.

Chairman Hatch will endeavor to get further opportunities to renew his tactics of last week, when he unsuccessfully opposed the appropriation bills with the view of going into committee of the whole on the anti-option bill. If he be unsuccessful in his efforts to get into committee of the whole on the anti-option bill, Mr. Hatch, as a last resort, will try to pass the bill under a suspension of the rules. He will be recognized for this purpose.

The Indian appropriation bill was passed by the house today. Mr. Holman moved to suspend the rules and nonconcur in the senate amendments to the sundry civil appropriation bill, including the Sherman bond attachment.

ANOTHER ACTION STARTED.

William L. Brown Has Sued the Missabe Road a Second Time.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 27.—Action was begun in the district court again today by William L. Brown against the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway company et al.

The plaintiff prays a decree restraining the directors from voting upon or exercising the rights of stockholders by virtue of said stock illegally secured, and a decree directing the surrender of said stock, and that the proposed bond issue of $666,666 be restrained.

A PROHIBITION SCHEME.

It Has Likely Knocked Out Resubmission in South Dakota.

PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 27.—The Prohibitionists this morning made a skillful move to outwit the resubmissionists. Hooper moved to make the appropriation bill the special order in the house for this afternoon and continuing the order from day to day until disposed of.

The resubmissionists had arranged to pass this bill this afternoon and had all their men ready. This continuing order will hold probably three or four days, and as the legislature will adjourn Friday, the prospects for resubmission are slim.

IS DUE TO SPECULATORS.

The Drain of Gold Charged up to the Stock Brokers.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—United States Treasurer Nebeker, speaking today of the drain of gold that has been going on for the past year or more, said it was largely the work of speculators on the New York stock exchange. The export of gold had the effect of bearing stocks. By selling stocks and then exporting gold, the profit made on the stocks not only compensated for the freight charges, insurance, etc., on the gold shipped but left a profit. Then too, as France and Austria were in the market after gold, specie found ready sale on the other side.

FERRY WAS MODERATE.

His Speech to the French Senate Received With Approval.

PARIS, Feb. 27.—The diplomatic and public galleries were crowded today when Jules Ferry assumed the presidency of the senate. The veteran statesman had a vigorous and masterful air, and those near him, as he entered, though they saw a flash of triumph in his eyes. He was heartily received.

In assuming the chair, M. Ferry spoke of the political ostracism through which he had passed. The severe trial was now, he said, terminated. Passing from these remarks, which evidently produced a profound sensation, M. Ferry eulogized in generous language his predecessor. He urged the necessity of a policy of conciliation and said with emphasis that he would never be an instrument of discord.

M. Ferry's address was received with approval and some of his old antagonists appeared to be relieved at his moderation.

SHOT HIS WIFE AND HIMSELF.

Domestic Differences Resulted in a Tragedy in Boston Today.

BOSTON, Feb. 27.—Frank H. Jenkins, of Rockburg, a driver of an express wagon, shot four revolver bullets into the body of his wife, Clara Jenkins, at the house of her mother, Mrs. Jones, on Parker street this morning.

The fifth his pistol contained he directed against himself. It penetrated his brain, and will probably cause his death. Mrs. Jenkins is said to be dying. The did not live happily together, and owing to his drinking habits and constant ill treatment she left him sometime ago.

Jenkins annoyed her to such an extent that she complained to the public. This morning Jenkins went to his wife and declared that if she would not live with him he would shoot her. She refused and the tragedy followed.

New Trials Refused.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.—The supreme court today refused to grant new trials to Geo. Straesser, Angelo Zaphe and Joseph Zaphe, who were continued in the allegency court of oyer and terminer of murder in the first degree.

Harmony Supreme.

Duluth News Tribune: The Evening Herald, following the example set it by the News Tribune, has moved into new and more commodious quarters, where it will have the facilities required by its increasing business. This paper extends its congratulations, and hopes that its business will soon grow so that even the present new quarters will be entirely inadequate for its uses. The Herald is a pretty good paper, and despite its somewhat chronic disposition to throw stones at everybody and everything in any way connected with this paper, has our best wishes. We only hope, now that its editor is perched up nearer the heavens and with a greater supply of fresh air, he will grow more neighborly and sweet tempered in his disposition.

Col. Geggie Resigns.

J. B. Geggie, secretary of the Duluth Stock Exchange, has resigned to take effect on March 1. Dwight E. Woodbridge has been elected temporary secretary to fill the vacancy caused by Col. Geggie's resignation, until the annual meeting in May.

Don't become constipated. Take BEECHAM'S PILLS.

Cheap Rates to the Inauguration.

For the inauguration of Cleveland and Stevenson at Washington on March 4th, excursion tickets, reading via Baltimore & Ohio railroad, "The Picturesque Route," will be placed on sale at the ticket offices of principal railroads of the West, as well as at the ticket offices of the Baltimore & Ohio company. The fare from Chicago will be $17.50 for the round trip. These tickets will be sold from February 28th to March 3rd inclusive, and will be valid for return journey until March 8th inclusive.

The Baltimore & Ohio is the shortest route to Washington from nearly all points west. Its trains are vestibuled from end to end, and carry Pullman sleeping cars.

No railroad in America is better equipped than the B. & O. to transport with dispatch, safety and comfort the large crowd which will visit Washington to witness the inauguration ceremonies. Its long experience in transporting crowds to former inaugurations, G. A. R. encampments, Knights Templar conclaves and similar gatherings, on an extensive scale, will prove most valuable in arranging for the coming inauguration.

For more detailed information as to rates, time of trains, etc., apply to L. S. Allen, Asst. Gen'l Passenger Agent, The Rookery, Chicago, or O. P. McCarty, Asst. Gen'l Passenger Agent, Cincinnati, O.



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1 a package. If you can not get it, send your addre for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, ORATOR F. WOODWARD, Le Roy, N. Y.

A DISTINGUISHED PLAYWRIGHT.

R. C. Carton, the Author of "Liberty Hall" and "Robin Goodfellow."

Two plays which have met with great success in London recently are "Liberty Hall" and "Robin Goodfellow." They were both written by R. C. Carton, who was christened Robert Claude Critchett 37 years ago and adopted the name which he has since made famous when he became an actor nearly a score of years ago.



R. C. CARTON.

Carton was a fairly good actor until 1884, when he wrote "The Great Pink Pearl" in collaboration with Cecil Raleigh. The play was founded on a certain incident in real life, which, strange to say, was the one thing which the critics attacked as impossible. Mr. Carton and Mr. Raleigh then wrote in succession "The Pointsman" and "The Treasure." The latter was such a dire failure that the firm separated. "Sunlight and Shadow" was Mr. Carton's first work alone. It was a great success, but it has been thoroughly eclipsed by the unusual favor with which his two later plays, "Robin Goodfellow" and "Liberty Hall," have been received. Mr. Carton is said to be at work on original plays for John Hare and George Alexander.

No Room For Regret.

When he raised his eyes from the book he was reading, he encountered her loving gaze fixed upon him.

In response to his joyous smile she came, and nestling closer to his bosom breathed contentedly on his neck.

"I'm so glad"——

She was murmuring softly, as if to keep the sweet secret from the world.

——"I married you."

He was too deeply affected to speak, and his only reply was a fervent kiss imprinted upon the end of her nose.

"I shall never"——

She was looking into his face with a bright, eager glance.

——"cease to bless the day I met you."

In a transport of bliss he folded her again to his breast.

"When I think"——

She twined her arm about his neck.

——"how fond Fido is of you, what would I be not to rejoice that I married you?"

He was yet unable to make any sort of an answer.—Detroit Tribune.

IT MAKES PEOPLE WELL.

Best Spring Remedy in the World—It is Not a Patent Nostrum.

THere is one true specific for diseases arising from a debilitated nervous system, and that is Paine's celery compound, so generally prescribed by physicians. It is probably the most remarkable remedy that the scientific research of this country has produced. Professor Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth college, first prescribed what is now known the world over as Paine's celery compound, a positive cure for dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism, all nervous diseases and kidney troubles. For the latter Paine's celery compound has succeeded again and again where everything else has failed.



Washington correspondents have recently given it a great deal of attention since the most wonderful cure effected in the case of Gen. Hamilton.

The medical journals of this country have given more space in the last few years to the many remarkable cases where the use of Paine's celery compound has made people well than to any other one subject.

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the Incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

New Spring Goods

Ready for inspection, latest novelties, largest and finest line in city to select from. Prices moderate at

J. S. LANE,
430 Spalding house block.

Old Time Methods of treating Colds and Coughs were based on the idea of suppression. We now know that "feeding a cold" is good doctrine.



Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with hypophosphites, a rich fat-food, cures the most stubborn cough when ordinary medicines have failed. Pleasant to take; easy to digest.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

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Dr. H. O. Rockwell, Residing Physician, Rooms 616-617 Chamber of Commerce Building.

Use the Celebrated Dr. Mark M. Thompson Bichloride of Gold Remedies.

What We Will Do.

We Replace Slavery With Freedom

In the case of anyone who really desires to quit the use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Opium, we absolutely cure the disease which creates the appetite.

No Time Lost From Business,
No Injurious Effects,
No Restraint of Liberty.

Treatment given at the office of the company. All appetite for narcotics completely and permanently eradicated from the system in from three to four weeks' treatment.

Strongly endorsed as the most scientific yet discovered by Miss Francis E. Willard, Bishop Fallows, John V. Farwell and the press and clergy everywhere.

Write for circulars. All communications are treated in strictest confidence.

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SECRETARY OF
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COMPANY
Room 616 Chamber of Commerce Bld Duluth

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COMPANY.

Capital Stock $600,000
Guarantee Fund with State Auditor, $100,000

RECEIVES DEPOSITS subject to call and issues certificates of deposit bearing interest.

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on certificates running six months. Loans made at lowest rates on approved security. County, city and school bonds purchased.

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$8.00--BEST SET OF TEETH



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EVENING HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE
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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily, per year	$7.00
Daily, per three months	1.80
Daily, per month	.60
Weekly, per year	1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn. Feb. 27.—A storm of considerable energy is central over Iowa this morning, moving northeast, and affects the whole central part of the country. So far it is not accompanied by high winds, but it probably will be before night.

As all reports are missing from the extreme Northwest, the kind of weather in that section cannot be told, but from those received from Northern Minnesota, it indicates some more cold weather after the passage of this storm. The coldest place is St. Vincent 20 below zero, and the warmest Kansas City, 44 above.

Snow is falling all over the central part of the country, and will probably continue all day. It has not been heavy in any section so far.

The thermometer registered 24 at the warmest time here yesterday, falling to 6 during the night.

DULUTH, Feb. 27.—Fair followed by snow today, slight change in temperature; fair Tuesday and colder, winds shifting to east and north.

B. H. BRONSON,
Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Forecast till 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Minnesota: Generally fair, preceded by snow today or tonight in southeast portion; warmer in northwest; colder followed by rising temperature in southeastern portions; westerly winds.

Notice of Removal.

The Herald has removed to its new building at 220 West Superior street, midway between Second and Third avenues, where it will be able to handle its rapidly expanding business to better advantage. The business office will be found on the first floor and the editorial rooms on the third floor from the Superior street main entrance.

Passed and Reconsidered.

The Hartley bridge bill passed the United States senate on Saturday morning, as was announced in The Herald of that date, and it was sent to the house. That was as far as it went, and after several hurried conferences between Duluth and Superior representatives Senator Washburn moved its reconsideration and it again reposes in the hands of the senate committee on interstate commerce.

It may be passed again by the senate, and it may not, but there is hardly a possibility that it can be rushed through the house this session. With only five days more for business, local measures will stand but a sorry show for passage in the present house, and it is therefore very unlikely that any bridge bills will become laws this week. The result will be that all the formalities will have to be repeated in the next congress. It will be necessary to introduce the bills again and go through all the stages of legislation, and with new members of congress from this state and Wisconsin there may be quite a change in the present so-called "agreements," although it is noticeable that Senator Vilas does not appear to be a party to any of the agreements now.

If, however, there is any chance of a bill for the Rice's Point bridge being passed this week, The Herald trusts that its provisions will be carefully guarded so as to protect the interests of the people of the two cities. The bill in its latest amended form, so far as reported here, is unsatisfactory because it provides that on purchase by the cities it shall be absolutely free. The Herald believes in a free bridge—free to foot and wagon passengers—but it also believes that street railway companies using it should pay a sufficient amount annually to keep it in thorough repair and pay the expense of operating it. The bill should so provide. It would be just and proper.

The Doctors Disagree.

The disagreement of the doctors of finance as to the proper treatment of the monetary disease has attracted a good deal of attention and excited some acrimonious criticism; but the differences of opinion do not appear to have aggravated the malady, which seems destined to run its course and cure itself. The doctors, points out Henry Clews, the New York banker, in his weekly financial review, seem to have disagreed mainly because each side had its special purpose to serve—the purpose perhaps being in each case allowable, but in neither legitimately all-controlling. The reasons ostensibly assigned by the secretary of the treasury for declining to sell bonds to augment his gold reserve were not without force, but probably the unexpressed but most real cause was the unwillingness of the administration to signalize the close of its term by what might be construed as an indirect admission that the finances had been allowed to drift into an exposed position.

The bankers had a very practical and a very important motive, namely, to apply a form of remedy that would most distinctly emphasize the necessity for an immediate repeal of the Sherman act, which has unquestionably been largely instrumental in compelling the country to give gold in exchange for at least $100,000,000 of securities held by foreigners who were alarmed at the dangers connected with our silver policy. It is open to question, however, whether the banks, in seeking to get before the country this emphatic protest against continuing the government purchases of silver, did not invite very undesirable consequences from other directions. For, assuming the bonds to be sold on the home market, the transaction would involve a reduction in the reserves of the banks equal to the amount of the bonds sold, no matter whether they were paid for in gold or United States notes; while, so far as they were paid for in the latter, the treasury would be draining the banks and yet failing to get gold for its bonds. These are hardly results that the banks could desire, especially as their reserves are now exceptionably low for this season of the year.

Moreover, such a transaction might but too easily be construed in Europe as indicating a much more serious condition of our finances than really exists, the natural result of which construction would be to stimulate the withdrawal of foreign balances resting here and to frighten foreign holders of our securities into realizing upon them—both of which would tend to increase our exports of gold. It is true, the banks might reason that, if the treasury were to offer its bonds specifically to the banks, the latter could take them on condition that the gold received for the bonds were returned to the purchasing banks on special deposit and that the bonds were returned to the treasury as collateral for those deposits.

This would no doubt prevent the contraction of reserves referred to, and it would also be a very neat way, for such banks as might be fortunate enough to get the bonds, to virtually make 3 per cent upon reserves which would otherwise lie idle. But this method of turning a public misfortune into a bankers' advantage would not help to mollify the popular prejudices that already so embarrass the national banks, nor would it be sure to meet with public approval; and this, according to Mr. Clews, may have been one of the secretary's reasons for standing out against the issuing of bonds urged upon him by the banks.

Our New Navy.

Mr. Herbert, of Alabama, who has been selected by Mr. Cleveland to be secretary of the navy, is well equipped for that portfolio. The navy department will be well attended to under his direction. There will be no retrograde step in regard to the strengthening of our naval forces, if Mr. Herbert can prevent it. He is now chairman of the house naval affairs committee, and his report on the naval appropriation bill, which was recently presented to the house, is especially valuable as indicating the views of the new secretary in regard to the navy.

The report gives an elaborate history of the new navy, showing the satisfactory results obtained since this work was begun, ten years ago, in the construction of modern vessels of war and their splendid equipments. Seventeen have been completed and twenty-five are in various stages of completion. Five of the latter are expected to be ready for sea within three months, and, omitting the Brooklyn, all the cruisers, the remaining gunboats, and a torpedo boat will be completed during the coming fiscal year. The completed vessels received their guns without delay, all of domestic manufacture and thought to be superior to those made elsewhere.

It is the opinion of the committee that congress has now so provided for cruisers that no others should be built if we are to have battle ships, which are the fighting strength of a modern navy. With seven or eight more of these and their accessories and a reasonable number of torpedo boats our navy would rank fifth among those of the world. When the vessels authorized are completed we will rank seventh. While regretting their inability to authorize at least one battleship during the present session, the committee thinks that the unavoidable delays in the delivery of armor plate render it advisable not to do so.

The following extract from the report is in Mr. Herbert's own language: "When congress enacted in the law of August 3, 1886, that all the ships provided for in that act, including engines, armor, and armament, should be of American material a similar provision has been incorporated into every act since passed. The requirement was severe, but time has proven it to have been wise. Every vessel put afloat under that law of August 3, 1886, and subsequent acts has been home-made throughout, and there is not one of them that will not compare favorably with the best vessels of like type manufactured in other countries during the same time. The tests of the steel to be used in ships and engines were severe, the shafting for the larger vessels was difficult to make, and for these and other reasons there was some delay in the construction of the new cruisers; but these delays were not unreasonable.

"American enterprise successfully encountered every obstacle, and the progress that has been made in the construction of unarmored cruisers has been, all things considered, gratifying in the extreme. It may now be safely asserted that some at least of our American shipyards can turn out one unarmored vessel of the very highest type of excellence as quickly as can be done in the oldest shipyards of Europe. This is a highly desirable result."

Mr. Herbert will therefore be certain to carry out the progressive ideas which have marked the conduct of this department by Secretary Whitney and Secretray Tracy.

Sunday's News-Tribune said: "With all this bridge bill news floating around Washington, isn't it peculiar that The Herald's Washington correspondent hasn't a word to say about it all? Why is this thus?" It is more peculiar that the News-Tribune should indulge in such a palpable misstatement. On the fifth page of Saturday's Herald will be found a dispatch which shows this paper's correspondent was on hand when the Rice's Point bridge bill passed the senate.

By an oversight, The Herald has neglected to refer to the illustrated annual number of the West Duluth Sun, which was issued recently. It is a very creditable publication and Murphy & Knight are to be congratulated on its appearance. The twenty pages are filled with handsome illustrations and a complete account of the great progress made by the young city.

A bill has been introduced in the Wisconsin legislature, allowing Superior to become financially interested in the proposed bridge between Rice's and Connor's Points. Duluth has no authority in this respect, nor is there any indication that it is to be sought.

The latest report from St. Paul regarding Mr. Markham's railroad land taxation bill is that it will probably be passed by the senate. It is a meritorious measure and it is demanded by the people.

The champion pugilist of the world is in Duluth today, but up to the hour of going to press no unusual excitement was visible. The people of Duluth are accustomed to visits from great men.

Hoke Smith, who will be Mr. Cleveland's secretary of the interior, is very much opposed to the present pension laws. He will probably be heard from on this subject before many months.

It is strange but true that the name of Isaac Pusey Gray does not appear in the official list of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. The Indiana statesman is unfortunate in being unable to get an office.

Another pugilist has been killed in "a fight to a finish" in San Francisco. This makes three such deaths in four years, but at this rate it will take a long time to kill off the race of sluggers.

There are still some Democrats who are denouncing President Cleveland's cabinet selections. They have not yet realized that a new era in politics has arrived.

It looks very likely that this district will secure an additional judge. Certainly the large amount of court business demands one.

It is not certain that the Hawaiian annexation treaty will be ratified. Many prominent senators are opposed to the idea.

Remember that The Herald has removed its office to the new Herald building, 220 West Superior street.

New Spring Goods

Ready for inspection, latest novelties, largest and finest line in city to select from. Prices moderate at

J. S. LANE,
430 Spalding house block.

Still they come! Bargains at Ayers' grocery. Another load of that good soap, eight for a quarter, and another fresh lot of California canned goods, just arrived. Try his tea at 25c and fresh butter at 25c and you'll be convinced that is the spot to buy groceries for cash. 32 East Second east.

The Correct Time;

certainly, it's just the time to buy a watch from our stock of time-pieces. That's the correct thing to do and you'll always have the correct time as long as you have one of our watches about you. We have a variety of clocks which keep correct time too, and tempt purchase by those who wish to keep a watch upon the moments as they fly. Time is money and the dollars paid for one of our clocks or watches is exceedingly well invested. While you have time you want the correct time, and you must carry a watch to have the time always with you. Our clocks and watches are as correct as the multiplication table and a good thing couldn't very well be cheaper.

ANDREW JACKSON,
Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing
JEWELER,
106 West Superior Street, Duluth

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT

J. E. HAYNIE & Co

American Store.

Monday, Feb. 27th, 1893.

The weather tomorrow is likely to be warmer with light snow.

'Tis a Revel!

Did you ever witness and hear the enthusiastic comments of a multitude of ladies when reveling amongst creations of art particularly suitable to their sex?

If Not,

you should spend an hour in our Cotton Dress Goods Department now.

Today,

IS OPENING COMMENCEMENT

In the Wash Goods Department, and at this writing you can hear enough without seeing to convince one of the superior character of the goods we handle—the sublime Organdies, that are adaptable for so many purposes; the Mouselines, soft, fine and shear; the Dimities and Juvenile Ginghams and Zephyrs so perfectly correct for baby; the Satines, the Foo Chow Challies, the French All Wool Challies, the India Linens, Victoria Plumetts, the Swiss Grenadines, the Satin Striped Figured Mulls, and numerous other nameless creations lovely to behold.

'TIS A REVEL—this giving up to the full appreciation of these artistic creations.

Speedy Purchasers:

In this department it requires a most extensive selling to amount to much, yet today's selling verges close to the limit to be sold in one day.

Em=broideries

still hold their own for speedy selling. They are, indeed, beautiful and extremely low in price. Come on to the Carnival with the majority. You are most cordially welcome.

Dress Goods.

The advance styles in Novelty Dress Goods are being speedily nipped—see them.

Cloaks.

You can see some chic conceits in the Cloak Department for early spring.

J. E. Haynie & Co.

TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

POPULAR WANTS!

Advertisements in this column ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION.
SITUATIONS WANTED—FREE.
No advertisements taken for these columns till forbid, i. e. until ordered out.
Every advertisement is carefully classified under its proper heading—easily found, easily read—will reach more readers than can be reached in any other way. Try it.

PERSONAL.

IF MARRIED LADIES ONLY KNEW MY safe and never failing secret. Address with 10 cents Mrs. D. M. C., 85 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

SITUATIONS WANTED.
FREE.

SITUATION WANTED—ENGINEER WANTS a situation to run stationary or portable engines for factories, pumps, hoisting machines, heating plants, saw mills, steam launches, pile driving and engines of all descriptions, have good reputation and first class papers, can give every recommendation wanted. Write or call. Address, F. Wm. Henderson, 120 Garfield avenue, Duluth, Minn.

WASHING AND IRONING WANTED BY a woman; also house cleaning. Family washing taken home. Call or address Mrs. M. Barrett, 410 East Fourth street. Call after 5 p. m.

WANTED WASHING, IRONING, HOUSE cleaning. Rear 16 First avenue east.

WANTED—POSITION TO DRIVE DELIVery wagon. One year's experience in Duluth. Good references. Address, A 41 Herald.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN, COPYING or other light work to do evenings. Address, A 28, Herald.

WANTED, WASHING TO TAKE HOME; all work first class. 413 West Superior street.

BY A MIDDLE-AGED GOOD HORSEMAN, the care and handling of a pair of good carriage horses. Address B 59 Herald.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A FEW ENERGETIC MEN TO sell our specialties on the installment plan. Good wages and steady work to the right men. W. A. Edwards, 723 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED, AN EXPERIENCED SECOND girl. 201 East Fourth street.

WANTED, A GOOD DININGROOM GIRL at Central house, 21 Lake avenue.

WANTED, A TAILORESS OR GOOD DRESSmaker at Freimuth's cloak department.

WANTED AT 224 EAST FOURTH STREET—girl for general housework. One willing to help care for children preferred. Wages $15 to $18.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Good wages to competent one. No washing. 205 West Third street.

GIRL WANTED. GOOD WAGES. 1521 Jefferson St.

COMPETENT TRIMMER AND MAKER wanted at once in millinery department at C. Mickelson's, 2023 West Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 119 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT girl; small family; convenient house. Call at 16 Board of Trade between 2 and 4 p. m., or 1732 East First street.

COOK WANTED AT 1326 LONDON ROAD.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 1215 East First street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT, FIVE-ROOM HOUSE IN splendid location at moderate rent. Also office in our building. Apply Clague & Prindle, 216 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—SEVEN ROOM MODERN house, central location. Apply to Chas. F. Howe, 634 Chamber of Commerce.

FOR RENT—CHESTER TERRACE, ONE ten room house supplied with steam heat. Also have a customer for a furnished house. Chas. T. Taylor, 540 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, ALL MODern conveniences; steam heat. Enquire 206 Lyceum.

GOOD EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT. Furnace heat, gas and bath; good barn. Upper side Bench street. B. F. Smith, 310 Woodbridge bldg.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 16 First avenue east.

LARGE, WELL FURNISHED ROOM, FURnace heat, bath, electric light. For one or two gentlemen. One block from street cars, three blocks from court house. Apply 429 Eighth avenue east. Rent reasonable.

FOR RENT, A LARGE ROOM ON THIRD floor of the Parsons block, No. 18 West Superior street, suitable for lodge purposes or society meetings. Will be rented reasonable to right parties. J. W. Rewley, 29 East Third street, City.

ROOMS AND BOARD AT 120 FIRST AVENUE west. Hot air heat and bath. Centrally located.

SHOP ROOM SUITABLE FOR TAILOR OR shoemaker. Cheap rent. 118 East Superior street.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE BY ADVERtisement.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed and delivered by Eliza A. Tillotson mortgagor, to C. E. Richardson and Caroline H. Stanton mortgagees, dated the 25th day of June, A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of the county of St. Louis in the state of Minnesota, on the 1st day of August, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 67 of mortgages, on page 70, on which there is claimed to be due, and is due, at the date of this notice, the amount of nine hundred, forty-two and 43-100 dollars ($942.43), and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law or in equity to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. And whereas, said mortgage was duly assigned by the said C. E. Richardson and Caroline H. Stanton to H. A. Scriver, dated the 15th day of August, A. D. 1890, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 71 of mortgages, on page 113; and was again duly assigned by the said H. A. Scriver to Caroline H. Stanton by assignment, dated the 14th day of January, A. D. 1893, and recorded in the office of the said register of deeds, on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1893, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 83 of mortgages, on page 347.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises therein described and the said mortgaged premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis at public auction to the highest bidder therefor, for cash, at the main front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on Tuesday, the 28th day of March, A. D. eighteen hundred and ninety-three, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall be due on said mortgage, with the interest thereon, and costs and expenses of sale, and forty-three and 83-100 dollars ($43.83) paid as taxes on said premises for the years 1890, 1891 and 1892, together with fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure.

The premises described in said mortgage, and so to be sold, are the lot, piece or parcel of land situated in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and known and described as follows, to-wit: All of fractional block number eighteen (18) in Highland Park addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof; said mortgage having been given to secure a part of the purchase price of said premises.

Dated Feb. 11, 1893.

CAROLINE H. STANTON,
Assignee of Mortgage.

WHEELER & HOWELL,
Attorneys for Assignee,
St. Paul, Minn.
Feb 12-20-27 Mch 6-13-20

POPULAR WANTS!

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY BY GENtleman and 6-year-old son. Address, C 68, Herald office, stating rate.

WANTED, ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO in private family. Address D 24, Herald office.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND COUNTING room desk. Apply at Herald office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—SECOND-HAND SAFE. Address A 40.

LARGE CAMP STOVE TO SELL CHEAP. 118 East Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—1 30 HORSE POWER Scotch boiler; 1 6x22 S. O. hoist; 1 No. 7 Cameron pump. Complete with all fitting, including 250 ft. ⅝ wire rope and 1 Eaton arc bucket. Enquire at 202 Palladio building.

NEW HOUSES, EASY TERMS; FINE LOcation, Sixteenth avenue east, corner Jefferson. Open every day 3 until 4 p. m., Sundays 2 until 4. W. J. Reed, 42 Exchange building.

FINANCIAL.

CASH IN BANK FOR ANY GOOD REAL estate loan, at lowest rates, or purchase money mortgage. Stryker, Mealey & Black.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT ON horses, wagons, household furniture, pianos, diamonds, jewelry and all kinds of personal property, on short notice and a lower rate than you can possibly get it elsewhere. Inquire of Wm. Herlean, manager, Duluth Mortgage Loan company, room 430, Chamber of Commerce building, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS AND jewelry. G. A. Klein, only licensed pawnbroker in Duluth, 17 West Superior street.

ABOUT MONEY—
DO YOU NEED ANY?

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY
Room 201 Palladio Building,
WILL LEND YOU ANY SUM YOU WISH
FROM $10 TO $1600
ON THE DAY YOU ASK FOR IT.

WE MAKE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS AND PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ALL KINDS
IN ANY AMOUNT,
At the lowest possible rates, without publicity or removal of property.

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY
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P. B. CROSBY,
COMMISSION BROKER,
Buys and Sells Mining Stocks for Cash.
Room 502 Palladio Building, DULUTH, MINN.
Correspondence Solicited. Weekly Circular.

RENTING AND COLLECTING.

CORDY EDWARDS' RENTAL AGENCY, 208 West Superior street. If you want a house or store call and see a big list always on hand.

ATTORNEYS.

L. U. C. TITUS, LL. B., ATTORNEY AT law, 601 Chamber of Commerce building.

JOS. WARD REYNOLDS, ATTORNEY, HAS located his office at suite, 321 Chamber of Commerce.

NOTICE

Of confirmation of the report of the commissioners in the matter of the proceedings of the common council of the city of Duluth, in condemnation, for the purpose of opening and laying out an alley twenty feet wide through the center of block 86, Endion division of Duluth, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that the report of the commissioners in the above entitled matter awarding damages and compensation to the various owners of property taken or injuriously affected by reason of the taking of private property for the purposes aforesaid, has been returned and filed in the office of the city clerk of the city of Duluth, and that said report will be confirmed by the common council of the city of Duluth, at a meeting of said common council to be held in the council chamber in the city hall in said city at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of Monday, the 6th day of March, 1893, unless objections are made in writing by persons interested in any of the lands required to be taken.

Witness my hand and seal this 20th day of February, 1893.

FRANK BURKE, JR.,
City Clerk,
Duluth, Minn.
{Corporate Seal.}
Feb. 20. 10t

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of one thousand and fifty-two dollars and seventy cents ($1052.20) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Harry L. Kreis, mortgagor, to Joel Colby, mortgagee, bearing date the 21st day of January, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the second day of February, A. D. 1891, at 12 o'clock m., in book sixty-nine (69) of mortgages, on page two hundred and three (203), and which mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by said mortgagee to the undersigned, William Cavanaugh, by deed of assignment bearing date the 24th day of January, A. D. 1893, and which assignment was duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 24th day of January, A. D. 1893, in book 95 of mortgage, at page 374, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz.: Beginning at a point seven hundred and ninety-three (793) feet south of the north line and six hundred and sixty (660) feet east of west line of section number six (6), in township number fifty (50) of range number thirteen (13) west, of the fourth principal meridian, thence running east six hundred and ninety-three and one-half (693½) feet, thence running south three hundred and thirty (330) feet, thence running west six hundred ninety-three and one-half (693½) feet, thence running north three hundred and thirty (330) feet to the place of beginning, containing five and one-fourth (5¼) acres of land, all in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 6th, A. D. 1893.

WILLIAM CAVANAUGH,
Assignee.

DRAPER, DAVIS & HOLLISTER,
Attorneys,
Feb 6-13-20-27 Mch 6-13.

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of four hundred and seventy-two dollars and forty-three cents ($472.43) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Harry L. Kreis and Cora E. Kreis, his wife, mortgagors, to H. F. Petit of Duluth, mortgagee, bearing date the thirty-first day of January, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 19th day of February, A. D. 1892, at 3:30 o'clock p. m., in book 71 of mortgages, on page 346, and which mortgage was thereafter assigned by said mortgagee to the undersigned, William Cavanaugh, by deed of assignment bearing date the 20th day of October, A. D. 1892, and which assignment was duly recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1892, in book 83 of mortgages, on page 277, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz.: Beginning at a point seven hundred and ninety-three (793) feet south of the north line and six hundred and sixty (660) feet east of west line of section number six (6), in township number fifty (50) of range number thirteen (13) west, of the fourth principal meridian, thence running east six hundred and ninety-three and one-half (693½) feet, thence running south three hundred and thirty (330) feet, thence running west six hundred ninety-three and one-half (693½) feet, thence running north three hundred and thirty (330) feet to the place of beginning, containing five and one-fourth (5¼) acres of land, all in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Wednesday, the 22nd day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 6, A. D. 1893.

WILLIAM CAVANAUGH,
Assignee.

DRAPER, DAVIS & HOLLISTER,
Attorneys.
Feb 6-13-20-27, Mar 6-13



The effects of Self-Abuse, Early Excesses, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power, Impotency, etc. ENLARGEMENT Guaranteed. I will send the Recipe of a never-failing cure. All letters answered. Address, with stamp, C. K. TUPPAR, Sporting Goods, Marshall, Michigan.

POPULAR WANTS!

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

M. S. & W. H. COOK, SURVEYORS AND civil engineers. 217 Fourteenth avenue east.

INSTRUCTION.

DO YOU WANT TO LEARN SHORTHAND? Pupils qualified in three months for general work by an experienced teacher and professional stenographer. In nine months for court reporting. $5 per month. Address A. A., this office.

STOVE REPAIRING.

HEATING STOVES, RANGES AND COOK stoves repaired on short notice. Casting furnished for nearly every stove made. American Stove Repair works, 112 East Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING IN ALL branches at reasonable prices. Mrs. C. P. Smith, 125 First avenue west.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

THE MOST RESPECTABLE LICENSED office in Duluth, free of charge to all; also have a full line of hair switches, chains, etc. Mrs. M. C. Soibold, 225 East Superior street.

PLUMBING.

W. McMILLAN & CO.,
HEATING AND PLUMBING,
216 West Superior street.

WILLIAM DONALDSON & SON,
Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters and Sanitary Engineers.
21 First Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.
Jobbing work a specialty. Orders left at Simon Clark & Co.'s store, 113 West Superior street. Telephone 75—will receive prompt attention.

MINING ENGINEERS.

CHARLES F. HOWE, SPECIAL ATTENtion given to the examination and reporting on mineral lands. Iron lands bought and sold. Analyses of all kinds made on short notice. 634 Chamber of Commerce.

ARCHITECTS.

G. A. TENBUSCH, 201 BURROWS BUILDing, 132.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. L. BALDWIN, Midwife, Full graduate of German college of Accouchment. Cupping, etc. done. 609 E. Third street.

LEGAL NOTICES

BIDS WANTED.

Sealed proposals will be received at room 311 Palladio building up to Wednesday, March 1st, at 9 o'clock a. m., for digging test pits on the "Alabama Iron Company's" land. A bond will be required from the party securing the contract.

The right is reserved to accept or reject any or all bids. For full particulars call at

Crosby Bros.' Offices,
314-15-16 Palladio Bldg.

MORTGAGE SALE.

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Dated February 6th, A. D. 1893.

AGNES C. CHAUNCEY,
Assignee.

DRAPER, DAVIS & HOLLISTER,
Attorneys.
Feb. 6-13-20-27, M 6-

A HIGH SCHOOL FIRE

An Insignificant Blaze in the Building Last Evening But Caused Very Little Damage.

Some of the Wainscoting and the Boxing Covering the Air Fan Shaft Was Burned.

The Origin of the Fire is a Mystery and Several Theories Are Advanced.

The new central High school building received its baptism by fire last evening. The early discovery by the watchman renders the damage done insignificant, but the origin of the quiet little blaze is a matter of conjecture, nothing positive being known. Between the stone stairs that lead to the basement hall at the end occupied by the manual training department and the wall to one's right, going down the stairs, is a recess under the stairs which pass from the second floor to the landing. Against the wainscoting the janitors are wont to lean their brush brooms, place buckets and other things used in their work. In front of the wainscoting, near the floor, runs the shaft that turns the air fans. This is covered with a heavy wooden boxing.

The flames burned off the north end of that wooden boxing, consumed a part of the large wooden block upon which it rested and played havoc with a part of the wainscoting. The brush brooms were singed and a wooden pail was wholly consumed, save its bottom.

Some of the school authorities think possibly an oily rag and some waste with which some new chairs received the other day were thrown into the pail and afforded a means for spontaneous combustion to get in its work. Others think possibly a cigar stub may have been dropped into the bucket. The heat cracked a couple of the heavy slate steps in the stairway immediately over the blaze, but the iron shaft was not heated enough to be sprung.

The members of the board and all others are congratulating themselves on the small damage and the fire proof qualities of the structure, but no steps have yet been taken to cancel the $10,000 insurance carried. The damage will not exceed $25.

THE BERRINGER FORTY.

The Ore on the Property to be Mined by the Milling Process.

C. J. Anderson commenced stripping the Berringer forty last week, says the Mesaba Range, and at present the earth is being used to build a foundation for a stockpile at B shaft of the Canton. About thirty-five men are now employed.

F. R. Whittlesey, formerly of Florence, who is superintending the work for the Duluth Ore company, of which he is a member, returned from a visit to Duluth yesterday. He gave the Range representative a general idea of the methods to be pursued in working the property. At first the earth will be removed from the ore bed, and stripping has been started at the southeast corner, where the surface runs from 10 to 15 feet. A main shaft will be sunk at this corner and the timbers for the shaft house are now being framed. One drift to the northward and another to the westward will be started from this shaft as soon as it is down below the ore bed (about 100 feet.) Then to ascertain distances minor shafts will be driven down through the ore to these drifts, a pocket to be built at the bottom of each shaft. The workmen will commence at the top of the ore bed and break the ore around the top of these minor shafts or chutes and shovel it down so that it will fall into the pockets below. These pockets will be dumped into cars below, which will be run to the main shoft and there hoisted, the ore being placed in stockpile or loaded into railroad cars from a pocket in the shaft house. This is known as the milling process and this is the first attempt to inaugurate it on the Mesaba.

Superintendent Whittlesey hopes to begin shipping ore by the time navigations opens. Mr. Anderson will add more men as soon as they can be worked economically.

AN ACT OF INJUSTICE.

The Woman's Suffrage Circle Report Was Grossly Distorted.

To the Editor of The Herald:

An article with sensational headings appeared in the Sunday morning News Tribune, which distorts a petition—presented to the mayor of this city by the Woman's Suffrage circle—into a covert charge of the most serious nature against Chief Horgan and his assistants, in the management of the Central police station. The members of the Suffrage circle who prepared the petition and presented it to the mayor, desire to say on behalf of the society they represent, that at no time was there heard the slightest intimation of any impropriety either of conduct or management on the part of anyone connected with the central station.

The petition makes no such allegation, either express or implied, and it is a gross outrage and flagrant act of injustice to Chief Horgan that it should have been so distorted for the purpose of creating a reprehensible sensation. The petition speaks for itself, it is a simple plea, that Duluth, as becomes a progressive and enlightened city, provide an entirely separate ward for female prisoners, and place the same under the exclusive control of the police matron, and this is so plainly in accord with the commonest dictates of humanity and respectability, and with a proper regard for the morals of the young of both sexes—who may unfortunately be incarcerated for trivial offenses or even innocently—that it is despicable to throw difficulties in the way of such a reform.

We desire further to say that instead of making covert charges against Chief Horgan, all our information leads us to believe that Duluth is exceptionally fortunate in having such an upright, trusty and efficient officer at the head of her police department, and we hope that in justice to him you will give this communication a conspicuous place in your valuable paper.

SUSAN BURRILL BANGS, President.
ALICE B. CASH, Chairman of Committee.

Duluth, Feb. 27.

SELECTED A TICKET.

Scandinavian Club of West Duluth Puts Forth Some Candidates.

The members of the Scandinavian club were all out in full force Saturday evening to listen to the report of the committee appointed to recommend certain candidates for village officers. The committee were not unanimous on the choice of president, so the names of J. F. Martin and G. J. Mallory were both presented to the convention.

After some discussion it was resolved to vote on the two names. The ballot resulted in J. M. Martin receiving 63 and G. J. Mallory 24 votes. This placed Martin at the head of the ticket. P. J. Borgstrom, the present incumbent, was recommended for recorder, and G. L. Widan for assessor. Mr. Borgstrom appeared to be the unanimous choice of those present, but there was some opposition to the selection of Widan for assessor and it is not certain that he will be placed on the ticket. Judge Himebaugh received the unanimous endorsement of the meeting for municipal judge.

For alderman the club will demand O. S. Olson and Thomas Olafson in the Third ward and John Peterson in the Fourth. This evening a committee from the Scandinavian club will meet with the committee appointed at the Martin meeting to fill out the balance of the ticket.

Although not yet assured it is probable that G. J. Mallory will head the opposition ticket with C. F. Lamb for municipal judge. For treasurer, A. C. Osborn is the leading candidate although the name of Emil Olund has been mentioned in connection with this office and it is likely his name will appear on one of the tickets.

For assessor H. C. Yeager, H. B. Wallace and G. L. Widan are publicly in the field with several others on the fence looking wistfully at the coveted fruit. The Martin ticket will be fully completed tonight after which the opposition will crystalize their forces and the campaign will wax hotter and hotter until election day.

Candidates Heed This.

The coming election will be held under the Australian system. Copy for the official ballots must be in the printer's hands not less than seven days before election, and in order to have his name printed on the ballots the candidate must either be formally nominated or have his name presented by a petition of at least one per cent of the voting population at least ten days before election.

West Duluth Briefs.

A horse belonging to Mr. Hawthorne, of Bay View Heights, ran away last evening on Central avenue, smashing the cutter to splinters and killing the horse.

The W. C. T. U. of Oneota have elected the following officers for this year: Mrs. J. T. Culbertson, president; Mrs. D. F. Parsons, secretary; Mrs. Freeman Keene, treasurer; Mrs. E. W. White, first vice president; Mrs. T. F. Merritt, second vice president.

Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Merritt are happy over the arrival of a boy and Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Merritt over the arrival of a daughter.

The Ladies Aid society of the Oneota M. E. church gave a pleasant social in the Merritt block recently the receipts of which added about $15 to their treasury.

The ladies of the W. C. T. U. will give a dime social at room 10 city hall on Tuesday evening. Good music will be furnished.

Mrs. W. H. Hawkins and family will shortly leave for an extensive visit in the East.

Mrs. E. Newell leaves this week for a visit to her old home in Nova Scotia.

Dr. Forin willl not leave the city, but will build a new residence the coming summer.

Card of Thanks.

To all our friends and neighbors who extended sympathy and assistance to ourselves and family during the recent illness and decease of our beloved daughter, we wish to publicly express our sincereet gratitude and thanks.

MR. AND MRS. W. H. HAWKINS.

West Duluth.

Two lots on Fourth avenue west, cheap; lots on Central and Grand avenues; large list in Third and Seventh divisions. City agent West Duluth Land company. E. W. MARKELL, 7, Phoenix blk.

Decorating the Christopher Columbus.

The Brown-Haywood Decorating company, of St. Paul and Minneapolis, was awarded the contract for putting the stained glass decorations into the passenger whaleback Christopher Columbus last Saturday. At each end of the immense cabin, which is 300 feet long, is a dome of stained glass about ten feet in diameter. One of the cabins of stained glass will contain a life-sized picture of Christopher Columbus. All the decorating will be very rich.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

AMUSEMENTS.

James J. Corbett.

Tonight James J. Corbett, the world's champion pugilist, appears at the Temple in "Gentleman Jack" and the advance sale of seats is a certain indication that there will be a great audience. Corbett has shown himself to be a very conscientious and earnest actor, possessing no little ability in a histrionic way. In the play of "Gentleman Jack" he assumes the role of Jack Royalston, a gallant young student of Payne college.

As a delightful and novel specialty an act of the play is presented by Mlle. Dagmar and Mon. De Celle, two remarkable Danish warblers. Monsignor De Celle is a handsome tenor of the robust school and Mlle. Dagmar possesses a contralto voice of unusual purity and richness, over which she has remarkable command in trilling and warbling. During their act, which lasts scarcely fifteen minutes, in the gaily illuminated Madison Square roof garden scene in the play, they appear in numerous picturesque costumes, appropriate to the several songs of various nations which they render. Last season these novel and admirable artists were among the most taking sensations of sensational-seeking Europe.

The Scottish Concert.

The Edith Ross Scottish Concert company appears at the Lyceum tomorrow evening under the auspices of Clan Stewart. This company is very highly spoken of and it is but reasonable to expect a concert of unusual merit. The Toronto Mail says: "Miss Ross is a favorite of long standing in Toronto. She is supported by a magnificent company, and was greeted by an enthusiastic and appreciative audience. Miss Ross is still without a peer with songs she has made her own. Mr. Lumsden was encored four times. None of his old vigor is gone."

The London Advertiser also says: "Heralded as a very superior organization, the audience that sssembled at the Grand Opera house last night again and again testified that the company had not been too highly spoke of. Every number on the program was encored. Miss Ross and her company gave an 'Ideal Scottish entertainment.'"

THE GREAT PANTOMIME.

Rehearsals in Progress for "Ben Hur," Which Will Soon be Produced.

The rehearsals for the spectacular pantomime, "Ben Hur," which is to be given for the benefit of the Bethel at the Temple early in March, are in progress. This production was recently given in Minneapolis, and the Tribune said:

"'Ben Hur' contains many incidents of dramatic intensity and has that certain peculiarity of oriental interest that amounts to fascination, the pictured eloquence of which is something uncommon and inspiring. The scenes from this wonderful novel were beautifully arranged and told the story, without words, most effectively. From a medley of harmonious groupings may be selected scene eight in act first—the arrest of Ben Hur, his mother and sister; scene 13, the lake by moonlight, and the ensuing one where Simonides renders account of his stewardship to Ben Hur. The play was staged in two acts, the first scene opening on the desert, followed by a rapid succession of tableaux representing Ben Hur's adventures, and varied in the second act by the reading of the chariot race prior to its scenic illustration. The finale was a superb allegorical transformation of great beauty."

PERSONAL DAMAGE CASES.

Two Suits Filed in the United States Court Last Saturday.

Two personal damage suits were filed in the United States court office Saturday afternoon, John Jenswold, jr., being the plaintiff's attorney in both of them. Mike Ross sues the Northwestern Fuel company to recover $15,000. He is an Italian and alleges that while working for the company on July 22, 1892, in the hold of a vessel one of the heavy coal buckets fell on him and inflicted serious and permanent injuries.

August Bodin sues the Imperial Mill company for $8,000. He claims to have been at work on Nov. 12, 1892, attaching a rope to a drum and that the machinery was suddenly started winding him up over the drum and seriously injuring him.

A Brown Marten.

A brown marten, which is being exhibited in a cage in the window of Haley's saloon, 13 East Superior street, attracts much attention from the people, and even the dogs passing along the street. The animal keeps up a steady run all day long and is a very interesting little creature. One old chap, who did not say "what's that—a mink?" and who looked like a relic of John Jacob Astor's old trading post, remarked that a pelt of a black marten is now worth about $9, that animal being quite rare.

His Hand Lacerated.

Bert Nelson, a Northern Pacific switchman, had one hand badly lacerated in the South Superior yards while coupling cars yesterday afternoon. He was brought to Duluth and the road surgeon dressed his hand and thinks the patient will escape amputation.

The Land of No Winter

Is best reached via the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad, "Evansville Route." Its splendid Pullman vestibuled trains leave Chicago daily at 4 p. m., reaching Florida or the Gulf coast six hours quicker than other lines. For full information apply to Chas. W. Humphrey, No. Pass. Agt., 170 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn., Chicago City Ticket Office, 204 Clark street, or to Charles L. Stone, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago.

LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

To New York, Boston and Washington Via the South Shore Line.

New York and return	$35 00
Boston and return	40 00
Washington	30 00

Tickets on sale Feb. 27 to March 2 inclusive.

New York and Boston ticket good for return until March 12.

Washington tickets good for return until March 9.

Ticket offices, 426 Spalding house block and Union depot.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

If troubled with catarrh in any form call on A. Tattersall & Co., 607 Chamber of Commerce.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Kickapoo Indian Remedies

WHAT THEY ARE.



They are the Purest, Safest and Most Reliable medicines Known to Humanity. They have never failed, never will fail, Never Can Fail. The Essence of their Nature is Health, their Composition Based upon God-given Indian Instinct, their Combination Founded upon the Solid Rock of centurial experience, their Virtues Absolutely Indisputable, their Success Only Limited by their Never-ceasing Production.

No Poisonous Ingredients Enter into Their Formula, no Mineral is Tolerated in their Pharmacopœa, no Subtle Chemical Fume in their Medicine Kettles. The Forest is their Laboratory. The Roots, Barks, Gums of Trees and Herbs are their Components. Kickapoo Indian Medicines are not Mineral but Vegetable; not Poisonous but Healing; not Death-dealing but Life-giving; not Destroying but Upbuilding and when Applied in Season and used with discretion They Perform Great Cures.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa

GIVES

"Long Life and Good Health."

AND IS THE

Only Genuine Indian Stomach and Blood Remedy Sold in America.

Sold by All Druggists and Medicine Dealers. $1 Per Bottle, 6 for $5.

Kickapoo Indian Oil, (For pains) 25 Cts. | *Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer, 25 Cts.*
Kickapoo Indian Salve (For Cuts) 25 Cts. | *Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure, 50 Cts.*

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., HEALY & BIGELOW, AGENTS, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

MEMBERS OF THE

DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION

	CAPITAL	SURPLUS
First National Bank	$1,000,000	$200 000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	35,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	

LOANS PLACED WITHOUT DELAY

ON FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITIES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance

HOUSES TO RENT.

DR. SPEER & CO.,

SPECIALISTS,

NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES! Main office New York block, corner Fourteenth street and Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Branch offices, Marquette and Saginaw, Mich. Dr. Speer, in charge of the head office, is a graduate of the medical department of Harvard University, class of '74, and is registered as such in both branches.

YOUNG MEN Who have been suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions will do well to avail themselves of this chance.

DR. SPEER & CO. Will guarantee a perfect cure in all cases of weakness or private disease of any kind or character they undertake or forfeit $250. There are many of the age of 30 to 50 who are troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting sensation and weakening of the system in a manner which the patient cannot account for. There are many who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of weakness.

LADIES finding it not convenient to call at the office can be treated by mail by sending a full description of their cases. Perfect cure guaranteed in all such cases. Examination and advice free. Remember the place, NEW YORK BLOCK, COR. FOURTEENTH AND TOWER AVENUE, WEST SUPERIOR, WIS. Railroad fare deducted from the price of treatment.

A FINE SHOWING.

Duluth Curlers Won Five Out of Nine Games from St. Paul.

The Duluth curlers came out of Saturday's contest with colors flying and made a far better record than even the most sanguine of the club members had supposed they could. The game with Minneapolis resulted unfavorably to Duluth, Minneapolis capturing five out of six, but they were all prettily played. In the games with St. Paul, however, Duluth came out in fine shape, winning five out of nine games.

Fifteen games were played, each of thirteen heads, nine with St. Paul and six with Minneapolis. In points Duluth made 120 to 114 for St. Paul and 66 to 118 for Minneapolis. In the morning the contests resulted as follows: McCulloch, Duluth, 15; Patton, Minneapolis, 26; Lorrimer, St. Paul, 25; Fullerton, Duluth, 7; Campbell, St. Paul, 12; McLeod, Duluth, 19; Harvey, St. Paul, 10; Black, Duluth, 18; Hastings, Minneapolis, 26; Macfarlane, 5.

The afternoon results were as follows: Patton, Minneapolis, 20; McCulloch, Duluth, 11; Campbell, St. Paul, 10; Black, Duluth, 16; Lorimer, St. Paul, 15; Fullerton, Duluth, 14; Harvey, St. Paul, 10; Macfarlane, Duluth, 14; Hastings, Minneapolis, 18; McLeod, Duluth, 9. The evening scores were: Harvey, St. Paul, 8; Fullerton, Duluth, 10; Macfarlane, Duluth, 9; Campbell, St. Paul, 15; Lorimer, St. Paul, 9; McCulloch, Duluth, 13; McLeod, Duluth, 14; Hastings, Minneapolis, 6; D. McLeod, Duluth, 12; Patton, Minneapolis, 22.

A great many pretty shots were made and also brought rounds of cheers. Tom Hastings, the Minneapolis champion, came very near winning all three games but R. J. MacLeod beat him in the evening by a score of 14 to 6. Alan Black, an old St. Paul curler, but now of Duluth won two games out of three and made a fine record. R. J. MacLeod headed the crack Duluth rink.

The visiting curlers were greatly pleased with the Glen Avon rink and praised it greatly. They had no idea that the Duluth club was established in so fine a house. They spoke highly of the manner in which they were entertained while here also and frequent visits in the future may be expected.

Killed by a Rock.

Andrew Peterson, whose home is in Negaunee, Mich., was killed by a rock falling on him at the Cincinnati mine last week. Peterson was working for the railroad company in the cut on the Cincinnati property. The foreman noticed a big boulder falling from the top of the cut and called to the men to get out of the way. All escaped but Peterson, who was scared and jumped right into the path of the boulder. His backbone was broken and he died in about three hours.

His Lip Bitten Off.

Jacob Storwiz has been lodged in the county jail on a charge of mayhem. There was a row in Jacobson's saloon at Biwabik and as a result William Pouttu had a portion of his under lip bitten off by Jacob Storwiz. He swore out a warrant for Storwiz on a charge of mayhem and Marshal Fifer and Officer Dodge went to serve the paper. Considerable blood was shed before the crowd of Fins in the place consented to give up the prisoner.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

J S Pillsbury to R M Bennett, lands in section 7-55-20, etc	$ 15,000
M Keyeszeweska to S Heleski, lands in section 6 51-14	500
A Rat to E E Barbo, lands in section 21-6-17	775
F W Eaton to C M Hill, timber on lands in section 1-58-16	400
F G Burke to W Durant, Jr, timber on lands in section 22-58-17	1,000
C G Shipman to George Strong, lands in section 17-62-13	1,750
C W Elston to R E Moore, lot 3, block 10, West Pork division	700
D McKenzie to J F Baars, Jr, lands in section 3-60-14	900
C F Grady to W S Chamberlin, lands in section 34-52-13	500
F H Cutting to C L Brown, lands in section 15-58-18	500
A R Macfarlane to J I Bowers, lot 9, block 1, Second Glen Avon division	1
C B Olsen to A M Olsen, lots 7 and 8, block 2, Clinton Place addition	600
F E Kennedy to J Dangay, lot 9, block 13, Zenith Park addition	300
D W Scott to C A Blackmarr, lots 5 and 6, block 22, Biwabik	450
D W Scott to E F Blackmarr, lots 1 and 2, block 21, Biwabik	575
D W Scott to P Hammond, lot 3, block 22, Biwabik	225
Virginia Improvement company to H T Rogers, lot 25, block 30, Virginia	275
Virginia Improvement company to L Lessard, lot 12, block 31, Virginia	300
C H Clark to J H Bingham, lands in section 5-48-15	1,000
C A Carlson to J Swanson, lot 7, block 47, Kimberley & Stryker's addition	250
Total transfers	$26,001

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

SPECIAL NOTICE

Complying with general request, 'BEECHAM'S PILLS' will in future for the United States be covered with

A Tasteless and Soluble Coating,

completely disguising the taste of the Pill without in any way impairing its efficacy.

Price 25 cents a Box.

New York Depot 365 Canal Street.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS. }

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

In the matter of the application to condemn lands for railroad purposes.

Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railway Company, Petitioner.

vs.

A. H. Hedderly, Minneapolis Central Warehouse Company, the Taylor's Falls & Lake Superior Railroad Company, St. Paul & Duluth Railroad Company, Great Northern Mining Company, Temple E. Dorr, Iron Belt Mining Company, Emma Schell, Harry Mee, Warren W. Potter, Minneapolis Iron Company, Samuel R. Angelo, Ohio Mining Company, Ohio Iron Company, C. S. Nelson Lumber Company, Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Company, C. P. Cogswell, trustee; Great Western Mining Company, Cleveland Iron Company, Jacob R. Myers, Frederic W. Paine, Lincoln Iron Company, Giles Gilbert, James D. Ray, Robert C. Ray, Frank W. Higgins, Chara A. H. Smith, Olean Land Company, Rouchleau Ray Iron Land Company, Duluth & Iron Range Railroad Company, Biwabik Mountain Iron Company, Metropolitan Trust Company, Wyoming Iron Company, William C. Yawkey, Cloquet Lumber Company, Bessemer Iron Development & Mining Company, A. E. Humphreys, Poca Iron Company, James Corrigan, William McKinley, Louis Rouchleau, William C. Sherwood, David T. Adams, Elin M. James, Alfred Merritt, Lone Jack Iron Company, Oliver Mining Company, Union Trust Company, of Pittsburg, Pa.; Virginia Iron Company, Thomas Iron Company, Roswell H. Palmer, Morton B. Hull, Marshall H. Alworth, Marie M. Bovina, as executrix of Wilhelm Boeing, deceased; William Schmaling, Mec & Sharp, Telephon Pinsenault, Emil Gross, Security Land and Exploration Company, George E. Wheeler, Lizzie A. Moore, West Duluth Land Company, George L. Crane, J. S. McEwan and also the husbands and wives of each of the above-named parties who are married, and all persons whomsoever claiming any interest in any of the lands described herein. Respondents.

To each of the above named respondents:

Please take notice that the above named petitioner the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway company, a railroad corporation duly organized and existing under chapter 34 "general statutes 1878" of the state of Minnesota and acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto will, at the court house in the city of Duluth, said county and state, on Saturday the 1st. day of April 1893 at 9 o'clock a. m. of said day or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, present to the district court of said county of St. Louis, its petition to condemn lands for railroad purposes, for the use of the petitioner, and for an order appointing commissioners to ascertain the compensation to be made, to the owners incumbrancers, occupants and other interested parties, for the damage which they and each of them shall sustain, by the taking of or injuriously affecting said lands and real estate pursuant to law.

That said lands are required for the construction, maintenance and operation in the usual railroad manner of the "Missabe Mountain Branch" and connecting spurs, all to be used in connection with the main line of the petitioner. That said Missabe Mountain Branch connects with the main line of the petitioner in the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter (nw ¼ of se ¼) of section three (3) township fifty-seven (57) north of range eighteen (18) west, and extends thence in a general northeasterly direction through sections three (3) and two (2) in township fifty-seven (57) north of range eighteen (18) west, sections thirty-five (35), thirty-six (36) and twenty-five (25) in township fifty-eight (58) north of range eighteen (18) West, sections thirty (30), nineteen (19), eighteen (18), seventeen (17), sixteen (16), eight (8), nine (9) and four (4), in township fifty-eight (58) north of range seventeen (17) west, St. Louis County, Minnesota, all of which is fully delineated and set forth on a map or plat of said branch line and connecting spurs attached to and made a part of said petition. That the said route or line of said branch line and its several connecting spurs has been surveyed, located and staked upon the ground and will fully appear by reference to said map or plat thereof. That the said route and said connecting spurs have been duly adopted and designated by the Board of Directors of the petitioner and all the requirements of the laws of the State of Minnesota with reference to the construction and maintenance of branches and spurs have been fully complied with by the petitioner.

The land and real estate sought to be taken and appropriated for the purposes of the petitioner is all situate in the County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota and is described as follows, to-wit:

The Following Pieces Or Parcels in Township 57, Range 18 W.

Parcel One—So much of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 3 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing one and 58-100 acres.

Parcel Two—So much of the southwest, southeast and northeast quarters of the northeast quarter of section three as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing ten and 33-100 acres.

Parcel Three—So much of the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 2 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing one and 22-100 acres.

The Following Pieces or Parcels in Township 58, Range 18 W.

Parcel Four—So much of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 35 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing four and 49-100 acres.

Parcel Five—So much of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 35, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing one and 60-100 acres.

Parcel Six—So much of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 35, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing two and 07-100 acres.

Parcel Seven—So much of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 35 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing two and 07-100 acres.

Parcel Eight—So much of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 35 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing four and 81-100 acres.

Parcel Nine—So much of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 35 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the centre of said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing three and 57-100 acres.

Parcel Ten—So much of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 36 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the centre of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing two and 51-100 acres.

Parcel Eleven—So much of the southwest, southeast and northeast quarters of the southwest quarter of section 25 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing nine and 42-100 acres.

Parcel Twelve—So much of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 25 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing two and 31-100 acres.

Parcel Thirteen—So much of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 25, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing three and 57-100 acres.

Parcel Fourteen—So much of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 25, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing two and 06-100 acres.

Parcel Fifteen—So much of the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 25, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing four and 25-100 acres.

The Following Pieces or Parcels in Township 58, Range 17, W.

Parcel Sixteen—So much of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 30, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing one and 87-100 acres.

Parcel Seventeen—So much of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 19, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing three and 70-100 acres.

Parcel Eighteen—So much of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 19, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing one and 46-100 acres.

Parcel Nineteen—So much of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 19 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing four and 45-100 acres.

Parcel Twenty—So much of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 19 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing 64-100 acres.

Parcel Twenty-one,—So much of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 19 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing three and 94 100 acres.

Parcel Twenty-two,—So much of the northwest and northeast quarters of the northeast quarter of section 19 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing four and 93-100 acres.

Parcel Twenty-three.—So much of the southeast and northeast quarters of the southeast quarter of section 18 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing four and 74-100 acres.

Parcel Twenty-four—So much of the southwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 17 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing thirteen and 22-100 acres.

Parcel Twenty-seven—So much of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 17 as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing three and 70-100 acres.

Parcel Twenty-eight—So much of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 17, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing eight and 72-100 acres.

Parcel Twenty-nine—So much of the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 17, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing eight and 95-100 acres.

Parcel Thirty—So much of the southwest, southeast and northeast quarters of the northwest quarter of section 16, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing fourteen and 65-100 acres.

Parcel Thirty-one—So much of the southwest and northwest quarters of the northeast quarter of section 16, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing five and 85-100 acres.

Parcel Thirty-two—So much of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section nine, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing four and 72-100 acres.

Parcel Thirty-three—So much of the northwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section 9, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing six and 93-100 acres.

Parcel thirty-four—So much of the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section nine, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing eight and 14-100 acres.

Parcel Thirty-five—So much of the northeast and northwest quarters of the northeast quarter of section nine, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing five and 95-100 acres.

Parcel Thirty-six—So much of the southeast and southwest quarters of the southeast quarter of section four, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing five and 17-100 acres.

Parcel Thirty-seven—So much of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section four, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing one and 7-100 acres.

Parcel Thirty-eight—So much of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section nine, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing five and 78-100 acres.

Parcel Thirty-nine—So much of the southeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section nine, as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing four and 49-100 acres.

Parcel Forty—So much of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section nine as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing seven and 14-100 acres.

Parcel Forty-one—So much of the northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section nine as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing four and 50-100 acres.

Parcel Forty-two—So much of the southwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section nine as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing four and 75-100 acres.

Parcel Forty-three—So much of the northeast quarter of section eight as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing fifteen and 56-100 acres.

Parcel Forty-four—So much of the northwest and southwest quarters of the southeast quarter of section eight as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing fifteen and 39-100 acres.

Parcel Forty-five—So much of the southeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section eight as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing three and 23-100 acres.

Parcel Forty-six—So much of the southeast and northeast quarters of the southeast quarter of section eight as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing seven and 28-100 acres.

Parcel Forty-seven—So much of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section eight as lies within 75 feet on each side of the center of the said railroad of petitioner, as the same is now located through and over said premises, containing 35-100 acres.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY.
By W. H. Tripp and Cash, Williams & Chester, Its Attorneys.

Duluth, Minn., Feb. 23, 1893.

The Great Eastern Duluth

The Pioneers of Low Prices.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF

Men's and Boys' Shoes And Rubbers.



If your Shoes have not been giving you satisfaction, try a pair of us. We guarantee to save you from 50c to $1.00 on every pair.

M. S. BURROWS & CO. Cor. Superior St. and Third Ave. W. DULUTH, MINN.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.

Dr. Schiffman fills teeth without pain.

"Gill's Best" flour, the home manufacture of Duluth, is the best in the market.

Five expert saw mill men went up to Mountain Iron this morning to assist in getting out the Howard square timber contract for the Duluth, Missabe & Northern ore docks.

Contractor Wolf shipped fifty Italians up to Stony Brook junction today. They will be employed on his Duluth & Winnipeg contract.

The revival meetings in the First Methodist Episcopal church which have been growing in interest and fruitfulness will be continued every evening during the present week, Saturday excepted. Dr. Stocking will preach this evening and Dr. Forbes tomorrow evening.

Special gospel meetings will be held every evening this week at the Bethel beginning tomorrow evening.

The Bethel singing class, conducted by Prof. Myers, has its meeting this evening.

The stockholders of the Superior-Duluth Terminal and Transfer railway met Saturday in Superior and elected as officers: Day K. Smith, president; John C. French, vice-president; P. A. Mitchell, secretary.

The following deaths were reported to the board of health this morning: Louise Peterson, 1813 East Eighth street, aged 23 years, chronic Bright's disease; Daniel J. Gowld, 1819 Piedmont avenue, aged 4 years and 9 months, cause of death not stated.

The birth of a daughter to Matt and Maria Sinnie, 316 Railroad street, was today reported to the board of health.

Capt. C. C. Tear has resigned the command of company A of the Third regiment owing to the press of private business.

Dr. Forbes preached the annual sermon to the Knights of Pythias in the new First Methodist church last evening. There was a large attendance of Knights, all of the lodges being represented.

Elegant gold picture frames just received. Call and see them at F. E. Butts & Co.

A marriage license has been issued to Thomas D. Wright and Elizabeth J. Osborne.

Second citizenship papers have been issued by Clerk Sinclair to Charles McKay.

John Haley has brought suit against the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad to recover $15,000 for alleged damages received at Ashland Junction in Wisconsin.

In municipal court this morning Tom Royce and William Brown, being found guilty of drunkenness, were compelled to fork over $12 each to regain their liberty. Geo. T. Berry and Pat Collins were penniless, hence ten days on the hill was their fate.

Thomas Clark straightened up his desk today in the building inspector's office and left for an Eastern trip about ten days in length. The first stop will be made in Chicago and Washington will ultimately be his destination.

Look into our "On or Before" Clause Before Taking Any Other.

MONEY Always on Hand —FOR— UNIMPROVED LOANS OF ANY AMOUNT, With the INVALUABLE "ON OR BEFORE" PRIVILEGE.

Which means that the Mortgage is made for Five years, but You Have the Privilege of paying part or all on any semi-annual Interest Day, Without Cost or Notice.

If you consult your own interests you will sign no other form of mortgage.

R. M. NEWPORT & SON, Investment Bankers, 5 Phœnix Blk.

SLASHED ON THE NECK.

A Row at Carlton That May Turn Out to be a Murder.

Two laboring men, Picket and Eckstein, had an altercation at their boarding house at Carlton on Saturday. Eckstein drew a knife and slashed Picket across the back of the neck. The gash is eight inches long, extending from the right ear to the left cheek. Picket may die. Eckstein is under arrest.

THE CHAMPION TALKS

Corbett Says His Fight With Charley Mitchell is Arranged and is a Sure Go.

He Also Says That He Will Have a Worthy Opponent in the Wily Englishman.

Believed Sullivan Was Going to Act the Part of a True Sportsman After the Fight.

James J. Corbett, the world's fistic champion is here and although he has not entirely recovered from his recent cold in Minneapolis he is feeling "fairly well" as he expresses it. He weighed this morning 195 pounds with his clothes on. He greeted The Herald man warmly. He was made acquainted with the contents of a dispatch from St. Louis, giving some recent statements about Corbett. The champion said:

"I don't care what Sullivan said about me and I have nothing to say about him, except that I defeated him fairly and squarely and I thought at the time that he was going to accept the outcome like a true sportsman, but it has turned out differently and he is beneath my notice. He is a back number, and that will do for him.

"Well, my match with Charley Mitchell is a sure go and if anyone thinks I shall have a walkover just tell them they are liable to be off in their reckoning. The Englishman will give me a harder battle than Sullivan did or Jackson



JAMES CORBETT.

can. He is clever and full of science; he is a hard hitter, and some people say that he hits harder than I do, but for all that I believe I can best him. There is no doubt about his wanting to fight; his money is up, the papers and agreements are completed and I don't think he is either afraid of me or wants to back out. If he doesn't fight, why, he'll be hooted out of every square ring in the country.

"My money is still up for a match with Peter Jackson. I deposited $2500 forfeit money there some time ago, and it will stay there four or five weeks longer in order that Jackson's backers may have every chance to cover it. After a reasonable time I shall withdraw the deposit and take no further notice of him. If I've got to fight Jackson I want to know it as soon as possible so that I may make my theatrical arrangements accordingly. I will give him a show of time now in which to make arrangements, but I want to know in plenty of time.

"People are a little bit disappointed when they come to see our show. Of course I know I am a strong card in the list of good attractions, but they go to the show and expect to see a great big fellow who will weigh considerably over 200 pounds, as big and burly as Sullivan is, and when they see me they are disappointed because I am not a big man. We have been having a very successful dramatic season and we have a good show in every respect. You wouldn't hardly believe it, perhaps, but that little cold in Minneapolis cost me about $2000. What a good hard cough would amount to I leave for you to guess."

NOW, LISTEN TO SULLY.

Says Corbett is an Iceberg and Mitchell Will Whip Him.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 27.—John L. Sullivan arrived here yesterday morning and four hours afterward the air was full of rumors that he had struck and killed a man at the Union depot. It transpired, however, that he merely gave a hackman a playful poke with his umbrella as an incentive to the hackman to make way for the ex-champion. Last night Sullivan entertained a number of friends in the theater. In speaking of his defeat by Corbett, John L. said:

"I tell you that duffer (referring to Corbett) will never be popular with the sporting people of this country. He is an iceberg, that will not thaw out if exposed to a tropical sun for six months. He whipped me, but I was not myself when I entered the ring that night. Nature gave away. The rapid life I had been living for the past ten years undermined my constitution and I was not able to make a hard fight. The fellow is a clever sparrer, but if you put us in a room I'll kill him in fifteen minutes."

Speaking of the coming fight between Mitchell and Corbett, Sullivan said: "Mitchell is a clever man, and I predict that he will lower Corbett's colors."

New Spring Goods

Ready for inspection, latest novelties, largest and finest line in city to select from. Prices moderate at

J. S. LANE, 430 Spalding house block.

Bargains in Real Estate.

Are you looking for a good residence? Call and see what I can show you. Lots in Duluth proper, Portland, Endion and East Duluth. E. W. MARKELL, 7 Phoenix blk.

Removed!

Pioneer Fuel Co.

To 416 W. Superior St. Chamber of Commerce Building.

Telephone 161.

Temporary Headquarters.

PERSONAL.

Representatives Boggs and Cotton returned to Duluth Sunday morning just to get acquainted with the growth of the city. They went back to the capitol today.

John Rustgaard came in on the Omaha train from St. Paul this morning.

K. D. Chase arrived from Faribault this morning.

G. C. Steele and J. Magill Smith, of the Smith, Farwell & Steele company, returned from the East this morning.

Jacob Levine returned this morning from New York.

George Long has gone to Washington to get his brother Chas. A. Long, who is ill.

Charles Nichols, of St. Paul, was in the city yesterday visiting his son, C. B. Nichols.

A. B. Eldridge and A. E. Miller came in from Marquette this morning.

E. C. Gale, of Minneapolis, is in the city today.

H. C. Hope, superintendent of telegraph on the Omaha road, is in the city today.

E. W. Sikes, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

E. T. Babbitt, the Cleveland ore dealer, is in the city.

W. G. Lawyer, of Omaha, is at the Spalding.

W. O. Butler, of Marquette, was in the city yesterday.

I. Freimuth left for the East Saturday evening.

Deputy Auditor Alex Schultz is quite ill.

Proprietor Murray of the Norris house is confined to his bed with la grip.

J. F. Killorin and wife came in from Hiawatha this morning.

J. J. Rupp and W. C. McClure arrived today from Saginaw.

THE **Duluth Board of Trade**

Finding additional room necessary will build a very large and handsome building.

Property adjacent to this building will be immensely increased in value.

No site has been selected and property holders, with others interested, are invited to submit offers of bonus to be paid for the location of the Board of Trade building upon a site named by the guarantors of the bonus.

Offers of bonus must be made in the name of persons of known responsibility or accompanied by ample guarantees.

Within reasonable bounds the building will be placed in the locality offering the largest bonus.

O. C. HARTMAN,
A. D. THOMSON,
JNO. MACLEOD,
FRANKLIN PAINE,
Committee.

Procathedral Service.

The services at the Procathedral yesterday were more than usually entertaining and instructive. The choir contributed its part with pleasing effect, and the preachers at the forenoon and evening services treated their subjects in such an interesting and scholarly manner as to guarantee in future audiences capable of filling a church like the Cathedral that is to be completed here during the coming summer. It has been announced that Dr. Keane, of Minneapolis, will preach this evening at the forty hours devotion. He has the reputation of being a very pleasing and eloquent speaker.

Explained Why.

President Truelson this morning received a letter from H. M. Chance telling why he thinks the award of the tunnel prize should be reconsidered. President Truelson has answered him and it is expected that it will have the result of ending the matter.

Will be Short.

Tonight's council meeting will probably commence early and be short and sweet for it is most evident that the city clerk and a majority of the members intend to rapidly dispose of all business and slip over to see Jim Corbett show his muscle to the ladies.

Seventeen Years of Waiting.

William H. Allen is a valued employe connected with La Vaque's art department. Seventeen years ago Mr. Allen took unto himself a pleasing wife, but no little Allans have been the result until yesterday when a little daughter most modern, complete and lovable, put in an appearance. The father is happy beyond description and the mother is happy and doing well too.

The Biwabik Excursion.

Parties wishing to take in the excursion to Biwabik are requested to report to D. W. Scott, 408 First National bank building, by Tuesday noon, 28th, to ensure transportation. Train leaves Union depot at 10 a. m. Wednesday morning and returns at 4 a. m. Thursday morning.

Special Rate to Washington.

For the inauguration of President Cleveland, March 4, "The Northwestern Line," (C., St. P., M. & O.,) will sell excursion tickets to Washington, on March 1 and 2, at $30 round trip, good returning until March 12. Take the "Omaha" when you go. All cars heated by steam and lighted by gas. Through train to Chicago over the short line.

B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent, 426 Spalding Hotel.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

LAKESIDE!

As Spring Approaches

You will be thinking of Renewing your lease or getting

A Permanent HOME!

Remember LAKESIDE and all its advantages.

Take the Street Cars

Some nice day and ride through this beautiful property.

MAPS AND FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

LAKESIDE LAND COMPANY,

WM. C. SARGENT, Manager.

WHEAT WAS LOWER TODAY.

It Firmed Up Somewhat on the Visible Supply Report.

The wheat market opened weak, dull and lower this morning with sellers at ⅝c decline from Saturday's last figures. Business began quite late and was slightly firmer, first trading in May being at ⅛c below Saturday's close. From this it sold steadily downward to 69¼c, which is the lowest price reached this crop year. The posting of the visible, showing a large decrease of 751,000 bus, caused a firmer feeling and May sold up ¼c. The close was dull but firm at ⅛c below Saturday, as follows:

No. 1 hard, cash, 67⅛c; February, 67⅛c; May, 72⅝c; July, 74⅞c. No. 1 northern, cash 65½c; February, 65⅜c; May, 69⅝c; July, 72⅝c. No. 2 northern, cash, 59½c. No. 3, 51⅝c. Rejected, 48⅜c. On track—No. 1 northern 69½c; No. 2 northern 63. Rye, 47c. Flax, cash, $1.16½; May $1.18.

Car inspection today, 9. Receipts—Wheat, 15,431 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 7026 bus. Cars on track, 93; last year, 82.

Weekly Statement.

Showing the stock of grain in store at Duluth (by grades) for the week ending Saturday, Feb. 25, 1893:

	Bushels.
No. 1 hard wheat	955,389
No. 1 northern wheat	12,736,753
No. 2 northern wheat	1,823,461
No. 3 spring wheat	184,690
No grade spring wheat	59,892
Rejected and condemned wheat	57,946
Special bin wheat	107,651
Total wheat in store	15,915,575
Afloat in harbor	571,100
Total	16,486,675
Increase during the week	2,800
In store this date last year	8,686,500
Increase for the week last year	217,758
Stock of corn now in store	341,341
Stock of rye now in store	15,420
Stock of barley now in store	5,170
Stock of flax seed now in store	220,088

Outside Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27.—The close: Wheat: February, 72½c; May, 75⅜c; July, 74⅝c. Corn, February, 40¼c; May, 42⅝c; July, 43⅜@43½c. Oats, February, 29⅜c; May, 32⅛@32¼c; July, 31¼c. Pork, February, $17.95; May, $18.25; July, $18.30. Lard, February, $12.62½; May, $12.67½; July, $11.62½. Ribs: February, $10.00; May, $10.05; July, $9.92½.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 24.—Wheat: May opened at 67⅝c and closed at 67⅛c; July opened at 69¾c and closed at 69¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 65½c; No. 1 northern, 65c; No. 2 northern, 62c.

W. P. BROWN,

GRAIN, PROVISIONS AND STOCKS

Private Wires to Chicago and New York.

107 and Chamber of Commerce.

DULUTH STOCK EXCHANGE.

Trading Was Quieter Today and Prices a Little Weaker.

Since the last report about 120 shares have been sold on 'change, Saturday the market was rather active. Today is more quiet and prices seem a little weaker. The attendance was unusually large but there was but little spirit in the bidding, and sales were limited. Below are last quotations of listed stocks:

Stock.	Par value	Bid.	Asked.	Last Sales. Cash.	Last Sales. Time.
Biwabik	$100	30 00	35 00	.....	.....
Cincinnati	25	1 50	1 60	.....	2 10 '60
Cosmopolitn	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clark	100	50 h 60	75	.....	.....
Gr't North'n	100	7 50	8 25	8 00	.....
Keystone	100	.....	1 00	.....	.....
Kanawha	100	2 00	2 05	2 00	.....
L'ke Super'r	25	2 50	2 70	.....	.....
L'tle Mes'ba	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lincoln	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
M'tain Iron	100	.....	90 00	.....	.....
Minneapolis	100	15	50	.....	.....
Ms'ba M'tain	100	22 50	25 00	.....	.....
Shaw	100	.....	6 75	.....	.....
Soc'rty Land	10	.....	20 00	.....	.....
Washington	100	.....	1 00	.....	.....

New York Stocks.

	Opened.	Closed.
Atchison	31¾	31¾
C., B. & Q.	95	95½
Chicago Gas	87⅛	87⅛
Erie	21¾	21¾
C. & N. W.	111½	111⅜
St. Paul	75¾	75¾
Delaware, Lackawanna & West'n	.....	.....
Louisville & Nashville	73⅝	73⅝
Missouri Pacific	54⅜	54⅜
New England	30¾	30⅝
Northern Pacific	26¾	27⅝
Reading	28⅜	28⅜
Rock Island	82½	81⅜
Richmond Terminal	.....	.....
Sugar Trust	117⅛	119⅜
Union Pacific	36¾	37⅛
Western Union	95⅝	94⅜
Whisky Trust	35⅛	35⅛

Will Build a Warehouse.

Ekert, Williams & Co. will put up a building on a site recently secured from A. M. Miller at the foot of Sixth avenue west, which will be a combination of elevator, cold storage and general storage buildings. The two buildings will have a floor space of 75x130 feet and the capacity of the elevator will be 50,000 bushels. The elevator and cold storage house will be built at once.

TEMPLE OPERA, J. T. Condon Lessee.

ENGAGEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.

The Champion of the World.

JAMES J. CORBETT

Assisted by a Select Dramatic Company in His New Play,

Gentleman Jack

Superb Scenic Effects.
The Campus at Paph College.
Madison Square Roof Garden, N. Y.
Training Quarters at Loch Harbor, N. J.
Olympic Club Arena, New Orleans.

ONE NIGHT, FEB. 27.

PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

Seats on sale Saturday morning at 9 o'clock at Kilgore, Siewert & Co.'s and at Box Office.

A. FITGER & CO.'S **Lake Superior Brewery**

Is the largest in the State of Minnesota outside of the Twin Cities.

LYCEUM World's Finest Theater. Arthur Miller, Lessee.

TUESDAY, FEB. 28

THE **EDITH ROSS** GRAND SCOTTISH CONCERT COMPANY,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF Clan Stewart, NO. 50, O. S. C.

SEATS SELLING NOW.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND!

Pursuant to a resolution passed at a meeting of the board of directors of THE MISSABE MOUNTAIN IRON COMPANY, held on the 6th day of January, 1893, notice is hereby given that a semi-annual dividend of four and one-half per cent upon the issue of the capital stock of said company will be paid on the 20th day of March, 1893. The stock book for the transfer of stock for the payment of dividends will be closed March 1st, 1893.

LEWIS J. MERRITT, SECRETARY.

6% "ON OR BEFORE" MORTGAGE LOANS. NO DELAY. CLAGUE & PRINDLE, 216 West Superior Street.

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO

Furnish Electric Current For Arc and Incandescent Light And Motor Service.

GENERAL OFFICE: ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Station A, Foot of Fifth Ave. East. Station B, 126 West Michigan Street.

The Town Of Biwabik!

Has increased **1000 Per Cent** in population in the last half year, and is growing rapidly. Two railroads in operation and its tributary mines are among the biggest and best. All who go and see the growth and activity, buy, and thus make money. **The easterly 40 is now on sale.** Remember "the early bird catches the worm," and call early. It will pay you.

D. W. Scott,

408 First National Bank Bld'g., DULUTH, MINN.

Prices Reduced!

In order to close out balance of WINTER STOCK.

Reduction on all Warm-lined Shoes and Slippers.

High-cut Overshoes and Alaskas all go at reduced prices.

Samples and Odd Lots of Fine Shoes at COST TO CLOSE OUT.

FOR BARGAINS IN RELIABLE FOOTWEAR CALL ON

A. WIELAND,

123 W. SUPERIOR ST.

CATARRH

Are you ever troubled with

CATARRH

in any form? If so, go at once to A. Tattersall & Co., 607 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn., and try CATARRHALIX, the greatest known cure for this offensive and dangerous disease. Do not delay! Catarrhalix reaches the diseased parts at once, giving immediate relief and drives the poison from the system, and effects a positive cure.

Cures acute cases in seven days. Price of CATARRHALIX only ONE DOLLAR. Costs nothing to learn all about this great remedy.

A. Tattersall & Co.,

No. 607 Chamber of Commerce, DULUTH, MINN.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1893. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. THREE CENTS

Our Famous Sliding Scale PLAN

Has Again Demonstrated Its Ability to Move High Grade Chamber Suits.

Monday, Feb. 27th, we will show in our window a Magnificent Dining Set, consisting of the following pieces:

1 English Oak Sideboard.
1 English Oak Dining Table. 10 ft.
4 English Oak Dining Chairs, Leather Seats and Back.

This set has never been offered for less than $110.

Beginning with Monday, Feb. 27th, we shall reduce its price $5.00 every day it remains unsold until it reaches a price at which you think it is cheap, when it does come in and give us your order.

FIRST WEEK.		SECOND WEEK.	
Monday, Feb. 27	Price $105.00	Monday, March 5	Price $75.00
Tuesday, Feb. 28	Price $100.00	Tuesday, March 6	Price $70.00
Wednesday, March 1,	Price $95.00	Wednesday, March 7	Price $65.00
Thursday, March 2	Price $90.00	Thursday, March 8	Price $60.00
Friday, March 3	Price $85 00	Friday, March 9	Price $55.00
Saturday, March 4	Price $80.00	Saturday, March 10	Price $50.00

Etc., Etc. If not sold by March 20 it won't cost you a cent. 5 per cent added if sold on the easy payment plan.

We Sell on Easy Payments When Desired.

Do you need accommodation? Have you given this method of our business your consideration?
It is honorable.
It is just and equitable.
Our books contain the names of the best citizens of Duluth, who have availed themselves of its advantages.
We ask a payment of
$ 5.00 on $20.00 Bought.
8.00 on 40.00 Bought.
10.00 on 50.00 Bought.
20.00 on 100.00 Bought.
NO INTEREST CHARGED!

We have the Largest stock of Furniture.
We have the Largest stock of Carpets.
We have the Largest stock of Crockery and Glassware.
We have the Largest stock of Everything pertaining to Housefurnishing in the city of Duluth.

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE COMPANY,

222 and 224 Superior Street West.

Fine Sleighs and Cutters!

RUSSIAN AND PORTLANDS, TWO-SEATERS AND SINGLES.

REMOVED TO 416-418 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

M. W. TURNER.

MONEY TO LOAN

In large or small amounts, on IMPROVED PROPERTY, at the LOWEST RATES.

McGIFFERT & WHITE, *213 FIRST NATIONAL BANK.*

TO THOSE

Who have in contemplation the purchase of a Home. I have a large list to select from.

Fire Insurance Carefully Written.

HARRY D. PEARSON, - 305 Burrow's Buildin

Magazines for March! Fashion Books for March!

CALL ON US FOR THE PARTICULAR ONE YOU WANT.

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR,

323 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Fine Stationery Daily and Illustrated Papers.

J. M. GEIST,

THE LEADING HOUSE IN Fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Etc.

BARGAINS IN LOTS!

West End, Harrington's, Marine and Oneota.

First Street, Harrington's Addition, $1200. Superior street lots in the West End, $2600. These are regular "Bargain Counter" prices.

Buy NOW and Make Money.

Over Two Hundred of these Lots on Our List.

Money on Hand to Loan.
513 PALLADIO. - - -

E. R. BRACE

THE WALLS FELL

A Terrible Accident Caused in Chicago By the Wind at An Early Hour This Morning.

The Unsupported Walls of a Burned Building Blown Down On Top of Two Cottages.

Seven of Their Unfortunate Inmates Were Instantly Killed and Four Others Seriously Injured.

A Young Man Carried Down With His Bed In the Ruins But Escaped Uninjured.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—By the falling of the walls of John York's new dry goods store at Halsted and Nineteenth streets at 1:30 o'clock this morning seven and perhaps eight people were instantly killed and four others seriously injured. The killed are: John Smith, 45 years; Dollie Smith, 13 years; Baby Smith, 9 years; Hattie Smith, 4 years; Paulina Retuich, 19 years; F. Kunze, 48 years; Mrs. Mary Kunze, 45 years. The injured: F. Kunze, Jr., Patrol Sergeant Loughran; Mrs. Carrie Smith, probably fatally; Police Officer William Smith. Missing: Joseph, bartender, aged 27 years.

The catastrophe was caused by the collapsing before the high wind of the walls on the burned York building. These had been standing since the fire which last winter destroyed the store and contents. At this time the walls were soaked with water which, however, coated them with ice and aided in holding them together. It was feared that a change of temperature would weaken the walls by thawing out the ice which held them together, and last night this fear was realized. Yesterday's warmth and rain melted the ice and last night's wind shook the tottering walls until they fell with a crash, burying two houses with their sleeping inmates.

The two houses destroyed were the saloon of John Smith at 761 Halstead street, and the jewelry store of A. Kunze at 763 Halstead street. Both were frame structures and both were occupied on the second stories by the families of the owners of the places of business below. That all in the buildings were not killed seems almost a miracle, but while two were taken out alive one of them, Mrs. Carrie Smith, wife of the saloon keeper, can scarcely survive the day.

The other one to escape was Fred Kunze, son of the jeweler aged 21 years. He, with his bed, was carried through the floor to the basement. A door was thrown across the bed and supported against the wall served to guard the occupant of the bed from injury by the falling debris. Young Kunze was rescued but slightly injured.

The work of rescuing the imprisoned people, aside from great danger to the firemen, was attended with much difficulty. It was unknown in which portion of the buildings the missing families had been sleeping, and the firemen who were on the spot almost before the sound of the crash had died away, were without any guide in their work save their own instinct.

Disregarding the smoke and the licking tongues of flame that appeared here and there amid the debris, they dug along the base of the York wall at a point which appeared to be about the center of Kunze's jewelry store. Their search was finally rewarded by a shout from beneath the bricks and broken timbers. They dug steadily on, but could not locate the voice.

At last, however, came the cry, "here I am," and at the same instant a hand was thrust through to the open air. It was the hand of young Kunze. His rescue was then but a matter of a few minutes. After being rescued, he told the firemen where his father and mother had been sleeping and he was then removed to the county hospital.

The fate of Smith's bartender, whose full name is unknown, is a mystery. He occupied a room on the second story of the Smith house, but as his bed, which was found in the ruins, showed no trace of having been occupied, it is thought he may not have been at home at the time of the catastrophe.

Superintendent of Streets Burke put 150 men at work on the ruins early this morning. The work of excavation is difficult owing to the heat and smoke that still ascend from the debris, and it is absolutely impossible that any of those buried in the debris can be still alive.

It was shortly after 1:30 when the wall fell. Policeman Hanks was near the corner of Halsted and Nineteenth streets when the disaster occurred. He hurried to the spot and could hear the groans and cries for help of the people buried in the ruins. He sent in an alarm of fire, for to add horror to the scene smoke was seen curling up through the ruins, which had caught fire from a stove overturned in the crash.

The fire department arrived in a few minutes and began playing on the debris. Sergeant Loughran, of the Canalport avenue station, had in the meantime arrived and begun the work of rescue. While near the center of the ruins a crash came and the sergeant was struck in the back by a flying brick and thrown down on the burning rubbish. As he was struggling to his feet another brick struck him on the right hand, crushing that member. At this time Patrolman Smith was also struck and knocked down by flying rubbish.

Mrs. Amelia Smith was the first of the victims found. She was lying beneath a section of the wall which was still held together by mortar and it was her first cry that was heard before she was rescued. She was then unconscious. It was thought at the time that she could live but a few minutes, but much to the surprise of the physicians at the county hospital she was still alive this morning.

The hope that the bartender, George Mesterle, as his name was learned to be today, might be still alive, was dissipated this forenoon, when his body terribly mutilated was taken from the ruins. The body was taken to the morgue.

At 11 o'clock the police gave out the following list of the killed and injured, which is believed to be the correct one: William Kunze, Mrs. Mary Kunze, John Smith (or Schmidt) Lizzie Smith, Hattie Smith, Paulina Mortina, George Mesterle. The injured: Mrs. Smith, Annie Smith, Fred Kunze.

In addition to Superintendent Burke's force, which went to work on the ruins at daylight, Street Foreman Schlitz with with fifteen teams and fifty men started in to help at 11 o'clock and thereafter progress was made in clearing away the wreckage. More men would have been put to work but the space was too limited to work them to advantage. Coroner McHale was early on the ground and issued an order that the bodies, as fast as recovered, should be taken to the city morgue to await the action of the coroner's jury.

"I shall secure the best jury I can find in the city," said the coroner, "and will make a thorough investigation. I have already learned that there is a direct responsibility for this matter, and I propose to fix it on the right party."

This statement of the coroner refers no doubt to the action of the building commissioner, Mr. O'Neill, who only yesterday issued a permit allowing the contractors, who were putting up the new building for Mr. York, to use the north and front walls of the old building in erecting the new one. Permission to use these walls was granted in the face of adverse reports from the inspectors of the district. The walls which Building Commissioner O'Neill issued the permit on, were the ones that fell and caused the catastrophe this morning. Commissioner O'Neill had not arrived at his office up to 12:30 o'clock today, and his clerk had nothing to say.

The rescue alive of little Annie Smith was little short of miraculous. It was after 10 o'clock when the laborers extricated her from a great heap of rubbish near the front wall. She had been under the ruins, subject to the smoke, heat and water thrown by the engines, for over eight hours. She is not badly hurt and will recover. A little later the bodies of two of the Smith girls, Lizzie and Hattie, were recovered.

The body of the hired girl, Paulina Mortina, was discovered at 1:40 o'clock this afternoon. Although it had been located two hours before, the situation was such that the firemen were unable to extricate it. There are still three bodies in the ruins: Mr. and Mrs. Kunze and one of the Smith girls.

BROKE THE AGREEMENT.

A Road Charged With Cutting Rates to Washington.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 28.—Chairman Caldwell, of the Western Passenger association has sent out circulars to the various lines interested, to the effect that one of the members of the association had violated the agreement and in connection with the Ohio & Mississippi, and the Baltimore & Ohio roads had cut the rate from Kansas City to Washington and return.

The cut was made for the inauguration and it was intimated that the Missouri Pacific was the offending line. The officials of the Missouri Pacific deny the allegation and say regular rates have been maintained. It is not expected that any rate war will result.

THE NEW ORLEANS FIGHTS.

Most Visitors Will Wait for Next Week's Big Event.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 28.—The trains this morning brought very few sports to see the fight tomorrow night. Many of the visitors will not come until next week, since interest is principally manifested in the battle between Hall and Fitzsimmons.

Tommy Ryan has a sprained ankle. In boxing on Sunday last for the benefit of some friends he slipped and fell, and the injured member has given him some pain. His friends say, however, that he will be in good trim for the fight tomorrow evening. There has been very little attention so far.

The Populists Surrender.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 28.—At exactly 10 o'clock, the members of the Dunsmore house, headed by Speaker Dunsmore and Speaker Pro tem Semple, marched in a body into representative hall and took their seats in the legal house of representatives. The sergeant-at-arms led the procession with a large American flag and as the vanquished statesmen filed into the hall they were received with respectful silence.

Pasco Reappointed.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Feb. 28.—A special from Tallahasse says that Governor Mitchell has appointed Samuel Pasco to be United States senator from Florida ad interim beginning March 4, and ending with the election of Pasco's successor, by the legislature which meets in April. His commission has been signed and is now in his possession at Washington, although the vacancy does not actually occur until next Saturday.

A Duel in France.

PARIS, Feb. 28.—Leon Dumonteil, Boulangist deputy from the department of Aisne, fought a duel yesterday with M. Prisper Oliver Lissagary, the well known journalist, who has had experience before both in dueling and in imprisonment on account of his utterances. Dumonteil was wounded in the side.

Was a Tame Fight.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Feb. 28.—The twenty-round fight last night between Nick Jardins, of this city, and Jack King, of Chicago, was won in the eighteenth round by Jardins. The fight was tame at times, neither man possessing much science.

Coal Prices to Drop.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—A special to the Evening Post from Philadelphia says: An officer of the Reading Coal and Iron company stated yesterday afternoon that the various anthracite companies would make a reduction in the price of coal of 25 to 50 cents a ton about April.

Long Out of Danger.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—[Special to The Herald.]—Alderman Long is much better today. He is now considered out of danger.

THE THIRD JUDGESHIP

Movement in the Senate to Reapportion Judicial Districts Without Increasing the Number of Judges.

This is Regarded as a Scheme to Defeat the Duluth Bill For Another Judge.

An Immense Amount of Bills Now On General Orders in Both House and Senate.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 28.—[Special to The Herald.]—The senate and house have an immense amount of business on hand. The house has 102 bills on general orders, and the senate has eighty-six bills on general orders. The standing committees are doing good work, but the committee of the whole is full of talk and objections, especially in the house.

In the senate this morning a motion was passed to appoint a senator from each judicial district on the judicial reapportionment, who are to reapportion the state without increasing the number of judges, but neither decreasing them. This is aimed against the Duluth judge bill.

Senator Tawney's bill compelling street railway companies to enclose the front of cars four months in the year to protect motormeers was passed.

The following house files were passed in the senate today: For town hall bonds; McEwen's evidence in civil actions; Bleeker's bill relating to promissory notes for prsmiums; O'Neill's bill to provide for incorporation of clearing house associations; Wyman's bill legalizing official certificates; Howard's bill as to rights of citizenship; Walsh's bill establishing boundary lines; Fletcher's joint memorial to elect United States senators by popular vote.

A bill for an act to prohiblt the exhibition of human freaks of nature, supposed to have been introduced for the protection of Eric Olson, has been referred to the committee on temperance.

State Auditor Bierman made a response this morning to Bob Dunn's resolution calling upon him to explain why certain of the best pine lands in Mille Lacs county had been sold at private sale to C. A. Smith & Co., of Minneapolis at $2 per thousand, when it was worth $5 per thousand. The report was very tame and gave no reasons. Thereupon, Mr. Dunn moved that a committee of five be appointed to investigate the pine land business of the state auditor's office and have power to employ a stenographer and summon witnesses. The committee is to report in two weeks.

Mr. Dunn introduced a resolution limiting debate to five minutes. Mr. Cotton yesterday made a long and earnest argument against the removal of the $5,000 limit in case of death, in the matter of personal liability. Bills were introduced in the house as follows:

By Ongstad, a bill to amend law relating to elections; by Gorman, a bill to transfer the school text book fund, amounting to $50,000, to the current school fund; by Fuller, a bill to appropriate $2,000 to build a bridge across Crow Wing river between Morrison and Cass counties; by Fleming, a bill to appropriate money to build a bridge across the Mississippi river at Brainerd; by Fleming, bill to regulate the salaries of firemen in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants; by Lockwood, a bill regulate elections in independent school districts; by Lockwood, to authorize the board of county commissioners to lease to agricultural societies certain lands; by Moore, to amend the laws regarding the killing of fish; by Fletcher, a bill relating to savings banks; by Fletcher, a bill to amend the law relating to court proceedings; by Moore, a bill relating to railway corporations and providing that their charter shall be forfeited if they fail to do work on the line within five years after getting their charter.

The senate committee on taxes and tax laws has reported back Leavitt's bill to tax iron ore 5 cents a ton. It has been reduced to 2 cents a ton.

The house did nothing yesterday afternoon but discuss the personal liability bill, which was practically killed.

The senate was the scene of a fight yesterday afternoon over the Boggs bill, giving the Eleventh judicial district a new judge. Senator Daugherty moved that the bill be passed under suspension of the rules and then the fun began. Senators Crandall, Sanborn and Probstfield proceeded to jump upon the measure.

Senator Day was very sarcastic in his remarks, but said, however, he would support the bill. He said that he understood that about all one Duluth judge did was to deal in real estate and he believed that this judge should resign before another was appointed.

Only about thirty-five senators were present, so the motion to suspend the rules was lost, but Senator Daugherty succeeded in getting the bill placed upon the general orders instead of being referred to the judiciary committee, where it would probably have been killed. It can now be taken up at any time on a majority vote.

Senator Donnelly did good work in support of the bill, and Senator Stevens stated that the amount of business before the courts in St. Louis county was such that Duluth would have to have another judge, whether by apportionment or by special bill at this time. Senator Day acknowledged the same thing. It is believed the bill will pass.

No Receiver Likely.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Henry Villard states that the Northern Pacific will not fall into the hands of the receiver. He says that great expenditures for permanent improvements are practically over. The company is not in default and a receiver would injure rather than help matters. He also says that if a receiver would be of any benefit he would favor it, but in his opinion it would increase expenses and benefit no one.

AUDIENCE WITH THE POPE.

English Pilgrims Given a Courteous Farewell by the Pontiff.

ROME, Feb. 28.—The pope bade a courteous farewell yesterday to the pilgrims from England. His holiness said that he hoped soon to see England once more a Catholic country. The faithful, his holiness said, ought to pray for the speedy consummation of this hope, of which there were already many signs. The pope warmly commended the lofty spirit of justice shown by the queen and parliament in granting to all Catholics of her majesty's vast empire complete freedom of religion.

The audience lasted for two hours and was marked by much courtesy and some pathos, the pope apparently hesitating to part with his devoted visitors.

At the close of the audience his holiness was borne in a sedia gestatoria through the corridors of the vatican in which the pilgrims ranged themselves. The pontiff as he passed held out his hand, the pilgrims kissing the ring.

The pope has appointed Dr. Laffoni his body physician. Considerable comment has been occasioned in vatican circles by the fact that the pope has received no jubilee congratulations from the count of Paris. The Rev. Jesse Albert Locke, formerly an Episcopal clergyman in New York, who recently announced his conversion to the Roman Catholic church, has joined the English pilgrimage to this city, where he will be received into the church of Rome.

TROUBLED WITH WATER.

The Ashland Mine Forced to Shut down, Causing Very Heavy Loss.

HURLEY, Wis., Feb. 28.—For weeks the Ashland mine has been troubled with water gushing up from below. The flow has been steadily increasing and on Thursday it became of such volume as to stop all the pumps. All work has been suspended and the damage is very great.

The water rose to the tenth level, a depth of 150 feet, in twenty minutes. At the tenth level the rise did not increase quite so fast and hopes are entertained of being able to pump the mine clear again. It may be months before work can be resumed.

The Ashland was preparing for heavy shipments this year. By means of diamond drill work a fine large body of ore was recently found, and it is since making this find that the water trouble commenced. When the flood came it was at first feared that several miners had lost their lives, but this turns out not to be so. Over 400 men are idle.

ELECTRICIANS CONVENE.

Annual Gathering of the Electric Light Association.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 28.—Nearly 500 delegates, many of them accompanied by ladies, reached here on special trains last night and this morning to participate in the sixteenth annual convention of the National Electric Light association.

At 11 o'clock the convention was called to order by President James I. Ayer, of this city, in the telephone building, corner of Olive and Tenth streets. Mayor R. A. Noonan delivered an address of welcome.

President Ayer followed with the opening address of the convention. The address was quite lengthy and devoted chiefly to statistics on electric light plants and power stations, their cost and equipment.

At the conclusion of President Ayer's address, B. E. Sunny, chairman of the committee on exhibits at the World's fair, made his report. The report shows that an exhibit will be made surpassing all previous exhibitions of this character. The convention at noon took a recess until 2 p. m.

THE CLERGYMEN PROTEST.

The Sunday Promenade Concert in the Pension Building.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The orthodox churchmen of Washington are earnestly opposing the proposed Sunday promenade concerts in the pension office building, as is shown by the following telegram sent to Mr. Cleveland yesterday:

Grover Cleveland, Lakewood, N. J.:
Expressed Christian sentiment in this city opposed to proposed use of pension building next Sunday for concert. Can you aid in closing?

(Signed) A. W. PITZER,
President of Evangelical Alliance.

A committee composed of Rev. T. S. Hamlin, D. D., Rev. S. H. Green, D. D., and Rev. Randolph McKim, D. D., called on the president and presented a strong and numerously-signed petition on the same subject.

SANDERS MAY CONTINUE.

Prospect of Electing a Senator in Montana Is Slim.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 28.—The expected break of the Dixon contingent to Mantle, Republican, did not occur. In fact Dixon received two more votes than for several days. It is understood that there was no break because it was found impossible to give Mantle the full Republican strength.

The impression is general that there will be no election and that Governor Rickards will appoint Sanders to sit until the meeting of the legislature in 1895.

A Heavy Loss.

FLINT, Mich., Feb. 28.—The Thread Flouring mill was totally destroyed by fire last night, together with a small farm house occupied by Myron Cole, which was set on fire by the shower of burning embers. The mills were among the best equipped mills in the state. Loss, $75,000; insurance, $25,000.

For the World's Fair.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 28.—The senate has passed Senator Cantor's bill appropriating $300,000 additional for the state exhibit at the World's fair by a vote of 25 ayes and no noes.

Flour Mill Burned.

OAKES, N. D., Feb. 28.—The 300-barrel flour mill at this place was burned last evening. Origin unknown. Wheat worth $10,000 was also consumed. Loss on building, $30,000; insured for $20,000.

Panton & Watson

GLASS BLOCK STORE.

We have added to our already advertised Bargains for This Week,

Three More

—FOR—

WEDNESDAY ONLY!

See Them!

ANGORA WOOL!

250 boxes black and white Angora Wool go on sale Wednesday at

10c.

a ball, or $1.50 box of 16 balls. Wednesday only.

Boys' Mitts!

50 dozen Boys' Wool Mitts, never sold by us for less than 10c. These go on sale Wednesday at half this price,

5c A PAIR.

THE GREATEST

BARGAIN

OF THE SEASON!

Table Lamp complete with Burner, Tripod and Chimney, and full size Tinted Decorated Shade to match lamp. Others ask $2.50, our price Wednesday

$1.25.

Think of the price for such a fine lamp.

New Wash Goods!

Three cases new, choice Sateens; fine quality, choice styles, worth 18c; Go this week at

12½c PER YARD.

New Dress Ginghams!

Two cases best French Ginghams, 32-inch wide, in all the newest designs; regular 25c goods. Dress Patterns cut off at this sale for only

15c PER YARD.

A Bargain no doubt.

JAPONETTES!

Come and see this New Fabric; it's the genuine Japonette, warranted fast colors; retailed all over the country at 25c per yd. Our price while they last just half,

12½c.

Don't delay, they are selling rapidly, why should they not at such a ridiculous price, 12½c.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

Are Selling at a Bargain.

Panton & Watson.

A GREAT BATTLESHIP

Launching of the Fine New Battleship Named the Indiana, From Cramp's Shipyard Today.

President Harrison, Secretary Tracy and Other Prominent Men Were Present to Witness the Event.

The Indiana's Armament Has Some Strong Points Possessed by No Other War Vessel Afloat.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—The great battleship Indiana was successfully launched at the ship yard of the William Cramp & Sons' company this afternoon in the presence of thousands of people, among them the president of the United States, the secretary of the navy and other members of the cabinet, and quite a large delegation of congressman and others who arrived from Washington this morning on a special train.

As if anxious to get into her native element, the huge coast defense ship slid down the well greased ways with comparative rapidity and struck the smooth waters of the Deleware river with a force that sent waves high into the air. Then she was towed back to the wharves, and in about a year will be ready for service and turned over to the government.

From early morning, crowds began to gather around the works and as day advanced the multitudes increased. The river abounded with crafts of every description and almost every boat floated the national colors. The interior of the ship yard presented a scene of activity. Flags were flying from a dozen poles; the cruiser New York and cruiser No. 12, the Columbia, which was launched last July, and other ships, were gaily bedecked with flags and bunting, while flags innumerable and other decorations were stretched from stem to stern of the of the Indiana.

The arrival of the presidential party was the signal for loud and continued cheering. The party came from Washington on a special train on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. Among the visitors were Secretary of the Navy Tracy, Postmaster General Wanamaker, Attorney General Miller and his daughter Miss Jessie, the fair christener, Senators Voorhees and Turpie, of Indiana, (in honor of which state the vessel is named) and others.

The president and the other gentlemen of the party acknowledged the complimentary cheering by smiling and raising their hats. The party then proceeded to where the battleship lay, and taking positions on a raised platform at the bow, the order was given to "saw the ways." Just as the 4,200 tons of steel started down the incline, Miss Miller broke the customary bottle of champagne and said: "I christen thee Indiana."

Whistles shrieked, bells rang and people cheered and waved handkerchiefs and flags.

The Indiana is the eighth war ship that the Cramps have launched and is the largest ever sent from their ways. The Indiana is the first first-class battle ship to be launched and her sister ship, the Massachusetts, which is from six weeks to two months behind the Indiana in construction, will be the next.

The Indiana is 399 feet long on the water line, and is 55 feet, 3 inches beam. Her displacement is 10,400 tons, but with a full supply of coal and stores on board she will draw 24 feet and displace 11,600 tons of water. She will be propelled by twin screws and her engines are three in number, having 10,000 horse power. The engines will be of the triple expansion type and will be built abreast in water tight apartments and will give a speed of from 15½ to 16 knots, the guaranteed speed being 15 knots.

The armor will be nearly impervious to shot as it can be made. The water line armor belt was of 18 inch nickel steel and will extend 193 feet along each side amidships. At the ends of the armer belt is an armored bulkhead athwartships which is to be 14 inches thick, and above that and the water line is to be a casemate belt five inches thick.

Above the athwartship belt will be two redoubts, one at each end, forming the basis of the revolving turrets. These redoubts will be 34 feet 6 inches outside diameter and 12 feet high. Over the armor belt and over the bow and stern will be a flat protected deck, plated with two inch steel.

At each of the four corners of the five inch casements rises up a redoubt eight feet high and plated with eight inch steel. These redoubts will be surmounted by turrets, each eight inches thick, and besides the armored turrets there is to be an armored pilot house or conning tower. The total weight of the armour is to be 2685 tons.

The armament of the Indiana will be as follows: Four 13-inch guns, forty feet long, mounted in pairs in the two mainturrets; eight 8-inch guns, mounted in pairs in the four turrets at the corners of the casemate; four 6-inch guns, mounted in broadsides with a splinter bulkheads back of them; twenty 6-pounders and rapid firing guns; eight 1-pounder gatling guns and six torpedo tubes.

The armament has some strong points possessed by none of the battle ships or cruisers now afloat. One is the height of the guns from the water line, which will enable them to successfully attack the unarmored ends of foreign warships. The 13-inch guns are 18 feet above the water line, and the 8-inch guns are 28 feet above the water line.

Another feature is that the armament of either the Indiana or Massachusetts will throw a greater weight of metal than any vessel afloat. Either will be able to throw 6400 pounds at one discharge of her main battery alone, which is 1000 pounds more than any other ship, foreign or native, is capable of discharging.

THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY.

List of the People Who Accompanied President Harrison.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—A heavy, steady fall of rain marked the departure of President Harrison from Washington for Philadelphia, where he went with a large party to witness the christening of the Indiana.

The excursionists left the Baltimore & Ohio station at 7:30 o'clock in the private car of Vice-President Lord. Besides the president the party included the postmaster general and Mrs. and Miss Wanamaker, the attorney general, Mrs. and the Misses Miller, one of whom, Miss Jessie, will christen the vessel; Secretary Tracy, Secretary-elect and Miss Herbert, Assistant Secretary and Mrs. Soley, Senators Washburn and Butler, Admiral Jonett, Private Secretary Halford, Lieut. J. F. Parker, Mrs. S. D. Miller, Miss Hurd, Miss Nora Michener and Mrs. and Miss Blackburn. The party expect to return to Washington at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

HIS HEAD WAS CUT OFF.

A Man Deliberately Pulls Himself on a Saw in a Mill.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., Feb. 28.—A horrible suicide was committed by a man named Lee Taylor, five miles southwest of this place, late Sunday evening. Taylor had become financially embarrassed and had been brooding over his troubles. For the past week he had been working at a saw mill.

Sunday evening while the fireman and engineer were engaged at the boiler, Taylor deliberately laid down on the log carriage, grasped the framework with one hand and the shaft with the other, and pulled himself up to the rapidly revolving saw.

His head was instantly severed from the body and rolled down into the dust pit. The engineer, noticing a jar from the machinery, went back to the saw and found the bleeding trunk still lying on the carriage. The deceased was recently married and leaves a wife but no children.

SUIT BY MARYLAND.

The State Seeks to Recover Valuable West Virginia Land.

GRAFTON, W. Va., Feb. 28.—Considerable excitement has been caused throughout the eastern part of this state by a statement of a suit brought by the state of Maryland against the state of West Virginia, to recover the entire locality lying between the north and south branches of the Potomac river.

Six Lehigh counties with a population of nearly 100,000, are involved and in addition it Maryland wins the suit, five other West Virginia counties will be cut off from the rest of the state. The matter is considered a very grave one by West Virginia lawyers and politicians. The state has appropriated a large amount of money to fight the case.

ANOTHER BOND MEASURE.

Its Object is to Put a Stop to Purchase of Silver.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Mr. Johnson, of Ohio, introduced a bill in the house yesterday to reduce the interest upon the public debt, to provide for a flexible currency and to stop the purchase of silver. It proposes a series of inter-controvertible bonds bearing interest at 4½ per cent payable in 1907.

They are to be issued upon the surrender of any unmatured bonds or interest bearing obligations. The inter-controvertible bonds when surrendered are to be paid in treasury notes of the character of those now issued under the Sherman act, which act is repealed.

The Northern Pacific Report.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The directors of the Northern Pacific Railroad company will hold a special meeting today, at which the subject of a reply to the stockholders' investigating committee will be considered. Many errors are alleged to exist in this report, but the members of the committee say that the statistics published by them were furnished by the auditor and the treasurer of the company under their signatures, and that they have little to fear from any answer which may be made to their report.

A Rank Wrecker Sentenced.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—William McCreddie, the ex-teller of the National Savings bank, which institution Cashier Dann wrecked, was yesterday sentenced to five years in the Erie county penitentiary. His wife began suit for divorce from him some months ago. Armstrong, the bookkeeper of the bank, who is also indicted for being connected with its wrecking, was acquitted on one bill and, it is said, there is little hope of convicting him on the others.

To Sell the Coal Lands.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 28.—Jas. G. Blaine, Jr., arrived in Pittsburg yesterday. He was met at the union station by Mr. Graham, and after eating breakfast the gentlemen took passage on a Pittsburg & Lake Erie train for Elizabeth. Mr. Blaine declined to state the object of his visit. It is supposed, however, that his presence has reference to the contemplated sale of the large tract of coal lands, which belongs to the Blaine family. On his return Mr. Blaine will continue his journey to Chicago.

If you are tired and never hungry, Hood's Sarsaparilla will make you feel strong and well and give you a hearty appetite. 10

Notice to Patrons of Lakeside Short Line.

Patrons of the Short Line desiring a continuance of the Short Line service are requested to purchase tickets for the month today and tomorrow.

Two Million Seven Hundred and Twenty Thousand.

There are thirty-five cities in the world whose aggregate population equals that of England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales, but there are only two out of the whole number whose population could not be replaced, and in some instances doubled, tripled and even quadrupled, out of the present policy holders of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company of New York.

This enormous clientage is due to the popularity of the Metropolitan's plan of industrial insurance, sometimes called family insurance. If you are interested in knowing more about it, or if you want an interesting illustrated paper free of cost, or if you are seeking a permanent and paying engagement, call on the company's local superintendent, C. H. Keppel, rooms 402 and 403 Chamber of Commerce building.

Mr. C. F. Davis, editor of the Bloomfield, Iowa, Farmer, says: "I can recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to all sufferers with colds and croup. I have used it in my family for the past two years and have found it the best I ever used for the purposes for which it is intended. Fifty cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

INTO A RECEIVER'S HAND.

A Rolling Mill in Pennsylvania is in Financial Trouble.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—The Reading Rolling company mill passed into the receiver's hands yesterday upon a bill in equity filed by the Wellman Iron and Steel company, Geo. W. Bush & Sons Co., Francis H. Saylor, Jas. Boyd and brother and L. C. Madeira & Sons, in common pleas court No. 2.

The bill is practically the same as that filed on Saturday in the Cofrode and Saylor matter and alleges that the mill company is insolvent and unable to meet its obligation. Joseph H. Cofrode and Ellis Ames Ballard were appointed receivers.

The mill employs 550 men and the assets include the mill property machinery, tools, etc., valued at $552,530.40. In addition, there are materials and stock in process of manufacture to the value of $261,743.66. There are also $40,000 worth of accounts payable by debtors throughout the country.

The liabilities consist of a $50,000 mortgage held by the Reading Railroad company; bill payable accounts, $217,312.48; accounts payable, $18,000, and wages and salaries $8,997.60.

APPLIED FOR A NEW TRIAL.

A Strong Plea Made For a Second Trial For Carlyle Harris.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—Recorder Smyth heard argument of counsel for Carlyle W. Harris, for a new trial, yesterday. Harris was convicted of the murder of his wife, Helen Potts Harris, by administering to her morphine pills.

William Howe, the well-known criminal lawyer, made a powerful argument in support of the motion for a new trial. He declared that the morphine was self administered and had a number of affidavits which were to the effect that Mrs. Harris had long been addicted to the morphine habit. District Attorney Nicoll strongly opposed the motion.

His Eyes Burned Out.

BELLAIRE, O., Feb. 28.—A terrible explosion occurred yesterday at Benwood, W. Va., opposite this city. A hot blast furnace at the Riverside works was blown up and William Keeley, John Mooney and William Duff, of Benwood, and Patrick Corrigan, of Wheeling, were seriously burned. Keeley is not expected to recover. His eyes were burned out and he is unconscious.

A Twelve Years' Sentence.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 28.—Robert J. Cascaden, aged 19, who on the night of Dec. 29, 1891, shot and killed Police Officer Elmer E. Findley, while the latter was attempting to arrest him for burglary, yesterday pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree. The plea was accepted by the commonwealth and Judge Thayer sentenced Cascaden to twelve years' solitary confinement in the Eastern penitentiary.

A Millionaire's Will.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The will of Edward H. M. Just, the millionaire real estate dealer, who shot himself in the night of February 3 last, was filed for probate yesterday. Mr. Just's estate is valued at $2,000,000. He leaves to the German hospital $10,000 and several amounts to a number of the employes of his house. The rest of his property goes to relatives in Germany.

Amalgamated Men Out.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Feb. 28.—Every employee at the mills of the Hubbard Iron company now a member of the Amalgamated association has been discharged, and the works are standing idle until the vacancies can be filled. An official of the company says that the vacancies will be filled as rapidly as possible and operations resumed.

Machinists on Strike.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 28.—Another strike has been inaugurated at Carnegie's Twenty-ninth street mill, the strikers this time being the machinists, who refuse to work ten hours a day for nine hours' pay. The strike involves about fifty skilled workmen. Superintendent Dillon says there will be no trouble in filling the vacancies.

Engine Works Closed.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Feb. 28.—The American Engine Company works have been shut down, throwing 200 men out of employment. The company says that the high grade engines did not work successfully, which was the cause for the closing of the factory.

"On to Washington."

For the inaugural exercises at Washington, D. C., March 4, the St. Paul & Duluth railroad will make a rate of $30 for the round trip. Tickets good returning until March 12 inclusive. Three trains daily. Through sleeping car accommodations secured. For further information call on or address

F. B. ROSS,
Nor. Pass. Agt., 428 Spalding Hotel block.

Joseph V. Dory, of Warsaw, Ill., was troubled with rheumatism and tried a number of different remedies, but says none of them seemed to do him any good, but finally he got hold of one that speedily cured him. He was much pleased with it, and felt sure that others similarly afflicted would like to know what the remedy was that cured him. He states for the benefit of the public that it is called Chamberlain's Pain Balm. For sale by druggists.

Hotel Biwabik Opening.

The elegant new hotel Biwabik in the town of Biwabik on the Mesaba range, will be opened to the public by its proprietor, Mr. P. H. McGarry, on March 1st, which will be done under elaborate and auspicious circumstances. A great many are expected to be present at the opening from this city, and already numerous parties have signified their intentions of attending. Parties wishing to go should report at once at the office of D. W. Scott, real estate agent in the First National bank building, where they will be supplied gratis with transportation for the round trip via the Duluth & Iron Range railway. Train will leave Duluth at 10 a. m., March 1, and will in return leave Biwabik at 4 a. m., March 2. Hoare's orchestra from Duluth will furnish the music.

All parties having received invitations will be entitled to free transportation each way. There are many hundreds of our business men who have never been on the new Mesaba range. This will give them a rare opportunity and a pleasant journey, and an enjoyable time after they reach there.

SHE WAS SURPRISED.

So Will You Be When You Read It.

It Certainly Has Been a Source of Wonder and Comment.

But the Lady is Ready to Substantiate Everything.

CHARLESTOWN, MASS. There has been in this place much wonder and comment of late in regard to a certain lady—a Mrs. Agnes S. Morton, who resides at 388 Main street, Charlestown, Mass. She was seen at her home and explained the whole interesting matter as follows:

"I do not know how to express myself to you and the public at large about this matter," she said, "but I feel it my bounden duty to say something.

"Everybody knows that I have been a great sufferer from dyspepsia for twenty-five years and that I tried most everything and different doctors, but all were failures. I became so weak that I was unable to walk steadily, had no appetite and what I did eat was the most simple kind of food; but my stomach was unable to retain even that.

"I could not sleep at night, had no ambition for anything, and was a total wreck. I knew I would have to do something as I could not stand it many weeks longer. Why, I could not go up stairs without sitting down, and my heart would beat and I would be all of a tremble. I got a bottle of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and had taken scarcely one-half of it when I began to have an appetite and when I finished the remainder the trembling had left me, the palpitation was better and I could sleep nights. I took four bottles and then left off to see if the great benefit I had received was permanent for everything I had taken before had proved only temporary



MRS. AGNES S. MORTON.

"But I found that it was not so in this case. I have not taken it now for some time and its results are just as good and permanent.

"I must tell you I am like a new person. I have an excellent appetite, can eat anything and everything, and I feel buoyant and ambitious.

"I cannot express half I want to, and all this is perfectly true, as all my friends and acquaintances are knowing to all the facts.

"I never expected to be cured as my case had been of so long standing. I hoped for nothing more than relief for a while; but I am cured, perfectly cured. Yes, I do not hesitate to say that through the blessing of God and Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy I am completely cured."

Such is the lady's remarkable story and we doubt if such wonderful cures have ever before been made as are effected by this truly valuable discovery, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

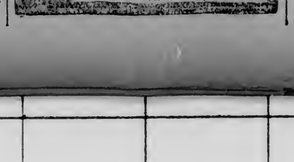
It is a fact that everybody needs a spring medicine, something to tone up and strengthen the nerves, invigorate the blood and start up a healthy action of the organs; and no medicine in the world so perfectly and completely does this as Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. It is the ideal spring invigorant and restorative.

All can secure its great benefits as it is for sale by druggists for $1. It is, too, a purely vegetable and harmless medicine, the prescription in fact of the well-known, successful specialist in nervous and chronic diseases, Dr Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York, who can be consulted free of charge, personally or by letter.

Geo. Dinwoodie, 208 West Superior street. Best coal, lowest prices, prompt-est delivery.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.



APPLICATIONS WANTED FOR LOANS

$400, $500, $600, $900, $1000, $1500, $2000, OR ANY OTHER AMOUNT DESIRED.

RATES: 5½ to 8%!

Money on hand and No Red Tape.

Real Estate for Sale!

SOME CHOICE BARGAINS AT WEST DULUTH.

Look This Up.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

He who poor tobacco chews,
Really absorbs a deadly drug;
But they are safe who only use
The purest brand —
That's Climax Plug.
Its Lorillards —
and much the best.



MANHOOD RESTORED "Nerve Seeds," the wonderful remedy is sold with a written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Quickness, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful errors, or excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which soon lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up convenient to carry in vest pocket. Sent by mail in plain package to any address for $1, or 6 for $5. (With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money.) CIRCULAR FREE. Address NERVE SEED CO., Chicago, Ill.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

FOR SALE IN DULUTH BY S. F. BOYCE AND MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST



LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

"SPANISH NERVE GRAINS" the wonderful remedy is sold with a written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Evil Dreams Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful errors, or excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which soon lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up convenient to carry in vest pocket. Address SPANISH NERVE GRAIN CO., New York. Circular free.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

For Sale in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist. 13 West Superior Street.



DR. L. A. FAULKNER'S

American Medical Dispensary

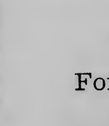
316 STENSON BLOCK,
Corner Superior St. and First Ave. East.

Treats all Chronic, Skin, Nervous, Blood and Kidney Diseases, Piles, Ruptures, "Secret" diseases, etc. No assistant palmed off on you. You see no one but the doctor. Medicines FREE.

MEMBERS OF THE

DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION!

	CAPITAL.	SURPLU
First National Bank - -	$1,000,000	$200 00
American Exchange Bank -	500,000	350,00
Marine National Bank - -	250,000	20,00
National Bank of Commerce - -	200,000	21,00
State Bank of Duluth - -	100,000	40,00
Security Bank of Duluth - -	100,000	35,00
Iron Exchange Bank - - -	100,000	



DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.

The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Beware of Pills put up in tin boxes as they are dangerous. Ask for Dr. Mott's Pennyroyal Pills and take no other. Send for circular. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00.
Dr. Motts Chemical Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale By S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth.

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO

Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.

GENERAL OFFICE: ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Station A, Foot of Fifth Ave. East. Station B, 126 West Michigan Street.

SADLER & KROHN, DRUGGISTS,
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.
We Carry Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Cigars
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
1928 West Superior St., Near Twentieth Avenue. TELEPHONE 567.

"A TRAINING IN CLEANLINESS IS A FORTUNE." COMPLETE YOUR EDUCATION WITH

SAPOLIO

Dainty, Delicious Perfumes.

Sweet Scented Sachets!

Toilet Articles,
Toilet Soaps,
Toilet Waters.

Everything you want
Can be found at

BOYCE'S

DRUG STORE,

335 WEST SUPERIOR ST., DULUTH

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.



Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion over Indulgence, &c., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Nocturnal Emissions, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.



BEFORE AFTER

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given for every $5.00 order received, to refund the money if a permanent cure is not effected. We have thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, who have been permanently cured by the use of Aphroditine. Circular free. Address THE APURO MEDICINE CO., Western Branch. BOX 27, PORTLAND, OR.

Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth and Selleck & Walbank.

NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL

Bichloride of Gold Co.,

Dr. H. O. Rockwell, Residing Physician, Rooms 616-617 Chamber of Commerce Building.

Use the Celebrated Dr. Mark M. Thompson Bichloride of Gold Remedies.

What We Will Do.

We Replace Slavery With Freedom

In the case of anyone who really desires to quit the use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Opium, we absolutely cure the disease which creates the appetite.

No Time Lost From Business,
No Injurious Effects,
No Restraint of Liberty.

Treatment given at the office of the company. All appetite for narcotics completely and permanently eradicated from the system in from three to four weeks' treatment.

Strongly endorsed as the most scientific yet discovered by Miss Francis E. Willard, Bishop Fallows, John V. Farwell and the press and clergy everywhere.

Write for circulars. All communications are treated in strictest confidence.

Address—
SECRETARY OF
NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL
BICHLORIDE OF GOLD
COMPANY
Room 616 Chamber of Commerce Bld Duluth

American Loan and Trust

COMPANY.

Capital Stock $600,000
Guarantee Fund with State Auditor, $100,000

RECEIVES DEPOSITS subject to call and issues certificates of deposit bearing interest.

5 PER CENT PAID

on certificates running six months. Loans made at lowest rates on approved security. County, [illegible]

DIRECTORS:
Clinton Markell, L. Merritt, Wm. McKinley, James Charnley, A. W. Bradley, R. H. Harris, Wm. E. Richardson, A. H. Chapin, D. G. Cash, Edward L. Bradley, George A. Elder, H. D. Sizer, Arthur H. Brown, F. M. Osborne, Chas. E. Lovett

DULUTH INVENTORS!

Messrs. C. E. Richardson, R. M. Spencer, F. S. Sleeper, James Fitzgerald and Dr. H. H. Chase have received patents through Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, PATENT LAWYERS, Established 1861. Inventor's Guide FREE. 309 Palladio building, Duluth Minn.

A. FITGER & CO.'S

Lake Superior Brewery

Is the largest in the State of Minnesota outside of the Twin Cities.

AN AWFUL CALAMITY

A Village in Hungary Was Totally Engulfed By a Sudden Rise of the Danube River.

The Frail Dwellings Quickly Yielded Before the Furious Current and Many People Were Drowned.

One Mother With Five Children, Overcome By Weariness, Sank In the Waters and Perished.

VIENNA, Feb. 28.—A terrible calamity has overtaken the village of Gergely, near the town of Pakas, in Hungary, situated on the river Danube, about sixty miles south of Buda. On account of the sudden rise of the Danube, the 1600 inhabitants of Gergely found the mud huts in which they lived surrounded by waste water.

The frail dwellings gradually yielded before the furious current which was continually rising, and the people took refuge in the churches and schools. Mothers and children clung to the altar, beseeching the intercession of the saints. They saw their homes disappearing in the raging streams, and the swelling waters began to beat against the church and school building with such fury that at last they decided that to remain would mean the destruction of all of them, while if they fled some at least might escape.

Opening the doors, they started out into the flood, which surged nearly to the waists of the grown up people. Fathers and mothers carried their children, and the sick and feeble were helped along by those who were stronger. They fled as fast as they could in the direction of Pakas, the swift and boiling current pursuing them, as it were, in their flight.

One mother with five children sank in the waters and perished. Many others, the number of whom is as yet unknown, were drowned. The survivors reached Pakas in a most deplorable condition. The Danube is twenty feet above its normal height.

Nothing can be done toward recovering the bodies of those who have perished until the river retires to its usual channels, and it is believed that many have been swept many miles away. There is no doubt, however, that the number of dead is very large.

JOHN BULL IS NETTLED.

The Hoisting of the American Flag on the New York Is Distasteful.

LONDON, Feb. 28.—In the house of commons yesterday Wm. G. Cavendish Bentinck, Conservative, asked whether the attention of the admiralty had been called to a recent celebration at New York, at which President Harrison was present, when the flag of a steamship that had been built and subsidized as a queen's cruiser had been changed and the flag of the United States hoisted in its stead. He also wanted to know whether the admiralty would henceforth prevent such a proceeding.

Sir U. Kay Shuttleworth, secretary to the admiralty, replied that there was nothing to prevent the transfer of a British mercantile cruiser to a foreign country after the period for which a subsidy had been granted her had lapsed.

Mr. Gladstone made a motion that on Tuesdays and Fridays the house meet at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and that government business, especially the second reading of the home rule bill, have precedence over all other business.

Henry Seton Kerr, Conservative, moved that Mr. Gladstone's proposal be rejected. He accused the Liberal leader of a scheming to run business through. The government, he said, had already monopolized the whole time of the house, thus preventing the members from introducing bills. Such a course was a wanton outrage on the rights of members. Mr. Gladstone's proposal was carried by a majority of 42.

EXPLOSION OF GUNPOWDER.

One Man Fatally Injured and a Hotel Set on Fire.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 28.—At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon a quantity of gunpowder in the store of Rawlins Bros., on the first floor of the Hotel Benton on Pine street, between Eighth and Ninth streets, exploded with terrific force. The front part of the store was blown completely out.

The rear portion of the store, extending through to Olive street, was badly shattered and all the plate glass in the vicinity was broken. About three thousand cartridges stored in the rear part of the store exploded, the bullets scattering in every direction.

One of the clerks in Rawlins Bro's store was so badly injured by the explosion that he will die. The store caught fire and the flames are now spreading to the entire building. All the occupants of the hotel escaped without injury.

It is rumored that several persons were badly hurt. The hotel is a new structure, six stories high and has 200 rooms.

Mackey is Improving.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 28.—John W. Mackey continues to make rapid strides towards recovery. His wound is healing nicely and he will probably be out in a week or ten days. Rippey is still alive and in a somewhat improved condition this morning.

Dempsey to Fight Again.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 28.—Jack Dempsey the "Nonpareil," after two years' retirement, will re-enter the ring at the Pastime club in a fistic contest with Billy Keogh who some time ago defeated Cardiff.

Declared Insane.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 28.—Miss Julia Force who killed her two sisters last Saturday was adjudged insane this morning.

Women May Vote.

PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 28.—The senate today refused to reconsider the bill permitting women to vote at municipal elections.

Kickapoo Indian Remedies
WHAT THEY ARE.



They are the Purest, Safest and Most Reliable medicines Known to Humanity. They have never failed, never will fail, Never Can Fail. The Essence of their Nature is Health, their Composition Based upon God-given Indian Instinct, their Combination Founded upon the Solid Rock of centurial experience, their Virtues Absolutely Indisputable, their Success Only Limited by their Never-ceasing Production.

No Poisonous Ingredients Enter into Their Formula, no Mineral is Tolerated in their Pharmacopœa, no Subtle Chemical Fume in their Medicine Kettles. The Forest is their Laboratory. The Roots, Barks, Gums of Trees and Herbs are their Components. Kickapoo Indian Medicines are not Mineral but Vegetable; not Poisonous but Healing; not Death-dealing but Life-giving; not Destroying but Upbuilding and when Applied in Season and used with discretion They Perform Great Cures.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa
GIVES
"Long Life and Good Health."
AND IS THE
Only Genuine Indian Stomach and Blood Remedy Sold in America.

Sold by All Druggists and Medicine Dealers. $1 Per Bottle, 6 for $5.

Kickapoo Indian Oil, (For pains) 25 Cts. | *Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer, 25 Cts.*
Kickapoo Indian Salve (For Cuts) 25 Cts. | *Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure, 50 Cts.*

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., HEALY & BIGELOW, AGENTS, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

AMUSEMENTS.

James J. Corbett.

The Temple has never seen a larger audience than gathered there last evening to see the great heavy weight champion James J. Corbett in his play "Gentleman Jack." It was an audience of all classes. The sports were all there of course and merchants, clerks and professional men sat side by side with the $1.50 per day man. Somebody was heard to remark that the bar association must be meeting there. The point was easily seen for nearly every lawyer in town was there. All were there simply to see the champion and none expected that he could act. In this latter belief they were correct but it is probable that nearly every one in the house was agreeably disappointed in his personal appearance. When he came on the stage there was a great round of cheers and the gallery went wild but the champion they hurrahed for, clad in a white tennis costume with navy blue sash and a white straw hat set jauntily upon his head, looked more like a well formed summer young man at a seaside resort rather than the conqueror of the great Sullivan.

"Gentleman Jack" was simply constructed with the idea of showing Corbett as the gentleman and a fighter and the endeavor to impress the public with the fact that a prize fighter can be a gentleman. With Jim Corbett playing the leading role the play succeeds in doing this. Whether in lounging, business or full dress costume he is simply a good looking, well formed young man, with a rather open and frank countenance and in his speech is somewhat boyish. When in the fourth act he appears in gymnasium costume in the training quarters, then is seen the fighter and he looks every inch a champion. Not that he is a big fellow as admirers were wont to dub Sullivan. He is tall and straight, weighs only about 190 pounds, but is all muscle and as quick as a cat.

In the fifth act the play presents Corbett in the ring. An excellent representation of the Olympic club at the time of the New Orleans fight is produced. The ring is pitched in the center of the stage and Corbett or rather Jack Royden arrives as the amateur champion of America to do battle with Charles Twitchell, the English champion. The latter character is taken by John Donaldson, an old fighter and a good one. Nothing could present the contrast between the gentleman fighter and the "tough" fighter so strongly as the bringing of these two together. Donaldson is a typical tough and he looks it. There is no denying his ability as a fighter, however, and the "go" between him and Corbett in the last act is a very realistic and natural one. No one who sees Corbett spar with Donaldson can fail to see wherein Corbett had the great advantage of Sullivan. He is as as quick as a cat and as slippery as an eel. Donaldson's well aimed blows glided over his shoulder or across his back in spite of the quickness or dexterity with which they were aimed. He can do his share of the punching, too, as was plainly shown, and landed some very pretty blows on various portions of Donaldson's anatomy.

The whole performance is well summed up in the words of a lady who was overheard remarking to her escort as they were coming out: "He can't act, but it's worth the price of admission to see him punch that bag."

The company was of mediocre quality there being no members of the cast with anything more than ordinary talent. The Danish warblers Mons. De Celle and Mlle. Dagmar were very good and their singing in the third act brought a half dozen encores. Mlle. Dagmar has a remarkable voice and warbles with wonderful ease and clearness.

The box office receipts were the largest at the scale of prices charged that the Temple has ever known. The total was $1475, and of this the gallery brought $253. Previous to this time the record has been held by "Sinbad."

Edith Ross Concert Company.

Tonight the Edith Ross Scottish Concert company will appear at the Lyceum under the auspices of Clan Stewart. The Journal of Lewiston, Me., said after a concert given there in October:

"The Edith Ross Concert company gave an admirable concert in point of musical interest, while its natural flavor of the 'banks and braes' was rich and fervid. The company numbers a half score of well known Glasgow and Edinburgh musicians, with Miss McNeill, the dancer. Edith Ross herself has no superior as an interpreter of the music of the Scotch and the Gaelic and her wonderful power of impersonation, the facile gift of expression by face and by intonation are hers. The feature of the evening was the chorus singing in the impassioned old Scotch songs of war such as the 'Standard on the Braes O'Mar.' The audience went into transports at Mr. Lumsden's and at Miss McNeill's work, and richly enjoyed every number. An audience of almost 1000 was present, and every number was encored until the concert became quite too long. The visitors need question in no way the enthusiasm of their brothers and sisters across the sea."

To Florida as the Crow Flies.

Via the Chicago & Eastern Illinois R. R., "Evansville Route." Pullman vestibuled trains leave Chicago daily at 4 p. m., reaching Florida and the Gulf Coast six hours quicker than by any other line. Sleeping car space reserved to any point in the South. Low excursion rates. For full information, apply to Chas. W. Humphrey, No. Pass. Agt., 170 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn.; Chicago City Ticket Office, 204 Clark street; or Charles L. Stone, Gen. Pass Tkt. Agt., Chicago.

Don't become constipated. Take BEECHAM'S PILLS.

The challenge made the Zenith City Polo club by the Duluth Polo club, which appeared in the News Tribune on Sunday last, is hereby accepted.

Dated Feb. 28.

THE ZENITH CITY POLO CLUB.

Owing to the blockade of trains, Dr. Wayland Hoyt's lecture at the central high school this evening, has been postponed until Friday evening, March 3d.

Stockholders' Meeting.

DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 24, 1893.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Iron River Brownstone Company will be held at the office of the company at 8 o'clock p. m., on Tuesday, March 7, 1893.

IRON RIVER BROWNSTONE CO.,
By JOHN F. CARGILL,
Secretary.

Henry F. Greene has removed to the Herald bldg, 220 West Superior street.

Remember that Dr. Wayland Hoyt's lecture, to be given at the central high school this evening, has been postponed until Friday evening next.

Mr. Albert Favorite, of Arkansas City, Kan., wishes to give our readers the benefit of his experience with colds. He says: "I contracted a cold early last spring that settled on my lungs, and had hardly recovered from it when I caught another that hung on all summer and left me with a hacking cough which I thought I never would get rid of. I had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy some fourteen years ago with much success, and concluded to try it again. When I had got through with one bottle my cough had left me, and I have not suffered with a cough or cold since. I have recommended it to others, and all speak well of it." Fifty cent bottles for sale by druggists.

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the Incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Bargains in Real Estate.

Are you looking for a good residence? Call and see what I can show you. Lots in Duluth proper, Portland, Endion and East Duluth. E. W. MARKELL, 7 Phoenix blk.

You have noticed

that some houses always seem to need repainting; they look dingy, rusted, faded. Others always look bright, clean, fresh. The owner of the first "economizes" with "cheap" mixed paints, etc.; the second paints with

Strictly Pure White Lead

The first spends three times as much for paint in five years, and his buildings never look as well.

Almost everybody knows that good paint can only be had by using strictly pure White Lead. The difficulty is lack of care in selecting it. The following brands are strictly pure White Lead, "Old Dutch" process; they are standard and well known—established by the test of years:

"Southern" "Red Seal"
"Collier" "Shipman"

For any color (other than white) tint the Strictly Pure White Lead with National Lead Company's Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, and you will have the best paint that it is possible to put on a building.

For sale by the most reliable dealers in paints everywhere.

If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that may save you many a dollar; it will only cost you a postal card to do so.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.,
1 Broadway, New York.
Chicago Branch,
State and Fifteenth Streets.

GRASSY POINT BRIDGE.

The Bill Will Probably Go Through This Session.

A Washington dispatch says: It is not absolutely certain as to the charter for a bridge from Rice's Point to Connor's Point but there is no longer a controversy over the charter for a bridge over the St. Louis river for the Terminal company at or near Grassy Point, which is in West Duluth. Congressmen Lind and Haugen have settled their differences on this point. If neither of these two gentlemen object the bill will very likely become a law.

It may reach President Harrison too late to be signed. If so, President Cleveland will without doubt as was the case with certain matters four years ago, permit it to become a law without the official signature.

Maj. Baldwin has telegraphed the Superior-Duluth Terminal company to go ahead as he thinks there will be no trouble about the bridge.

Swinging Around the Circle

Of the diseases to which it is adapted with the best results, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a family medicine, comprehensive in its scope, has never been thrust upon public attention in the guise of a universal panacea for bodily ills. This claim, daily arrogated in the columns of the daily press by the proprietors of medicines far inferior to it as specifics has in a thousand instances disgusted the public in advance by its absurdity, and the prospects of other remedies of superior qualities have been handicapped by the pretentions of their worthless predecessors. But the American people know, because they have verified the fact by the most trying tests, that the Bitters possess the virtues of a real specific in cases of malarial and liver disorder, constipation, nervous, rheumatic, stomach and kidney trouble. What it does it does thoroughly, and mainly for this reason it is endorsed and recommended by hosts of respectable medical men.

Special Rate to Washington.

For the inauguration of President Cleveland, March 4, "The Northwestern Line," (C., St. P., M. & O.,) will sell excursion tickets to Washington, on March 1 and 2, at $30 round trip, good returning until March 12. Take the "Omaha" when you go. All cars heated by steam and lighted by gas. Through train to Chicago over the short line.

B. W. SUMMERS,
City Ticket Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel.

LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

To New York, Boston and Washington Via the South Shore Line.

New York and return	$35 00
Boston and return	40 00
Washington	30 00

Tickets on sale Feb. 27 to March 2 inclusive.

New York and Boston ticket good for return until March 12.

Washington tickets good for return until March 9.

Ticket offices, 426 Spalding house block and Union depot.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

If troubled with catarrh in any form call on A. Tattersall & Co., 607 Chamber of Commerce.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Women Will Vote

as usual at the next school election—but for many candidates. They give a unanimous vote—every day in the week—in favor of

KIRK'S WHITE RUSSIAN SOAP

because they know it has no equal as a labor and temper saver on wash-day. The "White Russian" is a great soap to use in hard or alkali water. Does not roughen or injure the hands—is perfectly safe to use on the finest fabrics.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

Dusky Diamond Tar Soap. Makes the Skin Soft and Smooth.

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two hundred and nine and 24-100 dollars ($209.24) which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Charles J. Johnson (unmarried), of Duluth, Minnesota, mortgagor, to Sarah Merchant Penrose, bearing date the 22d day of September, 1890, and with power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 17th day of October, 1890, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in book 71 of mortgages, on page 38, and no action or proceeding having been instituted at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.:

Lot number thirteen (13), in block number six (6), Clinton Place addition to Duluth, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the eighteenth day of March, 1893, at 12 o'clock m. of that day, at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of two hundred and nine and 24-100 dollars and interest and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and twenty-five ($25.00) dollars, attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Jan. 21, A. D., 1893.

SARAH MERCHANT PENROSE,
WEST & BRADY,
Attorneys.
Jan 31, Feb. 7-14-21-28, March 7-14.

$8.00--BEST SET OF TEETH



GULLUM.
Painless Dentist.
Room 702,
PALLADIO BUILDING.

"FEELS LIKE A NEW WOMAN."



Oh, would I were dead now.
Or up in my bed now,
To cover up my head now,
And have a good cry!

Nerves jangled and out of tune wring this cry from a tired woman.

Many a one feels this wish for a good cry after the dinner is over and the guests gone. There are many trials that beset the faithful housewife and relax her nervous system.

"Four weeks ago," says Mrs. F. F. Vickery, of East Auburn, Me., "I was suffering from one of those awful bad headaches which have been my companion for the past year, only worse at times. My back ached. I did not sleep well, and I had those frightened nights which only those who are nervous can understand. I did not care whether I ate anything or not—rather not. I felt so tired and had that all-gone feeling, with no strength to do my easiest home duties. One short flight of stairs took all of the breath and strength I had, and then I could just sit down and cry.

"Every little noise made me jump and my head snap. My eyes felt as though they were being drawn in through the top of my head. I must confess I was feeling sick. A friend, who had only taken a few doses of Paine's celery compound herself and received much benefit from it, said to me: 'Won't you please try some of my compound?' Well I took some. In three days I was feeling like a new person, got me a bottle, and when that was gone I could take a full dose.

"I have gained strength every day, and can eat three or four times a day. I sleep like a log, and my head must be a new one, as I have not had a bad headache since I began taking the compound. I can get up two flights of stairs all right now, and feel so much better that I wish everyone in the world who ever had these feelings would just try one bottle of Paine's celery compound and be convinced of its worth. I cannot say too much in its praise."

And Mrs. S. C. Perkins of the same place, whose portrait is given above, says: "For three years I was in a very weak and debilitated condition. I tried tried many physicians, but could get no relief from any of them.

"I tried Paine's celery compound and to that I owe my complete restoration to health. My nervous system was a total wreck, and I was unable to do my work much of the time, but now I am doing my own work and can sleep well nights—the result of taking three bottles of the compound. I recommend it to all who are suffering from dyspepsia or are 'run down.' I do not think I could say too much in favor of it."

Thousands of such letters from every state in the Union might be printed, but these years of splendid results have so connected Paine's celery compound with success that the name itself has become a perpetual letter of recommendation.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Frank H. Brown, (widower), mortgagor, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock and 15 minutes p. m., in book 101 of mortgages, on pages 77, 78, 79, and 80; which said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to S. C. Spruance, by an instrument of assignment dated December 30, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 31st day of December 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 83 of mortgages, on page 241.

And whereas, said mortgage, and the principal note thereby secured, contain provisions that if any default be made in the payment of any instalment of interest or of any of the interest coupon notes thereby secured or any part thereof, on the day whereon the same is made payable and such default continue for the space of ten days, then and in every such case the whole of the principal sum thereby secured, and all accrued interest thereon, shall immediately become, and at any time thereafter be, due and payable at the option of the legal holder of said note, notice of such option being therein waived;

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon said note and mortgage, due January 1, 1893, and the interest coupon note given for the same, amounting to the sum of twenty dollars, the payment of which was secured by said mortgage, and such default has continued for more than ten days after the same became payable, by reason whereof the undersigned, legal holder of said note, has elected to exercise said option, and has declared, and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of seven hundred eighty-five ($785.00) dollars, principal and interest, and fifty dollars attorneys fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof;

And whereas, no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All the tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

All of lots numbered eleven (11), and twelve (12), in block numbered two hundred ninety-four (294), West Duluth, Fourth division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the said St. Louis county; which said premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 31st, A. D. 1893.

ELMA D. LUDDINGTON,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Jan-31-F-7-14-21-28-M-7.

6%
"ON OR BEFORE"
MORTGAGE LOANS.
NO DELAY.
CLAGUE & PRINDLE,
216 West Superior Street.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alex. W. Hartman (unmarried), mortgagor, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of October, A. D. 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock and 15 minutes p. m., in book 101 of mortgages, on pages 77, 78, 79, and 80; which said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to S. C. Spruance, by an instrument of assignment dated December 30, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 31st day of December 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 83 of mortgages, on page 241.

And whereas, said mortgage, and the principal note thereby secured, contain provisions that if any default be made in the payment of any instalment of interest or of any of the interest coupon notes thereby secured or any part thereof, on the day whereon the same is made payable and such default continue for the space of ten days, then and in every such case the whole of the principal sum thereby secured, and all accrued interest thereon, shall immediately become, and at any time thereafter be, due and payable at the option of the legal holder of said note, notice of such option being therein waived;

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon said note and mortgage, due January 1, 1893, and the interest coupon note given for the same, amounting to the sum of thirty dollars, the payment of which was secured by said mortgage, and such default has continued for more than ten days after the same became payable, by reason whereof the undersigned, legal holder of said note, has elected to exercise said option, and has declared, and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of seven hundred eighty-five ($785.00) dollars, principal and interest, and fifty dollars attorneys fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof;

And whereas, no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All the tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

All of lots numbered eleven (11), and twelve (12), in block numbered two hundred ninety-four (294), West Duluth, Fourth division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the said St. Louis county; which said premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 31st A. D. 1893.

S. C. SPRUANCE,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
Jan. 31, Feb 7-14-21-28, M 7.

VOLUNTARY ASSIGNMENT—ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of St. Louis. }
District Court.

In the matter of the assignment of W. C. Doherty, insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that W. C. Doherty of Duluth in said county and state, has by deed in writing, dated February 4th, 1893, made a general assignment to the undersigned, of all his property not exempt by law from levy and sale on execution, for the benefit of all his creditors, without preference.

All claims must be verified and presented to the undersigned for allowance.

Dated Feb. 13th, 1893.

C. M. PARKHURST,
Assignee.
28 Exchange Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.
Feb. 21-28 M. 3.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS. }

District court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Dexter M. Ferry, Plaintiff,
vs.
Herman E. Long, as assignee of Brown Bros., a corporation and Mary B. Vokes and Charles H. Clague, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the fourth day of February, 1893, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned sheriff of said St. Louis county, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the 25th day of March, 1893, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

Lot numbered forty-one (41), East Fourth street, Duluth proper, First division, according to the original plat of said division on file in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county.

Dated Feb. 4th, 1893.

PAUL SHAEVY,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By H. R. ARMSTRONG,
Deputy.

DRAPER, DAVIS & HOLLISTER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
Feb-7-14-21-28-Mch-7-14-21

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alex. W. Hartman (unmarried), mortgagor, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of October, A. D. 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock and 30 minutes p. m., in book 56 of mortgages, on pages 83, 84, 85 and 86; which said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to L. S. Leonard, by an instrument of assignment dated on the 30th day of October, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis county, on the 21st day of October, 1891, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 73 of mortgages, on page 575;

And whereas said mortgage, and the principal note thereby secured, contain provisions that if any default be made in the payment of any installment of interest or of any of the interest coupon notes thereby secured, or any part thereof, on the day whereon the same is made payable, and such default continue for the space of ten days, then and in every such case the whole of the principal sum thereby secured, and all accrued interest thereon, shall immediately become, and at any time thereafter be, due and payable at the option of the legal holder of said note, notice of such option being therein waived;

And whereas default was made in the payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon said note and mortgage, due January 1, 1893, and the interest coupon note given for the same, amounting to the sum of twenty dollars, the payment of which was secured by said mortgage, and such default has continued for more than ten days after the same became payable, by reason whereof the undersigned, legal holder of said note, has elected to exercise said option, and has declared, and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of seven hundred eighty-five ($785.00) dollars, principal and interest, and fifty dollars attorneys fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof;

And whereas, no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All the tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

All of lots numbered five (5), six (6), and seven (7), in block numbered two hundred ninety-two (292) West Duluth, Fourth division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the said St. Louis county; which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 31st, A. D. 1893.

L. S. LEONARD,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
Jan-31-Feb-7-14-21-28-M-7

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Alex W. Hartman (unmarried) mortgagor, to William E. Lucas mortgagee, bearing date the 1st day of October, A. D. 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1891, at 2 o'clock and 30 minutes p. m., in book 56 of mortgages, on pages 83, 84, 85 and 86; which said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by said William E. Lucas to L. S. Leonard, by an instrument of assignment dated on the 30th day of October, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis county, on the 21st day of October, 1891, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 73 of mortgages, on page 575;

And whereas said mortgage and the principal note thereby secured, contain provisions that if any default be made in the payment of any installment of interest or of any of the interest coupon notes thereby secured, or any part thereof, on the day whereon the same is made payable and such default continue for the space of ten days, then and in every such case the whole of the principal sum thereby secured, and all accrued interest thereon, shall immediately become, and at any time thereafter be, due and payable at the option of the legal holder of said note, notice of said option being therein waived;

And whereas default was made in the payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon said note and mortgage, due January 1, 1893, and the interest coupon note given for the same, amounting to the sum of twenty dollars, the payment of which was secured by said mortgage, and such default has continued for more than ten days after the same became payable, by reason whereof the undersigned, legal holder of said note, has elected to exercise said option, and has declared, and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of five hundred twenty-three and 33-100 ($523.33) dollars, principal and interest, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof;

And whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All the tracts or parcels of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lots numbered thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), in block numbered two hundred ninety-four (294), West Duluth, Fourth division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the said St. Louis county, Minnesota; which said premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 31st, A. D. 1893.

L. S. LEONARD,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
Jan-31-Feb-7-14-21-28-M-7

EVENING HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Telephone—Business office, 324, two rings; editorial rooms 324, three rings.

Eastern Office—109 World Building, New York. A. E. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily, per year	$7.00
Daily, per three months	1.80
Daily, per month	.60
Weekly, per year	1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn. Feb. 28.—The storm that was over this section yesterday is now central over Michigan near Marquette, having increased greatly in energy during its passage, and having been attended by heavy snow in this section. Snow is still falling at many places around the edge of the storm center, and rain over eastern Michigan.

High winds are reported from many places, some of which are, Chicago 40 miles, Milwaukee 40, Davenport 22, Ste. Marie 28, Marquette 24, Green Bay 28, Detroit 24, and LaCrosse 22.

The heaviest snowfall was over Minnesota, the heaviest in the vicinity of St. Paul where eleven inches has fallen during the past twenty-four hours.

All reports from the Northwest are still missing, but there is no evidence of an area of high barometer in that section, which is a fortunate thing for this section, as had there been it is probable there would have been a storm that would equal that of last March. The temperature has fallen very decidedly over Missouri, Nebraska and Southern Iowa, and changed very slightly in other sections, but still remains below zero in the country to the north and west of here. The lowest is 14 below at Lander, Wyo., the highest 44 at Knoxville, Tenn. Other temperatures below zero are: St. Vincent 10, Moorhead 2, and Helena and North Platte zero.

The highest temperature here yesterday was 23, the lowest during the night 14. The total amount of snow that fell was .51 inch when melted, which would amount to 7.3 inches on the level. The wind reached its highest velocity, thirty miles from the northwest at 11:20 p. m.

DULUTH, Feb. 28.—Light snow followed by clearing this afternoon; fair Wednesday, colder; west to north winds, diminishing in force.

B. H. BRONSON,
Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—Forecast till 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Wisconsin: Generally fair Wednesday, preceded by local snows today in northern portions; westerly winds; slightly colder in Eastern portion Wednesday morning. For Minnesota: Fair, westerly winds; colder in Northwest portion Wednesday morning, followed by rising temperature.

Notice of Removal.

The Herald has removed to its new building at 220 West Superior street, midway between Second and Third avenues, where it will be able to handle its rapidly expanding business to better advantage. The business office will be found on the first floor and the editorial rooms on the third floor from the Superior street main entrance.

The Electrical Age.

Few people, comparatively, know that the project of an electric railway from Chicago to St. Louis, promises to be a realty at an early date. The promoters of this enterprise have gone ahead in a business-like way, making contracts for construction, and having passed through the experimental stage have reached the plane of reality and commercial certainty. It is announced that their expectation is to make the journey from Chicago to St. Louis in two hours and a half, or at the rate of 100 miles an hour.

This seems to be a high rate, yet in view of what has already been accomplished it will not be surprising if still greater speed shall be attained in the future. If 100 miles an hour can be realized with safety and economy in this century it is not too much to say, as was observed by Secretary Charles Foster in a New York paper recently, that 50 per cent greater speed, or possibly 100 per cent, will be realized 100 years hence. Then it will no doubt be a common thing to travel from New York to Chicago in seven or eight hours.

Thomas A. Edison, the greatest genius of this century, was quoted recently as saying that electricity is terrestrial magnetism and that the universe is full of it. According to Edison the present system of producing electricity by friction is very expensive compared with what may be done by simpler processes. Edison believes electricity may be pumped out of the earth or the sea or the air, just as water is pumped out of a stream, the only thing necessary being to find the form of pump that will do the trick.

This, Edison is now looking for and experimenting on and if we may estimate his future accomplishments by what he has already done he will succeed, declares Mr. Foster, in finding the pump that will extract electricity or terrestrial magnetism or whatever it is from the earth at a cost so low as to make electricity the universal power. Imagine the revolution that will come in all civilization if Edison or someone else succeeds in doing this! Give electricity at one-tenth the present cost and electrical power will become universal. Steam and all other sorts of power will be displaced, and with invention stimulated, as it will be, by the extraordinary cheapness of the new power, what may we not expect in the way of rapid transit, household conveniences, electrical carriages to take the place of horses, elevators in business and private houses, and all sorts of machinery?

If this theory of Edison proves to be correct and the electrical experts are not mistaken in their plans for rapid travel, the next hundred years will develop changes more stupendous than have been shown by the last hundred, in which pretty nearly every useful thing there is in the world has been invented. In fact, it is the opinion of many prominent men who have studied this question that we are on the eve of an industrial revolution as a result of electrical research and experiment. There is one department of electrical research in which Duluth takes a peculiar interest and it is gratifying to learn that the inquiry in that direction is making good headway. That is the transmission of electrical power for long distances. The Herald has on several occasions alluded to what has been successfully performed in this connection, and it confidently looks forward to a time in the near future when the great water power of the St. Louis will be utilized in this way.

A Pernicious Custom.

The secretary of the Ohio state board of health has appealed to the pastors of Columbus to stop indiscriminate kissing, as it is an evil and dangerous practice. If he be correct, the most certain method of transmission of the germs of disease is by the mouth; and no custom is more pernicious than that of the ladies, who kiss each other, in the presence of men, on the slightest provocation.

The health officer must assuredly be correct in his diagnosis of this custom. The custom of ladies kissing each other is not only pernicious but it is positively sinful, being an extravagant waste of a limited supply of material. There are only a certain number of kisses in the world, and for several ladies to gather and deliberately use so many with such meager results is certainly exasperating, and especially so to the poor men who are compelled to view the scene without the poor privilege of a protest.

If there are any bacteria or bacilli concealed beneath the ambrosial nectar of ruby lips, let the stronger sex sacrifice itself in the noble cause.

A Permanent Bureau.

By the instructions of the house committee on the census, a sub-committee has drafted a bill providing for the establishment of a permanent census bureau. It is hardly likely that the bill will be passed at the present session, and the prospects are that it will be materially changed before it ever becomes a law.

The measure is demanded for the sake of retaining the skilled services of six or seven heads of departments and the most expert of the clerks, who can be made useful by employing them on statistical work collateral with the census during the four years or so in each decade while the main work of the bureau is in abeyance. The unsatisfactory results of previous censuses, notwithstanding the immense expense at which they have been taken, were partly due to the fact that too much was attempted, but the chief defect was the inexpert character of nearly all employes of the bureau at the beginning of each census decade. Not only the great working body of clerks, but the heads of departments, had to be acquiring elementary technical training while they should, under a better system, have been skillfully developing the results of the enumeration. It is no wonder, therefore, that the census returns have been neither prompt nor always accurate.

But while there is thus urgent demand for a permanent bureau to retain skilled employes for this important work, the demand for a permanent census bureau is not as great as that for a permanent statistical bureau, which should include not only that of the census, but that of the statistical bureaus of the treasury, agricultural, labor, interior and other departments of the national government. It cannot be denied that in order to secure the best results, the statistical work of the government should be carried on by a uniform method under the direction of a single chief, who should be an accomplished scientific statistician. The present bill providing for a census bureau should therefore be amended in this respect. And if such a bureau were established, there should be no incompetent Porters at its head.

An Additional Judge.

The following telegram was received from F. B. Daugherty by Judge Ensign this morning:

After hard fight got bill placed on general orders without going to committee. A delegation could help any time now. F. B. DAUGHERTY.

In today's dispatches to The Herald it is stated that a motion has been passed in the senate appointing a committee to make a judicial reapportionment, the evident purpose being to defeat the bill for another judge for the Duluth district. It is believed, however, that good work by a delegation at St. Paul would secure the passage of the measure, and there should be a quick response to Senator Daugherty's appeal for aid.

The decision of Mgr. Satolli in the case of Rev. Thomas Killeen against Bishop Wigger of the Newark diocese shows very clearly that that the papal representative has a correct appreciation of the work of assimilating the various nationalities in this country. He instructed all bishops that whenever a congregation should be established with the use of a foreign tongue the arrangement should be considered only temporary, and that Catholics in the United States speaking a foreign tongue are expected to assimilate as quickly as is consistent with the English-speaking congregations.

Rev. John L. Withrow, of the Third Presbyterian church of Chicago, took occasion in a recent sermon to state that there is no hell, and he likewise informed his congregation that he did not believe in infant damnation. As both these beliefs are essential features of Presbyterian doctrine, Mr. Withrow will probably find himself defendant in a heresy trial at an early date.

The house has concurred in the senate amendment to the car coupler bill and it will now go to the president for his approval, of which there is no doubt. The object of this bill is to compel all railroads to use automatic car couplers and thus reduce the mortality and numerous accidents among brakemen. The district attorneys must enforce this law to the letter.

"Municipal government in Chicago," said Mr. Hamline at a meeting of the Sunset club in that city, "is simply an organized conspiracy. It is not Democracy; it is not Republicanism. It is merely a splendid example of the spoils system." In this respect, Chicago is resembled by many other cities.

The worst storm of the season visited this section of the country last night, and telegraphic reports show that it was quite general throughout the Northwest. It also crippled the telegraph wires, and on that account The Herald's news service from outside points is somewhat curtailed today.

It is whispered that Judge Gresham can play a very fair hand at poker, and with Bissell and Dan and Grover on hand he should not be obliged to go far in search of a game.

The Herald's New Home.

Duluth correspondence of Superior Leader: The Duluth Evening Herald late Saturday afternoon forsook the myriads of cockroaches and the unsanitary condition of its quarters in the Henderson block, at the corner of Superior street and Fifth avenue west, and today is found in its new four story brick home at 220 West Superior street. The Herald building, as it will be called, is the best finished building in this city and will make a most pleasant home for the rapidly growing journal.

Bad Money Returns.

Milwaukee Wisconsin: It's the bad money that comes back. British Columbia merchants are shipping American silver dollars to the United States. No one ever hears of foreign merchants bestirring themselves to return American gold dollars to this country.

He Was a Prophet.

Indianapolis News: Phil Sheridan once said that if he owned hell and Texas he would rent Texas and live in hell. The civilized world, as it shrinks from the story of this day in Texas, will feel that Sheridan was a moralist and prophet.

An Expert Decision.

Chicago Mail: Mrs. Frank Leslie announces a book, "Are Men Gay Deceivers?" The opinion she will furnish is supposed to be both autobiographical and expert.

"Small Potatoes."

Grand Rapids Herald: It was a long time coming, but Mr. Clarkson has finally discovered that he is a mighty small portion of the Republican party.

A Terrible Combination.

Chicago Mail: Think of the accumulated horror of a hoopskirt woman smoking cigarettes!

DELICATE WOMEN

Or Debilitated Women, should use

BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR.

Every ingredient possesses superb Tonic properties and exerts a wonderful influence in toning up and strengthening her system, by driving through the proper channels all impurities. Health and strength guaranteed to result from its use.

"My wife, who was bedridden for eighteen months, after using *Bradfield's Female Regulator* for two months is getting well."

J. M. JOHNSON, Malvern, Ark.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by Druggists at $1.00 per bottle.



The Correct Time;

certainly, it's just the time to buy a watch from our stock of time-pieces. That's the correct thing to do and you'll always have the correct time as long as you have one of our watches about you. We have a variety of clocks which keep correct time too, and tempt purchase by those who wish to keep a watch upon the moments as they fly. Time is money and the dollars paid for one of our clocks or watches is exceedingly well invested. While you have time you want the correct time, and you must carry a watch to have the time always with you. Our clocks and watches are as correct as the multiplication table and a good thing couldn't very well be cheaper.

ANDREW JACKSON,
Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing
JEWELER,
106 West Superior Street, Duluth

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT

J.E. HAYNIE & Co

American Store.

Tuesday, Feb. 27th, 1893.
The weather tomorrow is likely to be fair; colder, with light snow.

Busy Times
In the Store.

The constant buying of Embroideries, the heavy buying of Household Linens, the rush in the Cotton Dress Goods department, together with the early Cloak and Wool Dress Goods trade tend to cause this visible activity.

Vast Preparations

Are being made for the accommodation of our customers. Every corner of the globe has been ransacked in quest of the ultra wares, and

We've Got 'Em

And will continue to get, and to get until the desired condition will be attained, which is to show all, entirely all of the new creations and styles.

Keep Close Watch

Of our ads. Things will turn up in quick succession to your interest to know from now on.

J.E. Haynie & Co.

TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

ONE CENT A WORD!

Advertisements in this column ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FREE.

No advertisements taken for these columns till forbid, i. e. until ordered out.

Every advertisement is carefully classified under its proper heading—easily found, easily read—will reach more readers than can be reached in any other way. Try it.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE.

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN who would like a position as a delivery man in grocery store or meat market. Address B 5, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS STATIONARY engineer or to take charge of a steam heating plant or pumping outfit. Can give first-class references as to character and and capability. Fred Hovey, Little Falls, Minn.

SITUATION WANTED—ENGINEER WANTS a situation to run stationary or portable engines for factories, pumps, hoisting machines, heating plants, saw mills, steam launches, pile-driving and engines of all descriptions, have good reputation and first class papers, can give every recommendation wanted. Write or call. Address, F. Wm. Henderson, 120 Garfield avenue, Duluth, Minn.

WASHING AND IRONING WANTED BY a woman; also house cleaning. Family washing taken home. Call or address Mrs. M. Barrett, 410 East Fourth street. Call after 5 p. m.

WANTED WASHING, IRONING, HOUSE cleaning. Rear 16 First avenue east.

WANTED—POSITION TO DRIVE DELIVery wagon. One year's experience in Duluth. Good references. Address, A 41 Herald.

WANTED, WASHING TO TAKE HOME; all work first class. 413 West Superior street.

BY A MIDDLE-AGED GOOD HORSEMAN, the care and handling of a pair of good carriage horses. Address B 56 Herald.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

TAILORS WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS union coatmakers. Highest wages, steady employment. Wm. Lewinson, Grand Rapids, Minn.

WANTED—A FEW ENERGETIC MEN TO sell our specialties on the installment plan. Good wages and steady work to the right men. W. A. Edwards, 723 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED AT 224 EAST FOURTH STREET—girl for general housework. One willing to help care for children preferred. Wages $15 to $18.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork at 609 West Third street.

AN EXPERIENCED COOK AND HOUSEmaid wanted at 301 East Fourth street.

WANTED, A GOOD DININGROOM GIRL at Central house, 21 Lake avenue.

WANTED, A TAILORESS OR GOOD DRESSmaker at Freimuth's cloak department.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Good wages to competent one. No washing. 205 West Third street.

GIRL WANTED. GOOD WAGES. 1521 Jefferson St.

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT girl; small family; convenient house. Call at 16 Board of Trade between 2 and 4 p. m., or 1732 East First street.

COOK WANTED AT 1326 LONDON ROAD.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 1215 East First street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT, FIVE-ROOM HOUSE IN splendid location at moderate rent. Also office in our building. Apply Clague & Prindle, 216 West Superior street.

SEVEN ROOM FLAT, MODERN CONveniences. E. Ingalls, 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—CHESTER TERRACE, ONE ten room house supplied with steam heat. Also have a custom-or for a furnished house. Chas. T. Taylor, 510 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, ALL MODern conveniences; steam heat. Enquire 206 Lyceum.

GOOD EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT. Furnace heat, gas and bath; good barn. Upper side Bench street. B. F. Smith, 310 Woodbridge bldg.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 16 First avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR TWO AND table board for four at 318 West Second street.

FOR RENT, A LARGE ROOM ON THIRD floor of the Parsons block, No. 18 West Superior street, suitable for lodge purposes or society meetings. Will be rented reasonable to right parties. J. W. Rowley, 23 East Third street, City.

ROOMS AND BOARD AT 120 FIRST AVENUE west. Hot air heat and bath. Centrally located.

SHOP ROOM SUITABLE FOR TAILOR OR shoemaker. Cheap rent. 118 East Superior street.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED, A SECOND-HAND KODAK; price must be reasonable if you want to sell. Address Kodak care Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY A GOOD MILK COW. 24 East Superior street.

THE NORTH-WESTERN LINE (C. ST. P. M. & O. R'Y)

The Short Line —TO— CHICAGO.

The Pullman Car Line to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

For St. Paul and Minneapolis.	Day Ex. Ex. Sun'y	Night Ex Daily.
Lv Duluth	10 00 am	11 00 pm
Lv West Superior	10 20 am	11 20 pm
Ar Spooner	12 45 pm	2 00 am
Ar Stillwater	4 32 pm	7 00 am
Ar St. Paul	5 00 pm	6 50 am
Ar Minneapolis	5 40 pm	7 30 am

For Eau Claire, Chicago and the East.	Day Exp. Ex. Sun'y	Chicago Special Daily.
Lv Duluth	10 00 am	4 50 pm
Lv West Superior	10 20 am	5 10 pm
Ar Eau Claire	4 15 pm	10 15 pm
Ar Milwaukee	.....	7 25 am
Ar Chicago	8 00 am	7 45 am

Parlor Cars on day trains.
"Chicago Special" runs through without change of cars for any class of passengers between Duluth and Chicago.

GEO. M. SMITH, General Agent.
B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent, 405 West Superior St.



$100 FORFEIT

If it does not cure the effects of Self-Abuse, Early Excesses, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power, Impotency, etc. THAT I will send FREE falling cure. All letters in plain, sealed envelope. Address, with stamp, C. K. TUPPAR, Sparta, Mich. ENLARGEMENT OF the Recipe of a never-

Sparta Goods, Marshall, Michigan.

ONE CENT A WORD!

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY BY GENtleman and 6-year-old son. Address, C 68, Herald office, stating rate.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND COUNTING room desk. Apply at Herald office.

LARGE CAMP STOVE TO SELL CHEAP. 118 East Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—1 30 HORSE POWER Scotch boiler; 1 6x8x20 S. O. hoist; 1 No. 7 Cameron pump. Complete with all fitting, including 250 ft ⅝ wire rope and 1 ½-ton ore bucket. Enquire at 202 Palladio building.

NEW HOUSES, EASY TERMS; FINE LOcation, Sixteenth avenue east, corner Jefferson. Open every day 3 until 4 p. m., Sundays 2 until 4. W. J. Reed, 42 Exchange building.

FINANCIAL.

CASH IN BANK FOR ANY GOOD REAL estate loan, at lowest rates, or purchase money mortgage. Stryker, Manley & Buck.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT ON horses, wagons, household furniture, pianos, diamonds, jewelry and all kinds of personal property, on short notice and a lower rate than you can possibly get it elsewhere. Inquire of Wm. Horkan, manager, Duluth Mortgage Loan company, room 430, Chamber of Commerce building, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS AND jewelry. G. A. Klein, only licensed pawnbroker in Duluth, 17 West Superior street.

ABOUT MONEY—
DO YOU NEED ANY?

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY
Room 201 Palladio Building,
WILL LEND YOU ANY SUM YOU WISH
FROM $10 TO $1000
ON THE DAY YOU ASK FOR IT.

WE MAKE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS AND PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ALL KINDS
IN ANY AMOUNT
At the lowest possible rates, without publicity or removal of property

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY
Room 201 Palladio Building.

P. B. CROSBY,
COMMISSION BROKER,
Buys and Sells Mining Stocks for Cash.
Room 502 Palladio Building, DULUTH, MINN.
Correspondence Solicited. Weekly Circular.

ATTORNEYS.

L. U. C. TITUS, LL. B., ATTORNEY AT law, 604 Chamber of Commerce building.

JOS. WARD REYNOLDS, ATTORNEY, HAS located his office at suite, 321 Chamber of Commerce.

NOTICE

Of confirmation of the report of the commissioners in the matter of the proceedings of the common council of the city of Duluth, in condemnation, for the purpose of opening and laying out an alley twenty feet wide through the center of block 56, Endion division of Duluth, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that the report of the commissioners in the above entitled matter awarding damages and compensation to the various owners of property taken or injuriously affected by reason of the taking of private property for the purposes aforesaid, has been returned and filed in the office of the city clerk of the city of Duluth, and that said report will be confirmed by the common council of the city of Duluth, at a meeting of said common council to be held in the council chamber in the city hall in said city at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of Monday, the 6th day of March, 1893, unless objections are made in writing by persons interested in any of the lands required to be taken.

Witness my hand and seal this 20th day of February, 1893.

FRANK BURKE, Jr.,
City Clerk,
Duluth, Minn.

{Corporate Seal.}
Feb. 20. 10t

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court, of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district, and county of St. Louis, on the 25th day of January, 1893, upon a judgment rendered January 25th, 1893, in the municipal court, of the city of Duluth, state of Minnesota, and docketed in said district court and county of St. Louis in an action therein, wherein Wells-Stone Mercantile Co., a corporation, was plaintiff and Elmira Land & Iron Co., a corporation, defendant in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendant, for the sum of four hundred one and 50-100 dollars, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis county, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Saturday the 25th day of March, 1893, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day all the right, title and interest that the above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 25th day of January, 1893, that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

The northwest one-quarter (nw¼) of section twenty (20).

The southeast one-quarter of the northeast one-quarter (se¼ of ne¼). The west one-half of the southeast one-quarter (w½ of se¼). The northeast one-quarter of the southeast one-quarter (ne¼ of se¼) of section seventeen (17), all in township fifty-eight (58) north range eighteen (18), west 4th p. m., according to the government survey thereof.

All said lands lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Feby. 4th, 1893.

PAUL SHARVY,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
By H. R. ARMSTRONG, Deputy.

WHITE & HEWIT,
Attorney for judgment creditor.
F-7-14-21-28-M-7-14-21.

DON'T BE FOOLED

By Fake Hotel Schemes during

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

You do not know the accommodation provided till you reach Chicago. In the case of the

Steamer Ossifrage

You can step aboard and see for yourself. Meals, Berth, Transportation, and

10 or 14 Days in Chicago,

According to the trip selected, for

$65, $80 or $1.00.

WORLD'S FAIR TRANSIT CO.,
C. H. ELDRIDGE,
Gen'l Manager.
428 West Superior Street.

ONE CENT A WORD!

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

M. S. & W. H. COOK, SURVEYORS AND civil engineers, 217 Fourteenth avenue east.

STOVE REPAIRING.

HEATING STOVES, RANGES AND COOK stoves repaired on short notice. Casting furnished for nearly every stove made. American Stove Repair works, 118 East Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING IN ALL branches at reasonable prices. Mrs. C. P. Smith, 125 First avenue west.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

THE MOST RESPECTABLE LICENSED office in Duluth, free of charge to all; also have a full line of hair switches, chains, etc. Mrs. M. C. Seibold, 223 East Superior street.

PLUMBING.

W. W. McMILLAN & CO.,
HEATING AND PLUMBING,
216 West Superior street.

WILLIAM DONALDSON & SON,
Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters and Sanitary Engineers,
24 First Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.
Jobbing work a specialty. Orders left at Simon Clark & Co.'s store, 113 West Superior street, Telephone 75—will receive prompt attention.

MINING ENGINEERS.

CHARLES F. HOWE, SPECIAL ATTENtion given to the examination and reporting on mineral lands. Iron lands bought and sold. Analyses of all kinds made on short notice. 631 Chamber of Commerce.

ARCHITECTS.

G. A. TENBUSCH, 301 BURROWS BUILDing.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. L. BALDWIN Midwife. Full graduate of German college of Accouchment. Cupping, etc. done. 609 East Third street.

RENTING AND COLLECTING.

CORDY EDWARDS' RENTAL AGENCY, 208 West Superior street. If you want a house or store call and see a big list always on hand.

LEGAL NOTICES

BIDS WANTED.

Sealed proposals will be received at room 321 Palladio building up to Wednesday, March 1st, at 9 o'clock a. m., for digging test pits on the "Alabama Iron Company's" land. A bond will be required from the party securing the contract.

The right is reserved to accept or reject any or all bids. For full particulars call at
Cheney Bros.' Offices,
314-15-16 Palladio Bldg.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, }

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 13th, 1893.

In the matter of the estate of Nehemiah Hulett, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Lucy A. Hulett, of said county, representing among other things that she is the surviving wife of Nehemiah Hulett, deceased, and praying that certain real estate described in said petition be set apart to her as the homestead of said deceased, and for the allowance of certain personal property selected by her.

Ordered, that said petition be heard before said court, on Wednesday, the 8th day of March, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice of said hearing be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested by publishing this order on Tuesday in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 13th day of February, A. D. 1893.

By the Court,
[Seal] PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.
Feb-14-21-28.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Frank H. Brown (widower) mortgagor, to William E. Lucas, mortgagee, bearing date the 2nd day of November, A. D. 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 25th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 8 o'clock and 20 minutes a. m., in book 101 of mortgages, on pages numbered 19 thereof; which said mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by the said William E. Lucas to Lois Van Auken by an instrument of assignment dated December 8th, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis county, on the 9th day of December, 1891, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 73 of mortgages, on page 625;

And whereas said mortgage, and the principal note thereby secured, contain provisions that if any default be made in the payment of any instalment of interest or of any of the interest coupon notes thereby secured, or any part thereof, on the day whereon the same is made payable, and such default continue for the space of ten days, then and in every such case the whole of the principal sum thereby secured, and all accrued interest thereon, shall immediately become, and at any time thereafter be, due and payable at the option of the legal holder of said note, notice of such option being therein waived;

And whereas default was made in the payment of the semi-annual installment of interest upon said note and mortgage, due January 1, 1893, and of the interest coupon note given for the same, amounting to the sum of twenty dollars, the payment of which was secured by said mortgage, and such default has continued for more than ten days after the same became payable, by reason whereof the undersigned, legal holder of said note, has elected to exercise said option, and has declared, and does hereby declare, the whole principal sum secured by said note and mortgage, with all accrued interest thereon, to be now due and payable;

And whereas there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due upon said mortgage debt, at the date of this notice, the sum of five hundred twenty-three and 33-100 ($523.33) dollars, principal and interest, and fifty dollars attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof;

And whereas no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz.: All those tracts or parcels of land lying and being in St. Louis county, Minnesota, described as follows, towit: All of lots numbered nine (9) and ten (10), in block numbered two hundred eighty-four (284), West Duluth, Fourth division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the said St. Louis county; which said premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public action, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 31st, A. D. 1893.

LOIS VAN AUKEN,
Assignee of Mortgage.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Assignee.
Jan 31 February 7-14-21-28 March 7.

FRENCH & BASSETT

No. 24 EAST SUPERIOR STREET,

20% DISCOUNT GREAT REMOVAL SALE FROM MARCH 1st TO 25th 20% DISCOUNT

FROM OUR REGULAR LOW PRICES ON ALL HOUSEHOLD GOODS IN STOCK.

When you consider that our stock is a large and choice one and that our prices are much lower to start with than ANY COMPETITOR, the public must realize that THIS IS A RARE OCCASION to provide their wants in these lines.

We Prefer to Move Our Stock Into Your Homes

than to handle it twice, consequently make this sacrifice in order to sell our stock before moving, April 1st, to FIRST STREET AND THIRD AVENUE WEST.

TO SECURE THIS 20 PER CENT DISCOUNT, GOODS MUST BE PAID FOR AND DELIVERED BEFORE MARCH 25th, as we shall practically suspend business from that time until April 1st, and devote ourselves to arranging our new store.

THE HIT BIRD ALWAYS FLUTTERS!

Watch Our Competitors and You Will See Who is Hit.

In the past when we have had sales, several of our would-be competitors and imitators, in desperation (knowing they could not touch our prices) have resorted to certain trick advertising to try to mislead the public. The public, however, was not mislead. We hope no dealers will make themselves ridiculous this time. If we did not sell goods low why should we be doing a business which compels us to seek such large quarters? If this is true how can anyone afford not to buy now and get **20 per cent** from such LOW PRICES?

Come Early and Get First Pick.

WE MAKE A FEW QUOTATIONS TO SHOW THE KIND OF PRICES FROM WHICH WE ARE GIVING 20 PER CENT DISCOUNT:

FURNITURE.

Antique Chamber Suite	$12.50
Antique Chamber Suite, Oak	$15.00
Antique Chamber Suite, Oak	$17.00
Antique Chamber Suite, Oak	$20.00
Antique Chamber Suite, Oak	$22.00
Antique Chamber Suite, Oak	$25.00

And Upwards

Good Solid Chairs

50c, 65c, 80c, 90c, $1, $1.10, $1.25, $1.50 and upwards.

Folding Beds

$11.00. $15.00, $20.00, $25.00, $30.00 and upwards.

Exception. We except Office Furniture from this sale, but we are making some VERY LOW PRICES on same. We also except the price of all labor.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

CARPETS.

Hemp Carpets	Per yard	15c
Cotton Ingrain	Per yard	30c
Wool Filling, C. C.	Per yard	55c
All-wool Extra Super	Per yard	62c
Tapestry Brussels	Per yard	55c
Body Brussels	Per yard	70c
Body Brussels, Standard Makes	Per yard	$1.20
Velvet (Wilton back)	Per yard	$1.25
Moquette, best	Per yard	$1.45
Axminster	Per yard	$1.60
Wilton	Per yard	$2.00

John Bromley & Son's

Smyrna Carpets and Rugs at prices unheard of

6x9	For $17.00
7 1-2x10 1-2	For $24.00
9x12	For $32.00

All other Rugs, Mats, etc., in proportion.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

DRAPERY.

Chenille Curtains

With handsome Borders and Heavy Fringe: $3.75, $4.50, $6.50, $8.50.

Nottingham and Saxony Lace Curtains.

50c, 65c, 75c, 85c, $1.10, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00.

Irish Point Curtains

$3.25, $3.75, $4.00, $4.50, $5.50, $6.75, $7.50, $8.50 and upwards.

Brussels and Tambour Curtains

$5.50, $6.75, $8.00. $850, $10.00, $12.00, $13.75, 15.00 and upwards.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

ONLY ONE MORE CASE

The Criminal Calendar is Completed With the Exception of the Tuboli Incest Case.

Philip Larkin Found Guilty and Mercy Recommended—Civil Business Taken Up By Judge Ensign.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway is Sued For $10,250 By George McKenzie.

Before Judge Ensign in room 1 of the district court the jury in the case of Philip Larkin returned a verdict of robbery in the third degree and recommended the prisoner to the mercy of the court. This ends the criminal business until next Thursday when the case of the state vs. Volanti Tuboli, charged on two counts with incest, will be brought up.

The civil calendar was taken up and the case of Josephine Lightheart vs. M. C. Littleworth et al was brought up and is now on trial. Second papers were ordered issued to Iver F. Belsrig. The action of John H. Peabody vs. Charles J. Crosby et al was continued by consent. W. P. Marr and H. H. Hanford, petit jurors, were temporarily excused from the panel.

Before Judge Brown in room 2 the juries in Andrew Backstram and Andrew Nyland vs. E. T. Merritt brought in verdicts for the defendant. The case of Samuel Gillespie vs. Samuel Menicce et al is now on trial.

IS AFTER DAMAGES.

George McKenzie Claims the South Shore Road Injured Him $10,250 Worth.

George McKenzie has sued the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway to recover $10,250 alleged damages. The plaintiff says that on July 26, 1892, he was crossing Lake avenue in Marquette, Mich., and caught his foot in the space between the guard rail and the main rail and a train came along and knocked him down and grievously injured him to the amount and extent claimed.

THE VIRGINIA ELECTION.

There Will Be a Sharp Contest Between the Opens and Shuts.

The Virginia village election takes place on March 14, as do all the village elections throughout the state, and there is to be quite a sharp fight. The line upon which the division is drawn is as to whether Virginia shall be wide open or not. There is an element which happily is in the minority that want everything wide open. The men who compose this are mostly from Hurley and Bessemer and other tough towns of the Menominee and Gogebic range. Not all of them, in fact a minority are voters and there will be plenty of chance for fraudulent voting.

Another element is just as strongly in favor of good government. This is headed by John Owens, the present president, and a number of others. The only thing to be feared is that there may be some apathy on the part of the law and order people while the lawless people, as is always the case, will work like beavers.

Virginia has from 700 to 1000 people now and a great many citizens of the town are talking incorporation as a city. Most of them feel, however, that there would be very little gained and a great deal of expense would be added.

Stole Some Cordwood.

White & Simpson, the coal dealers at Third avenue east, are, with the help of the detectives, looking for another individual who has gone wrong, this time two loads of cordwood being the temptation and inducement. The wrongdoer, whose name is unknown, received an order from White & Simpson upon Ely & Lackey, for wood which the latter firm is cutting out near Lester Park and which they are selling to the various dealers. The fellow secured two loads but neither he nor the wood has been seen by Messrs. White & Simpson since. If caught, the stern hand of the law will be invoked to administer justice and punishment.

West Duluth.

Two lots on Fourth avenue west, cheap; lots on Central and Grand avenues; large list in Third and Seventh divisions. City agent West Duluth Land company. E. W. MARKELL, 7, Phoenix blk.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

CANNOT BE ENTERED

Stone and Timber Act Entries Will Not Go On Lands Withdrawn March 2, 1889.

So Says the Secretary of the Interior In Answer to An Inquiry From Register Nichols.

It is Understood at the Office Here That Other Land Offices Have Been Receiving Them.

On Oct. 17 last, Register Monroe Nichols sent a telegram to the land commissioners at Washington asking: "Are lands which have been offered, but withdrawn by act of March 2, 1889, subject to entry under the timber and stone act as amended Aug. 4, 1892?" After many days a letter in answer to that telegram was this morning received from M. M. Rose, assistant commissioners in which he says: "That question was submitted to the honorable secretary of the interior and I have now to answer the question in the negative by his direction of the 21st instant."

The practice of the local land office has been to reject all applications for entries of lands of that kind since the passage of the amended act. It is understood here, however, that applications for offered lands have been allowed at the St. Cloud, Ashland and other land offices. This ruling by the secretary is a final disposition of the matter.

C. B. Atwater Assaulted.

A warrant has been issued for the arrest of E. E. Pinkman charging him with assault, at the instance of C. B. Atwater. The latter complains that he had stored some goods for Pinkman, that he did not pay the storage charges and in due time the goods were sold for charges. Pinkman was enraged at this and a few days ago met Atwater in W. L. Rance's meat market and knocked him down. Upon this allegation which he expects to sustain Mr. Atwater demands Mr. Pinkham's arrest and prosecution.

The Feminine Mind.

Chicago News Record: The Minnesota legislator who introduced a bill making the wearing of hoops a crime may have meant well, but he must be unfamiliar with the feminine mind. A woman would delight to array herself in forbidden togs and walk all over the fragments of any such statute. I will be a grief to the gentler sex to realize that the bill cannot pass, and if it could there would be holes in its constitutionality through which she could sweep in expansive crinoline and never disturb the ruffle on the most distant outpost of her skirt.

THE ACT OF A MADMAN.

He Shot a Young Girl and Then Blew Out His Brains.

BOSTON, Feb. 28.—Joseph A. Farquharson, a wine and cider merchant on Federal street, has for the past six months boarded and roomed at No. 77 Worcester street. Recently he received a letter from his daughter in England, announcing that she was ill with typhoid fever and this news had a most depressing effect upon him.

He had been in the habit of visiting a friend of his, Dr. J. M. Gordon, of Quincy, but the doctor had not seen or heard from him for some time, and last evening sent his sister, Miss Matilda Gordon, to call upon Farquharson. She called upon the latter with whom she had considerable conversation, and after completing her errand, began to make preparations for taking her train home.

As she stooped over, Farguharson drew a revolver and fired two bullets into her neck, and she pitched forward on the floor bathed in blood. Farquharson then quickly fired a shot into his own brain and died almost instantly.

The report of the revolver aroused the other inmates in the house and the police were quickly on the scene. Miss Gordon was removed to the city hospital where although her wounds are considered very dangerous it is believed that she will recover. There seems no reason to doubt that Farquharson was rendered temporarily insane by brooding over his daughter's illness.

Masonic Temple Association.

At the annual meeting of the Masonic Temple association held today, P. M. Graff, J. D. Ray, Walter Van Brunt and J. P. Johnson were elected directors. Immediately on adjournment of the stockholders' meeting the directors elected for the ensuing year officers as follows: F. H. Frisbee, president; J. R. Carey, vice president; M. O. Hall, treasurer; R. C. Ray, secretary.

SYPHILIS A Written Guarantee to CURE EVERY CASE OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Our cure is permanent and not a patching up. Cases treated eight years ago have never seen a symptom since. By describing case fully we can treat you by mail, and we give the same strong guarantee to cure or refund all money. Those who prefer to come here for treatment can do so and we will pay railroad fare both ways and hotel bills while here if we fail to cure. We challenge the world for a case that our MAGIC REMEDY will not cure. Write for full particulars and get the evidence.

We guarantee to cure or refund every dollar, and as we have a reputation to protect, also financial backing of $500,000, it is perfectly safe to all who will try the treatment. Heretofore you have been putting up and paying out your money for different treatments and although you are not yet cured, no one has paid back your money. Do not waste any more money until you try us. Old chronic, deep seated cases cured in 15 to 40 days. Investigate our financial standing, our reputation as business men. Write us for names and addresses of those we have cured who have given permission to refer to them.

If your symptoms are sore throat, mucous patches in mouth, rheumatism in bones and joints, hair falling out, eruptions on any part of the body, feeling of general depression, pains in head or bones—you have no time to waste. Those who are constantly taking mercury and potash should discontinue it.

Don't fail to write. All correspondence sent sealed in plain envelopes. We invite the most rigid investigation and will do all in our power to aid you in it. Address,

COOK REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, ILL.
Rooms 1325 to 1331 Masonic Temple.

Chris Miller's Long Walk.

Chris Miller, a young Chicagoan, is hard at work endeavoring to walk around the United States without getting more than 50 miles away from the border. He left New Orleans about eight weeks ago and has already covered over 2,600 miles. The total distance is said to be about 14,000. He is making the tour to win a wager of $5,000,



CHRIS MILLER.

and according to the conditions of the contest he cannot carry money or arms, but must earn enough to support himself while he is en route.

In order to win the wager Miller must complete his novel walk in 2¼ years from the day he started. He has already met with several exciting adventures, one of which was his capture by bandits.

Johnson, the Champion Skater.

To be world's champion bicyclist and speed skater at the same time is an honor that few athletes ever achieve. John S. Johnson won the bicycling championship in 1892 by riding a mile in 1 minute and 56 3-5 seconds, and a few days ago he defeated Joseph F. Donoghue, who claimed to be amateur champion speed skater of the world, in the 5-mile race at Red Bank, N. J. Johnson is a member of the Normanna Skating club of Minneapolis. Donoghue was plainly overmatched, but his friends claim that it was because he was ill.

The Gifted Kembles.

The Kembles covered five generations of actors, the most gifted family in that profession that the world has seen. But the dramatic gifts do not come from the Kemble side of the house, but from the female line. Roger Kemble was not an actor when he married the beautiful and accomplished daughter of an actor named Ward, but a hairdresser. Under his wife's tuition and with her companionship he developed into a fair actor, however. Twelve children were born to the couple. The oldest and most gifted of all was Mrs. Siddons. The dramatic power of the Kembles thus came through their mother, and the greatest of them was also a woman. The genius shines conspicuous on the female side throughout. If Mrs. Siddons was the greatest of the Kembles, the next greatest was her niece, Fanny Kemble, who died at the beginning of this year.

Telephone Lutes' laundry to call for your washing.

Seth Prime's Wooing.



"I'll drop in and see the widder a minute."



"This'll be a good joke onto old Seth Prime."



"Waal, I swan! I must hev staid a long time in there."—Electric Spark.

His Criticism.

Charles Lamb's dear old bookish friend, George Dyer, could never be got to say an ill word, even of the vilest miscreant. "Come, now, George," said Lamb one day, on teasing intent, "what do you say of Williams?" (Williams was the Ratcliff highway murderer—the Jack the Ripper of his day—celebrated in De Quincey's "Murder as a Fine Art.") "Well, Mr. Lamb," replied Dyer, "I must admit he was somewhat of an eccentric character."—Argonaut.

The Idea!

"Now, for example," said Miss Wellalong, twirling a corkscrew ringlet in her fingers, "there is my Cousin Penelope's little girl Fanny. Think of it! Reading Plato and only 11 years old! It is so strange and yet so charming—don't you think so, Mr. Hankinson?—to see an old head on young shoulders!"

"Y-yes," said Hankinson rather dubiously and moving his chair a little farther away.—Chicago Tribune.

A History.

1892—John Smith, a small coal dealer on Scavenger alley, yesterday compromised with his creditors at 10 cents on the dollar.

1893—Mr. John Smith, the millionaire coal man, left yesterday on a tour around the world on his $250,000 steam yacht Dusky Diamond.—Detroit Tribune.

Snowballing In Billville.

The whole town turned out yesterday an pitched into the snow;
The parson led the rumpus, an he shouted, "Let her go!"
An every man he rolled him up a ball an started in.
You orter been there, fellers, to see the fun begin!

First, Deacon Jones, who didn't b'lieve a man could fall from grace,
Jes' hit the parson in the back an snowed him in the face;
An the parson dropped his snowball; his eye was red as blood;
An when he clinched with Deacon Jones the deacon's name was mud!

Then Deacon Jones' wife came out an hit the parson one,
An in a second an a half she had him on the run;
Then all went in for fightin; they fought from fur an near!
The mayor jumped on the marshal, an the marshal licked the mayor!

We don't want no more snowballs in Billville right away,
For half the town is laid up now, with doctors' bills to pay;
The undertaker's smilin as he hugs his bit off ears—
We've had snow enough in Billville to last a hundred years!

—Atlanta Constitution.

What Can't Pull Out?

Why the

Non-pull-out

Bow on the **Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases**, made by the **Keystone Watch Case Company**, Philadelphia. It protects the Watch from the pickpocket, and prevents it from dropping. Can only be had with cases stamped with this trade mark.

Sold, without extra charge for this bow (ring), through Watch dealers only.

Ask your jeweler for pamphlet, or send to makers.

ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

	Daily Except Sunday Fast Train.	Limited Daily.	Night Daily.
Lv Duluth	9 00 am	1 55 pm	11 15 pm
Ar St. Paul	2 50 pm	6 50 pm	7 15 am
Ar Minneapolis	3 10 pm	7 10 pm	7 35 am
Ar Stillwater	3 15 pm	7 10 pm	7 20 pm
Ar Chicago	9 45 am	7 00 am	9 25 pm
Ar Milwaukee	3 30 am	4 20 am	7 10 pm
Ar Omaha	.....	9 25 pm	10 00 pm
Ar St. Louis	.....	5 15 pm	5 55 am
Ar Kansas City	.....	4 50 pm	6 30 am
Lv for Cloquet, Carlton	7 30 am	9 00 am	1 55 pm

F. B. ROSS,
Northern Passenger Agent,
425 West Superior Street.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Removed!

Pioneer Fuel Co.

To 416 W. Superior St. Chamber of Commerce Building.

Telephone 161.

Temporary Headquarters.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.

"Gill's Best" flour—the favorite with all families.

$1500, $3000, $6000, $1200, $10,000 to loan at once; lowest rates. T. O. Hall.

Dr. Schiffman extracts teeth without pain.

Today was the last day for the payment of personal property taxes and there was a great rush at the county treasurer's office. A penalty of 10 per cent attaches after today.

The only birth reported to the board of health this morning was that of a son to Walter and Julia Horr, 310 East Third street.

Superintendent Nelson, of the Madison, Wis., public schools, with a party of Madison people was shown through the Central High school building yesterday and the usual quantity of favorable comments was the result.

Owing to the blockade of the railroad trains, Dr. Wayland Hoyt will be unable to reach Duluth in time to deliver his lecture at the Central High school this evening, hence it has been postponed until Friday evening, March 3.

The Ionic Masonic lodge gave work last night in the second degree. One feature of the evening was the presentation of a past master's jewel to F. B. Lazier. The jewel is a very handsome one.

The Superior Leader announces that negotiations have been completed with Phillip Altpeter and his three sons of Milwaukee for the erection of a big brewery plant at the East end.

The Occidental hotel on Connor's Point at Superior burned about 2 o'clock this morning. The building and contents were a total loss, the proprietor P. J. Flynn and family escaping without saving anything. The loss is $7000 and insurance $3500.

There was no council meeting last evening owing to the absence of a quorum.

The regular monthly meeting of the Duluth Humane society will be held tomorrow afternoon at 5 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. rooms. Secretary G. H. Kemp will give a report of the recent state meeting.

Elegant gold picture frames just received. Call and see them at F. E. Butts & Co.

PERSONAL.

R. G. Free has returned from Toronto.

Judge D. B. Searle arrived last evening from St. Cloud.

J. C. Flynn, of Little Falls, is here today.

E. J. Longyear is down from Mountain Iron.

D. M. Finlayson came up from St. Paul last evening.

F. E. Satterlee, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Chapin left yesterday for Saginaw, and will go to California before returning.

John Owens and J. F. Towell were down from Virginia yesterday.

Chief Smith returned yesterday from Canada.

Mrs. Ella Barker and children left yesterday for Florida to be absent several weeks.

THREE RAILWAY ACCIDENTS.

Two Engines Jump the Track and a Car Cut In Two.

As if to substantiate the railroad man's claim that accidents always "go in threes" there were three reported accidents yesterday, none of them due to storm or bad weather. Two of the accidents were rather remarkable ones and the other was merely a commonplace affair. They were all in the afternoon.

At 2:25 o'clock at New Duluth the engine on Conductor Sargent's train jumped the track while switching and rolled over on its side. The delay lasted until about 5 o'clock when with the assistance of extra men and the derrick car the engine was replaced on the rails and left on the side track at New Duluth.

A short line Northern Pacific engine while running over the Northern Pacific bridge between Superior and this place broke a flange on one of the trucks and left the rails, ploughing its way along for about a car length and finally resting securely but out of place on the stringers. A Great Northern engine rendered material assistance in clearing the track and the delay was close on to two hours.

The third and largest accident of the day was when the Duluth & Iron Range main line was backing down from Endion yard to the Union depot. When opposite the power house of the Hartman Electric company the train ran into a St. Paul & Duluth switch engine damaging the engine considerably and breaking one passenger coach square across the middle and smashing the sides in. The second coach was partially derailed and the platforms of the forward car were slightly damaged. No one was hurt, but someone, to use a railroad expression, will have to "dance on the carpet" in explanation.

Are Still At It.

The Amalgamated association is still at work in Superior as is shown by the fact that notices have been posted warning laborers to keep away from the West Superior Iron and Steel works. Part of the circular reads as follows:

"All honorable men are requested to keep away from the rolling mills of the West Superior Iron and Steel company pending the struggle for right and justice between the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel workers and the above company. Our demands are just. We merely want the same wages as other men have elsewhere for the same class of work and the right to organize as true American citizens for our welfare."

FIGHTING THE STORM

The Railroads Made a Gallant Effort to Keep Their Lines Open But Were Worsted.

All Incoming Trains Are Several Hours Late and Traffic is Generally Demoralized.

The Street Car Lines Are No Better Off and Have Made Little Headway Today.

Another big storm swooped down on the head of the lakes region yesterday evening and howled fiercely all the night long. It was a regular old blizzard such as the "oldest inhabitant" sits around the fire and tells about, and it really would have been a credit to Dakota except that the temperature was not low. Four inches of snow had fallen by 7 o'clock last evening and the wind was whistling along at a locomotive pace. Contrary to the expectations of Observer Bronson the storm did not die out at midnight but seemed to increase in force toward morning.

Railroad travel at the head of the lakes is decidedly "out of whack" today, and every train on every road was more or less off schedule time. Outgoing trains last night were moved out of the depots by the assistance of two and in some cases three locomotives, and the struggle of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha night express to leave the depot attracted a crowd of several hundred people to the Fifth avenue crossing at 11 o'clock. There were two heavy locomotives attached, but for 30 minutes the train could not cross the avenue. The stack of the head engine was red hot from the smoke drum to the top and a sheet of flame cleared the stack at least 20 feet. The train was 32 minutes late leaving the crossing and made but slow progress through the yards.

The St. Paul & Duluth night express was about 10 minutes late getting out of the Union depot coach shed and two of the largest engines had hard work to get a "move" on the rather heavy train.

This morning suburban and short line trains were all late and freight work in the yards was practically at a standstill until about noon.

Train dispatchers offices and depot bulletin boards at 1:30 o'clock today gave the following intelligence:

St. Paul & Duluth road—Suburban trains running behind time and irregularly. Last night's train out of St. Paul reported twelve hours late and stuck in snow at Gladstone, with this morning's northbound train behind her. Southbound night express ten to twelve hours late. Morning mail six hours behind. Both limiteds will leave on time. No freights moving and other trains running with two and three engines.

Northern Pacific—Freights at a complete standstill. Train from the west due at 1:05 o'clock this morning running two hours behind time with rotary snow plow ahead and three engines on train. Suburban trains greatly behind time and irregular.

Wisconsin Central—Freights all off time and abandoned. Passenger due at 11:40 a. m. reported three hours late and losing time. Other trains badly delayed.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic—Due here at 7:20 a. m. reported five hours late but not in at 1 o'clock. Freights abandoned.

Duluth and Iron Range—Morning trains out of here are off, Ely train with double header engines arrived shortly before 2 o'clock. No freights moving.

Duluth & Winnipeg—All trains abandoned.

Duluth, Missabe & Northern—All out bound trains abandoned. Inbound passenger greatly delayed. No freights moving.

Eastern Minnesota—No freights on the road. Afternoon passengers on both ends started on time, but will be several houss late.

Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha—Northbound limited is six hours late. Train from St. Paul abandoned last night. Train from here last night reached St. Paul about 3 o'clock this afternoon. Other trains more or less behind and freight trains blocked everywhere.

The situation is practically one of a general blockade on all lines. On many of the roads out of St. Paul last night, all trains, both passenger and freight, were abandoned and no train which left St. Paul last evening was over twenty-five miles away from that city by daybreak this morning. The snow is reported as drifting badly in every direction and no time is being made up anywhere.

In the various yards here, but little is being done and crews and engines are doubled in nearly every instance. Trains on the main lines are being hauled with two to five engines. The postoffice at 1 o'clock had a bulletin out as follows: "No mails in this morning and don't know when trains will arrive."

The street car lines shared in the general blockade and are slowly being dug out of the snow. The Lakeside line is not running at all. The Superior street line is open from Twentieth avenue east to Twenty-sixth avenue west. West Duluth is without service as is also Woodland Park. The Fourth street east line is open to Fourteenth avenue east and the West Fourth street line is abandoned.

RAILROADS ARE CRIPPLED.

The Storm Extended Throughout the Whole of Minnesota.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 28.—A terrible blizzard, which is thought to outrival in fury the memorable storm of March 7, 1892, swept over this section of Minnesota last night, and in consequence everything which is on wheels is tied up. Railroads are as completely crippled as if the track had been torn up. Great transcontinental passenger trains are lying in the yards almost unable to move a wheel, and at least a dozen trains are snow bound in this vicinity.

The storm territory extends west and north as far as Fergus Falls, east to Duluth and Eau Claire, and two hundred miles to the south. In this city fifteen inches of snow fell in fourteen hours, and the wind which has blown until now at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour piled the drifts ten feet high. All switching in the immense Twin City freight yards, ten miles long, is stopped.

At Red Wing the Milwaukee vestibuled train, called "the Flying Dutchman," is stalled in the yards in twenty-three inches of fresh snow. Electric and cable car traffic in the city is temporarily stopprd, although the tracks are now getting in shape. Thousands of people were compelled to walk through the immense drifts to their work this morning.

WORST OF THE SEASON.

Railroads in Northern Michigan Blockaded By Huge Drifts.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 28.—A special to the News from Ironwood says: The very worst storm of the winter was a June zephyr to a Dakota blizzard, in comparison with the terrific storm that has raged here for the past thirty hours, and which is still in progress.

The snow is from three to eight feet deeper today than yesterday, and it is impossible to drive teams in the streets. All business is at a standstill. Lake Shore and Wisconsin Central trains from Milwaukee and Chicago are snowbound thirty miles south of here.

A relief train with four engines and two coaches left here at 9 o'clock to attempt to reach the Lake Shore limited snowed under near Manitowish, Wis., and take off the passengers and mail.

A special from Crosswell says: A blizzard struck the northern part of Sanilac county yesterday afternoon, completely cutting off traffic. The train due here at 4:54 yesterday afternoon on the Sandbeach division of the Flint & Pere Marquette road is stalled in five feet of snow near Minden. Six engines and two snow plows are working to get the train through.

The Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad has the worst blockade of the winter on its northern division. A terrific wind has filled the cuts with huge drifts of snow six to ten feet deep. The Mackinaw passenger train, due here at 10:30 last night, is stalled at Mancelona, and the snow plow sent out to relieve the train is also stuck. The road for miles is impassable. Traffic is suspended, but no accidents have been reported.

SEVERE IN WISCONSIN.

From All Points Come Tales of Suffering and Disaster.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Feb. 28.—Specials to the Journal from all parts of the state show the present snow and wind storm to be one of unprecedented severity. From Rhinelander, on the north, where the lake shore limited lay for ten hours in a dritt, to New Richmond in the west, where for twelve hours not a train has moved, the tale is one of suffering and disaster.

In Milwaukee the thermometer is creeping downwards and the wind is blowing at the rate of forty-five miles an hour. The storm center seems to be at Marquette, Michigan.

Mining Matters.

Alex McLaren and W. W. Potter, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., James Sheridan and Mee Bros., of Duluth, says the Grand Rapids Magnet, will at once start a developing crew to work on sections 12, 13, 15, 18 and 30-56-23. The work will be under the supervision of E. W. Mee.

J. W. Day, who arrived in Grand Rapids, Friday night, will put a prospecting crew onto the sw¼ section 30-58-22.

Eli Griffin, in connection with J. E. Warner of Minneapolis, will commence prospecting on the south half of section 16-59-24 in a few days.

THE

Duluth Board of Trade

Finding additional room necessary will build a very large and handsome building.

Property adjacent to this building will be immensely increased in value.

No site has been selected and property holders, with others interested, are invited to submit offers of bonus to be paid for the location of the Board of Trade building upon a site named by the guarantors of the bonus.

Offers of bonus must be made in the name of persons of known responsibility or accompanied by ample guarantees.

Within reasonable bounds the building will be placed in the locality offering the largest bonus.

O. C. HARTMAN,
A. D. THOMSON,
JNO. MACLEOD,
FRANKLIN PAINE,
Committee.

THE MUNICIPAL COURT.

A Couple of Drunks Sentenced and One or Two Offenders Disposed of.

Old King Alcohol was out last evening and succeeded in capturing completely Thomas McConley and Moses Johnson. Thomas' act of inebriety was met with a suspension of sentence in the municipal court this morning while poor Moses got a commitment of ten days in the county jail.

F. E. Butts & Co. paid $3.50 for obstructing the street.

Chas. Winner dropped $3.50 into Deputy Clerk Tischart's hands as the result of being convicted upon the charge of working on Sunday. Charles runs a barber shop at 338 Lake avenue south and the complaint, made by Edward McClure, a contemporary in the tonsorial profession, bore the following language: "Said Chas. Winners, did at said time and place, shave the beard of one Chas. G. Firoved and received from said Chas. G. Firoved the sum of 25 cents."

GOLD BURIED BY MISERS.

They Were Frozen to Death and Their Money Now Unearthed.

HOLLY, Mich., Feb. 28.—About $20,000 in cash belonging to the Fagan misers, the two brothers who were found frozen to death in their house five miles north of here Saturday, has been unearthed up to today.

Last night $15,000 had been discovered, and this morning a pot containing $5000 in gold was discovered in the cellar. It is not known to which brother the gold belonged. Another mystery was cleared up today by the finding of a certificate of deposit of $7500. It was the money received by the sale of John's farm.

The property belonging to the Fagans already recovered or accounted for amounts to $37,000. The old shanty where the brothers lived is being torn down in search for their hidden wealth.



THE LARGEST AND FINEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN THE WEST. THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES.

$10.00 REWARD

For information that will lead to the whereabouts of J. F. Nellis, (former address 1541 West Michigan street, Duluth, Minn.,) who drew the $100 in gold on February 1st, 1893.

Notice is Hereby Given, If said J. F. Nellis does not apply for prize which he drew, and which WE ARE ANXIOUS TO PAY, by March 15th, 1893, we will have

Another Drawing! *All Tickets Were Preserved.*

When last heard of he was in the employ of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad. Our letter to them and answers, are as follows:

THE GENERAL MANAGER,
ST. P. & D. R. R., ST. PAUL.
Duluth, Minn., Feb. 20, '93.

DEAR SIR:—Will you kindly let us know if there is in the employ of your road a man named J. F. Nellis, who is either a switchman or brakeman; also where a letter can find him, and oblige,
Yours Truly,
M. S. BURROWS & CO.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.,
DULUTH, MINN.
St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 23, '93.

GENTLEMEN;—The party referred to, J. F. Nellis, worked for us two round trips in December, and then left the service of the company; could not give you any information as to his present address. Yours, E. L. BROWN,
M. of T., St. P. & D. Ry.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

WHEAT WAS DULL TODAY.

An Early Decline Was Recovered and the Close Firm.

The wheat market was dull today and fluctuating. May No. 1 northern opened firm at ½c higher than yesterday's close, ruled dull and irregular and broke ¼c, recovering the decline before noon on slow business. Track wheat opened steady with a few sales early at 66½c. It broke ½c but recovered. The afternoon session was dull but steady and the close was firm at yesterday's figures except for track No. 2 northern, which was ½c lower. Following were the closing prices:

No. 1 hard, cash, 67¾c; February, 67¾c; May, 72¼c; July, 74¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 65¼c; February, 65¼c; May, 69½c; July, 72¼c. No. 2 northern, cash, 59½c. No. 3, 54¾c. Rejected, 48¾c. On track—No. 1 northern 65½c; No. 2 northern 62½. Rye, 47c.

Car inspection today, 58. Receipts—Wheat, 7565 bus. Cars on track, 16; last year, 93.

Weekly Flour Statement.

Showing the production, shipments and quantity of flour in store by the mills at Duluth and Superior, and the receipts and shipments and amount in store by the several railroads for the week ending Saturday, Feb. 25, 1893.

	Barrels Produced	Barrels Sh'pd	Barrels On hand
Duluth, bbls	2,704	12,764	21,916
Superior bbls	9,553	9,553	None
Total, bbls	12,257	22,317	21,916

RAILROAD REPORT, (FLOUR IN TRANSIT.)

Name of railroad.	Receiv'd	Shipp'd	In Store.
St. P. & D.	1,850	None	9,210
Northern Pacific	600	----	2,250
Eastern Minn.	----	----	----
C. M. St. P. & O.	----	----	----
Totals	2,450	None	11,460

There is nothing new in the flour situation here. The demand continues to be small at unchanged prices. The Duluth mills were idle most of the week, while the Freeman mill at Superior made a good run every day during last week. The demand for mill stuffs continues good. Prices are firm and it is hard to keep up with orders.

Outside Markets.

CHICAGO, Feb. 28.—The close: Wheat: February, 73¼c; May, 76⅞@76¾c; July, 75¼@75¾c. Corn, February, 40½c; May, 43c; July, 40⅝c. Oats, February, 29⅞c; May, 32¼c; July, 31⅝c. Pork, February, $18; May, $18.30; July, $18.35. Lard, February, $12.70. Ribs: February, $10.00; May, $10.15; July, $10.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 28.—Wheat: May opened at 67⅛c and closed at 67⅞c; July opened at 70c and closed at 70½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 67¼c; No. 1 northern, 66c; No. 2 northern 63@64c.

W. P. BROWN,

GRAIN, PROVISIONS AND STOCKS

Private Wires to Chicago and New York.

107 and Chamber of Commerce.

New York Stocks.

	Opened.	Closed.
Atchison	31⅝	32⅛
C., B. & Q.	94⅞	95⅜
Chicago Gas	86¼	88½
Erie	21	21⅛
C. & N. W.	111¼	112
St. Paul	75¾	77¼
Delaware, Lackawanna & West'n	----	----
Louisville & Nashville	73½	74⅜
Missouri Pacific	54⅝	55½
New England	30⅞	32½
Northern Pacific	38⅛	39⅞
Reading	25¾	26⅝
Rock Island	81⅞	83⅝
Richmond Terminal	----	----
Sugar Trust	120¾	123¾
Union Pacific	37	38
Western Union	94⅝	95⅞
Whisky Trust	34⅞	35⅞

The Hum of Industry.

The hum of industry is growing louder in North Galveston, Tex. The Compo Board factory and the Agricultural Implement works are nearly completed. The same is true of the Knitting and Hosiery mills, Wool Scouring establishment and other enterprises. With good markets for their products, abundance of raw material and splendid shipping facilities, manufacturers are eagerly seizing upon this new field of profit. Messrs. Holwick & Youngblood, No. 327 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn., are the local agents of the North Galveston association, and they will be glad to furnish all particulars. The home address of the association is box 963, Minneapolis, Minn.

LOANS PLACED WITHOUT DELAY
ON FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITIES.
MENDENHALL & HOOPES
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
HOUSES TO RENT.

DR. SPEER & CO.,
SPECIALISTS,
NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES! Main office New York block, corner Fourteenth street and Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Branch offices, Marquette and Saginaw, Mich. Dr. Speer, in charge of the head office, is a graduate of the medical department of Harvard University, class of '74, and is registered as such in both hemispheres.
YOUNG MEN Who have been suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions will do well to avail themselves of this chance.
DR. SPEER & CO. Will guarantee a perfect cure in all cases of weakness or private disease of any kind or character they undertake or forfeit $250. There are many of the age of 30 to 50 who are troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting sensation and weakening of the system in a manner which the patient cannot account for. There are many who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of weakness.
LADIES finding it not convenient to call at the office can be treated by mail by sending a full description of their cases. Perfect cure guaranteed in all such cases. Examination and advice free. Remember the place, NEW YORK BLOCK, COR. FOURTEENTH AND TOWER AVENUE, WEST SUPERIOR, WIS. Railroad fare deducted from the price of treatment.

Awnings, Packstraps and Tents,
EVERYTHING IN CANVAS AND EXPLORERS' OUTFITS.
STEAM PIPES COVERED.
C. POIRIER, BOOTS AND SHOES
REPAIRING PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
TELEPHONE 125.



CREATES A PERFECT COMPLEXION
MRS. GRAHAM'S Cucumber and Elder Flower Cream
Is not a cosmetic. Cleanses the skin and makes it soft and smooth and white. For sale by all druggists. Send 10 cents in stamps for sample and book on "Beauty." MRS. GERVAISE GRAHAM, "Beauty Doctor," 1355 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

Face Massage and Steaming,
Scalp Treatments.
Fashionable Hair Dressing
AND MANICURING,
AT
BOYD & WILBUR'S,
TEMPLE OPERA BLD'G.
We carry a complete line of Mrs. Graham's Goods.

DULUTH Business University.
105-107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
It pays to attend THE BEST. Young men and women do you wish a thorough course in *Business, Shorthand and Typewriting or Telegraphy?* If so, attend the Duluth Business University, the FINEST ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE and SCHOOL of STENOGRAPHY in the West. For information, call at College or write for Catalogue.
W. W. PHIPPS President. W. C. McCARTER, Secretary
Day and Evening Sessions.

What is the Excitement Upon First Ave. West?
A Fire? Oh, No!
The crowd is going to BAYHA & CO.'S FURNITURE STORE, where they are getting Big Bargains in Parlor Suites, Bed-Room Suites, Dining-Room Suites, Lounges, Couches, Hall Racks, Parlor Tables and everything usually kept in a first-class furniture store. FALL IN LINE. DON'T GET LEFT.
BAYHA & CO.
No. 108 and 110 First Avenue West.

Duluth Cash Grocery
208 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

To those who buy groceries on credit we say DON'T, buy for cash and save from 15 to 25 per cent on your purchases by buying from us. Compare our list with prices at credit stores.

Starch! Starch!
6 Pound Box for 45c Gloss Starch

Rolled Meal!
10c per Package, why pay 15c.

Best Patent Flour
$2.05
Per large sack. This flour is milled from No. 1 Hard Red River Valley wheat; not a second grade.

Raisins! Raisins! Raisins!
Best California Muscatels, 9c per pound, 3 pounds for 25c.
Best California Seedless, 10c per pound.
Mixed Pickels 30c per bottle.
Best Patras Currants, 6c per pound, 20 pounds for $1.00.
Carolina Rice, 5c per pound, 20 pounds for $1.00.
English Preserves, 21c per jar.
Van Houten's Cocoa, 85c per lb. can; 45c per ½ lb can.
An A 1 English Breakfast Tea, 35c.
Best Jap Tea Dust, 12c per lb.
Sardines, 7c per can.
Salmon, 15c per can.

DULUTH CASH GROCERY CO.
MALCOLM MATHESON, Man'gr.

LYCEUM World's Finest Theater. Arthur Miller, Lessee.
TONIGHT!
THE EDITH ROSS GRAND SCOTTISH CONCERT COMPANY,
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF Clan Stewart, NO. 50. O. S. C.
SEATS SELLING NOW.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND!

Pursuant to a resolution passed at a meeting of the board of directors of THE MISSABE MOUNTAIN IRON COMPANY, held on the 6th day of January, 1893, notice is hereby given that a semi-annual dividend of four and one-half per cent upon the issue of the capital stock of said company will be paid on the 20th day of March, 1893. The stock book for the transfer of stock for the payment of dividends will be closed March 1st, 1893.

LEWIS J. MERRITT,
SECRETARY.

The Town Of Biwabik!

Has increased 1000 Per Cent in population in the last half year, and is growing rapidly. Two railroads in operation and its tributary mines are among the biggest and best. All who go and see the growth and activity, buy, and thus make money. The easterly 40 is now on sale. Remember "the early bird catches the worm," and call early. It will pay you.

D. W. Scott,
408 First National Bank Bld'g.,
DULUTH, MINN.

CATARRH
Are you over troubled with
CATARRH
in any form? If so, go at once to A. Tattersall & Co., 607 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn., and try CATARRHALIX, the greatest known cure for this offensive and dangerous disease. Do not delay! Catarrhalix reaches the diseased parts at once, giving immediate relief and drives the poison from the system, and effects a positive cure.
Cures acute cases in seven days. Price of CATARRHALIX only ONE DOLLAR. Costs nothing to learn all about this great remedy.
A. Tattersall & Co.,
No. 607 Chamber of Commerce,
DULUTH, MINN.

March complete

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1893. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. THREE CENTS

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men

ESTABLISHED 1881.

Store Closed Every Evening Except Mondays and Saturdays.

TODAY SEVERAL LOTS of the most fashionable, long-cut Kersey and Melton Winter Overcoats and Ulsters march in unison with the other changed-price ones. The unexpected has happened. Didn't find it, but these lots sold so well (some sizes all gone) and since we don't want to carry over any Tom, Dick or Harry sizes, you may save $5, $10 or $15 on these also. Most probably the salesman will say to you "Now or Next?" If you say "Now," he'll size you up as a bond-holder, a millionaire, and try to sell you something there is a little profit in for us. If you say "next," he'll say, a wise man—nary a profit. You'll get all the advantage of the changed prices. You carry the interest account in the cash pocket of it, and we don't.

Some Overcoats That Were $35 and $30, Now $20.
Some That Were $25, Now $15.
Some That Were $20, $18 and $15, Now $10.
Some That Were $40, Now $25.

Don't be afraid we're making too much money. We're giving you the chance to make it all.

The BIG DULUTH

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL, Props.

Wholesalers and Retailers of Lumbermen's, Miners and Explorer's Supplies.

Talking It Over.

That House of Brown's! Dropping in on Brown the other night you noticed how snug, cosey and nice EVERYTHING looked. You remarked to Helen at the time that you couldn't understand how it was the Browns were making such headway in the world. "It is strange," replied that charming little woman, "but I think, dear, they buy their Furniture and Carpets on the installment plan." If you recall it you thought how dingy and cheerless was your own little home, despite the touches of feminine taste and ingenuity apparent here and there in the fixings. It was the contrast of Brown's place that made it seem shabbier than it really is. But you felt dissatisfied, and Helen was sort of hurt at a remark you made about Brown's wife being a woman of unusual tact. That was unkind in you.

Fact Is: Mrs. Brown isn't half the manager your own wife is. Brown planned the the whole business. He opened an account with F. S. Kelly three years ago, furnished two or three rooms on a couple of dollars cash, and paid the balance in installments. Then he added a piece here and a piece there; got a Carpet for the parlor, and his wife saved enough of her table allowance to pay a dollar a week on that pretty Parlor Suit you and Helen thought so lovely. Yes, I said him that Folding Bed and the Bronze Ornaments, too, for the mantel. You see you bought what you have for cash. You feel that you want to deal that way, but you never seem able to get together enough ready money to make a second investment. You know your home looks shabby and you feel ashamed to invite your friends to see you.

That's Not Wise in You! Just determine you're going to make your home a gem of beauty and then come and see me. My arrangement with you will go a long way towards doing the rest. Costs more that way? Nonsense! Some irresponsonsible house may stick you, but you can rely on what I tell you. You can buy goods from me on my easy payment plan more cheaply than you will pay cash for them at some other stores in this city.

GIVE THE CASE A TRIAL.—Come to me and talk it over. You needn't buy unless you want to, and it will cost you nothing but your time to examine the stock.

F. S. Kelly, EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME. EVERYTHING FOR THE OFFICE. ON EASY PAYMENTS.

710 and 712 West Superior Street.

J. M. GEIST, THE LEADING HOUSE IN Fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Etc.

If You Want A HAT— A STYLISH HAT. If You Want THE CORRECT THING IN A HAT—

IN FACT, IF YOU WANT TO BE IN THE SWIM WEAR NOTHING BUT THE

SPRING STYLES HAVE ARRIVED.

Dunlap Hat!

CATE & CLARKE, Sole Agents.

DUE TO A BROKEN RAIL

A Train on the Iron Mountain Derailed in Arkansas and Thirteen Passengers Seriously Injured.

One Sleeping Car, Two Day Coaches and a Chair Car Were Overturned in the Ditch.

The Occupants of the Cars Thrown Into a Confused Heap and Rescued With Difficulty.

ST. LOUIS, March 1.—Train No. 2, northbound, on the Iron Mountain railroad, was derailed by a broken rail at a point one mile north of Hope, Arkansas, at 7 o'clock this morning. Thirteen passengers were seriously injured. The train was running on schedule time and the engine and baggage car passed over the broken rail safely.

One sleeping car, two day coaches and a chair car left the rails and were overturned in the ditch. The overturned coaches caught fire and were destroyed. The occupants of the cars were thrown into a confused heap and were rescued with great difficulty by the train men and uninjured parties.

No names of the injured can be learned at present. Wrecking trains were sent from Texarkana and carried surgeons to the wreck.

MAY HAVE MET A MISHAP.

The Steamship Naronic, of the White Star Line, Long Overdue.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The White Star line steamship Boviac arrived from Liverpool this morning bringing no news of the Naronic, her sister ship, which left Liverpool on Feb. 11 and is consequently nine days overdue. The agents in this city of the White Star line are convinced that the Naronic has met with some serious mishap, prebably to her machinery.

The Naronic is a steel vessel of 6594 tons register and built more for the accommodation of freight, animals and birds than as a passenger ship. She is commanded by Capt. Wm. Roberts, an experienced officer, who was formerly of the Adriatic.

If she has broken down the accident is certainly a serious one, for she was fitted with two separate engines and any accident to one engine would not have kept her out as long as this.

There are several steamships overdue from two to four days. The Ethiopia from East Indian ports: the Critic from Leith; the Suevia from Southampton and the Italy from London are all overdue and supposed to have met with rough weather which has delayed them.

A LETTER FROM GROVER.

The President-elect Writes to Maine Democratic Club.

PORTLAND, Me., March 1.—The following letter from President-elect Cleveland was read at the annual banquet of the Young Men's Democratic club last night:

"Your kind letter received. I am gratified to think you have remembered me. No one appreciates more fully than I the stalwart service and earnest endeavors of the Democracy of the Pine Tree state, and while I hardly expected to see your state in the Democratic column this year I am much gratified at the substantial gains which you made. Please extend to the members of your club my heartiest congratulations upon the creditable part which they have taken in bringing about the recent Democratic victory, and my sincere hope that the occasion you contemplate may be one of rare interest and enthusiasm. Sincerely,

GROVER CLEVELAND."

A VERY STRANGE DISEASE.

Terrible Mortality in the French Parishes in Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, Man., March 1.—A strange and fatal disease has visited the people of Lorette and St. Anne's. Scarcely a house has escaped it, and forty-eight deaths have been reported up to date, the majority of them being children.

It was thought at first that the disease was diphtheria and then scarlet fever, but the doctors now do not seem to know what it is and can do little towards stopping it. Some who are reported to be better in the morning are reported to be dead by night.

Had Terrific Weather.

HALIFAX, N. S., March 1.—The British steamer R. F. Matthews, Capt. Stewart, from Baltimore for Rotterdam, nineteen days out from the former port, arrived yesterday. She had terrific weather from the time of leaving and was four days out when her high pressure engine broke down. They had a low pressure engine and decided to make Halifax for repairs, and for fifteen days they have been struggling to reach this port in a succession of westerly and northwesterly gales.

Carter Harrison Victorious.

CHICAGO, March 1.—The Democratic municipal convention yesterday nominated Carter H. Harrison for mayor by an overwhelming majority. The first ballot stood: Harrison, 531; Cregier, 93; Hesing, 57. The ticket was completed by the nomination of M. J. Bransfield for treasurer, Charles Gastfield for city clerk, and George A. Trude for city attorney.

Resubmission in Dakota.

BISMARCK, N. D., March 1.—McLean's resubmission resolution passed the house yesterday afternoon, 32 to 25. It must pass the senate also, and when it reaches Governor Shortridge it is announced that he will veto it.

McKINLEY'S LIABILITIES.

It is Said the Governor's Name Is on Paper Aggregating $200,000.

NEW YORK, March 1.—A special from Cincinnati to the World says: It is reported here that Governor McKinley's liabilities, instead of being $118,000, are nearly $200,000. It is also said that he was not only the endorser of notes for Robert Walker, of Youngstown, whose failure brought on the crash, but the joint maker of many of them, which were used in a coal mine venture near Connelsville, Penn., and both were interested. These notes, it is alleged, have been running four or five years.

A special from Youngstown to the same papers says that many notes have been found that bear the name of Governor McKinley and Robert Walker as indorser. The governor's friends say that he signed the notes in that way so it would be easier for Walker to get the money on them.

The World's Columbus reporter asked Governor McKinley about the $200,000 story and he said: "My information is that my name is on notes as maker and indorser to the amount of $100,000, but it is all accommodation paper. There is no doubt that I am the joint maker of many notes, but it was accomodation paper merely."

ANTI-OPTION BILL DEAD.

Mr. Hatch Was Unable to Get a Two-Thirds Vote to Suspend the Rules Today.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The Hatch anti-option bill sustained its final defeat in the house today. Mr. Hatch made a strong fight to secure its consideration, but he could not muster a sufficient force. Mr. Hatch moved to suspend the rules and concur in senate amendment to the anti-option bill. Against this motion a point of order was made, but was overruled. A second was demanded on Mr. Hatch's motion by Tom Johnson, of Ohio, and it was seconded by a vote of 163 to 7.

Filibustering was then started by the opponents of the bill. An effort was made to secure a quorum, and many members refused to vote. Finally a vote was secured on Hatch's motion to suspend the rules and concur in the senate ament. The vote was: Yeas, 172; nays, 123. There not being the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative, the motion was lost. This finally defeats the bill so far as the present congress is concerned.

WHISKY TRUST REPORT.

Committee Recommend Reduction of Duty on Imported Liquors.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The house judiciary committee yesterday adopted the report of the sub-committee which investigated the whisky trust. The report recommends that the duty on imported liquors be reduced from $2.50 to $1 per gallon and that the tariff on all goods be reduced whenever it is found that they are influenced by a trust or combination.

Recommendation is also made that rectifying establishments be made subject to governmental supervision, and that all rectified or compounded goods be stamped so as to show the components.

The report is unanimous with the exception of one clause relative to the effect of the tariff. Messrs. Buchanan, of New Jersey, Ray, of New York, and Broderick, of Kansas (Republicans), take exception to the views of the majority on this point, and will file a brief report stating their views in this connection. The tariff, they say, has nothing to do with the adulteration of liquors.

The Distilling and Cattle Feeding company is not regarded as a trust. It is found to be a corporation owning and operating between seventy and eighty establishments.

FROM A CRIMINAL CAUSE.

The Death of Maggie Manson Declared Due to Criminal Practice.

NEW YORK, March 1.—The coroner's inquest into the death of Miss Maggie Manson, who died from a criminal operation, was resumed yesterday. The most important testimony was given by Joseph Manson, a brother of the dead girl.

He said he was with his sister on the day she died, and a short time before she expired she told him that Florence Donovan was the father of the child, and that he furnished her money to pay for the operation performed upon her for the purpose of getting rid of her child. The operation had been performed by Drs. Diemer and Chase.

The jury returned a verdict to the effect that Miss Manson had come to her death from septicæmia, resulting from a criminal operation performed by Sarah B. Chase and L. F. Diemer, and that Florence Donovan was accessory before the act. Donovan is an ex-arbitration committeeman of New York.

ONE CHILD WAS KILLED.

Collision on the New Haven and Hartford Road Today.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 1.—The midnight train from New York on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, collided with the Stonington boat train at Norwood at 5:25 o'clock killing one child and injuring half a dozen passengers.

The dead child is the 9-months old son of Andrew Verrich, of 276 Charles street this city. None of the injured are in a dangerous condition.

The Jury Disagreed.

ST. PAUL, March 1.—The jury in the case of Dr. Pearce, charged with committing an abortion on Mrs. S. B. Clayton, yesterday afternoon reported to Judge Kelly that they were unable to agree and were discharged. They had been out since late Monday evening.

The Democrat Seated.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—In the Alabama election case the sitting Democratic member (Turpin) was declared entitled to his seat by a vote of 188 to 62.

THE SECRET SESSION.

Another Effort Made in Executive Session of the Senate to Confirm Gen. Findlay's Appointment.

The Move Not Very Hearty and Republicans Were Disposed to Leave it to the Democrats.

Little Hope of Hanchett's Appointment as Judge Being Confirmed or Hawaiian Treaty Being Ratified.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—After the three ineffectual attempts to get an executive session the Republicans were successful today, the understanding being, however, that nothing of a disputed character should be considered. Accordingly when Mr. Sherman made the motion there was no opposition. The session lasted for half an hour. As was intimated in these dispatches a few days ago, the effort was made to reconsider the vote by which the nomination of Mr. John V. L. Findlay, of Maryland, to be Chilian arbitrator was rejected.

The effort was not a very hearty one and met with failure. The Republicans looked upon the matter as something for the Democrats to settle. Mr. Findlay was a Democrat, and although nominated by Mr. Harrison, they said he was opposed by the Maryland delegation and they were willing to let it go at that and permit Mr. Cleveland to make the selection for the office. The result being apparent, it is said that no formal vote was taken and the rejection of the nominee was subsequently made public.

The tacit agreement regarding disputed nominations did not prevent the preliminary steps being taken in the Hanchett nomination. As soon as the executive session began, this nomination was referred to the judiciary committee and before it was over the committee held a meeting on the floor and by a strict party vote reported the nomination favorably.

Of course this was as far as the matter could proceed today and Republicans admit that there is little hope of the confirmation of Mr. Hanchett. A number of naval nominations were confirmed, but the names of a number of well known gentlemen are not upon the list that was given out. Among these missing names is that of Lieut. Dupray, nominated to be paymaster, with the rank and pay of a major.

The nomination of Denis T. Kirby to be captain in the army, which was protested against by army officers stationed at Detroit, was also unacted upon. It is said that another attempt will be made to hold an executive session for the purpose of clearing up the calendar as quickly as possible.

WILL NOT BE RATIFIED.

The Hawaiian Treaty Will Not be Ratified by This Congress.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—"No event of the future can be more certain than that the treaty with Hawaii will not be ratified by this congress at least, and that Mr. Hanchett's nomination to the place made vacant by the promotion of Justice Jackson will not be confirmed."

So spoke a prominent Democrat of the senate judiciary committee yesterday morning. This condition of affairs is admitted by the other side. A leading Republican member of the judiciary committee said that the Republicans had no hope of confirmation of Mr. Hanchett's nomination and that they had some time ago abandoned any idea of getting final action on the treaty. One man can defeat that proposition at this stage of the proceedings of the senate and all efforts to prevent it would be futile.

Executive sessions will be rare from this time on, although there may be one or two very short ones. The calendar of foreign relations is cleared up entirely, the only rebuff that committee having met with being the rejection of the nomination of Mr. Findlay as arbitrator of this government in the matter of Chilean claims.

Upon the calendar of the judiciary committee there is but little unacted upon, the most important being that of the Utah judges. The Hanchett nomination is not yet before that committee and cannot be sent there until an executive session is held, so that it may be referred. An attempt was made yesterday to have an executive session for the purpose of acting upon a number of propositions and it was said that an attempt would be made to secure a reconsideration of the vote whereby Gen. Findlay was rejected. When the motion was made by Mr. Sherman to go into executive session, it was defeated by a party vote, some Republicans not voting. This indicates the present temper of the senate.

Paying the Interest.

PHILADELPHIA, March 1.—Checks for $210,000 were sent out last night by the Lehigh Valley Railroad company to the holders of the $6,000,000 7 per cent second mortgage bonds, as the semi-annual interest due thereon today. Under the lease the Reading company is responsible for the payment of this interest. Secretary Fanshaw, of the Lehigh Valley company, said this afternoon that he expected to receive a check for the amount from the Reading some time today.

Prof. Minto Dead.

LONDON, March 1.—Prof. Wm. Minto died today. Mr. Minto was born Oct. 10, 1845, at Auchintoul, Alford, Aberdeenshire. He was the author of a number of works, including several novels. For four years he was editor of the Examiner, now extinct, and afterwards became leading writer of the Daily News and the Pall Mall Gazette. In 1889 he was appointed professor of logic at Aberdeen. He wrote several literary biographies for the last edition of the Encyclopedia Britannica.

PANTON & WATSON

Glass Block Store.

Dress Goods Depm't!

THESE BARGAINS ARE FOR

THREE DAYS ONLY!

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, we place on sale the following New Goods:

Bedford Cords, Serges, Henriettas, Cheviots in stripes and checks, changeable stripes, etc., etc., in all the newest colorings. The goods are retailed all over for 65c and 75c; for three days only, take your choice at..... 39c Per Yard.

This is the chance of the season. Don't delay if you want a Good Dress Cheap.

SILKS—
Three days more we offer Black and Colored Silks, in the newest weaves; worth $1 to $1.25. Sale price for Three Days, 79c Per Yard.

HENRIETTA—
We offer for the next Three Days a Black Henrietta that sells at 85c, for..... 59c Per Yard.

WOOL PLAIDS—
All-wool Scotch Plaid Serges. Goods that usually sell for $1; for Three Days go at 79c Per Yard.

LINEN DEP'T—
Full Bleached Satin Damask, new goods, new patterns, good wearer; regular $1.25 quality. Sale price for Three Days..... 98c Per Yard.

BED SPREADS—
150 White Crochet Bed Spreads, full size, extra weight, sold by others at $1.25. Sale price for Three Days..... 98c Each.

WHITE GOODS—
Apron Check White Goods that others sell at 10c, go this week here at..... 6c Per Yard.

See Our Handsome Line of New Carpets. New Goods Arriving Daily.

PANTON & WATSON.

PROBABLY IN NEW ORLEANS.

One of the Clubs There Will Get the Corbett-Mitchell Fight.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—Among other arrivals yesterday were Phil Dwyer and Pat Sheedy. They came direct from Hot Springs and with them were Dave Gideon, prominent in Eastern turf circles, and Ed Kearney. They are here to attend the fight and will remain until March 10.

Mr. Dwyer stated that while interest in these battles was not so great as it was in the Corbett-Sullivan match, still New York, Boston and the East generally would be well represented, especially on the occasion of the Hall-Fitzsimmons mill.

Mr. Dwyer says he believes that Mitchell and Corbett are in earnest in their talk about fighting and that the battle will be brought off, and that as matters have recently been shaping themselves one of the New Orleans clubs will probably get the plum.

CYCLONE IN MISSISSIPPI.

A Negro Woman Killed and Other People Badly Injured.

NATCHEZ, Miss., March 1.—Meager details have been learned of a cyclone that passed twelve miles south of here at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Several houses were blown down and others badly damaged.

A negro woman was killed and several other colored people were badly injured. A boy was picked up and lodged in a tree top 100 yards away. So far as learned the storm did not cover a very large area.

Has Not Resigned.

NEW YORK, March 1.—A special to the World from San Antonio, Texas, says: Dr. Orndas, Mexican consul here, received a telegram from Secretary Romero, in which the latter says that he has not resigned the Mexican treasury portfolio, as has been published, but that he will continue at the head of the financial department, performing his duties as minister to the United States.

Badly Involved.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 1.—M. Sternberg's jewelry store was closed by the sheriff foreclosing on his failure to meet notes amounting to $12,500. His assets are estimated at $40,000. Mortgages filed so far amount to over that amount and the total liabilities will probably exceed $50,000.

A Bloodless Duel.

NEW ORLEANS, March. 1.—A duel with pistols was fought yesterday just over the state line in Texas between Editors Chevisok of Baton Rouge and Hicks of Shreveport. The distance was fifteen paces. After several shots were exchanged, the seconds effected a reconciliation between the duelists and the combatants without bloodshed. The duel was the outcome of personal journalism.

PRESENTED TO THE QUEEN.

A Drawingroom Held at Buckingham Palace Yesterday.

LONDON, March 1.—The weather was cold and clear yesterday and the sunshine gave a cheerful air to the surroundings of Buckingham palace. It was excellent weather for the drawing-room reception held by her majesty, Queen Victoria, assisted by her daughter, the Dowager Empress Frederick, the Princess Beatrice, and other members of the royal family.

About 300 persons were presented to her majesty. All the members of the American legation were presented. Mrs. Lincoln, wife of the American minister, wore a dress of black velvet and jet black lace. The train was of similar material, edged with feathers and lined with black satin. Her ornaments were diamonds.

Mrs. Waldo was among the Americans presented. Her gown was of white satin, with a white velvet manteau necour, trimmed with silver embroidery. She wore a diamond tiara. Her ornaments were pearls.

The other American ladies presented were Mrs. Post, wife of Maj. J. C. Post, military attache of the American legation; Mrs. Calthorpe, Miss Burrows and Miss Williams, of Chicago.

NEEDHAM WAS WHIPPED.

The Australian, Maber, Defeated Him in a Two Hours' Fight.

BUTTE, Mont., March 1.—One thousand two hundred people witnessed the fight between W. A. Maber, the Australian welter-weight, and Dannie Needham, of St. Paul, before the Butte Athletic club last night. Both fought at about 147 pounds weight, and were in good condition.

Maber was seconded by Sid Huntington and Young Jack Dempsey, and Needham by Joe Moore and Thomas Hogan. Duncan McDonald, of Helena, was referee. The fighting was spirited and in the thirty-fourth round Needham received more severe punishment about the face, and the first blood made its appearance from a cut lip.

The fight lasted two hours and twenty minutes and Maber was declared the winner with but little punishment.

Granted a Divorce.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Mrs. Clara Bliss Hinds was divorced yesterday from Jerome J. Hinds, by Judge Hagner. The case has been before the court for more than a year and the social standing of the lady is high. Mrs. Hinds is daughter of Dr. D. W. Bliss, who was chief physician attending President Garfield during his fatal sickness. The principal ground of bill was desertion and non-support.

Free Pig Tin and Ore.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The house yesterday passed the bill continuing pig tin and ore on the free list.

LAND TAXATION BILL.

The Markham Taxation Bill Came Up in the Senate This Afternoon as a Special Order.

Much Interest Centered in the Fight But the Friends of the Measure Are Confident.

Attorney-General Childs Has Given an Able Opinion, Declaring That the Bill is Constitutional.

ST. PAUL, March 1.—[Special to The Herald.]—The Markham railroad land taxation bill will come up in the senate as a special order at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. Great interest is centered in the fight that will then begin, and while the opposition has left nothing undone to defeat the wishes of the people in this matter, the friends of the bill are confident of securing a safe majority of the votes in the senate in its favor. The report has been circulated that if the bill were paseed Governor Nelson would veto it, but it is stated by close friends of the executive that the rumor is unfounded. Those favoring the measure are much encouraged by the opinion of Attorney General Child on its constitutionality which was presented to the senate yesterday afternoon in response to its request. The attorney general endorses the constitutionality of the bill. His opinion is as follows:

Hon. D. M. Clough, president of the senate: Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of a resolution of the honorable senate, adopted on the 23d inst., requesting my opinion as to the effect of the provisions of house file No. 12, otherwise known as the Markham bill, upon existing provisions of law providing for the payment of per centum taxes by railroad companies.

My views upon the question thus raised, as hereinafter expressed, will be all the more clearly understood, if prefaced by a brief exposition of the laws of the state by authority of which the payment of per centum taxes is assumed to be made.

The properties of railroad companies, as contemplated by our tax laws, readily admits of the following classification:

1. Those classes which are held or used for the purposes for which the corporation exists, and which contribute to its earnings.

2. Those classes which are held by it for speculative and kindred purposes.

3. Lands acquired by public grant.

By virtue of the provisions of chapter 111 of the special laws of 1873, supplemented by chapter 11 of the general laws of 1887, all railroad companies doing business in this state, save those for which provision is otherwise made by law, are required to pay into the state treasury, as their proportion of the burden of taxation, a per centage based upon the respective amounts of their gross earnings. The payment of such percentage is, as provided in the terms of the statute, "in full of all taxation and assessment whatever." Happily, the said law of 1873 has received a construction by the supreme court of this state whereby its terms have been materially narrowed. (County of Ramsey vs. C., M. & St. P. R'y Co., 33 Minn. 537.) As construed, the law provides, not an exemption from, but "a substituted method of taxation," of such property of a company brought under its provisions "as is held or used for the purposes for which the corporation exists." Preperty, therefore, which is not so used, or which, in other words, cannot properly be regarded as contributing to the earnings of such a company, is taxable under the general tax law, notwithstanding the payment of the per centum tax provided by the law of 1873. So far, then, as the said law of 1873 is concerned, the provisions of the Markham bill would have no effect upon taxes imposed upon gross earnings as therein authorized. Not only so, but so far as non-grant companies are involved in the proposed measure, it must, as is very apparent, prove a wholly unnecessary piece of legislation.

Again, railroad companies, whether grantees or otherwise, in possession of lands or property not acquired by grant, and not contributing to its earnings in the legitimate and usual exercise of its corporate powers, cannot claim exemption from taxation of such lands because of the payment of a gross earnings' tax. This view of the law is now sustained beyond controversy by two well considered decisions of our supreme court. County of Todd vs. St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway company, 38 Minn., 163; City of St. Paul vs. St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway company, 39 Minn., 112. In the case of county of Todd, above cited, the court says that "the exemption of taxable property from direct taxation is based upon the assumption that such property will be held and used for the purpose for which the corporation was created, and through such use yield to the corporation an income, and to the state a percentage of the same in lieu of direct taxation. * * * Although it might be for the profit and benefit of the company to purchase land merely for speculation, or to engage in manufacturing for profit, or in banking, it was not empowered to engage in such enterprise; and if it were to acquire and use land for such purposes, such property would not be employed in the manner contemplated by the statute in question, and would not come within the exemption there declared." It therefore follows that the proposed measure can observe no useful purpose so far as such lands are concerned.

It is only when we come to consider the effect of the said proposed measure upon provisions existing in certain legislative grants, that the question becomes one of grave importance.

No one will seriously controvert the proposition that in the absence of constitutional limitations the legislature may enter into a contract with a private corporation, binding alike upon both contracting parties, even though it imply the yielding of the sovereign power of taxation. The courts of this country have during the past fifty years, repeatedly enunciated such a doctrine and it may now be regarded as a settled law. (Cooley Cons. Lim., 6th ed., 338 and note.) Guided by this plain principle of law, we are to ascertain whether the legislature of this state has exceeded its authority in the several instances in which it has assumed to confer immunity from taxation upon railroad companies or to relieve them to any extent, of their equal share of such burden.

Land grant companies are, for the purpose of this inquiry, of two classes: (1) those whose grants were received prior to the adoption of the constitution in 1858; and (2) those whose grants were subsequently acquired. As to the first of these classes, discussion is, in my opinion, now at an end. They have been declared by the supreme court of this state, in plain and positive language, binding contracts. (First Div. St. P. & P. Ry. Co. vs. Parcher, 14 Minn. 224; State vs. W. & St. P. Ry. Co., 21 Minn. 315.) Whether the grant which passed to the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway company from the St. Paul & Pacific company, by foreclosure proceedings in 1876, carried with it any immunity from taxation, is not, in my view of the case, at all material to the present inquiry. If it still inheres in the grant, it will be unaffected by the enactment of the Markham bill; if, on the other hand, it was lost by the foreclosure, laws now existing are ample to reach the property of that company without the aid of the proposed legislation.

The question, then, is narrowed down to this. How will the Markham bill affect the per centum tax imposed on the gross earnings of companies whose grants were acquired since 1858, or which, like the Northern Pacific, claim immunity from taxation by virtue of legislation secured since that date?

The language of our constitution should be carefully noted, and I quote for convenience a few of its pertinent provisions:

"All taxes to be raised in this state shall be as nearly equal as may be." (Art. 9, sec. 1.)

"Laws shall be passed taxing all real and personal property according to its true value in money; but public burying grounds, public school houses, public hospitals, academies, colleges, universities and all seminaries of learning, all churches, church property used for religious purposes, and houses of worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and personal property to an amount not exceeding in value $200 for each individual shall, by general laws, be exempt from taxation." (Art. 9, sec. 3.)

An examination of the constitutions of the several states of the Union upon the question of taxation is helpful in construing the terms of our own. Nowhere have the people of any state employed more positive and comprehensive terms than are found in the language just quoted. While it is no doubt true that section 1 of article 9 of the constitution as now generally construed by authorities (Miller on the cons. 240; tax cases, 115 U. S. 321) leaves to legislative discretion the adoption of methods appropriate to particular subjects of taxation, nothing can be further from the contemplation of section 3 of the same article than the granting of immunities, privileges or exemptions, otherwise than as is therein expressly provided. The enumeration of the several subjects which may be exempted from taxation, is, by a well known law of construction, a limitation upon the legislature as to the power of granting exemptions. The consitution of Wisconsin, under which the case of the Wisconsin Central Railroad company vs. Taylor county (52 Wis. 37) arose, and which was urged with much insistence by the able counsel in argument before your judiciary committee, is radically different from that of this state, in that it is wanting in the exempting features of section 9. I say this on the strength of the language used by the court in that case, for it is there expressly stated: "Our constitution contains no express provision in regard to exemptions from taxation."

But my view in this respect is sustained by undoubted authority. The constitution of Florida contained the provisions:

"The legislature shall provide for a uniform and equal rate of taxation, and shall prescribe such regulations as shall secure a just valuation of all property, both real and personal, excepting such property as may be exempted by law for municipal, educational, scientific, religious or charitable purposes. (Art. 12, sec. 1.)

"The property of all corporations, whether heretofore or hereafter incorporated, shall be subject to taxation, unless such corporation be for religious, educational or charitable purposes." (Art. 13, sec. 24.

Referring to these provisions of the Florida constitution, the supreme court of the United States, in the case of Louisville and Nashville Ry. Co. vs. Palmes (109 U.S. 244) says: "It cannot be and is not contended that under these constitutional limitations the legislature of Florida could make an original grant to a railroad corporation exempting its real property from taxation."

Let me say, in passing, that it is within the evident meaning of our constitution that all property within the borders of the state, save those classes which have been expressly exempted, shall contribute its proportionate share to the support of government; and that instrument has imposed upon the legislature the duty to provide by suitable laws for the taxation of all such property. It should not be necessary to refute the proposition that under our constitution the legislature has the power to restrict taxation to either real estate or personal property, or to any one kind of property. The selection of the subjects of taxation has been made by the constitution; it only remains for the legislature to carry out the wishes of the people as therein expressed. "Every piece of property (not exempted)" say our own court, "owes to the state its proportionate share of the amount necessary to be raised by taxation for the expenses of government." (County of Olmsted vs. Barber, 31 Minn. 261.) To the same effect see County of Ramsey vs. C., M. & St. P. Ry. Co., 33 Minn. 542.

We are confronted with the fact that the legislature between the years 1858 and 1871 attempted to provide certain immunities from taxation to a number of railroad companies owning land in the state derived by public grant. In my opinion the legislation by which such immunities were sought to be conferred was in direct contravention of the terms of the constitution above quoted and therefore void. By sufferance, however, it had the seeming force of law until validated, in measure, by the constitutional amendment of 1871. To hold that the effect of such amendment was to confirm and ratify void contracts looking to the surrender by the state of the power of taxation, would be to repudiate the manifest policy of the state as evidenced by the provisions of article 9 of the constitution. So great a surrender of sovereign power will never be presumed. The authorities are in accord in support of the doctrine that such purpose must be declared in plain and positive terms. "A state cannot strip itself of this most essential power by doubtful words. It cannot by ambiguous language, be deprived of this highest attributive of sovereignty." (Erie Railway Company vs. Pennsylvania, 21 Wall. 499.) Invidious exemptions are not favored, nor ought they to be, as they are in principle utterly opposed to the rule of equality, which ought always to prevail in imposing public burdens. Railway Company vs. Philadelphia, 101 U. S. 537. But the natural import of the language of the constitution itself disclaims such construction. The most forced construction cannot read into that amendment any semblance of a purpose to relieve a railroad company of taxation of the great body of its lands acquired by grant. I shall best express its purpose in its very terms. "Any law providing for the repeal or amendment of any law or laws heretofore or hereafter enacted, which provides that any railroad company now existing in this state, or operating its roads therein, or which may hereafter be organized shall in lieu of all other taxes and assessments upon their real estate, roads, rolling stock, and other personal property, at and during the time and periods therein specified, pay into the treasury of this state a certain percentage therein mentioned of the gross earnings of such railroad companies now existing or hereafter organized, shall, before the same shall take effect and be in force, be submitted to a vote of the people of the people of the state," etc. Had it been the purpose of the framers of that provision to provide immunity from taxation to land grants, it would have been plainly so declared. "Real estate" and "land grant" are far from convertible terms. Grants of sovereign power always receive strict construction against beneficiaries claiming thereunder, and every doubt must be resolved in favor of the state. No power is granted unless "by clear and unambiguous language which will admit of no reasonable construction consistent with the reservation of the power." S. W. Rd. Co. vs. Wright, 116 U. S. 236.

I feel confident, therefore, that none of the said companies, save those whose charters antedate the constitution, can properly claim contract rights touching the question of the taxation of their properties.

I have already pointed out that the Markham bill has to do only with companies whose grants were acquired between the years 1858 and 1871. As to these, what is its effect? Will it relieve them of the obligation to continue as heretofore the payment of per centum taxes upon their gross earnings? I answer the question in the negative. I am led to this conclusion by force of the manifest meaning of the amendment of 1871, to which your attention has been specially directed, and the language in which the proposed measure has been drawn. The former grants no immunity and secures no vantage ground to the companies in question from which they may dictate terms to the state; the latter guardedly avoids interference with any law providing for the payment of taxes based upon gross earnings. I have the honor to advise you that, in my judgment, the enactment of H. F. No. 12, into a law will not relieve railroad companies of the payment of taxes upon gross earnings. I am, very respectfully,

H. W. CHILDS,
Attorney General.

Genuine Activity in Real Estate.

The liberal propositions and terms of payment offered by the North Galveston association to investors is rapidly bringing purchasers into the field. The enormous amounts already expended in public improvements—such as street paving and grading, tree planting and sewerage, public buildings, hotels, etc.—have rapidly enhanced the value of property. Every new factory or other enterprise means a very healthy increase in valuation. There never was a better time than now to invest, as North Galveston, Tex., is built upon a sure foundation. For full particulars call on or address Holwick & Youngblood, 327 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn., the local agent, or the North Galveston association, box 963, Minneapolis, Minn.

The New Store.

J. E. Haynie, of Haynie & Co., left Sunday for New York, where he will buy the remainder of the enormous stock of spring goods to be carried by this firm in their large new store. Mr. Howard, who has charge of the remodeling, says that when completed they will have the handsomest store in the Northwest. The large plate glass for the new front will arrive in a few days, when the work will be pushed until finished, which will be about April 1.

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the Incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

"On to Washington."

For the inaugural exercises at Washington, D. C., March 4, the St. Paul & Duluth railroad will make a rate of $30 for the round trip. Tickets good returning until March 12 inclusive. Three trains daily. Through sleeping car accommodations secured. For further information call on or address

F. B. ROSS,
Nor. Pass. Agt., 428 Spalding Hotel block.

SNOW FLAKE
Baking Powder
CONTAINS NO AMMONIA
Purest, Strongest
Goes Furthest.

42 Prescriptions Failed
BUT
Hood's Cured

Scrofula—Lost 40 Pounds in a Year



Mr. Geo. W. Doner

Clerk of Le Sour Township, Kingsbury County, South Dakota, says:

"I certify that I was sick for four years with an affliction my physician called scrofula.

Blotches Came Out

all over my body, and a swelling on the right side of the neck, and in less than a year I had lost 40 pounds in flesh. I was induced by H. L. TUBBS, our druggist, to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. He insisted on my giving it a fair trial, by using six bottles. After taking the fourth bottle the blotches began to disappear, as did also the lump in my neck, and I soon began to

Gain in Flesh

I still continued to take the medicine for four months, and at the end of that time there was none of the disease in my system, and I was as

HOOD'S
Sarsaparilla
CURES

well and strong as ever. I look upon Hood's Sarsaparilla as one of the greatest remedies of the day." G. W. DONER, Osceola, S. Dakota.

"I Can Vouch for the Truth

Of the above letter from George Doner. I can show 42 prescriptions I put up for him, which did him no good. I persuaded him to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and he is entirely cured." H. L. TUBBS, druggist, Iriquois (formerly of Osceola,) South Dakota.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

Physicians Puzzled.

Many persons are unable to sleep on their left side. The causes has long been a puzzle to physicians. Metropolitan papers speak with great interest of Dr. Franklin Miles, the eminent Indiana specialist in nervous and heart diseases, who has proven that this habit arsies from a diseased heart. He has examined and kept on record thousands of cases. His New Heart Cure, a wonderful remedy, is sold at all druggists. Thousands testify to its value as a cure for Heart Diseases. Mrs. Chas. Benoy, Loveland, Colo., says its effects on her were marvelous. Elegant Book on heart disease free.

Rheumatism Quickly Cured.

Three days is a very short time in which to cure a bad case of rheumatism; but it can be done if the proper treatment is adopted, as will be seen from the following by James Lambert, of New New Brunswick, Ill.: "I was badly afflicted with rheumatism in the hips and legs, when I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It cured me in three days. I am all right today; and would insist on every one who is afflicted with that terrible disease to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm and get well at once." 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

"Go South, Cold Man."

You can bask in the sunshine and sea breezes of the gulf and not cost you a cent for transportation if you will call on Holwick & Youngblood, 321 West Superior street, and make arrangements.

Cholerine in Pennsylvania.

Swickley, Penn.: We had an epidemic of cholerine, as our physicians called it, in this place lately, and I made a great hit with Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. I sold four dozen bottles of it in one week and have since sold nearly a gross. This remedy did the work and was a big advertisement for me. Several persons who had been troubled with diarrhœa for two or three weeks were cured by a few doses of this medicine.

P. P. KNAPP, Ph. G.

25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Geo. Dinwoodie, 208 West Superior street. Best coal, lowest prices, prompt-est delivery.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1 a package. If you can not get it, send your addre for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. address, ORATOR F. WOODWARD, Le Roy, N. Y.



25c

50 dozen Boys' Flannel Waists, nicely made; assorted colors. Mothers. have you ever heard of equal value. The garments are worth more than double the price, but for the remaining three days of this week you can take your pick for

25c 25c

Silberstein & Bondy

MEMBERS
Duluth Jobbers
UNION.

DULUTH SHOE CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Boots and Shoes.	GILL & WRIGHT, Duluth Roller Mills. "Gill's Best" Flour.
DULUTH DRY GOODS CO., Wholesale Dry Goods, Manufacturers Men's Furnishing Goods.	QUINBY & OMEIS, Builders and Cut Stone Contractors, and Shippers of Stone.
DULUTH & SUPERIOR BEDDING CO Manufacturers and Jobbers, Mattresses, Pillows and Bedding Material.	PIONEER FUEL CO., Shippers and Jobbers, Hard and Soft Coal, Wood and Coke.
CHAPIN-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Wholesale Heavy and Shelf Hardware. Lumbermen's Supplies.	NORTHWESTERN FUEL CO., Shippers and Jobbers, Anthracite and Bituminous Coals.
J. J. & R. A. COSTELLO, Wholesale Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Lumbermen's and Miners Supplies.	NATIONAL IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Engines, Pumps and Mining Machinery.
CRANE-ORDWAY CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Steam, Gas and Water Goods.	IRONTON STRUCTURAL STEEL CO Manufacturers Builders' and Bridge Materials.
PHŒNIX ELECTRIC CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers of Electrical Supplies.	DULUTH MANUFACTURING CO., Manufacturers of Freight Cars, Castings, Merchant Bar Iron, Forgings.
WELLS-STONE MERCANTILE CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.	MARINETTE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Steam Engines.
STONE-ORDEAN CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.	CLYDE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Marine Supplies.
KELLY ROESON & CO., Wholesale Groceries and Produce.	CRAWFORD STEAM ENGINE W'KS. Manufacturers Steam Engines, Pumps.
SMITH & COULTER SPICE CO., Roasters of Coffee and Manufacturers of Baking Powder, Extracts and Spices.	DULUTH BOILER WORKS, Manufacturers Stationary and Marine Boilers, Iron Tanks.
J. S. SHINNERS & CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers. Confectionery.	PEYTON, KIMBALL & BARBER, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
T. B. HAWKES & CO., Wholesale Grain, Hay and Flour.	DUNCAN BREWER & CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
CULVER BROS., Wholesale Grain and Hay. Storage.	C. B. WOODRUFF, Wholesale and Retail Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
MESSICK & MACAULEY, Wholesale Commission, Butter, Eggs and Country Produce.	MESABA LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
A. FITGER & CO., Brewers. The Trade and Families Supplied.	HOWE LUMBER CO.--Tower Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
HELLER & LOEB, Importers and Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.	MITCHELL & McCLURE Manufacturers Lumber.
CALIFORNIA WINE HOUSE, Wholesale Wines, Liquors, Etc.	SCOTT & HOLSTON LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.
SCHULZE BROS., Leather and Shoe Findings. Manufacturers of Boot and Shoe Uppers.	HOWARD LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.
E. WIELAND, Tanner. Harness Leather a Specialty.	RICHARDS LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber.



SADLER & KROHN, DRUGGISTS,
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.
We Carry Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Cigars
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
1928 West Superior St., Near Twentieth Avenue. TELEPHONE 567.

"IT IS IGNORANCE THAT WASTES EFFORT." TRAINED SERVANTS USE
SAPOLIO

P. (Trade Mark.) & P.
KID GLOVES

MANUFACTURED BY Chaumont TRADE P. & P. MARK

MANUFACTURED BY BERTHOLD TRADE P. & P. MARK

MANUFACTURED BY FONTAINE TRADE P. & P. MARK

Sole agents for the above brands of Kid Gloves.

J. E. HAYNIE & CO.

Duluth Loan, Deposit & Trust COMPANY.

CAPITAL,	$150,000
GUARANTEE FUND	100,000
SURPLUS,	3,000

MONEY TO LOAN!
ANY AMOUNT
Interest Allowed on all Deposits.
Act as Trustee, Administrator, Etc.
Office open until 8 p. m. Saturdays for Deposits.

DIRECTORS:
J. H. T. E. BURR, W. S. WOODBRIDGE, F. W. SMITH, N. J. UPHAM, NELS HALL, F. J. PULFORD, F. L. JANEWAY, T. F. UPHAM, H. A. WING.

N. J. UPHAM, President.
F. J. PULFORD, Vice President.
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Duluth Loan Deposit & Trust Co.
First National Bank Building, No. 16 Third Avenue West.

NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL
Bichloride of Gold Co.,

Dr. H. O. Rockwell, Residing Physician, Rooms 616-617 Chamber of Commerce Building.

Use the Celebrated Dr. Mark M. Thompson Bichloride of Gold Remedies.

What We Will Do.
We Replace Slavery With Freedom

In the case of anyone who really desires to quit the use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Opium, we absolutely cure the disease which creates the appetite.

No Time Lost From Business,
No Injurious Effects,
No Restraint of Liberty.

Treatment given at the office of the company. All appetite for narcotics completely and permanently eradicated from the system in from three to four weeks' treatment.

Strongly endorsed as the most scientific yet discovered by Miss Francis E. Willard, Bishop Fallows, John V. Farwell and the press and clergy everywhere.

Write for circulars. All communications are treated in strictest confidence.

Address—
SECRETARY OF
NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL
BICHLORIDE OF GOLD
COMPANY
Room 616 Chamber of Commerce Bld Duluth

Faber's Golden Female Pills

Relieve Suppressed Menstruation. Used successfully by thousands of prominent ladies *monthly*. Thoroughly reliable and safe. Worth twenty times their weight in gold *for female irregularities*. Never known to fail.

Sent by mail sealed for $2. Address

The Aphro Medicine COMPANY,
Western Branch,
Box 27. Portland, Oregon.

Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth and Selleck & Walbank.

American Loan and Trust COMPANY.

Capital Stock	$600,000
Guarantee Fund with State Auditor,	$100,000

DEPOSITS subject to call and Time Certificates of Deposit bearing interest.

5 PER CENT PAID

on certificates running six months. Loans made at lowest rates on approved security. County, city and school bonds purchased.

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A. FITGER & CO.'S
Lake Superior Brewery
Is the largest in the State of Minnesota outside of the Twin Cities.

IN THE LEGISLATURE.

Committee Appointed By the Senate to Investigate Cases Where Personal Property Taxes Are Evaded.

Bob Dunn's Resolution For an Inquiry Into the State Auditor's Pine Land Sales Passed.

Two Bills Were Introduced to Limit the Fees of Attorneys in Personal Injury Cases.

ST. PAUL, March 1.—[Special to The Herald.]—The following bills were introduced in the senate this morning: By Darill, a bill to appropriate $159,360 for insane hospitals of Minnesota; by Leavitt, a bill to tax estates of decedents where such estate has not been taxed during the life of decedent; by Glader, a bill to provide for the erection of a capitol in Kandiyoha county on the capitol lands; by Hammer, a bill to exempt mortgages from taxation; by Tawney, a bill to legalize certain bonds issued under general or special laws by city, town, village or county in an irregular manner; by Keller, a bill to amend the laws of 1889 relating to sale of public and mineral lands; by March, a bill amending the laws relating to vacation proceedings.

A resolution was introduced today by Senator Keller providing that whereas it is understood that large amounts of land and of personal property belonging to private parties, firms, associations and corporations heretofore and at the present time either escape taxation altogether or do not bear their just proportion thereof and whereas large tracts of land purchased from the government, state and railroad corporation have no record of such transfer made in order to avoid taxation, and whereas exemption from taxation results from the corrupt and unlawful action of county officials, be it resolved that the president of the senate appoint a committee of three senators, who shall be empowered to summon witnesses and to administer oaths and to report not later than a week before the end of the session.

President Clough appointed Senators Keller, Donnelly and J. D. Smith. It is believed that Keller is going to investigate Itasca county in particular and several other northern counties beside.

The Republican members of the house had a caucus last night and agreed upon measures to push the work of the house. It was decided to begin work earlier in the day, hold night sessions and limit debate and take any other means to expedite business.

Bob Dunn's resolution passed this morning, calling for investigation of the selling of pine on state lands by the state auditor. The following committee was appointed: Messrs. Dunn, Zelch, Fleming, Gorman and T. Cole. Pine has sold in Mille Lacs county by private sale in the dead of winter for half what others were prepared to offer for it. The law provides that timber shall be sold at auction unless in danger of destruction by fire.

The following bills were introduced in the house: By Moore, a bill making a legal day's work eight hours; by Wilson, authorizing villages and towns to aid in construction of waterways; by O'Neill, a bill defining the boundaries of Big Stone county; by Tyler, legalizing certain bonds issued by towns, counties, cities and villages; by Ives, a bill exempting stationary engineers from jury duty; by Fleming, a bill to limit the amount of fees of attorneys to 25 per cent of the amount recovered in personal injury cases; by McGrath, providing for the election of the railroad and warehouse commission by the people; by Fletcher, limiting fees of attorneys to 5 per cent for recovery of damages for personal injuries.

One Hanson, of Superior, is here offering free sites for state elevators at Superior and bonuses and everything else in sight. It will hardly be fair to ask Minnesota to appropriate money to build elevators in Wisconsin.

DEMPSEY WAS THE VICTOR.

The Famous Middleweight Made His Reappearance in the Ring.

PORTLAND, Ore., March 1.—Jack Dempsey, the famous middleweight, and Billy Keogh, heavyweight, fought last night, the latter entering the ring at 190 and the nonpareil at 148 pounds. The articles of agreement stipulated Keogh was to knock Dempsey out in four rounds.

The purse was understood to be the gate receipts, with a side bet of $5000 each. Dempsey stood his opponent off in a game manner, and at the end of the fourth round was almost as fresh as when the battle began. He was declared the victor.

SHE WORE HOOPSKIRTS.

It Was in Tennessee and It Resulted in a Fight.

MILAN, Tenn., March 1.—Mrs. Saunders wore hoopskirts to church Sunday morning. Andrew Watson passed some remarks which her friends resented. A fight ensued in which guns and knives were freely used, women fainted and many were seriously wounded.

Next Land Commissioner.

CHICAGO, March 1.—The Inter Ocean has the following special from Atchison, Kan.: Private advices were today received from Washington to the effect that ex-Governor George W. Glick, of this city, has been selected by President-elect Cleveland as the next land commissioner. He has been a prominent figure in Kansas politic for many years, during most which time he has been the acknowledged leader of the stronger of the two Democratic factions of the state.

He Died at Sea.

CLEVELAND, O., March 1.—News of the death of Henry Sherman, son of Judge Charles Sherman, and a nephew of Senator John and Gen. W. T. Sherman, has just been received in this city. Mr. Sherman left Cleveland on Feb. 12 for England, sailing on the Labn. He was then in apparently good health, but during the voyage he was stricken with apoplexy and died at sea. Mr. Sherman was about 50 years old and had been prominent in Cleveland legal circles.

DIED FROM HEART FAILURE.

Sudden Demise of the New Chief Justice of Delaware.

GEORGETOWN, Del., March 1.—Alfred Peter Robinson, chief justice of Delaware, died suddenly from heart failure at his residence in this city at 2 o'clock this morning. The chief justice was with friends as late as 11 o'clock last night and was apparently in the best of health.

He was appointed to the chief justiceship by Governor Reynolds on January 26 last, to succeed Joseph R. Comegys, now deceased, who, with Associate Justice C. Houston, resigned at the request of the legislature because of physical incapability.

RYAN HAS FLUNKED AGAIN.

The Chicago Pugilist Has No Desire to Meet Dawson.

NEW ORLEANS, March 1.—It is the general opinion here that Tommy Ryan, the Chicago pugilist, has lost heart, and is feigning injury to avoid meeting Dawson. Just a year ago he had a convenient attack of tonsilitis which prevented his meeting Danny Needham, and now a sprained ankle precludes all possibility of his trying conclusions with Dawson.

The singular and significant part of the affair is that neither Ryan nor his trainers can tell how the accident occurred. It is enough to know that the fight may be considered off, as Ryan is now ten pounds overweight, having gained that amount since he quit work on account of the sprained ankle. It would take him a week or ten days to work this off under favorable circumstances, and as it is not likely that Ryan is anxious to work it off, there is little probability that he will meet Dawson during the fistic carnival.

Dawson's backers will probably bring their man to the ringside at the fixed time, weigh him in, and claim the forfeit of $500. No one here believes that there will be a fight between the two men.

THE McGARRAHAN BILL.

Debated Again in the Senate But no Decision Reached.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The McGarrahan bill was taken up in the senate today and debated for a time after which Mr. Hill, in pursuance of the notice given last evening moved to proceed to the consideration of the Hudson river bridge bill, declining the request of Mr. Teller to withhold the motion until the McGarrahan bill was disposed of.

The yeas and nays were demanded by Mr. Wolcott and the result of the vote was: Yeas, 26; nays, 24. As soon as the bill was taken it was laid aside temporarily (not losing its right of way) in order to have the post office appropriation bill considered.

The consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill was interrupted to permit of the consideration on of the conference report on the sundry civil bill. The New York bridge bill has again lost its privileged place through the prevalence of Mr. Hiscock's motion that the senate proceed to the consideration of the conference report on the sundry civil appropriation bill. The bridge bill can be taken up again only by a two-thirds majority vote.

THE A. P. A. IN SESSION.

Annual Meeting Being Held in Secret at Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O., March 1.—The annual meeting of the American Protective Association began here today, behind closed doors. About 100 delegates are present from Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska, Illinois and Ohio. Great secrecy is maintained regarding the nature of the business to be transacted.

It is understood there will be a big fight over the election of officers, which will probably take place tomorrow. Three sessions are to be held daily, and it is anticipated that the convention will last all this week.

The Public Debt.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The public debt statement for February which will be issued this afternoon will show a decrease in cash during the month of about $500,000, making the cash about $24,000,000. The receipts have footed $39,000,000 and the expenditures nearly $21,000,000.

A Nomination Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The senate in executive session today confirmed the nomination of James E. Cochran, of Nebraska, to be consul at San Salvador.

Dividend Declared.

NEW YORK, March 1.—A quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent has been declared upon the preferred stock of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad company payable in New York, April 1, 1893. Preferred stock books will close at 3 p. m. March 15, and reopen April 3.

A Steamship Disabled.

LONDON, March 1.—The Majestic, from New York for Liverpool, arrived at Queenstown today. On Sunday last an accident happened to her starboard engine and she was compelled to reduce her speed. Yesterday she travelled only 360 miles.

Mackey Getting Better.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—John W. Mackey had another good night's rest and feels further improved today. Rippey's condition is unchanged. He slept well last night and seemed comfortable this morning. The old man talks considerably and his appetite is improving.

Mothers' Recommendation.

We are acquainted with many mothers in Centerville who would not be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house for a good many times its cost, and are recommending it every day. From personal experience we can say that it has broken up bad colds for our children.—Centerville, South Dakota, Citizen. 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Bargains in Real Estate.

Are you looking for a good residence? Call and see what I can show you. Lots in Duluth proper, Portland, Endion and East Duluth. E. W. MARKELL,
7 Phoenix blk.

Music tonight at Union skating rink.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

A TARIFF REFORM DEFEAT.

The Canadian Parliament Votes Down the Liberals' Amendment.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 1.—The great battle for tariff reform which has been raging in parliament has closed. Hon. Wilfred Laurier, the Liberal leader, delivered an effective speech last night. He declared the policy of protection adopted by the present government was responsible for the enormous depression of land values and the exodus of thousands of Canadians to the United States. He declared boldly for unrestricted reciprocity with the United States and for revenue reform.

Hon. Mr. Foster, minister of finance, replied on behalf of the government. He said reciprocity meant assimilation of tariffs and such a policy Canadians would never accept, because it meant ultimate political union with the United States. The government favored closer trade relations, but would never agree to a bargain which meant the substitution of the American for the British flag.

At 3 o'clock this morning the members were called in and divided on Sir Richard Cartright's amendment, which was defeated, yeas 72, nays 126.

Sir Richard Cartright's amendment declared for an immediate revision of the tariff in the direction of freer trade, and that the amount of taxes collected should be limited to the sums required to meet the necessities of the government efficiently and economically administered.

THE READING'S TROUBLES.

Another Complication Caused By a Suit By Bondholders.

PHILADELPHIA, March 1.—A further complication in the Reading's affairs developed yesterday in a suit brought by Alfred Sully and A. B. Randall of New York, and John Lowerie, holding first and second preference income bonds of Reading to the amount of $797,000, who were granted permission by Judge Dallas to intervene in the pending suit for foreclosure brought by Thomas C. Platt.

The complainants want their interest for 1892 and 1893, but refuse to surrender the certificates of the company's prior indebtedness, which is one of the stipulations set forth in the coupons attached to the bonds. The petition, which was presented in the form of a supplemental bill, was referred to Geo. L. Crawford, the master under the receivership proceedings, to take testimony along with the other cases.

AMERICAN LINE WON.

The City of Paris Won in the Ocean Steamship Race.

NEW YORK, March 1.—There is jubilation in the office of the American Steamship line today, and there is corresponding depression in the White Star line office. The City of Paris has beaten the Teutonic in the last race from Queenstown to this port.

The City of Paris was sighted off Fire Island at 10:39 o'clock this morning, The Teutonic at 12:15. The vessels left Queenstown last Thursday afternoon, the Teutonic at 1:30 and her rival half an hour later, according to the cables, but the City of Paris' agents claim that she really did not get away until 2:35 or over an hour after the Teutonic.

On the Teutonic is the Hawaiian princess, Kaiulani, who is coming to this city to present her side of the Hawaiian question to the government.

Special Rate to Washington.

For the inauguration of President Cleveland, March 4, "The Northwestern Line," (C., St. P., M. & O.,) will sell excursion tickets to Washington, on March 1 and 2, at $30 round trip, good returning until March 12. Take the "Omaha" when you go. All cars heated by steam and lighted by gas. Through train to Chicago over the short line.

B. W. SUMMERS,
City Ticket Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel.

Music tonight at Union skating rink.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

CURE

SICK HEADACHE, Disordered Liver, etc.

They Act Like Magic on the Vital Organs, Regulating the Secretions, restoring long lost Complexion, bringing back the Keen Edge of Appetite, and arousing with the ROSEBUD OF HEALTH the whole physical energy of the human frame. These Facts are admitted by thousands, in all classes of Society. Largest Sale in the World.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating.

Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a Box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

If Your Cistern Is Out of Order

or Soft Water is scarce,

don't worry yourself for a moment—go right ahead and use hard water with

KIRK'S WHITE RUSSIAN SOAP

and you'll never know the difference.

The clothes will be just as white, clean and sweet-smelling, because the "White Russian" is specially adapted for use in hard water.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

Dusky Diamond Tar Soap. Best Soap for the Hands.

Kickapoo Indian Remedies

WHAT THEY ARE.



They are the Purest, Safest and Most Reliable medicines Known to Humanity. They have never failed, never will fail, Never Can Fail. The Essence of their Nature is Health, their Composition Based upon God-given Indian Instinct, their Combination Founded upon the Solid Rock of centurial experience, their Virtues Absolutely Indisputable, their Success Only Limited by their Never-ceasing Production.

No Poisonous Ingredients Enter into Their Formula, no Mineral is Tolerated in their Pharmacopœa, no Subtle Chemical Fume in their Medicine Kettles. The Forest is their Laboratory. The Roots, Barks, Gums of Trees and Herbs are their Components. Kickapoo Indian Medicines are not Mineral but Vegetable; not Poisonous but Healing; not Death-dealing but Life-giving; not Destroying but Upbuilding and when Applied in Season and used with discretion They Perform Great Cures.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa GIVES "Long Life and Good Health."

AND IS THE

Only Genuine Indian Stomach and Blood Remedy Sold in America.

Sold by All Druggists and Medicine Dealers. $1 Per Bottle, 6 for $5.

Kickapoo Indian Oil, (For pains) 25 Cts. Kickapoo Indian Salve (For Cuts) 25 Cts. | Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer, 25 Cts. Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure, 50 Cts.

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., HEALY & BIGELOW, AGENTS, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

LOANS PLACED WITHOUT DELAY
ON FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITIES.
MENDENHALL & HOOPES
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
HOUSES TO RENT.

DR. SPEER & CO.,
SPECIALISTS,

NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES! Main office New York block, corner Fourteenth street and Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Branch offices, Marquette and Saginaw, Mich. Dr. Speer, in charge of the head office, is a graduate of the medical department of Harvard University, class of '74, and is registered as such in both hemispheres.

YOUNG MEN Who have been suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions will do well to avail themselves of this experience.

DR. SPEER & CO. Will guarantee a perfect cure in all cases of weakness or private disease of any kind or character they undertake or forfeit $250. There are many of the age of 30 to 50 who are troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting sensation and weakening of the system in a manner which the patient cannot account for. There are many who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of weakness.

LADIES finding it not convenient to call at the office can be treated by mail by sending a full description of their cases. Perfect cure guaranteed in all such cases. Examination and advice free. Remember the place, NEW YORK BLOCK, COR. FOURTEENTH AND TOWER AVENUE, WEST SUPERIOR, WIS. Railroad fare deducted from the price of treatment.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S Nervurine Pills, the great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box. 6 boxes for $5.00. Dr. Motts Chemical Co., Cleveland, O.

For Sale By S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth.

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.00 SHOE.

A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

Other Specialties as follows:

$4.00 & $5.00 Fine Sewed Shoes.

$3.50 Police, Farmers, etc.

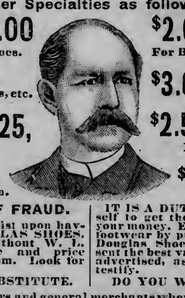
$2.50, $2.25, $2.00 For Working Men.

$2.00 & $1.75 For Boys and Youths.

$3.00 Hand-Sewed.

$2.50 & $2.00 For Ladies.

$1.75 Misses.



BEWARE OF FRAUD.

Ask for and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised, as thousands can testify.

DO YOU WEAR THEM?

Exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. BEAUTIFUL SOUVENIR Free to any one promising to buy W. L. Douglas Shoes when next purchasing. Address W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

Sold Only in Duluth by SUFFEL & CO.

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO

Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.

GENERAL OFFICE: ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Station A, Foot of Fifth Ave. East. Station B, 126 West Michigan Street.

MEMBERS OF THE

DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION

	CAPITAL.	SURPLUS
First National Bank	$1,000,000	$200 00
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,00
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,00
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,00
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,00
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	35,00
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	

TIME REQUIRED TO CURE CATARRH.

DEPENDS ON THE KIND OF CATARRH AND THE FAITHFULNESS OF THE PATIENT.

"How long does it take to cure catarrh?"

This is a proper and important question, and in answering it a great many things have to be taken into consideration. First, the kind of catarrh. Is it hypertrophic or atrophic, moist or dry, ulcerative, foul smelling, etc?

Is it purely local, that is, simply confined to the nose and throat, or has it extended to the eyes, ears, lungs, stomach, bowels, etc., causing severe inroads upon the general health?

Again, a great deal depends upon the peculiarity of the patient. Some patients are peculiarly susceptible to the catarrhal poisons, some yield readily to treatment while others do not. Some take their medicines with clock-work regularity and take good care of their general health, while others do not. As much depends upon the faithfulness of the patient as on the skill of the physician.

As a general rule, it takes about three or four months to cure an ordinary case of catarrh, where all the conditions are favorable. Some aggravated cases require a much longer time, five or six months, and even if cured in one year the patient should be very happy and grateful.

There is one thing Dr. Copeland and his associates desire to impress upon their patients, and that is that continuous and persistent treatment is necessary. The more experience they have the more convinced they are of this fact. Catarrh, or, in fact, any other chronic or long-standing disease, cannot be cured in a month. Under their method of treatment the results are often so rapid a patient will sometimes feel so well at the end of a month that he imagines he is cured, and does not need any more treatment, but such a one often has to return in a year, or at the approach of cold weather, and resume treatment again.

"I Have Come Back Again"

Is an expression frequently heard by Drs. Copeland, Hunt & Drenning. "I wish I had taken your advice and continued throughout the full course, but I felt so well I thought I never would be sick again. I see now that you were right, it takes time to bring the tissues to a perfectly healthy condition, and I am going to follow your advice implicitly and stay under treatment as long as you dictate."

Evidence of Systematic Treatment.



R. J. GILLON.

Mr. Gillon has been a resident of Duluth for three years, for the last year and a half he has been an efficient member of the police force of this city. Being well known for truth and veracity his statement cannot fail to carry conviction to the hearts of his many friends.

Mr. Gillon said: "I have been treating at the Copeland Medical Institute for only six weeks and in that short time my rapid improvement was a surprise to both me and the attendant physician. The reason for my rapid progress is that I took the treatment in a regular systematic way as laid down to me by the doctor. My greatest trouble," said the gentleman, "was with the nose and stomach. The latter organ would bloat up and I would belch up sour matter and gas. There was a soreness over the pit of my stomach, especially when empty, and felt as though two raw surfaces were rubbing together. A thin watery discharge was constantly passing from my nose that caused a continual application of the handkerchief, thus giving me no end of trouble. After the short course of treatment I have undergone I am comparatively free from the nasal discharge and my stomach is not the source of trouble and anxiety as heretofore. I can endorse the Copeland system of treatment as having done much for me in the short time I have been treating at that institute.

REMEMBER YOU RECEIVE THE BEST OF TREATMENT. MEDICINES FREE. CHARGES FOR SERVICES LOW AND WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL.

Copeland Medical Institute,

PERMANENTLY LOCATED OFFICES,

Rooms 312, 313, 314 Lyceum Bldg,
Opposite the Spalding Hotel.

DR. W. H. COPELAND,
Consulting Physician.
DR. H. M. HUNT and
DR. F. C. DRENNING,
Examining Physicians.

Specialties: Catarrh and diseases of the Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Nervous Diseases, Skin Diseases, Chronic Diseases. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.; Sunday, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

CATARRH CURED.
SKIN DISEASES CURED.
NERVOUS DISEASES CURED.

If you live at a distance send four cents in stamps for question circular. Address all mail to the Copeland Medical Institute, Lyceum building, Duluth, Minn.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.

In probate court, special term, February 13, 1893.

In the matter of the estate of Ole L. Wangensteen, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Laura L. Wangensteen, of the county of Carlton, in said state.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county of St. Louis on Monday, the fourth day of September, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order on Wednesday in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 13th day of February, A. D. 1893.

By the Court,
[Seal] PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.

ERIC L. WINJE,
Attorney.
Feb. 15-22 Mar. 1.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.
District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Dexter M. Ferry, Plaintiff,
vs.
Herman E. Long, as assignee of Brown Bros., a corporation, and Mary R. Yokes, Defendant

Notice is hereby given, that, under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 23rd day of January, 1893, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of said St. Louis county, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Saturday, the eleventh day of March, 1893, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit:

The northwest quarter (nw ¼) of the northwest quarter (nw ¼) of section seven (7) of township number fifty (50) north of range fourteen (14) west, in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Jan. 24th, 1893.

PAUL SHARVY,
Sheriff of St. Louis county,
By IWAN HANSON,
Deputy.

DRAPER, DAVIS & HOLLISTER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys
Jan-25-Feb-1-8-15-22-March-1-8

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Ulrik A. Moen and Alice A. Moen, his wife, and Enok Jorgensen and Ole Halseth (both single), of St. Louis county, Minnesota, mortgagors, to the Union Building and Loan association, of St. Louis county, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 12th day of March, A. D. 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book M of mortgages on page 291.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the dues on stock and interest and premium, on the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, for more than the space of four (4) months after the same has become due.

And whereas, the mortgage contains a provision that in case of default in the payment of the monthly interest or premium, or dues on stock, or any part thereof, for the space of four (4) months after the same shall become due, then the whole principal debt shall become due, and the mortgagee shall have authority and power to sell the said premises at public auction agreeably to the statutes in such case made and provided.

And whereas, said mortgagee has elected to declare the whole debt due, because of said default in the payment of said interest and premium, and dues on stock.

And whereas, there is claimed to be due and is due at the date of the first publication of this notice, on the debt secured by said mortgage, the sum of thirteen hundred and eighty-three and 95-100 ($1383 95-100) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lots A and B in the rearrangement of block seventeen (17), of Hunter's Grassy Point addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, said lands being located in St. Louis county, Minnesota, will, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Feb. 15th, A. D. 1893.

THE UNION BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.

S. T. HARRISON,
Attorney for Mortgagee,
Rooms 109-112 Chamber of Commerce Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.
Feb-15-22-M1-8-15-22

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.

In Probate Court, Special Term, January 30th, 1893.

In the matter of the estate of Frank Becher, alias Baker, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto J. S. Dwyer, of said county,

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Monday the fourth day of September, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered, that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order on Wednesday in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily new-paper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth the 30th day of January, A. D. 1893.

By the Court,
[Seal.] PHINEAS AYER,
Judge of Probate.
Feb-15-22-M-1.

NOTICE

Of confirmation of the report of the commissioners in the matter of the proceedings of the common council of the city of Duluth, in condemnation, for the purpose of opening and laying out an alley twenty feet wide through the center of block 56, Endion division of Duluth, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that the report of the commissioners in the above entitled matter awarding damages and compensation to the various owners of property taken or injuriously affected by reason of the taking of private property for the purpose aforesaid, has been returned and filed in the office of the city clerk of the city of Duluth, and that said report will be confirmed by the common council of the city of Duluth, at a meeting of said common council to be held in the council chamber in the city hall in said city at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of Monday, the 6th day of March, 1893, unless objections are made in writing by persons interested in any of the lands required to be taken.

Witness my hand and seal this 20th day of February, 1893.

FRANK BURKE, JR.,
City Clerk,
Duluth, Minn.
{Corporate Seal.}
Feb. 20, 10t

EVENING HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Telephone—Business office, 324, two rings; editorial rooms 324, three rings.

Eastern Office—109 World Building, New York. A. E. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily, per year.....$7.00
Daily, per three months.....1.80
Daily, per month.....60
Weekly, per year.....1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn. March 1.—The weather has cleared off finely after the storm and with the exception of a very few stations in the far Northwest is clear everywhere.

A slight cold wave has moved down from the North and central over Northern Minnesota and the country to the north of it this morning. The lowest reported is 18 below at Winnipeg. Other temperatures below are: Battleford 16, Prince Albert 12, St. Vincent and Moorhead 10, Fort Buford 2, Lander, Wyo., 4, and zero at Duluth. The warmest place is Memphis, Tenn., 56.

No precipitation of any consequence has fallen during the past twenty-four hours, and what did fall was in the northwest part of the country to the north of the great lakes.

The highest the thermometer registered here yesterday was 24, the lowest last night was zero.

DULUTH, March 1.—Fair; slightly colder today; warmer Thursday; west to northwinds.

B. H. BRONSON,
Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Forecast till 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Minnesota: Local snows in northern; fair in southern portion; westerly winds; war or in southern portion Thursday morning, in northern portion Thursday evening.

Notice of Removal.

The Herald has removed to its new building at 220 West Superior street, midway between Second and Third avenues, where it will be able to handle its rapidly expanding business to better advantage. The business office will be found on the first floor and the editorial rooms on the third floor from the Superior street main entrance.

The Herald Sets the Pace.

The News Tribune announces this morning that hereafter it will be a six-column, eight-page paper, the size which The Herald discarded two weeks ago to adopt a more metropolitan form. The Herald is pleased to see this indication of prosperity on the part of its morning contemporary, and that it is striving to become as good a newspaper as The Herald, although it regrets to notice that so many columns are filled with "boiler plate" that it was wont to deride, when The Herald used them months ago. It apparently has revised its ideas on this subject.

Meanwhile The Herald will take another step forward and continue to set the pace for all its contemporaries at the head of the lakes. During the coming year, The Herald expects to increase its news service so that it will not be surpassed by any other evening newspaper in the West, while in covering the news arising the Duluth district it will not be equalled. It is unnecessary to refer at this time to the rapid increase in The Herald's circulation. That is manifest to all, and it has necessitated the purchase of a new fast press capable of handling it. It is essentially the home paper, going into more homes at the head of the lakes than are reached by any other paper. It is expected that 1893 will witness a still more rapid increase in circulation.

Taxing Railroad Lands.

The senate this afternoon is grappling with the Markham bill for the taxation of railroad lands, the measure having been made a special order for today. The outcome of the fight in the senate is a little dubious, but the best judgment is that a majority of the senators will vote for the bill's passage. The only argument that is made against the measure is that it is unconstitutional and would conflict with the gross earnings per centum tax, but this point has been covered very fully by able arguments by prominent attorneys who have upheld the constitutionality of the Markham bill and shown that it does not affect the gross earnings tax. The full text of the attorney general's opinion, sustaining the bill, is given in a St. Paul dispatch in this issue, and his argument appears to be clear and sound.

There is no objection raised to the bill on any other ground, because its justice cannot be denied. The people demand its passage, not only those who live in the northern half of the state where the great body of the tax exempt 5,000,000 acres are principally situated, but in every section of Minnesota. The newspapers of the state are almost a unit in its support.

The Minneapolis Tribune has been publishing extracts from the state press on this bill, and it finds "in support of the measure not only the united press of the great northern belt of counties, including St. Louis, Pine, Aitkin, Morrison, Todd, Wadena, Hubbard, Itasca, Polk, Becker, Otter Tail, Grant and Douglas, but the general support of the press of the southernmost counties of the state. Shoulder to shoulder with the editors of the Duluth Herald, News-Tribune, the Aitkin Age, Grand Rapids Magnet, Hubbard County Enterprise, Wadena County Pioneer, Todd County Argus, Crookston Times, Fergus Falls Journal and a score of other journals in the northern tax burdened counties, stand the editors of such papers as the Mankato Free Press, Martin County Sentinel, Sherburne Advance, Adrian Citizen, Lanesboro Journal, Hokah Chief, Chatfield Democrat, Winona Republican and many others in the southern tiers of counties, and the Northfield News, Sleepy Eye Herald, Repwood Gazette, Swift County Monitor, Kanabec Times, Princeton Union, St. Cloud Journal-Press and dozens of other representative newspapers in the central portion of the state."

Only one newspaper in the state has ventured to oppose the bill, and that one ceased after one faint objection. Only one newspaper outside of the Twin Cities has ventured to question the probability and desirability of the bill's passage, and that paper is edited by a senator whose constituents are solidly for the measure and who himself will probably be brought to the bill's support.

The Minneapolis paper sums the situation up thus: The people of the state of Minnesota demand the privilege to express their voice on the justice of the acts by which 5,000,000 acres of lands held unused for speculative purposes are exempt from all taxation. The house by a vote of 93 to 1, votes to submit the proposition to the people, as authorized by the constitution. Has the senate a sufficient sense of its duty to the state's best welfare to cast a similar vote?

The Question of Tolls.

But two days more of the present session of congress remain for transaction of business. It is therefore extremely improbable that any of the Duluth bridge bills will be passed. Before any bill is passed at the next session authorizing the construction of a bridge at Rice's Point it should be submitted to careful scrutiny.

While it is wise to provide for the sale of the bridge to the two cities and that thereafter it shall be free of tolls for foot passenger and wagon traffic, it should also be provided that street car companies shall pay reasonable tolls to provide a fund for operating the bridge and keeping it in repair. There is no reason why the cities should make a present of this bridge to the street car companies, which would be the practical effect if they were allowed to use it free of tolls. The running of street cars over the bridge would necessitate frequent repairs, and this expense should not be saddled upon the two cities.

The street car companies' business would be greatly increased by a bridge between the cities, and the payment of a reasonable amount annually would be no hardship to them, while it would be but justice to the two municipalities, which have already given them valuable franchises for nothing.

Has Nothing to Do With It.

The committee that has been investigating the whisky trust has different on a point affecting the tariff, the Democratic members contending that the great amount of adulteration of spirits is caused by the tariff, while the Republicans assert that the tariff has nothing to do with it.

This is an instance where the Republicans appear to have the best of the argument. If there were no duty at all, the adulteration of whisky and other liquors would continue as at present. By adulterating, the makers can produce liquors much cheaper than the same quantities could be imported free of duty. Therefore the tariff does not produce adulteration, nor would free trade remove it.

Queen Victoria held a "drawing-room" in London yesterday, and the dispatches give the names of several American ladies who went through all the tomfoolery of court customs to be "presented." They marched along with the crowd, had the privilege of bowing to the queen and her daughters and passed out. What a pleasure this must have been, to be sure! But snobbery considers it "the thing," and therefore common, ordinary mortals have no right to object, we suppose.

The St. Paul News is opposing the appointment of E. R. Johnstone, Mayor Wright's private secretary, as county assessor, on the ground that he has not the necessary ability for the position. This appears a strange reason to people who know Mr. Johnstone as the possessor of marked ability. He never made a failure of anything that he undertook.

It is amusing to glance at the files of leading papers in December and read the list of possibilities there given for Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. The only man mentioned then and who will be in the cabinet is Mr. Carlisle. No one then dreamed of Judge Gresham, Hoke Smith or Richard Olney being in the cabinet.

Governor McKinley has positively declined to accept any contributions from admiring friends to aid him in his present financial embarrassment. The fact that such generosity was manifested is in itself a touching expression of the love and affection with which Governor McKinley is regarded by many people.

J. Sterling Morton cannot take charge of the weather at too early a date to suit the country. Ever since the November defeat of the Republican party, Uncle Jerry has been running things wide-open and has succeeded in paralyzing the memory of even the oldest inhabitant.

Carter Harrison has been nominated by the Chicago Democrats for mayor this year. Carter will undoubtedly be elected, and he will make an excellent executive for the World's fair year.

The Iowa Democrats are talking of Boies for governor for a third term. It looks as if they thought he is the only Democrat who can carry Iowa.

The Kansas Populists have eaten crow at last. It is an unpalatable dish, but the Pops were forced to take it or starve.

It seems to be settled that the treaty with Hawaii will not be ratified at this session of congress.

AMUSEMENTS.

The Scottish Concert.

A very small audience attended the concert by the Edith Ross Scottish Coecert company at the Lyceum last evening. Everybody was well pleased and encores were demanded after nearly every number. The company is not particularly strong but gives a pleasing entertainment, rendering the old Scotch ballads in an excellent manner. The numbers by Miss Ross and R. F. Shearer were especially good and James Lumsden's humorous sketches were quite comical. The dancing of Miss McNeill, a young lady not over 16 years of age made the hit of the evening. She dances the highland fling, sailor's hornpipe and Scotch reel very cleverly.

"The Two Sisters."

"The Two Sisters" will be the next attraction at the Lyceum appearing on Monday and Tuesday next. It is now five seasons ago since Messrs. Thompson and Ryer introduced "The Two Sisters. Each succeeding season has added new interest to its work as a natural and absorbing dramatic production. The various scenes of the play, replete with effective situations, affording an equal supply of pathos and comedy, give the play a peculiar zest noticeably absent in the current stage picture. It is to faithful character portrayals of the piece that "The Two Sisters" owes its success. The piece is in four acts, all of which are laid in the great city of New York, permitting of most effective scenic environments.

To Tap Rainy River.

The Nepigon, Grand Forks & Winnipeg is the name of a railroad company that is applying to the Canadian parliament for power to construct a road from the village of Nepigon, on the north shore of Lake Superior, thence westerly, crossing the Canadian Pacific at Linkoping, to a point at the western boundary of the Province of Ontario, near the Rainy river.

It is not what its proprietors say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that tells the story of its merits. Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES. 11

LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

To New York, Boston and Washington Via the South Shore Line.

New York and return.....$35 00
Boston and return.....40 00
Washington.....30 00

Tickets on sale Feb. 27 to March 2 inclusive.

New York and Boston ticket good for return until March 12.

Washington tickets good for return until March 9.

Ticket offices, 426 Spalding house block and Union depot.

Henry F. Greene has removed to the Herald bldg, 220 West Superior street.

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC

For renovating the entire system, eliminating all Poisons from the Blood, whether of scrofulous or malarial origin, this preparation has no equal.

TRADE S.S.S. MARK

"For eighteen months I had an eating sore on my tongue. I was treated by best local physicians, but obtained no relief; the sore gradually grew worse. I finally took S. S. S., and was entirely cured after using a few bottles."
C. B. McLEMORE, Henderson, Tex.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.



The Correct Time;

certainly, it's just the time to buy a watch from our stock of time-pieces. That's the correct thing to do and you'll always have the correct time as long as you have one of our watches about you. We have a variety of clocks which keep correct time too, and tempt purchase by those who wish to keep a watch upon the moments as they fly. Time is money and the dollars paid for one of our clocks or watches is exceedingly well invested. While you have time you want the correct time, and you must carry a watch to have the time always with you. Our clocks and watches are as correct as the multiplication table and a good thing couldn't very well be cheaper.

ANDREW JACKSON,
Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing
JEWELER,
106 West Superior Street, Duluth

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT

J.E. HAYNIE & Co.

American Store.

Wednesday, Feb. 28th, 1893.

The weather tomorrow is likely to be warmer, with north to westerly winds.

GLOVES! GLOVES! GLOVES!

A great many of our customers who could not be waited upon during the rush last Saturday, it being our **Glove Day,** and who expected and made arrangements to come on Monday and Tuesday. Being unable to come on those days on account of the very disagreeable weather, we have for the benefit of those costumers decided to continue to sell for the remainder of the week Gloves at the **Glove Day's Prices.**

The Glace Glove, Fancy Glace Glove, P. K. Glace Glove, 5-hook Glace, 8-button Suede Driving Gloves, 7-hook Glace Gauntlet Driving Glove, Biarritz Heavy Driving Glove, Gauntlet Suede Glove all go for

98c

The Chamois $1.00 Glove and the Biarritz Glove at $1.00, all sell at

75c

And a mixed lot at

50c

Come early; you might as well have first pick as last. A large and good assortment. Everybody gets a World's Fair Cap. Have you got yours? It's the latest!

J.E. Haynie & Co.

We Always Do As We Advertise.

TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

ONE CENT A WORD!

Advertisements in this column ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FREE.

No advertisements taken for these columns till forbid, i. e. until ordered out.

Every advertisement is carefully classified under its proper heading—easily found, easily read—will reach more readers than can be reached in any other way. Try it.

PERSONAL.

IF MARRIED LADIES ONLY KNEW MY safe and never failing secret. Address with 10 cents Mrs. D. M. C., 85 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN UNDERSTANDS bookkeeping; has typewriter; desires work inside or out. Recommendation given. H 2, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN who would like a position as a delivery man in grocery store or meat market. Address B 5, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS STATIONARY engineer or to take charge of a steam heating plant or pumping outfit. Can give first-class references as to character and and capability. Fred Hovey, Little Falls, Minn.

SITUATION WANTED—ENGINEER WANTS a situation to run stationary or portable engines for factories, pumps, hoisting machines, heating plants, saw mills, steam launches, pile-driving and engines of all descriptions, have good reputation and first class papers, can give every recommendation wanted. Write or call. Address, F. Wm. Henderson, 120 Garfield avenue, Duluth, Minn.

WASHING AND IRONING WANTED BY a woman; also house cleaning. Family washing taken home. Call or address Mrs. M. Barrett, 410 East Fourth street. Call after 5 p. m.

WANTED, WASHING TO TAKE HOME; all work first class. 413 West Superior street.

BY A MIDDLE-AGED GOOD HORSEMAN, the care and handling of a pair of good carriage horses. Address B 56 Herald.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

TAILORS WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS union coatmakers. Highest wages, steady employment. Wm. Lewinson, Grand Rapids, Minn.

WANTED—A FEW ENERGETIC MEN TO sell our specialties on the installment plan. Good wages and steady work to the right men. W. A. Edwards, 723 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED, EXPERIENCED COOK, HELP wash and iron; small family. 3 Munger row, Piedmont avenue.

WANTED, COMPETENT GIRL TO DO housework. Good wages. Small family. 1617 London road.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE work at 609 West Third street.

WANTED, A GOOD DININGROOM GIRL at Central house, 21 Lake avenue.

WANTED, A TAILORESS OR GOOD DRESSmaker at Freimuth's cloak department.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Good wages to competent one. No washing. 205 West Third street.

WANTED, A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT girl; small family; convenient house. Call at 16 Board of Trade between 2 and 4 p. m., or 1732 East First street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT, FIVE-ROOM HOUSE IN splendid location at moderate rent. Also office in our building. Apply Clague & Prindle, 216 West Superior street.

SEVEN ROOM FLAT, MODERN CONveniences. E. Ingalls, 916 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, ALL MODern conveniences; steam heat. Enquire 206 Lyceum.

GOOD EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT. Furnace heat, gas and bath; good barn. Upper side Bench street. B. F. Smith, 310 Woodbridge bldg.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 16 First avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT—TWO well-furnished rooms with steam heat, electric lights and bath, to let at reasonable price. Call at Baldwin flat No. 9 or address B, same number.

FOR RENT, A LARGE ROOM ON THIRD floor of the Parsons block, No. 18 West Superior street, suitable for lodge purposes or society meetings. Will be rented reasonable to right parties. J. W. Rowley, 23 East Third street, City.

ROOMS AND BOARD AT 120 FIRST AVENUE west. Hot air heat and bath. Centrally located.

SHOP ROOM SUITABLE FOR TAILOR OR shoemaker. Cheap rent. 118 East Superior street.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—A SMALL HOUSE AND LOT for cash. Not to cost more than $2000. Address C, 68, Herald.

WANTED. A SECOND-HAND KODAK; price must be reasonable if you want to sell. Address Kodak care Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY A GOOD MILK COW. 24 East Superior street.

LOST.

LOST—BETWEEN SIXTH AVENUE WEST and East Second street by way of First street, a beaver fur glove. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at the Evening Herald office.

Great Northern Railway Line.

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY,
BETWEEN
Duluth, West Superior, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Sioux City, Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, Winnipeg, Butte Helena Spokane and Pacific Coast Point. All Points East, South and West.

No Line so Handsomely Equipped.

Luxurious Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.

City Ticket Office,
432 W. Superior St., The Spalding.
C. H. De VAULT,
City Passenger and Ticket Agent
And Depot, cor. Sixth Av. W & Mich.

ONE CENT A WORD!

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY BY GENtleman and 6-year-old son. Address, C 68, Herald office, stating rate.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND COUNTING room desk. Apply at Herald office.

LARGE CAMP STOVE TO SELL CHEAP. 118 East Superior street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—1 20 HORSE POWER Scotch boiler; 1 6x8x29 S. O. hoist; 1 No. 7 Cameron pump. Complete with all fitting, including 250 ft ⅝ wire rope and 1 ½-ton arc bucket. Enquire at 202 Palladio building.

NEW HOUSES, EASY TERMS; FINE LOcation, Sixteenth avenue east, corner Jefferson. Open every day 3 until 4 p. m., Sundays 2 until 4. W. J. Reed, 42 Exchange building.

FINANCIAL.

CASH IN BANK FOR ANY GOOD REAL estate loan, at lowest rates, or purchase money mortgage. Stryker, Manley & Buck.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT ON horses, wagons, household furniture, pianos, diamonds, jewelry and all kinds of personal property, on short notice and a lower rate than you can possibly get it elsewhere. Inquire of Wm. Horkan, manager, Duluth Mortgage Loan company, room 420, Chamber of Commerce building, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS AND jewelry. G. A. Klein, only licensed pawnbroker in Duluth. 17 West Superior street.

ABOUT MONEY—
DO YOU NEED ANY?

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY
Room 201 Palladio Building,

WILL LEND YOU ANY SUM YOU WISH
FROM $10 TO $1000
ON THE DAY YOU ASK FOR IT.

WE MAKE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS AND PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ALL KINDS
IN ANY AMOUNT
At the lowest possible rates, without publicity or removal of property.

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY
Room 201 Palladio Building.

P. B. CROSBY,
COMMISSION BROKER,
Buys and Sells Mining Stocks for Cash.
Room 502 Palladio Building, DULUTH, MINN.
Correspondence Solicited. Weekly Circular.

ATTORNEYS.

L. U. C. TITUS, LL. B., ATTORNEY AT law, 604 Chamber of Commerce building.

JOS. WARD REYNOLDS, ATTORNEY, HAS located his office at suite, 321 Chamber of Commerce.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Virginia Improvement company to Chas Johnson, lots 1 and 2, block 85, etc, Virginia.....$ 875
A J Taylor to E W Matter, lot 14, block 97, Po thand division.....4,200
D W Evens to H W Comstock, lot 168, block 9, Duluth Proper, Third division.....3,000
J F Baars, Jr., to Simeon Chapman, lands in section 25, etc, 61-14.....10,000
C A Newman to A Marshall, lands in section 2-50-15.....1,000
J A Wentworth to C F Houghton, half lot 42, block 6, Central division.....47,000
E B French to E H Caulkins, lot 254, block 60, Duluth Proper, Second division, etc.....2,592
P L Johnson to E H Caulkins, lots 5 and 6, block 82, Portland division, etc.....3,700
Total transfers.....$80,267

$8.00--BEST SET OF TEETH



GULLUM.
Painless Dentist.
Room 702,
PALLADIO BUILDING.

CATARRH

Are you over troubled with

CATARRH

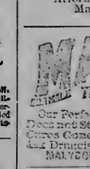
in any form? If so, go at once to A. Tattersall & Co., 607 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn., and try CATARRHALIX, the greatest known cure for this offensive and dangerous disease. Do not delay! Catarrhalix reaches the diseased parts at once, giving immediate relief and drives the poison from the system, and effects a positive cure.

Cures acute cases in seven days. Price of CATARRHALIX only ONE DOLLAR. Costs nothing to learn all about this great remedy.

A. Tattersall & Co.,
No. 607 Chamber of Commerce,
DULUTH, MINN.



$100 FORFEIT
If it does not cure the effects of Self-Abuse, Early Excesses, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power, Impotency, etc. ENLARGEMENT Chilblains. I will send the Recipe & a receipt FREE ters in plain, sealed envelope. Address, with stamp, C. K. TUPPAR, Sparta, Sparta Goods, Marshall, Michigan.



THE NORTH WESTERN LINE
CHICAGO

The Short Line —TO— CHICAGO.

The Pullman Car Line to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

For St. Paul and Minneapolis.	Day Ex. Sun'y	Night Ex Daily.
Lv Duluth	10 00 am	11 00 pm
Lv West Superior	10 20 am	11 20 pm
Ar Spooner	12 45 pm	2 00 am
Ar Stillwater	4 32 pm	5 60 am
Ar St. Paul	5 00 pm	6 30 am
Ar Minneapolis	5 40 pm	7 30 am

For Eau Claire, Chicago and the East.	Day Exp. Ex. Sun'y	Chicago Special Daily.
Lv Duluth	10 00 am	4 50 pm
Lv West Superior	10 20 am	5 10 pm
Ar Eau Claire	4 15 pm	10 15 pm
Ar Milwaukee	----------	7 25 am
Ar Chicago	8 00 pm	7 45 am

Parlor Cars on day trains.
"Chicago Special" runs through without change of cars for any class of passengers between Duluth and Chicago.
GEO. M. SMITH, General Agent.
B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent, 405 West Superior St.

ONE CENT A WORD!

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

M. S. & W. H. COOK, SURVEYORS AND civil engineers. 317 Fourteenth avenue east.

STOVE REPAIRING.

HEATING STOVES, RANGES AND COOK stoves repaired on short notice. Casting furnished for nearly every stove made. American Stove Repair works, 118 East Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING IN ALL branches at reasonable prices. Mrs. C. P. Smith, 125 First avenue west.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

THE MOST RESPECTABLE LICENSED office in Duluth, free of charge to all; or also have a full line of hair switches, chains, etc. Mrs. M. C. Seibold, 225 East Superior street.

PLUMBING.

W. W. McMILLAN & CO.,
HEATING AND PLUMBING,
215 West Superior street.

WILLIAM DONALDSON & SON,
Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters and Sanitary Engineers.
24 First Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.
Jobbing work a specialty. Orders left at Simon Clark & Co.'s store, 113 West Superior street. Telephone 75—will receive prompt attention.

MINING ENGINEERS.

CHARLES F. HOWE, SPECIAL ATTENtion given to the examination and reporting on mineral lands. Iron lands bought and sold. Analyses of all kinds made on short notice. 651 Chamber of Commerce.

ARCHITECTS.

G. A. TENBUSCH, 301 BUREOWS BUILDing.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. L. BALDWIN Midwife. Full graduate of German college of Accouchment. Cupping, etc. done. 609 East Third street.

RENTING AND COLLECTING.

CORDY EDWARDS' RENTAL AGENCY, 208 West Superior street. If you want a house or store call and see a big list always on hand.

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of three hundred eleven and 25-100 ($311.25) dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Clarence H. Foster and Mary P. Foster, his wife, to John S. Cameron, bearing date the twenty-first day of September, A. D. 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the twenty-second day of September, A. D. 1891, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 82 of mortgages, on page 7, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.: Lot eighty-seven (87) on St. Louis avenue, Upper Duluth, according to plat of Upper Duluth recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, said premises being situated in said St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the first day of April, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and two hundred dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated February 15th, A. D. 1893.

JOHN S. CAMERON,
Mortgagee.

JAMES I. GILBERT,
Attorney.
Feb-15-22-M-1-8-15-22-29.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE CONditions of a certain mortgage executed by Nathaniel A. Gearhart and Ella F. Gearhart, his wife, mortgagors, to Erastus S. Upham, mortgagee, dated the 24th day of March, 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis in the state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, 1891, at forty minutes past one o'clock in the afternoon, in book 70 of mortgages on page 357.

The premises conveyed by said mortgage are situated in said county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered sixty-two and seventy-two on St. Louis avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

There is claimed to be due, and is due, on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and ninety dollars and fifteen cents ($490.15), and no action or proceeding at law has been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default aforesaid, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the mortgaged premises above described at public auction by the sheriff of said county of St. Louis, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth in said county, on Saturday, the fifteenth day of April, 1893, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage debt, besides the twenty-five dollars attorney's fees stipulated for in said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law.

Dated March 1st, 1893.

ERASTUS S. UPHAM,
Mortgagee.

BALDWIN & CRASSWELLER,
Attorneys for said Mortgagee.
March-1-8-15-22-29-April-5-12

MAYBOR
INJECTOR
THE GENTLEMAN'S FRIEND

Our Perfection Syringe free with every bottle. Does not Stain. PREVENTS STRICTURE. Cures Gonorrhœa and Gleet in 1 to 5 days. All Druggists. Sent to any address for $1.00. MAYBOR MANUFG CO., LANCASTER, O.

BROU
THE OLD RELIABLE CURE
for the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet. No other treatment required. Non-poisonous. No Stricture. No inconvenience. Sold by ALL druggists. J. Ferre, (successor to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.
(Northern Pacific R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Latest Time Card.
Two Through Trains Daily.

	Lv.	Ar.		
12:45pm	6:25pm	Minneapolis	9:05am	4:15pm
1:20pm	7:15pm	St. Paul	8:20am	3:10pm
10:15am	4:15pm	Duluth	11:40am	6:50pm
1:20pm	7:25pm	Ashland	8:20am	3:20pm
7:15am	9:25am	Ar Chicago Lv	5:41pm	10:45pm

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada. Close connections made in Chicago with all trains going East and South.
For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or
JAS. C. POND,
Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

THIS IS YOUR LAST CHANCE!

Take Advantage of It Before It Is Too Late.

KAHN'S BANKRUPT STOCK!

CORNER FIRST AVENUE WEST AND FIRST STREET.

We must close out the balance of **L. KAHN'S BANKRUPT STOCK** at once, no matter what price we get for the goods. Every man and woman in Duluth who has $1.00 to invest in

SILKS, DRESS GOODS, LINENS, DOMESTICS, BEDDING, NOTIONS,

Carpets, Curtains, Cloaks, Hosiery, Underwear, Etc.

Can save just exactly One-Half, by attending our Clearing sale of Kahn's Bankrupt Stock.

$40,000 WORTH OF GOODS AT ONE-FOURTH TO ONE-HALF REGULAR PRICES.

Can you afford to pay $1 for the same goods we sell for 50c for. We do not think so.

DAWKINS! DAWKINS! DAWKINS.

THE MAYOR IS ANGRY.

The Passage of the West Duluth Water Works Company Legislation Act Arouses His Honor.

He Telegraphed Gov. Nelson to Withhold His Signature and a Delegation Will Go Down.

The Matter Greatly Concerns Duluth as in One Year West Duluth Will Come In.

Mayor d'Autremont was completely stirred up this morning, and as he walked up and down the floor of Frank Burke's office, puffing vigorously at his cigarette as he paced off the steps, his tongue was moved in rapid utterance. The matter that was able to so move his equanimity was the bill which finally passed the state senate yesterday and is now before Governor Nelson for his approval or rejection. That bill provides for the legalization of the contract which Bill Merriam's water works company holds with the village of West Duluth.

Mayor d'Autremont denounced this contract as a steal most rank and the bill under passage a cunningly concealed piece of special legislation of the most mischievous and unwarranted kind. Governor Nelson has been telegraphed by the mayor to withhold his signature until a Duluth delegation can confer with him. Mayor d'Autremont went to West Duluth this forenoon to confer with officials and patriots down there, and it is probable that able opponents of the measure will at once be sent to St. Paul to see that the distasteful and undesirable measure is killed.

The contract held with West Duluth by the Merriam company costs that village of 6000 people $17,000 per year. Eighty dollars per year are paid for the hydrants and the fire protection is inadequate. With the growth that must come to West Duluth it would soon cost enormous amounts to carry on this contract with the company. Billy Craig's much jumped-on company and method of business, says the mayor, is a sweet boon compared with the Merriam deal and as West Duluth comes into this city next year, Mayor d'Autremont thinks it highly improper and undesirable that the taxpayers of Duluth should have any such iniquitous contract perpetrated and saddled onto them in addition to their other burdens. As to how the actual residents and taxpayers of West Duluth regard the matter, The Herald reporter heard the mayor make no statement—in fact, to gain information on that point seemed to be one of the objects of his trip down there.

A NEW TRIAL REFUSED.

Master Workman Dempsey's Attorneys Will Appeal the Case.

PITTSBURG, March 1.—In criminal court this morning, Judge Stowe refused a new trial in the case of Master Workman H. F. Dempsey, who was recently convicted of complicity in the attempt to prison Homestead non-union workmen.

Sentence was deferred until Saturday, in order that the attorneys for the defense may have time to prepare their appeal to the supreme court. Beatty, Gallagher and Davidson were remanded to jail in order that sentence may be passed upon all at the same time.

Seven of the participants in the Duquesne riot were today sentenced to the work house for terms ranging from two to six months.

Irish Education Bill.

LONDON, March 1.—Lord Frederick Hamilton, Conservative member of parliament for North Tyrone, in moving today the second reading of the Irish education bill, urged that the Irish board of education ought to be controlled by parliament, in justice to the minority in Ireland. He further called attention to the fact that it was the only board of the kind in the kingdom not amenable to parliamentary control.

Missing Vessel Arrived.

HALIFAX, N. S, March 1.—The steamer Ulunda, so long overdue, arrived last night from Liverpool via New foundland.

A Bishop Dead.

WINNIPEG, Man., March 1.—Intelligence has reached here from James Bay this morning that Bishop Holden died Jan. 22 at the age of 63. He was the first bishop of Moosonee, being consecrated in 1872.

Music tonight at Union skating rink.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE ST. LOUIS OPENING

Butchart and Michaud, the Popular Hotel Men, Ready to Receive Guests This Evening.

A Handsome and Pleasant Home for the Traveling Public is Ready for Occupancy.

Many Old Faces to Be Seen in the List of Employes—Banquet Saturday Night.

It will be pleasant news indeed to hotel patrons to know the popular caterers, Butchart & Michaud, will open Hotel St. Louis at supper this evening, which will be the first meal served in the building since the destruction of the original St. Louis by fire on Jan. 13, a little under two months ago. Only a few days elapsed after the fire and it became known that the enterprising proprietors had perfected arrangements for the transfer of the Brighton lease. This was soon accomplished and the "Brighton" was dropped from the roll of Duluth hotels, and in its place the new St. Louis appears, brighter, better and vastly more cheerful and homelike than its predecessor.

The building was only slightly damaged by the adjoining fire, but a complete renovation has taken place. The office is changed and is now bright and cheerful with much more room than formerly and with new fittings and fixtures. Thomas and Horace Michaud will give the incoming guests a welcome, give them all good rooms and make their bills as light as possible when they are leaving. The electric wiring and annunciators have been changed so that the system now in use is more perfect than any other in the city.

The dining room is much prettier than ever before and the linen, cutlery and table ware are of special pattern and design. Philip Steele will have immediate charge of this room and his experience in many of the leading hotels of the country in a similar capacity is well known to hotel patrons. The dining room waitresses will be dressed in a uniform manner.

The gastronomical department will be under the direction and absolute control of Chef Gottard Trabattoni, who has been connected with the Chicago Auditorium, the Portland, of Portland, Ore., and several leading old world cafes. He is today one of the best chefs in the Northwest if not in the country.

The St. Louis today has ample accommodations for 300 guests and has ninety-five large guest chambers, besides a number of parlors which can be made into guest rooms at a moment's notice in the event of a sudden rush or during a convention. Every room in the house has been retouched by painters and frescoers until they are as fresh and inviting as a peach orchard in full bloom. There is one great point about the St. Louis which opens this evening—it is fire proof and has been tried twice.

There is a probability that the Realty company may build during the summer for the hotel proprietors a sixty foot addition on the west which will give 100 additional guest rooms, a large billiard room, three stores and number of parlors and chambers en suite. The style of architecture will be in keeping with the present building.

About the hotel many of the employes of the old St. Louis are to be seen and the new ones are selected for their ability to serve and please the guests in their several capacities.

Barber G. H. Apfel will look after the barber shop and Johnny Lanigan will understand you when you lean against the elegant bar in the saloon and expectantly murmur "a little of the same old stuff."

The hotel will be just what Butchart & Michaud have made all their previous hotel ventures, a welcome and pleasant home for transient or permanent guests, more so than any other place in the city, and that it will have a lion's share of the hotel patronage of the city no one doubts.

The formal opening of the hotel will take place Saturday and will be in the nature of a banquet to which a large number of invitations have been issued. The proprietors may have overlooked some of their friends in the matter of sending invitations but all are invited to be present.

To Prevent Enlargement.

It appears from the last clause in the bills which have been circulated around the city by the Amalgamated association, says the Superior Leader, that they intend to prevent, if possible, the improvements which have been planned by the steel company. The report that the company intended to put in blast furnaces led them to issue the notice warning all bricklayers, carpenters and mechanics to keep away from the mills. Of course the Amalgamated association would rather have one of the smaller mills non-union than a large one, and will therefore try to prevent the West Superior Iron & Steel company from enlarging their plant as it proposed to do. The company no doubt intends to put in docks, warehouses and other improvements and will do so in spite of the boasts that the association will try to prevent this as far as possible.

A New Iron Company.

The Mount Atthos Iron company, a Duluth-Superior institution, was incorporated the first of this week with a capital stock of $500,000, by C. C. Wyatt, J. H. Hill and a number of Wisconsin and Minnesota people who are interested in iron lands. The stock has all been subscribed and among the names of the stockholders and directors are those of Moses Clapp and D. B. Searle.

A Sample Ingot.

A sample ingot for the United States cruiser William Windom was rolled yesterday at Superior to see that the steel company had the right material for the work. It will take the company five or six weeks to complete the contract of furnishing plates for the cruiser, which the West Superior Iron and Steel company secured some time ago.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

WEST DULUTH COUNCIL.

Councilman Hall Rose Up in His Wrath and Left the Hall.

The council held a short and merry session last evening. Just enough members were present for a quorum with A. Bagley as presiding officer. The meeting opened by a motion from Councilman Hall to suspend the usual order of business and to proceed to new business. This motion, which prevailed, was made for the purpose of bringing up the matter of the system of voting at the coming election.

Mr. Hall followed with another motion that the election be held under the old election laws. A written opinion from J. G. Williams, the attorney, in favor of his point was presented and read. It was evident that Mr. Hall was alone on his side of the question as the motion failed for the want of a second. It was then moved that the council proceed to the regular order of business.

It was at this point that the meeting waxed interesting, for Mr. Hall climbed up on his war horse and moved an adjournment. As this motion received no second the gentleman was again discomfitted and finding that he was totally disarmed he picked up his hat and coat and left his seat. After he had passed the railing which separates the pater nosters from the common herd of mankind he struck a dramatic attitude and poured forth an invective against the council for adopting a system of voting which he claimed was illegal and would bring numberless suits against the village as well as invalidate any bonds which the people might desire to issue. He washed his hands of the whole matter and left the hall.

This action left the council without a quorum and an adjournment was taken without the further transaction of business.

Struck by a Train.

Richard Nixon happily escaped a serious mishap last evening while crossing the railroads tracks at the Central avenue station. A train was bearing down upon him and before he could get across the track he was struck by the snow plow and thrown a distance of twenty feet. He was unconscious when picked up but soon revived with no serious injuries.

West Duluth Briefs.

One of the smokestacks at the car works was partially blown away by the high wind yesterday.

M. Jacoby arrived home last evening after being snow bound on the way from St. Paul for a period of thirteen hours. This morning he received a telegram from J. N. Mullen announcing that the bill legalizing the water company had passed both houses and signed by the governor.

D. J. Ross leaves Wednesday for a brief visit with his brothers at Washburn, Wis.

D. A. Madill, of Virginia, is down visiting his old friends.

Jailer Stevens has an increase in his family in the shape of a fine girl born last night.

Ed Hall left for St. Paul last evening on business connected with the Duluth, Missabe & Northern.

Mrs. E. Filiatrault and daughter left today for Faribault to make a short visit to their old home.

A petition has been in circulation asking M. C. Price to be a candidate for village president.

For sale, a good lot near Longfellow school building for $285. C. W. Hoyt.

Euclid lodge meets tonight for work in the second degree.

Fred Filiatrault is moving his undertaking department from the Fox & Ogden building to the livery stable on Broadway.

It is learned on good authority that $7000 has been offered for a Central avenue lot.

Wanted—A quantity of pine timber near town, suitable for piling. Address "Herald," West Duluth.

JIM HASKINS' DIRE FATE.

The Champion Liar Relates a Yarn Which Would Put Ananias to Shame.

He blew in from St. Paul a day or two ago with a slouch hat and a reputation as a liar that has rarely been equaled and never exceiled. He had capped every story that the ring of drummers who sat contemplative and expectorative in the rotunda of the Grand Pacific could devise or recollect. Then the talk turned on the present reign of crime and the futurity of the police force, and a weary man from San Francisco had just completed his best yarn, in which the hero, a detective, carried two desperate burglars three-quarters of a mile, one under each arm, dragging, meanwhile, a third with his teeth. It was steep, and the drummers looked with some respect on the man from the coast. But the champion prevaricator was equal to the occasion.

"That ain't much," he said confidently, and an expectant groan ran around the circle.

"Lemme tell you a little something that happened up our way a year or two ago. There was a fellow by the name of Jim Haskins—Chicago crook he was—and the police down here couldn't do nothin with him; so they offered a reward for him and let it go at that. I guess he found it kinder slow in this place and wanted to strike a live town.

"Anyways he drifted up our way and raised Cain for a bit. Didn't seem to matter what he put his hand to, he came out ahead, and somehow or other he always managed to slime out the right end when it was all over. They pinched him a dozen times when everybody knowed he was the man they wanted, but they couldn't convict him. But they caught him in the act at last, and I was the man as did it—leastways it was my idea.

"You see, it was just this way. I remember jest as well as though it happened yesterday. It was one snowy night, freezin hard enough to curdle a furnace, and they was layin for Jim. There was an officer by the name of Gallagher, and of course we called him 'Letergo.' He got a pointer as Jim was goin to do a job at a hardware store a little ways out in the suburbs, and I says, 'You try my scheme, an if it comes off we'll whack up on the reward.' 'It's a go,' says he.

"Well, Jim gets into the store all right and didn't suspicion as Gallagher knowed it. But Gallagher was right with him. He slipped off his shoes and crawled up behind Jim. Jest as Jim was reachin out to try a key in the cash drawer Gallagher slips a big magnet into Jim's pocket and scoots. 'What's that?' says Jim, but he didn't say any more, for a couple of feet of stovepipe landed on his shoulder. 'Why, the blamed store's alive,' he says, and makes a break for the door. He dodged a keg of nails and a couple of rolls of barb wire and runs down the street with the whole stock a-chasin after him.

"Well, you'd 'a' died laughing to see it. He hadn't run more'n a block, with all that truck clatterin after him like as it would have wakened a wooden man, when there was a lamppost seemed to lay from him. He warn't more'n 10 feet away for it when it gives a jump and falls all over Jim. We gathered him up and toted him to a wagon with 200 pounds of 10-penny nails clinging all over him."

"I guess we can swallow that easier if we take something on the side," said the man from San Francisco, and the ring adjourned.—Chicago Times.

Turning the Tables.

The other day two Chinese damsels invaded the San Francisco Chronicle building. They rode up and down the elevator, visiting the different floors, opening the doors of several offices, apparently for no other purpose than to see what was inside, meanwhile all the time jabbering and laughing, as if they were much amused. When asked whom they were looking for, one of them answered, "We no look for anybody—we all the same slumming."—Argonaut.

Nearsighted Stranger (in hotel reading room)—I see you are looking at a plan of one of the new fangled labyrinths. They are mighty puzzling things. Have you ever happened to——

Gentleman From New England (with exceeding stiffness)—I am looking at a map of Boston, sir.—Chicago Tribune.

A Natural Food.

Conditions of the system arise when ordinary foods cease to build flesh—there is urgent need of arresting waste—assistance must come quickly, from *natural food* source.



Scott's Emulsion

is a condensation of the life of all foods—it is cod-liver oil reinforced, made easy of digestion, and *almost as palatable as milk.*

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

The Great Eastern Duluth.

The Pioneers of Low Prices.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF

Men's and Boys' Shoes And Rubbers.



If your Shoes have not been giving you satisfaction, try a pair of us. We guarantee to save you from 50c to $1.00 on every pair.

M. S. BURROWS & CO. Cor. Superior St. and Third Ave. W. DULUTH, MINN.

HOURS FOR LADIES: Every day from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. HOURS FOR GENTS: Every day from 1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

Russian and Turkish **BATHS**

415 West Michigan Street.

CHAS. O. FALLER, Prop. DULUTH, MINN

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.

Dr. Schiffman fills teeth without pain.

"Gill's Best" flour, the home manufacture of Duluth, is the best in the market.

George W. Stevens will address the revival meeting at the First M. E. church at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

We lead on wall papers. F. E. Butts & Co. Our line is very complete.

Births as follows were reported to the board of health this morning: Henry and Martha Mitchell, Portman avenue and corner Dodge street, a son; Edgar and Lillie Ball, 1118 East Third street, a son.

A. J. McGee has been appointed deputy collector of customs at Two Harbors, vice J. C. Urey resigned. The appointment takes effect at once.

The county commissioners meet on Friday. They will have to encounter a lot of protests against taxes.

Signal Officer B. H. Bronson has received a complete set of the new lake charts, corrected up to Jan. 30. They are a great improvement on former charts. He has also received a relief map of the United States which is very interesting.

Christ Didriksen and Augusta Abramsen received a marriage license this morning. Cornelius Gustafson and Anna Anderson were similarly accommodated yesterday.

The Co-operative Building-Loan association at its annual meeting yesterday elected as officers the following: President, P. S. Anneke; vice president, George A. Wieland; secretary, E. W. Barker; treasurer; W. G. Hegardt; attorney, W. A. Cant. Simon Clark and J. H. Nordby were elected to positions on the board of managers.

The Duluth Hibernians will visit their West Duluth brothers tomorrow evening.

A series of match bowling games are being played at the Catholic club this week.

Music tonight at Union skating rink.

PERSONAL.

Joseph L. Taylor, representing Denman Thompson's "Two Sisters," is in the city.

H. A. Tuttle, assistant superintendent of the North American Telegraph company, came up from Minneapolis this morning.

James E. Connelly, of Two Harbors, is in the city.

George M. Kenyon, of St. Paul, is here today.

Andrew Erwin, of St. Paul, is in the city.

The numerous friends of E. C. Howard will be pleased to hear that he is rapidly improving and expects to be able to be out in a few days.

Several Cleveland parties are registered at the Spalding today, among them, R. N. Dickman, A. J. Huston and Frank W. Davis.

D. M. Finlayson came down from the range last evening and returned to St. Paul.

B. S. Kaufman, of Marquette, returned from the range last evening.

L. C. Barnett, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

Mrs. F. T. Stone leaves Oklahoma today on her return to Duluth, according to a telegram received this morning.

C. A. Towne went to St. Paul last evening.

F. C. Stone, of Saginaw, is here on one of his frequent business trips.

C. H. Boyle left for Boston yesterday.

S. R. Ainslie of the Wisconsin Central lines is in the city.

Superintendent Bell, the newly appointed gentlemen who will be at the executive head of the Union Depot company, arrived here today.

E. A. Whittaker, general agent of the Minneapolis & St. Louis road, at St. Paul, is in the city.

C. A. Congdon was a passenger to Boston this afternoon.

W. E. Moore and B. C. Church started southward today, the former to Florida and the latter to Chicago.

$45,000 to loan in large or small amounts on improved or unimproved property.

MYERS & WHIPPLE, Under First National Bank.

Music tonight at Union skating rink.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

The Jury in the Gillespie vs. Menice Case Reported a Disagreement After Nineteen Hours.

Gillespie Declared That Menice's Alleged Loan of $150 Was Given to Purchase "Green Goods."

Civil Calendar Rapidly Being Disposed of and the Court Cases Will Soon Be Taken Up.

Before Judge Ensign in the district court the case of Josephine Lightheart vs. M. C. Littleworth et al, is still on trial today. In the case of Leopold brothers vs. Nannie M. McLochlin, judgment for the plaintiff, by consent, for $333 and costs was ordered. The time-worn case of Phillips & Buell vs. the Tribune Printing company, which has been on the calendars so long, was ordered continued until Friday, when Judge Baxter will take it up.

Judge Ensign ordered that the following attorneys be paid the amounts set opposite their names for defending criminals at the present term: Harry Lardner, $10; J. M. McClintock, $15; E. F. Alfred, $10; J. T. Watson, $15; C. O. Baldwin, $40.

Before Judge Brown in room 2, the case of Samuel Gillespie vs. Samuel Meniece et al, went to the jury yesterday and after wrestling with the facts for nineteen hours the jury reported they could not agree and were discharged. This case brought out considerable interesting and amusing testimony. The suit was brought to recover a debt and the defendant set up a counter claim of $150. This the defendant alleges was a loan to the plaintiff, but the plaintiff claims that it was given to purchase "green goods" with, which when they arrived proved to be sawdust and old paper. Gillespie denies that it was a loan and Menice denied the "green goods" story altogether.

A motion for a new trial was denied in W. E. Covey vs. Cutler & Gilbert. The case of the Keystone Iron company vs. Lillian Logan et al, is on trial and will be finished this afternoon. Judge Brown will leave for his home in Morris tonight and Judge Baxter will occupy the bench, commencing tomorrow morning.

The jury cases are nearly at an end and the consideration of court cases will commence in room 2 tomorrow or next day. The Tuboli rape cases come up before Judge Ensign tomorrow.

Look into our "On or Before" clause Before Taking Any Other.

MONEY Always on Hand FOR LOANS OF ANY AMOUNT ON IMPROVED BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE PROPERTY AT

6%

"ON OR BEFORE"

Which means that the Mortgage is made for 5 years, but *You Have the Privilege* of paying part or all on any semi-annual interest day, without Cost or Notice.

If you consult your own interests you will sign no other form of mortgage.

R. M. NEWPORT & SON, Investment Bankers, 8 Phoenix Block.

RAFTING OF LOGS.

Board of Government Engineers Will Recommend Restrictions.

Maj. Clinton B. Sears has been advised of his appointment as one of the board to investigate the subject of raft towing on the great lakes and their connecting waterways. This board was named by the secretary of war under authority of public resolution No. 9 of congress directing him to examine into the question. The other members are Col. O. M. Poe, of Detroit, and Maj. E. L. B. Davis, of Washington. The latter was stationed at Milwaukee for several years and in his position there gained much experience in the matter of transportation of rafts, a great deal of rafting being done in the district over which he had charge. Maj. Sears' selection was probably due to the fact that he is in charge of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior canals where a great deal of trouble now occurs.

The board will meet in Detroit at the call of the senior member, Col. Poe, and will investigate and report what restrictions, if any, should be placed upon the size, manner of construction and towing of rafts upon the great lakes and their connecting waters. There will probably be several meetings of the board and advertisements will be sent out so that interested parties may be heard.

The matter will be interesting to lumbermen at the head of the lakes in asmuch as the restrictions recommended will apply to the canals here and to the St. Louis rivers. The canals here, however, do not cause much trouble, being short. In the Portage Lake, Lake Superior and St. Mary's river canals there occurs the greatest vexations. The logs are brought in in "bags" instead of being strung out and consequently block the whole canal. The rules governing the two first named canals require logs to be rafted in strings not wider than fifty feet and not more than 600 feet long and if more than 300 feet long to be towed by two tugs. There is no penalty, however, for violation and some obey and some disregard the rules. The Portage lake canal was blocked for three days last year. The restrictions recommended, Maj. Sears says, will apply to all the navigable waters of the country.

Music tonight at Union skating rink.

$1150 will buy a good home at Hazelwood. Only $250 cash. Great bargain. COFFIN & WARNER.

Music tonight at Union skating rink.

Buy your wood and coal of DULUTH FUEL Co. Basement First National bank.

THE BLOCKADE BREAKING.

Railroad Lines Are Being Opened Up and Trains Are Running Again.

The first train to break the blockade caused by the storm was the Wisconsin Central from Chicago which was due here at 11:40 o'clock yesterday morning, but which did not appear until 7:05 o'clock last night, seven hours and twenty-five minutes late. The train was a little over five hours coming from Ashland.

The St. Paul & Duluth night express which was abandoned Monday night out of St. Paul left the Saintly city at 7:15 o'clock yesterday morning and got in here at 7:20 o'clock, pulled by two engines, or twelve hours and fifty minutes late. It was followed fifteen minutes later by the mailtrain which left St. Paul on time and got in here at 7:35 o'clock, a little over four and a half hours late. The limited left St. Paul on time and was only one hour and five minutes late, arriving here at 8:20 o'clock. All these trains had two engines.

The Duluth & Iron Range from McKinley and Merritt got in about two and one-half hours late, followed by a Wisconsin Central train about midnight.

A Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic train, well filled with passengers, got in early this morning after being stuck in the company's yards across the bay all night.

WILL PUSH THE BILL.

Superior Board of Trade Wants the Elevators to Come to Time.

The committee appointed by the Superior board of trade to confer with the elevator and flour mill men in reference to Wisconsin state inspection were to have met yesterday for final action, but the storm prevented. The board has prepared and sent to Madison a bill providing not only state inspection, but state supervision of elevators, with license fees.

To this the elevator men object. They do not oppose Wisconsin inspection, but object to being made public warehouses. If they are permitted to run as open or private warehouses they can, when customers so desire, mix two or more grades of wheat and receive and store any grade that may be offered.

For these reasons the board offered to compromise thus: If the elevators will withdraw from their Minnesota bonds and become regular on the Superior board of trade, accepting Superior inspection and weighing, the Wisconsin state inspection bill will be withdrawn; otherwise, amended and put through.

The Municipal Court.

In municipal court this morning the first victims out of the trap were August Ganett and William Harry, charged with vagrancy. They denied the charge, whereupon 2 o'clock this afternoon was set for their trial. August Ganett secured a ten days' committment for drunkenness.

Complaint was made against Phillips Kennedy this morning for burglary in the second degree and against William Raymond for larceny in the second degree.

They Deserve Thanks.

The city engineering force is preparing contour maps for the use of Victor Mindelcff who is making the profile map. The maps are very complete and make it possible for the map to be perfectly accurate. Secretary Thompson who is gathering the data says that the city engineers of Duluth and West Duluth and Patten & Frank are entitled to a vote of thanks for having turned over everything in their offices free of charge to assist in getting out the map.

A Big Average.

The total number of shares of stock sold on the Duluth stock exchange during the month of February was a little short of 26,000. The daily average was 1073, more than double that of any other month of the exchange's existence.

Music tonight at Union skating rink.

The Probate Court.

Before Judge Ayer in the probate court John Krey was appointed administrator of the $4000 estate of Margaret Krey deceased. The foreign will of Laura Shelby Blood was admitted to probate and letters testamentary were granted to her son, T. Lawton Blood. The estate is valued at over $50,000.

THE Duluth Board of Trade

Finding additional room necessary will build a very large and handsome building.

Property adjacent to this building will be immensely increased in value.

No site has been selected and property holders, with others interested, are invited to submit offers of bonus to be paid for the location of the Board of Trade building upon a site named by the guarantors of the bonus.

Offers of bonus must be made in the name of persons of known responsibility or accompanied by ample guarantees.

Within reasonable bounds the building will be placed in the locality offering the largest bonus.

O. C. HARTMAN, A. D. THOMSON, JNO. MACLEOD, FRANKLIN PAINE, Committee.

Snow on the Ground.

According to the weather bureau reports the quantity of snow on the ground at the end of February at principal points in the Northwest was as follows: St. Paul, 19 inches; Duluth, 26; Miles City, a trace; Havre, Mont., 1; Bismarck, 1; Moorhead, 8; St. Vincent, 28; Fort Buford, 11; La Crosse, 6; Huron, 1; Pierre, 0; Port Arthur, 30.

Extending the Ohio Dock.

The contract has been let to R. B. Dear for an extension of 300 feet to the Ohio Coal company's dock at Superior. The work of driving the piles will be started in a few days and the addition will be completed in time to be filled with coal during the coming season of navigation.

Music tonight at Union skating rink.

$950 will buy a home in Hazelwood. Center of developments for 1893. Easy terms. COFFIN & WARNER.

Music tonight at Union skating rink.

Removed!

Pioneer Fuel Co.

To 416 W. Superior St. Chamber of Commerce Building.

Telephone 161.

Temporary Headquarters.

WHEAT WAS VERY ACTIVE.

Heaviest Business on the Duluth Board For Six Weeks.

The wheat market was quite lively today, it being the most active session the Duluth board has seen for six weeks. It opened firm with buyers at yesterday's closing figures and was marked by heavy business at slowly declining prices. May and July were very active and there was fair demand for cash and May wheats. May declined ⅝c to ¾c during the morning and July lost ½c. The market was a little firmer in the afternoon and May recovered ½c. Track wheat opened at 66½c, which was yesterday's closing price, and ruled dull. The close was firm at ⅛c off all round from yesterday, except July which was steady and unchanged. Following were the closing prices:

No. 1 hard, cash, 67¼c; March, 67½c; May, 72c; July, 73¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67c; March, 67c; May, 69⅝c; July, 72½c. No. 2 northern, cash, 50½c. No. 3, 51c. Rejected, 48½c. On track—No. 1 northern 66½c; No. 2 northern 62¼. Rye, 47c. Flax, cash, $1.16½; May, $1.17¼.

Car inspection today, 25. Receipts—Wheat, 3721 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 609 bus. Cars on track, 4; last year, 133.

Roundup for February.

The production and receipts of flour, and receipts of grain at Duluth during the month of February, 1893, as compared with February last year, are as follows:

	1893.	1892.
Flour production, Duluth, bbls	48,193	77,220
Flour production, Superior, bbls	16,751	.....
Flour received, bbls	11,460	.....
Wheat received, bus	236,498	1,150,362
Corn received, bus	30,478	.....
Flax received, bus	374	20,620

Our shipments of flour and grain for February this year, as compared with February last year, are as follows:

	1893.	1892.
Flour, from Duluth, bbls	52,054	81,117
Flour, from Superior, bbls	16,751	.....
Wheat, bus	15,877	121,839
Flax seed, bus	374	1,025

Outside Markets.

CHICAGO, March 1.—The close: Wheat, March, 72¾c; May, 75¾c; July, 74⅝@76c. Corn, March, 40c; May, 42c; July, 43¾c. Oats, March, 30c; May, 32½c; July, 31¾c. Pork, March, $13.12½; May, $13.42½; July, $13.45. Lard, March, $12.80, May, $12.85; July, $11.95. Ribs, March, 10.15; May, $10.30; July, $10.10.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 1.—Wheat: May opened at 67⅞c and closed at 67¼c; July opened at 70c and closed at 69¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 67c; No. 1 northern, 65½c; No. 2 northern 62@63c.

W. P. BROWN,

GRAIN, PROVISIONS AND STOCKS

Private Wires to Chicago and New York.

107 and Chamber of Commerce.

New York Stocks.

	Opened.	Closed.
Atchison	32⅜	32⅜
C., B. & Q.	95½	96⅛
Chicago Gas	89	89⅛
Erie	21¼	21⅞
C. & N. W.	112	112
St. Paul	77½	78⅜
Delaware, Lackawanna & West'n	145	145
Louisville & Nashville	74⅝	75⅜
Missouri Pacific	55⅛	55½
New England	32¼	32⅝
Northern Pacific	40¼	41
Reading	27¼	16⅛
Rock Island	88¾	89⅛
Richmond Terminal		
Sugar Trust	124⅝	121⅜
Union Pacific	38⅜	38
Western Union	96¼	96⅝
Whisky Trust	36	33⅝

DULUTH STOCK EXCHANGE.

All the Sales Today were in Unlisted Stocks.

Total sales on the stock exchange this morning were 340 shares, of which most of them were in unlisted stocks. There were in February sold an average of 1073 shares daily, the greatest number since the board opened, the three best preceding months having been: April, 1892, 443 shares; July, 494, and January, 1893, 425 shares daily.

Stock.	Par value	Bid.	Asked.	Last Sales. Cash.	Last Sales. Time.
Biwabik	$100	31 25	35 00	.....	.....
Cincinnati	25	1 45	1 70	.....	.....
Cosmopolitn	100	.....	75	.....	.....
Clark	100	.....	75	.....	.....
Gr't North'n	100	7 00	8 50	.....	.....
Keystone	100	.....	1 00	.....	.....
Kanawha	100	2 10	.....	2 00	.....
L'ke Sup'r	25	2 50	2 75	.....	.....
L'tle Mes'ba	100	4 50	6 50	.....	.....
Lincoln	100	1 00	.....	.....	.....
M'tain Iron	100	.....	95 00	.....	.....
Minneapolis	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ms'baM't'ain	100	23 00	25 00	.....	.....
Shaw	100	5 50	6 55	.....	.....
Sec'rty Land	10	23 00	20 00	.....	.....
Washington	100	.....	.....	.....	.....

Houses at Hazelwood.

We offer two houses for sale at Hazelwood at very low price and on easy terms. COFFIN & WARNER.

Over a Hundred Went.

The excursion train which left the Union depot this morning for Biwabik over the Iron Range road carried over a hundred people. The excursion was given by P. H. McGarry who opened his hotel there today. The opening will be a great event and Biwabik will probably never see anything like it again in several years. Hoare's orchestra went up and will furnish music. The train will leave Biwabik at 4 a. m. tomorrow.

West Duluth.

Two lots on Fourth avenue west, cheap; lots on Central and Grand avenues; large list in Third and Seventh divisions. City agent West Duluth Land company. E. W. MARKELL, 7, Phoenix blk.

NAMED BY THE PRESIDENT.

Two Nominations Were Sent to the Senate Today.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The president has sent to the senate the following nominations: Truxton Beale, of California, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary and consul general of the United States to Roumania, Servia and Greece.

Genio M. Lambertson, of Nebraska, to be arbitrator on the part of the United States under the treaty for a claims commission concluded between the United States and Chile.

New Envoys Received.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—At noon today President Harrison received Gen. Canevaro, the new Peruvian minister, who presented his credentials from the president of Peru, and at 12:15 o'clock Clement Haentjens, the new minister from Hayti, was also received formally. Both presentations were made by Acting Secretary Wharton, of the state department. The usual complimentary speeches were made by the president and the new envoys.

National Bank Notes.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—The national bank circulation increased during February $1,532,235, making the total circulation of this class of money March 1 $175,320,856.

Still No Choice.

HELENA, Mont., March 1.—Today's ballot for United States senator resulted: Mantle 31, Clark 24, Dixon 12. Others scattering. No choice. The legislature adjourns tomorrow.

Don't become constipated. Take BEECHAM'S PILLS.

FOUR BOARDERS WANTED AT 1009 EAST Second street, call at house.

A SERVANT GIRL WANTED AT ONCE AT 1009 East Second street.

Ben Hur!

—AT THE—

Temple Opera House

BEGINNING

Friday, March 10th,

Under the auspices of the LITTLE PILGRIM FREE KINDERGARTEN.

Clark & Cox's grand spectacular production of Gen. Lew Wallace's wor'd famous story. A beautiful and instructive presentation of scenes from the Holy Land at the Dawn of the First Century.

Not a passion play, but omitting everything that might appear sacriligious from copyright. Libretto arranged by the author for Clark & Cox and with the permission of Messrs. Harper & Bros.

Tickets at Regular Prices.

Prices Reduced!

In order to close out balance of WINTER STOCK.

Reduction on all Warm-lined Shoes and Slippers.

High-cut Overshoes and Alaskas all go at reduced prices.

Samples and Odd Lots of Fine Shoes at COST TO CLOSE OUT.

FOR BARGAINS IN RELIABLE FOOTWEAR CALL ON

A. WIELAND, 123 W. SUPERIOR ST.

The Town Of Biwabik!

Has increased **1000 Per Cent** in population in the last half year, and is growing rapidly. Two railroads in operation and its tributary mines are among the biggest and best. All who go and see the growth and activity, buy, and thus make money. **The easterly 40 is now on sale.** Remember "the early bird catches the worm," and call early. It will pay you.

D. W. Scott,

408 First National Bank Bld'g., DULUTH, MINN.

Centredale and Chandler Park!

Are located in the center of the present activity caused by the location of the Duluth Missabe & Northern railroad ore docks and other important developments These additions have graded streets, city water, and are convenient to the electric street railway. The Lots are level, price is low and terms easy.

I WILL OFFER

Extra inducements for a short time to parties who desire to build.

S. M. CHANDLER, 404 PALLADIO BLD'G.

The Great Eastern Duluth.

THE LARGEST AND FINEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN THE WEST. THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES.

The Inauguration

Of the President of the United States is no doubt a very imposing ceremony. The American people take honest pride in Presidential Inaugurations, and very justly so, no matter whether they are pleased politically or not. That proves their inherent and broad-guaged patriotism.

One of the Next Important Points of Interest

to the thinking public, is where they can for the least money suitably clothe themselves and the masses in Duluth have found out by actual experience that when they want New, Good, Stylish, Reasonable, Seasonable Wearing Apparel, there is but one place for them to go, and that is **The Great Eastern,** who, being manufacturers, save you the middleman's profit which other dealers are compelled to pay the wholesaler.

YOU CAN

Be as well dressed as any one who attends the inauguration, if you will just call on us.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

NEW Dress Goods! NEW Ready-made Dresses! NEW Linens! NEW Linens!

—AT—

FREIMUTH'S

Mammoth Department Store.

OUR IMPORTATION OF DRESS GOODS HAVE ARRIVED.

Imported Dress Robes!

And such Nobby Robes have never been shown in the city before.

Epinglin's Serges, Drap d'Almas, —IN ALL COLORS.

Diagonals, Amazon Stripes, Crepons, —IN SPRING COLORINGS.

Poplins, Henriettas, Corkscrew Diagonals, —IN NEW SHADES.

Railway Cords, Whip Cords, Glorias, —IN SPRING COLORINGS.

And many other weaves have arrived and are now on our counters for inspection.

WE HAVE

Prepared ourselves for early shopping, giving the ladies a chance to make up their gowns before the dressmakers are so rushed as to be unable to do the gowns justice.

DO NOT DELAY as the Novelties will not last, and the first selection is always the best.

We have opened a full line of Ladies' Ready-made Dresses. Must be seen to be appreciated. Also

New Spring Wraps!

Drop in and look over our Cloak room, and you will be amply repaid.

NEW LINENS!

Never before have we ever shown such a variety of Linen, such choice patterns, such qualities, such low prices.

New Goods Arriving Daily at

FREIMUTH'S.

When

Your Door Bell refuses to ring, call up 'Phone No. 39.

Crowley Electric Co. 18 West Superior St.

6%

"ON OR BEFORE" MORTGAGE LOANS. NO DELAY.

CLAGUE & PRINDLE, 216 West Superior Street.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1893. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. THREE CENTS

Our Famous Sliding Scale PLAN

Has Again Demonstrated Its Ability to Move High Grade Chamber Suits.

Monday, Feb. 27th, we shall show in our window a Magnificent Dining Set, consisting of the following pieces:

1 English Oak Sideboard.
1 English Oak Dining Table, 10 ft.
4 English Oak Dining Chairs, Leather Seats and Back.

This set has never been offered for less than $110.

Beginning with Monday, Feb. 27th, we shall reduce its price $5.00 every day it remains unsold until it reaches a price at which you think it is cheap, when it does come in and give us your order.

FIRST WEEK.		SECOND WEEK.	
Monday, Feb. 27	Price $105.00	Monday, March 5	Price $75.00
Tuesday, Feb. 28	Price $100.00	Tuesday, March 6	Price $70.00
Wednesday, March 1,	Price $95.00	Wednesday, March 7	Price $65.00
Thursday, March 2	Price $90.00	Thursday, March 8	Price $60.00
Friday, March 3	Price $85.00	Friday, March 9	Price $55.00
Saturday, March 4	Price $80.00	Saturday, March 10	Price $50.00

Etc., Etc. If not sold by March 20 it won't cost you a cent. 5 per cent added if sold on the easy payment plan.

We Sell on Easy Payments When Desired.

Do you need accommodation? Have you given this method of our business your consideration?
It is honorable.
It is just and equitable.
Our books contain the names of the best citizens of Duluth, who have availed themselves of its advantages.
We ask a payment of
$ 5.00 on $20.00 Bought.
8.00 on 40.00 Bought.
10.00 on 50.00 Bought.
20.00 on 100.00 Bought.
NO INTEREST CHARGED!

We have the Largest stock of Furniture.
We have the Largest stock of Carpets.
We have the Largest stock of Crockery and Glassware.
We have the Largest stock of Everything pertaining to Housefurnishing in the city of Duluth.

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE COMPANY,

222 and 224 Superior Street West.

Minn Hist'l Society

Fine Sleighs and Cutters!

RUSSIAN AND PORTLANDS, TWO-SEATERS AND SINGLES.

REMOVED TO 416-418 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

M. W. TURNER.

MONEY TO LOAN

In large or small amounts, on IMPROVED PROPERTY, at the LOWEST RATES.

McGIFFERT & WHITE, *213 FIRST NATIONAL BANK.*

TO THOSE

Who have in contemplation the purchase of a Home. I have a large list to select from.

Fire Insurance Carefully Written.

HARRY D. PEARSON, - 305 Burrow's Buildin

Magazines for March! Fashion Books for March!

CALL ON US FOR THE PARTICULAR ONE YOU WANT.

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR,

323 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Fine Stationery Daily and Illustrated Papers.

J. M. GEIST,

THE LEADING HOUSE IN **Fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Etc.**

J. S. LANE,

Merchant Tailor,

Largest and finest line of Spring Woolens in the city to select your Spring Overcoat or Suit from.

ANTI-SCALPERS' BILL.

After a Hot Fight in the Legislature it Was Placed on the House General Orders.

George Rupley Opposes the Bill That Would Make All Elevators at Terminal Points Public.

Mr. Cotton Introduces a Bill Allowing Cities to License Peddlers and Fake Sale Dealers.

ST. PAUL, March 2.—[Special to The Herald.]—After a severe fight the anti-scalpers' bill has been placed upon the general orders of the house. Mr. Cotton made an excellent legal argument yesterday against an amendment to the bill making unused tickets redeemable pro rata. The amendment was carried after personal recrimination between Greer, Young and Cotton.

Mr. Rupley was here last to oppose the Jacobson bill before the house, grain and warehouse committee, which declares all elevators at terminal points public elevators. Mr. Rupley maintained that if the bill passed all their private houses would be located in Superior where the Minnesota law could not reach them, and such a law would have the result of forcing the great terminal elevators at Duluth on to the Superior side of the bay. Mr. Cotton oppose the measure as unconstitutional, but the committee recommended the bill to pass.

Donnelly's coal combine committee had Mr. Plough and Mr. Alexander before it last night to testify as to railroad rates upon coal. A. B. Plough, manager of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, said $1.50 a ton for the coal rate from Duluth to St. Paul was not too much and thought it would be unjust to his road to cut it to $1 a ton, as Mr. Walsh suggested the committee might recommend to be done. Bituminous coal is purchased on the dock by the road for $3.25 a ton. He did not remember the price paid for anthracite.

W. S. Alexander, president of the Eastern Minnesota railroad company, said there was a uniform rate of $1.50 a ton on anthracite coal from Duluth to St. Paul and that no special contracts or rebates are given. The rate on bituminous coal is $1 a ton. The difference, he said, was due to a desire to encourage the use of this soft coal for manufacturing in the Twin Cities. It has been established that John J. Rhodes is the agent of a coal combine to set a uniform price throughout the Northwest, at a salary of $6000 a year.

The following bills were introduced in the senate this morning: By Probstfield, a bill to prevent abandonment or selling out of railroad lines which have received grants or aid from local sources except by orders of the district court; by Stockton, a bill preventing the manufacture and sale of adulterated food products and appointment of a commissioner on dairy and food products; by Leavitt, a bill making the provisions of the railroad and warehouse commission act apply to express companies, sleeping car companies and freight companies; by Peterson, a bill exempting farming tracts in villages and cities from heavy taxation; by Crandall, a bill transferring the soldiers' relief fund to the general fund.

Mr. Dunn's resolution limiting debate to five minutes and time of explanation by the author of a bill to ten minutes was carried in the house this morning. The following bills were introduced:

By Cotton, a bill for an act to confer upon city councils the right to adopt ordinances licensing peddlers and itinerant dealers in merchandise. This bill was introduced at the request of Duluth merchants who came down here in force a few days ago.

By Cotton, a bill to limit in certain cases actions and defenses questioning genuineness of recorded deeds and powers, limiting the power to contest a title to some one who has himself had actual possession or paid taxes upon the property in question within twenty years prior to the time of action.

By Cole, a bill making the sale of goods by a commission man who turns over the proceeds to a consigner and not the owner of property, unlawful conversion.

By Boggs, a bill making the sale of property under mortgage foreclosure, which has heretofore been advertised only four weeks instead of six, valid.

Mr. Langum proposes an amendment to the constitution authorizing taxation of gross earnings of sleeping, drawing room and parlor car companies, telegraph and telephone, express, gas, electric light, water power, boom and insurance companies.

Mr. Turrell introduced a bill appropriating $30,000 for a building at the state experimental station.

BARKER WAS RELEASED.

A London Banker Saved by His Brother's Suicide.

LONDON, March 2.—Mr. Barker, one of the surviving members of the banking firm of George Barker & Co., was brought up on remand at the Mansion house today charged with having obtained $500 by false pretences from Mathew Middleton, with intent to defraud.

Hilton Cassenet Barker, who committed suicide a few days ago at Putney, had been included with his brother in the charge. The members of the firm were adjudicated bankrupts on Aug. 4 last. There were 4500 creditors, mostly depositors in the bank.

George Barker, father of the defendants, was not allowed to be incriminated in any way in the transactions. The defendants were charged by order of the court of bankruptcy under the debtors' act with obtaining credit by false pretences and as under the larceny act with obtaining money by false pretences.

When the case came up today the Hon. J. L. Lytellton stated that the suicide of Hilton Barker had altered the aspects of the testimony and the treasury proposed to withdraw the charges. Mr. Barker was therefore released.

WILL MARCH IN THE PARADE.

Hundreds of Chicago Democrats Are Rushing to the Capital.

CHICAGO, March 2.—One hundred and twenty-five members of the Iroquois club started for Washington this afternoon over the Baltimore & Ohio road. Their special train consisted of four Mann boudoir cars, two Pullman parlor cars and a baggage car.

The train will reach Washington in the afternoon at 4 o'clock, and the Second regiment band which accompanies the club will give a concert at the Arlington in the evening.

Frank Hoyne is in command of the expedition, assisted by Edward T. Noonan. The club will have its headquarters at the Arlington, though the members of the party will sleep on their train which will be stationed at New York and Florida avenues.

Nine sleepers, a parlor car and a commissary car bore away to Washington a quarter after noon today 300 men of the County Democracy under the leadership of Paul Dasso. They, too, will leave on the Baltimore & Ohio. Their headquarters will be the armory of the Washington rifles and a reception room has been secured at the Riggs house. They will reach the capitol a short time before the Iroquois braves, and will march in the western division of Saturday's parade.

THE WORST NOW FEARED.

The White Star Liner Naronic Now Ten Days Overdue and Has Probably Broken Down.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The White Star line freight steamer Naronic, which left Liverpool Saturday, February 11, and which is ten days overdue at this port, has not yet arrived and no news of her has been received. The worst fears are now entertained for the safety of the ship and those on board. Agent Kersey fears that her machinery has broken down and that she has drifted out of the regular track of the Trans-Atlantic steamers.

The other steamer arrivals today were the Neptune and the Kitty. They came from southern fruit ports, but brought no news from the Naronic. The Neptune passed a large quantity of cordwood yesterday in latitude 38, longitude 74. It was apparently part of some vessel's deck load.

Among steamship men it is thought that either both engines of the Naronic have broken down, or that she has run short of coal and is using her spars for fuel.

WENT FROM BAD TO WORSE.

A Former Attorney General of Georgia Adjudged Insane.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 2.—Robert N. Ely, who was yesterday adjudged insane, was attorney general of Georgia during the first administration of Governor Colquitt. Ever since Ely lost a re-election for attorney general his mind has been on a steady decline.

Added to political disappointment, came the loss of his fortune which at one time was a large one. He has been going from bad to worse, walking about the street like a common tramp, until at last it has been determined to have him committed to an asylum where he might spend the last days of his life under care and in comparative comfort.

"DAVE" BLANCHARD TALKS.

He Has Deposited the Corbett-Mitchell Stake Money in Two Banks.

BOSTON, March 2.—"Dave" Blanchard, of this city, who is acting as temporary stakeholder in the match between Charley Mitchell and Jim Corbett, deposited the entire amount of the stake money, $20,000, in two banks yesterday.

Brady's check for $10,000 was placed in the Broadway National Bank. Mr. Blanchard refused to say in what bank he had deposited the check for $10,000 posted on behalf of Mitchell, or to give the name of the man whose signature appeared upon it.

He did say, however, that if Corbett won he would have no trouble in getting it. Mr. Blanchard is positive the men will fight. It has been learned from a reliable source that the check put for Mitchell is signed "George Baird," Mitchell's backer.

E. J. PHELPS GOING ABROAD.

He Will Resume His Duties as Behring Sea Commissioner.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 2.—Word has been received at Yale that Prof. E. J. Phelps, who was appointed by President Harrison to continue his labors as Behring sea commissioner a month ago, will sail for Europe March 8.

Prof. Phelps will therefore be unable to resume his classes at Yale this year. A friend of his is authority for the statement that he would decline the position of minister to England if again offered it by President Cleveland.

Prof. Phelps has written the Yale authorities stating that he hopes to re-establish his former pleasant relations with Yale at the beginning of the fall term in September.

MANITOBA LUMBER POOL.

A Powerful Combination of Lumbermen and Mill Owners.

WINNIPEG, Man., March 2.—All the principal mill owners and lumber merchants of Winnipeg, Keewatin and Rat Portage have formed a combine and will form a joint stock company under the presidency of D. L. Mather, the lumber king of Keewatin.

The object ostensibly is to economize in operating expenses. The combination controls an output of 65,000,000 feet and promises to reduce the price of lumber.

REVOLT IN HONDURAS

Information is Received in New Orleans That Another Revolution Has Sprung Up in Honduras.

A Whole Garrison and All the Arms Contained in it Captured by the Rebels.

Members of the Cabinet Are Said to be in Active Sympathy With the Insurgents.

NEW ORLEANS, March 2.—A prominent resident of New Orleans received a letter from Honduras bringing information that the country is once more in a state of revolution. The republic has again been invaded by Policarpo Bonilla and his friends. The first move made by the revolutionists was directed by Gen. Mauel Bonilla, who was prominent in the last revolution and was recently pardoned by the Honduras government.

On Feb. 13, Bonilla attacked the barracks at Juticalpa in Orancho and captured the entire garrison and arms. A fierce battle was waged between the revolutionists and the government troops, several of whom were killed, among them being the mayor of the place and one of the leading officers.

President Leiva, when this information reached him, turned over the reins of government to Gen. Rosendo Augerro, the minister of war, whose place was filled by Rafael Alverdo Guerro, and a new cabinet was formed.

If peace is not declared, Gen. Vauquez, with 3000 men, will take the field and will be reinforced by several hundred men from Chaulteico. It is believed that the minister of war, Alverdo Guerro, and the minister of government, Arias, are in sympathy with the revolutionists, as they have heretofore belonged to the Bonillista party.

HE MUST BE TRIED.

A Claim of Insanity Will Not Save a Man From Prosecution.

CITY OF MEXICO, March 2.—About two years ago, W. T. Adams, a well known member of the American colony in this city, became involved in a quarrel with a waiter in the National theatre restaurant here, which resulted in his shooting and instantly killing the waiter. He was arrested and placed in Belem prison where he has been confined ever since, his case not having come up for trial.

Recently his mental condition was examined into by medical experts, who reported that he was insane. Jesus F. Nieto, the prosecutor of justice, is looking into the case and has announced that Adams must be tried for his crime, notwithstanding the report of the medical experts. Mr. Adams is a native of Cincinnati, Ohio.

A BATTLE IN MARYLAND.

Bitter Fight Between Dredgers and a Police Schooner.

CRISFIELD, March 2.—A battle took place night between the dredgers and the Virginia police schooner. About nine o'clock Crisfield was startled by heavy booming of cannon and reports of rifles. The dredgers were doing effective work in Tangier sound, or Women's marsh, when Capt. Reed came up and opened fire with the cannon.

The dredgers replied with rifles, and so rapidly were the rifles discharged that flashes of the guns looked like fire flies in a marsh. It is reported that the police schooner was obliged to withdraw.

AFTER THE OFFICES.

Indiana Democrats Are En Route to See Grover Inaugurated.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 2.—The Indianapolis contingent left for the inauguration today at 1 o'clock headed by the Cleveland club, 150 strong, including a band of twenty-two pieces. The club is uniformed in light opera coats, silk hats and canes.

The club will stop at Cincinnati and be entertained by the Duckworth club, which will leave with the Indianapolis party for the capital tonight. The other members of the contingent are candidates for federal offices and their friends to the number of a couple of hundred.

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

A Large Saw Mill Will Increase Its Extensive Operations.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 2.—The Brunette saw mill company in New Westminster has increased its capital stock to $300,000 in order to extend operations. The mill is the largest in New Westminster.

The discount of 20 per cent imposed by chartered banks on American silver went into effect yesterday. In Westminster a similar discount will be charged after March 10. Merchants will continue to take silver at par and intend shipping it to the Unithd States.

DIED FROM HIS WOUNDS.

The Secretary of Steinetz, the Chess Player, Was the Assailant.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The fact has just been made public that Ernest Treitel, who was shot by Nathaniel Williams at Montclair N. J., some months ago, died in a hospital in this city on Monday last.

Williams, who was secretary for William Steinetz, the chess player, is still in jail in Newark, N. J., awaiting a new trial. He has been convicted of atrocious assault, but his counsel procured a stay of sentence. The death of Treitel will complicate the legal aspect of the case.

PANTON & WATSON

Glass Block Store.

Dress Goods Depm't!

THESE BARGAINS ARE FOR

THREE DAYS ONLY!

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, we place on sale the following New Goods:

Bedford Cords, Serges, Henriettas, Cheviots in stripes and checks, changeable stripes, etc., etc., in all the newest colorings. The goods are retailed all over for 65c and 75c; for three days only, take your choice at..... **39c** Per Yard.

This is the chance of the season. Don't delay if you want a Good Dress Cheap.

SILKS==

Three days more we offer Black and Colored Silks, in the newest weaves; worth $1 to $1.25. Sale price for Three Days, **79c** Per Yard.

HENRIETTA==

We offer for the next Three Days a Black Henrietta that sells at 85c, for..... **59c** Per Yard.

WOOL PLAIDS==

All-wool Scotch Plaid Serges. Goods that usually sell for $1; for Three Days go at **79c** Per Yard.

LINEN DEP'T==

Full Bleached Satin Damask, new goods, new patterns, good wearer; regular $1.25 quality. Sale price for Three Days..... **98c** Per Yard.

BED SPREADS==

150 White Crochet Bed Spreads, full size, extra weight, sold by others at $1.25. Sale price for Three Days..... **98c** Each.

WHITE GOODS==

Apron Check White Goods that others sell at 10c, go this week here at..... **6c** Per Yard.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR=

25 dozen Men's Undershirts and Drawers in Natural Grey Camel's Hair and Scarlet. Price for two days..... **75c**

Worth from $1.00 to $1.50

SOCKS=

35 dozen Men's Heavy Woolen Socks, seamless. Price for two days only..... **10c** Per Pair

Regular 20c Goods. Two Days Half Price.

See Our Handsome Line of New Carpets. New Goods Arriving Daily.

PANTON & WATSON.

THE BRAZILIAN REVOLT.

The Federals Preparing to Hoist the Imperialistic Flag.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The Herald's correspondent at Rio Janeiro telegraphs that additional troops will start today for Rio Grande Du Sul. Opiza, a newspaper, says it is known that the federals in that state intend to hoist the imperialistic flag.

The federals have taken the city of Cacapava and are now in possession of all the small towns between San Pedrito and Santa Ana. Gen. Lopez, of the government forces, has been killed. The ravages of both parties have absolutely devasted the southern portion of Rio Grande Do Sul.

The Herald correspondent at Valparaiso telegraphs that he had a talk yesterday with a prominent Brazilian financier who is making a tour of Chile. He says that Argentina is fomenting the revolution in Rio Grande. She is supplying the federals with arms and is trying to pick a quarrel with Brazil in hopes of acquiring territory. He thinks that Chile may ultimately be involved.

NORTH DAKOTA ELEVATOR.

A Bill For Erecting One Here Has Passed Both Houses.

BISMARCK, N. D., March 2.—[Special to The Herald.]—A bill appropriating $100,000 for a state elevator at Duluth or Superior has passed both houses and is now in the hands of the governor.

Heavy Tobacco Sales.

DANVILLE, March 2.—The sales of leaf tobacco on the Danville market for February amounted to 6,077,706 pounds, being the largest sales ever made here in a single month. The sales for the first five months of the year have been 16,200,000 pounds, an increase of 1,488,000 pounds over the same period last year.

Going to Washington.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 2.—Gov. Tillman and staff with a large party, left Columbia for Washington to take part in the inaugural parade.

Students Celebrated.

WILLIAMSBURG, March 2.—There is great rejoicing here over the passage by congress of the bill giving William and Mary College, of this place, $65,000 in payment for the destruction of its building during the was by the federal army. The town wae illuminated last evening and hundreds of students paraded the streets, singing their songs while the college bell rang the news out to the surrounding country.

THE WORST FOR YEARS.

Railroads in Iowa Completely Blocked by the Snow.

MASON CITY, Ia., March 2.—Since the storm of Monday night Mason City has little relations with the outside world. The general telegraph office in this city will not be ready for business before Friday. The Iowa Central has not had a train in since Monday.

Fort Dodge is in the same condition. The storm was the hardest on the railroads known here for years. Snow plows were ineffectual and the ice and snow had to be shoveled out. Throughout the rural districts the roads are almost impassable and will remain so for several weeks.

TROUBLE IN OKLAHOMA.

Negroes Becoming Obnoxious and Ordered to Leave Town.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 2.—The negroes who have lately been imported from the South are again becoming very obnoxious and trouble is brewing between them and the whites. The negroes have been ordered to leave the town and in several localities in Kingfisher county vigilance committees have warned them to leave. Governor Seavy has been appealed to and will give them protection.

TALMAGE WILL NOT LEAVE.

He Prefers to Remain at the Brooklyn Tabernacle.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The World this morning says: The rumor that Dr. Talmage is about to retire from the Brooklyn tabernacle was denied emphatically by the doctor himself last night. He said that he preferred Brooklyn to any other city as a place of residence and did not expect to leave it. The tabernacle was threatened by a most serious exigency, but he hoped and believed the trouble would be triumphantly overcome.

A CHURCH BULLETIN

Statistics Issued by the Census Bureau Today Regarding Various Methodist and Other Religious Bodies.

The Methodist Protestant Church is Quite Strongly Represented in Thirty-three States and Territories.

The Free Methodists, the Independents, the Colored Methodists, the Universalists and the Unitarians.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The census bureau today issued the twelfth in the series of bulletins giving statistics of churches. It contains statistics of the Methodist Protestant and four other Methodist bodies, with those of the Universalists, Unitarians and Socia. Brethren. The Methodist Protestant is shown to be the oldest and largest of the non-Episcopal Methodist branches. It was organized in 1830 by ministers and members who had been connected with the Methodist Episcopal church.

It was divided into two distinct bodies before the war on the slavery question, but was reunited in 1877. It is represented in thirty-three states and territories. It has 2529 organizations, 1923 church edifices valued at $3,683,337. It has 141,989 communicants.

The Free Methodists date from 1860. This church has 1102 organizations, 620 church edifices valued at $805,085 and a total membership of 22,110. The Independent Methodists have congregations in Maryland, Tennessee and the District of Columbia. Their total membership is 2569. They have 15 organizations and own church property valued at $266,705.

The Zion Union Apostolic church is a branch of colored Methodists who oppose itinerancy and a paid ministry. The church has one bishop and a total membership of 2346. They have 32 organizations and own church property valued at $15,000. The Evangelist Missionary church is another branch of colored Methodists. It has 11 organizations, 3 churches valued at $2000 and a total membership of 951.

The Universalist church, which believes that all men will ultimately be saved, has 956 organizations, 832 church buildings valued at $8,034,333, and a total membership of 49,104. The Unitarians acknowledge no binding creed. They contend for the fullest liberty of belief and exclude no one from their fellowship for difference in doctrinal views. It has 421 organizations, with 424 church edifices valued at $10,335,100, and a total membership of 67,749.

The Social Brethren church is a small body confined to five counties in Illinois, and three in Arkansas. It was organized in 1867. They reject infant baptism but baptize true believers, either by sprinkling, pouring or immersion. It has 20 organizations, with eleven edifices valued at $8700, and has a membership of 913.

DENMARK'S DAIRY INDUSTRY.

Interesting Data From a Special Agent of the Agricultural Department.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—Secretary Rusk has received from Prof. C. C. Gorgeson, the special agent charged with an inquiry into the dairy industry of Denmark for the United States department of agriculture, a progress report in which he gives some very interesting data relating to the milk supply company, of Copenhagen, an organization which supplies its patrons with absolutely pure and wholesome milk as the result of strict rules observed by the farmers contracting to supply it, and involving the health, care and feeding of animals from which the milk is obtained.

He describes a process called "Pasteurization," which is a practical method of killing injurious bacteria, which he says has been adopted in every well appointed dairy in Denmark. Prof. Gorgeson also gives an account of the methods adopted on a large private dairy farm.

Referring to the great reputation obtained by the Danes for their butter, he says that the imports of butter from Denmark into Great Britain have increased nearly 100 per cent in the past six years, aggregating in 1892 nearly $25,000,000 in value, and he add that the Danish butter maintains its high standard chiefly through its uniformity, no inferior butter being offered for export, and the confidence of both dealer and consumer in this uniformity is so great that they know they can buy the Danish butter and be sure of getting a good article without the necessity of tasting it before they purchase.

THE "FAKE" MERCHANTS.

Winona Indorses the Bill in the Legislature Against Them.

WINONA, March 2.—The bill now pending before the legislature providing that all itinerant dealers and parties conducting fake sales in Minnesota be required to pay an annual license fee to the state, has been indorsed by the Winona board of trade and the representatives in the legislature from this county asked to support the bill.

The bill has also been indorsed by the board of trade of Duluth and other cities. These itinerant dealers are a constant source of annoyance to Winona merchants, and doubtless are elsewhere. They come here and do a first class trade for a few months and then move away in time to escape taxation.

The city council endeavored to adjust matters by fixing a heavy license fee, but the ordinance was declared unconstitutional by the courts on the ground that it was not equal taxation. It is believed that the proposed state law will prove an effectual remedy.

Coal Lands Caved In.

GREENBURG, Penn., March 2.—Last night the Loyalhanna Coal company, near Latrobe, sustained a big loss caused by the caving in of about one hundred acres of their coal lands. It is feared that a number of the miners may be entombed, but there is no certainty of this,

Hundreds Drowned.

NEW YORK, March 2.—A cable dispatch to the Herald from Panama, says: Campidan valley, Guatemala, has been flooded, Six villages have been swept away and hundreds of people are reported drowned.

NO NEED OF ISSUING BONDS.

The Senate Recedes From the Sherman Bond Amendment.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The senate committee on finance held a meeting yesterday at which the financial situation was discussed in an informal manner. There was not that unanimity of sentiment that moved the committee, when, with but one negative vote, it decided to report favorably the Sherman bond amendment, after Mr. Carlisle had appeared before them and suggested that such a report be made.

It was apparent yesterday that certain Democratic members had been made cognizant of the fact that the incoming administration believed it could get along without the bond amendment and that it was unwilling to jeopardize the appropriation bills by insisting upon the bond proposition.

This view of the case was corroborated after the meeting of the committee by one of the leading Democratic members, who said that a number of Democrats had voted for the amendment only for the reason that they had been informed that Mr. Carlisle, who was to be the successor to Secretary Foster, wanted it enacted.

If Mr. Carlisle now thought that such a policy was unnecessary, these same Democrats and many others, to say nothing of the Republicans, would vote to recede from the senate amendment to the sundry civil bill when it came back to them from conference. This senator said, however, that he knew of nothing concerning Mr. Carlisle's change of policy save the reports in the papers, but that if they were correct Mr. Carlisle's wishes would be obeyed.

The discussion in the committee was quite spirited, and it is said that both Mr. Sherman and Mr. Morrell deprecated in vigorous terms any action of the senate that could be considered as receding from the position assumed upon the matter of issuing bonds.

The committee, by its action, demonstrated the fact that it was disinclined to prepare the way for any sort of tariff legislation. Three bills passed by the house came up yesterday and were referred to this committee. They provided for the extension of time when the 50 per cent duty on linen should begin to operate one year from January next; the repeal of the law which puts into operation on the first of July next a tariff of 4 cents a pound on pig tin, and a bill limiting the amount of wearing apparel a man can bring in free to $100.

Kennett Barnhart, of Chicago, and Messrs. Cooper and Biddell, of New York, appeared in the interest of the proposed bills. No action was taken.

The senate afterwards receded from the Sherman bond amendment to the sundry civil bill.

RUSHED TO SHAKE HANDS.

President Harrison's Last Reception Was Largely Attended.

WASHINGTON, March 2.— President Harrison held his last informal public reception at the White house yesterday afternoon. These receptions are usually small affairs and are held three times each week, the attendance ranging from 100 to 300.

The one yesterday, however, was the largest public function of this character, in point of attendance, held by Mr. Harrison since the first few days of his term as president, when many thousands of visitors crowded through the White house in the hope of seeing the new executive.

For more than half an hour the president shook hands with the throng that filled the East room, the lobby and the portico of the executive mansion, and it was only by taking advantage of a break in the line that he was enabled to make his escape from the hundreds that followed. It is estimated that 1500 people passed the president, and that half that number failed to get into the East room before he left.

THE CLEVELAND CABINET.

All the Members. Except Gresham. to be in Washington Today.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The members of President-elect Cleveland's cabinet are all expected to be in the city today, when their chief arrives, except Judge Gresham, secretary of state, who, it is understood, will not resign his position on the bench before next week and will remain in Chicago until then.

Messrs. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury, and Herbert, secretary of the navy, are already in the city. The others, Secretary of War Lamont, Attorney General Olney, Postmaster General Bissell, Secretary of the Interior Smith and Secretary of Agriculture Morton will stop at the Arlington, where the Cleveland party will be entertained until after inauguration.

THE MEXICAN MINISTER.

Romero Denies He Wants to Negotiate a National Loan.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Senor Don Matias Romero, Mexican minister to the United States, has returned to Washington after an absence of some months, accompanied by a son of President Diaz. During this time he has been acting as secretary of the treasury in the cabinet of President Diaz and brought about a number of financial reforms that have been of much benefit to the country.

Minister Romero told a reporter he could not say how long he would remain in Washington, as he is here on leave of absence only. Senor Romero said there was no truth in the report that he had come to the United States to negotiate a loan for Mexico.

Eno's Case Postponed.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The examination of John C. Eno, under the indictment found against him in May, 1884, by the federal grand jury for having made away with the funds of the Second National bank, of which he was president, which was set down for yesterday afternoon in the United States circuit, was postponed indefinitely. The postponement was due to the fact that several of the counsel in the case desired to attend the inauguration of President Cleveland. The hearing will be transferred to Albany.

$1150 will buy a good home at Hazelwood. Only $250 cash. Great bargain. COFFIN & WARNER.

SWALLOWED BY A BOA.

A Boy's Narrow Escape From a Horrible Death in Wisconsin.

BARABOO, Wis., March 2.—A thrilling incident occurred here yesterday afternoon. Ringling Bros.' circus, which is wintering here, was putting a lot of pythons and boa constrictors into new quarters. In some way a little Norwegian boy stepped into the cage of a boa constrictor thirty-two feet long.

The snake sprang from the cage with distended jaws and gobbled the youngster. The attendants were horrified to descry a fast-disappearing pair of legs sticking out through the monster's jaw.

The serpent's great eyes were aflame with excitement and in another second or two the poor little Norwegian boy would have disappeared from view forever. It happened that Henry Ringling, a giant in strength and stature, was present. He is a man of quick impulses, and without counting the cost or foreseeing the danger, he grasped the serpent around the neck and commenced shaking it.

With one swipe of its muscular tail it sent Mr. Ringling scurrying heels over head across the floor. Al Ringling took in the situation at a glance, and grasping a long chain lying on the floor he passed it around the serpent's body at a point about six inches below where he thought the child's head would be.

Directing several attendants to grasp either end of the chain and pull with all their strength he was gratified to notice a relaxation of the snake's effort to swallow the child. Then this chain was made fast. The snake's tail was fastened around a post and the whole body drawn to its greatest tension.

This rendered his majesty inert and powerless. Two men inserted a wagon jack between his jaws, and by degrees they were pried open and the boy pulled out. His head and body were covered with a thick saliva of a peculiarly offensive odor.

The boy gasped for breath and burst into tears. Then he looked around in a wondering way and ran out of the house and across the snow to his father's wagon. The boy will recover unless blood poisoning sets in the wounds about the shoulders.

THE LAKE TRAFFIC.

Preparations Making for the Opening of Navigation.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., March 2.—The News says that Capt. R. F. Parsons, of Buffalo, recently bought the Nyack. Capt. Parsons has made a great deal of money in the last few years out of Buffalo realty and vessel interests. The Nyack is undergoing changes that will make her difficult of recognition by those who have known her for years. Her cabin is being lengthened to provide capacity for 199 more passengers. This will enable Capt. Parsons to take care of 300 people in the most comfortable manner. He will utilize the Nyack as a floating hotel during the coming season. About eight trips will be made from Buffalo to the World's fair. The fare will be reasonable and will include transportation and meals and several days at the World's fair, during which all will sleep and live aboard. Stops en route will be made at all interesting lake points. The scheme will be one of the most popular of the many that will be carried out this year.

Capt. Angus McDougall, of Duluth, a cousin of Alex McDougall, of the American Steel Barge company, was in the city early in the week and was shown around by Capt. Jay Hursley and T. C. Anthony. Capt. William Smith, who sailed one of the whalebacks last season, will be in charge of the local business of the company the coming season. The News is informed that the company will have in commission this year twenty "pigs" and six steamers. The company may establish a store at the Soo to carry supplies for its large fleet. If this is done it will necessitate the employment of a number of men and add its quota to the prosperity of the city.

T. C. Anthony, who has been a close observer for years, predicts that the opening of navigation will be later this year than for some years past. He sensibly says cold makes ice and that it will take more spring weather to undo the work of the present severe winter.

It is now stated that Jim Hill's fine new steel passenger steamers will not be in readiness for this year's business. Work on them is away behind, and it is said they will not be completed before Sept. 1, at the earliest.

The fine new Chicago liner Manitou, which will ply between the Soo and Chicago the coming season, will be ready by June 1, if hard work will accomplish it.

Swinging Around the Circle

Of the diseases to which it is adapted with the best results, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a family medicine, comprehensive in its scope, has never been thrust upon public attention in the guise of a universal panacea for bodily ills. This claim, daily arrogated in the columns of the daily press by the proprietors of medicines far inferior to it as specifics has in a thousand instances disgusted the public in advance by its absurdity, and the prospects of other remedies of superior qualities have been handicapped by the pretentions of their worthless predecessors. But the American people know, because they have verified the fact by the most trying tests, that the Bitters possess the virtues of a real specific in cases of malarial and liver disorder, constipation, nervous, rheumatic, stomach and kidney trouble. What it does it does thoroughly, and mainly for this reason it is endorsed and recommended by hosts of respectable medical men.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the Incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

"On to Washington."

For the inaugural exercises at Washington, D. C., March 4, the St. Paul & Duluth railroad will make a rate of $30 for the round trip. Tickets good returning until March 12 inclusive. Three trains daily. Through sleeping car accommodations secured. For further information call on or address

F. B. ROSS,
Nor. Pass. Agt., 428 Spalding Hotel block.

TRUE, EVERY WORD.

A Realism Terrible in Its Intensity.

A Story Which is Without an Equal in the World.

The Exact Facts Told Exactly as They Occurred.

LEBANON, N. H.—As your correspondent I communicate the following remarkable story exactly as it came from the lady's own lips. Everybody in Lebanon, N. H., knows Mrs. S. R. Berry well; indeed she is a most highly respected resident here. The story is one which particularly interests everyone at this season.

"I was in a very bad way; such trembling in my arms and limbs, and my heart was just frightful, and those terrible sweeping chills and trembling in my limbs make me expect a shock or to lose the use of them completely.

"I could not sleep nights because my heart would palpitate and the chills or shaking would follow, and I could do but very little of anything.

"I could not sit up all day, but had to lie down a great deal, and my nerves were very weak and of no use. Why, I could not bear any noise.

"There was a terrible pain in my head, with burning both sides of the head, and I was almost a complete wreck of my former self.

"No one had any hopes of my being better. My doctor ordered a change of everything, but I was not equal to moving anywhere, indeed could not walk any to speak of, only drag about from one room to another.

"And such dull, heavy feelings, as if I was about to meet some awful doom. All the time I was depressed in mind and spirits and could not cheer up.

"My liver was swollen so I could not rest unless hot applications were used on my side, and my kidneys were very bad.

"In my despair, I began the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and I will say that this wonderful medicine is the greatest blessing that ever came into a family.



MRS. S. R. BERRY.

"It has done perfect wonders for me. I was soon on the right road to health and strength by its use, and I am gaining every day. After taking two bottles I could do more work than I had for over a year, and now I do all my housework and all my sewing. I can walk vigorously, indeed have walked as far as five miles in an afternoon. Yes, it is true, you can ask anyone here.

"I can now eat better than ever, am strong again and have got back most of my former looks and good color.

"I am a wonder to everybody who knows how weak and low I was before using this remedy. Our doctor met me a few days ago and said that I was doing wonderfully, that my eyes were bright and that I looked well.

"Oh, words are useless! I cannot tell how much I prize this great and blessed medicine. All my family join me in one loud chorus in saying, God bless this great health giving remedy! I have told every one of my friends, far and near, and you see they cannot help believing for here I am a living witness to show what has been done for me."

Can anything be added to this?

The sick and suffering should certainly use so marvelous a health giver as this great remedy appears to be. Especially should all use it now for it is the most excellent of all spring medicines to invigorate the blood, strengthen the nerves and regulate all the organs. It is purely vegetable and harmless, and druggists keep it for $1 per bottle.

Doctors recommend and prescribe it because it is the discovery and prescription of an eminent physician, Dr. Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York, the successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases. The doctor can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

"Go South, Cold Man."

You can bask in the sunshine and sea breezes of the gulf and not cost you a cent for transportation if you will call on Holwick & Youngblood, 321 West Superior street, and make arrangements.

Geo. Dinwoodie, 208 West Superior street. Best coal, lowest prices, prompt-est delivery.



It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

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$400, $500, $600, $900, $1000, $1500, $2000, OR ANY OTHER AMOUNT DESIRED.

RATES: 5½ to 8%!

Money on hand and No Red Tape.

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MANHOOD RESTORED "Nerve Seeds," the wonderful remedy is sold with a written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Quickness, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful errors, or excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which soon lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up convenient to carry in vest pocket. Sent by mail in plain package to any address for $1, or 6 for $5. (With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money.) CIRCULAR FREE. Address NERVE SEED CO., Chicago, Ill.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

FOR SALE IN DULUTH BY S. F. BOYCE AND MAX WIRTH, DRUGGIST



LOST MANHOOD RESTORED.

"SPANISH NERVE GRAINS" the wonderful remedy is sold with a written guarantee to cure all nervous diseases such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Lost Manhood, Nightly Emissions, Evil Dreams Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful errors, or excessive use of tobacco, opium or stimulants which soon lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up convenient to carry in vest pocket. Sent by mail in plain package to any address for $1, or 6 for $5. [With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circular Free. Address SPANISH NERVE GRAIN CO. New York.

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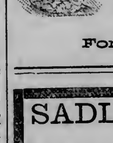


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DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.

The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies Especially recommended to married Ladies. Beware of Pills put up in tin boxes as they are dangerous. Ask for Dr. Mott's Pennyroyal Pills and take no other. Send for circular. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00.
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For Sale By S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth.

SADLER & KROHN, DRUGGISTS,

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

We Carry Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Cigars

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Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.



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Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease or any disorder of the generative organs of either sex, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion over-indulgence, &c., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the back, Seminal Weakness, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Nocturnal Emissions, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE is given for every $5.00 order received, to refund the money if a permanent cure is not effected. We have thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, who have been permanently cured by the use of Aphroditine. Circular free. Address THE APHRO MEDICINE CO., Western Branch. Box 27, PORTLAND, OR.

Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth and Selleck & Walbank.

The following are the officers of the PORT ARTHUR & DULUTH STEAM PACKET CO., (ltd.) for the present year: President and Manager, Geo. Brown; Vice-president, T. A. Woodside; Secretary and Treasurer, Geo. F. Herrigan; Board of Directors, Geo. Hodder, D. F. Burk, R. G. Spofford, W. J. Hasking and Harry Servais.

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No Time Lost From Business,
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Treatment given at the office of the company. All appetite for narcotics completely and permanently eradicated from the system in from three to four weeks' treatment.

Strongly endorsed as the most scientific yet discovered by Miss Francis E. Willard, Bishop Fallows, John V. Farwell and the press and clergy everywhere.

Write for circulars. All communications are treated in strictest confidence.

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Capital Stock $600,000
Guarantee Fund with State Auditor, $100,000

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A. FITGER & CO.'S

Lake Superior Brewery

Is the largest in the State of Minnesota outside of the Twin Cities.

CONTESTS A PATENT

Henry Goebel Claims That He Invented the Incandescent Electric Lamp About Thirty Years Ago.

The Edison Company Will Raise the Question Once More in the New York Courts.

Goebel Will be Produced by the Defense—He is Now Kept in a Masonic Home.

Who invented the incandescent lamp? As to the electric light, it would be true enough to say that no one invented it, for it exists in nature, and many methods of developing it have been in use for many years. But the incandescent lamp which gives the light permanence—who invented that?

This question is soon to be tried once more in the New York courts, as the Edison company is determined to shut up the works of the Beacon company and all others manufacturing the lamp, and the lawyers for the defense have brought out an entirely new claimant, or rather a claimant so old that he had been forgotten. His name is Henry Goebel; he is 74 years old; he is a native of Hanover, Germany, and he is a pauper. That is what it amounts to, for he is an inmate of the German Masonic home in Tappan, N. Y., and has been for two years.



HENRY GOEBEL.

His history is a romance in applied science. In boyhood he was apprenticed to the watchmaker's trade and for many years worked only enough to secure a meager support and devoted all the rest of his time to experimenting. He invented an entirely new set of tools in his trade and many other improvements, but was so ignorant of or indifferent to business that he patented none of them. The trouble of 1848 drove him to the United States, where he began to experiment in electricity and soon had in use the first device operated on a toy railroad. The invention was called a governor. Keep he says:

"My first element was five copper wire. This did not do at all, so I tried flame of platinum wire. I got a little glow, which was encouraging, but that was all. The wire melted. The vacuum was very bad indeed. I saw it wouldn't do at all, so I set to work to invent an air pump which would work.

"The result was the invention of the mercury air pump. I got this patented afterward, but not in the improved shape they use it now. But my pump worked all right. I fastened a long, slender glass tube to my cologne bottle and filled the whole thing, bottle and tube, with mercury. Then I turned it upside down, and the mercury settled down in the tube, leaving a beautiful vacuum in the bottle. Then I sealed the neck up with a blowpipe burner. That was all right, but my filament was all wrong. Every sort of metal filament melted as soon as it got hot enough to give any satisfying light."

He gives in detail the experiments by which he was led to use carbon, just as Edison did. Being a very impracticable man, he secured no patents and made no money, but married young and became the father of 11 children, of whom seven are living, all too poor to give him a good home. Since the lawyers got hold of him, however, he has been lodging in a tenement house in New York city with his married daughter. He is a fine looking and lively old gentleman, extremely popular at the Masonic home and always at work on some mechanical contrivance.

The Edison company's lawyers smile when the story is mentioned and add: "All this was brought to our attention in 1882, and we were asked to buy Mr. Goebel's work, but there was really nothing to buy. He is a wonderful old man and has done much curious experimenting, but in this lamp affair his work is of no practical value whatever and has no legal standing. All this is set down in the minutes of the Edison company for 1882." Oddly enough for a born inventor, Mr. Goebel takes the same view of the money value of his work, but says as the lawyers want his testimony they can have it. As $100,000,000 or so are involved a few historic notes are of interest.

Soon after the discovery of galvanism Sir Humphry Davy invented the voltaic arc. In 1812, by using a battery of 2,000 cells, he produced an intensely brilliant arc measuring five inches, but it was pretty nearly as expensive as burning diamonds. In 1824 Professor Dumas of Paris produced a brilliant light which was much cheaper, costing only $6 a minute. Yet he prophesied Edison, declaring that in time a genius would arise to make the light both continuous and cheap. Sixteen years later Staits and Foucault in England produced an electric light system apparently so cheap that a company was organized, and there was a panic in gas stocks. In 1802 Faraday practicalized the electric light in a British lighthouse. In 1878 the Jablochkoff candle was officially declared a success in lighting Paris.

Many Americans were meanwhile experimenting, and in 1879 Edison solved the problem. The interests involved may be judged from these figures: The United States then had $400,000,000 invested in gas, New York and vicinity owning about $35,000,000 of it; England had $500,000,000, of which $60,000,000 was in London; Paris alone had $40,000,000, and Germany some $30,000,000.

Lesson In Zoology.

Keeper (in menagerie)—You'd better not go too close to that cage. It's none too strong, and the tiger's a savage one.

Visitor—I'm trying to get acquainted with him. I believe in keeping on the good side even of a tiger.

Keeper (pulling him away)—Then you be careful to keep on his outside.—Chicago Tribune.

THE POETRY OF SPRING.

Soon the jaunty bullfrog, from his fitful winter dream,
Will thoughtfully unroll himself and climb the turbid stream;
The snake will get a wiggle on, the toad will give a hop,
The turtle, for the "river trade," will "open up his shop;"
The potato bug convention on the hillside will convene
And make the granger weary climbing up with paris green;
The woodchuck from his hole will peep when twilight hours are dim,
And in the early morning bring the foxtrap back with him;
Perhaps a head of cabbage for his little totsy goo—
He will pull the trap and cabbage in, and pull the lady in too;
The patter of the raindrops and the scamper of the rats
Will awaken tender memories in soulful back yard cats;
Where the moonlight's gentle focus, stealing through the midnight fog,
Weaves a canopied enchantment for some love-sick poodle dog.
You will hear the owl's rejoinder to his love mate's repartee
As he wisely winks both eyes at you from out some neighboring tree;
The jocund hens and roosters in the plum trees by the door
Will harmonize their medley with the pig's sonorous snore;
The crows will hold a caucus near the newly planted corn
And add another wrinkle to the farmer's face forlorn;
The spiders in the attic will once more their shuttles ply
To weave a labyrinth for the uneducated fly.
The rosebugs will climb higher to scamper a pending ding dong,
And give goluts on jigs and waltzes 'mid the cherry tree perfume;
The house flies soon will grease their toes from off the butter plate
To allay the irritation of their toe nails on your pate;
The mosquito bird and other birds will form a poetry ring
And set some lines to music of the poetry of spring.

—Boston Globe.

Not to Be Thought Of.

The man with oiled hair was disconsolate.

It was the fifth time his offer of marriage had been refused, and he was beginning to be discouraged.

He soliloquized.

"Why"——

He glared fixedly at a marine chromo on the wall.

——"am I rebuffed thus? Perhaps"——

A new light shone in his eyes.

——"yes, that's it. She wants me to kneel before her. Upon my knees—but no"——

His face grew pinched and drawn with anguish.

——"I cannot kneel before her. She"—

The thought was obviously repulsive.

——"would see the bald spot on my head."

The sleet and snow beat noisily against the window pane, but the man with oiled hair lay on the sofa and groaned himself to sleep.—Detroit Tribune.

At a Progressive Euchre.



"D'yon git d' 'viet'ry' prize, Mr. Johnsing?"

"Git nuffin, chile. What yo goin do wid dat box corn salve?"

"Yo' fool niggah, dat's de 'booby' prize—dat's fo' d'feat."

"Shoo!"—Once a Week.

Two Replies.

"Death is the best physician," said a Hebrew patient to his consolations medical man. "Why?" inquired the doctor. "Because he pays only one visit."

On the Stock Exchange the following dialogue was heard: "Mr. Moses, what would you advise me to buy today?" "What a question! I should recommend you to buy some thermometers. They are very low today and are sure to rise in time."—Argonaut.

Ohio's New Adjutant General.

James C. Howe, who has been appointed adjutant general of Ohio by Governor McKinley, has been printer, editor and banker, besides dabbling in politics and devoting a good deal of attention to military matters. He entered the Ohio national guard in 1877 as a private and has served as corporal, sergeant, first lieutenant, captain, colonel and assistant adjutant general. His experience would seem to guarantee a sufficient familiarity with the national guard of Ohio to enable him to give an efficient and satisfactory administration.



GENERAL HOWE.

General Howe lives at Kenton, where he was born on Oct. 13, 1854. He has been county clerk, chairman of the Hardin county Republican committee and member of the state executive committee.

Wrought His Own Ruin.

He—I am afraid our wedding will have to be postponed for awhile, dearest.

She—Great heavens! Why?

He—I have been figuring a little, and I find that I have given you so many expensive presents that I would not be able to pay the taxes on them.—Indianapolis Journal.

A Surprise.

Bjones—I hear your friend married a Western girl.

Giles—Yes. He went to Colorado to save his lungs and succeeded only in losing his heart.—Life.

An Artist.

Valet (touching up his master's complexion)—How does monsieur le baron wish to appear today—the picture of robust health or as a languishing lover?—Monde Illustre.

Real Clever.

Mr. St. Gawge Nobranes—Haw, Chawley, deah boy! Glad to see you—hanged if I ain't!

"Thanks, awfully, old fel. What time is it, George? I've an invitation to dinner at 7, and me watch isn't going."

"Why, Chawley, wasn't your watch invited too?"

"Ha, ha, ha! Deuced if that isn't clevah, Gawge! Ha, ha, ha! That'll do to tell at the club or after dinnah. It's mighty clevah, old boy."

"Thanks, Chawley; a fellah rawther enjoys getting off something clevah once in awhile. Ta, ta!"

"So long, you clevah dog, you!"

"Haw, thanks."—Exchange.

And He Put It There.



Bertie—Aw, Miss Ethel, theah is one thing I like about you.

Ethel—What is that, Mr. Softleigh?

Bertie—My awm, deah.—Truth.

The Elopement.

She (from the window)—Is that you, dear?

He—Of course.

"Have you the tickets?"

"Yes."

"And the license?"

"Yes."

"Oh, I am so scared! Are you sure those horses won't run away? And—and are you always sure you'll love me?"

"Why darling, I"——

"Oh, of course, you think so now. Is my hat on straight?"

"Looks so from here."

"Have you sent our photos to the newspaper office?"

"I have."

"Very well; I'll be out in a minute, love."—Indianapolis Journal.

A Cutting Remark.

A Cass avenue man, with a son whose mustache and whiskers are just beginning to exert themselves, was trying to shave himself the other evening. His language on that occasion was so forcible as to attract his son's attention.

"Hello, Pop," inquired the youth, "what's the disturbance?"

"Confound this razor!" was the reply, "it's so dull that it pulls things out by the roots."

"Try mine," suggested the boy, producing his steel.

The father looked at the son's downy face and at the razorlet in his hand.

"My boy," he said, with gentle pity, "take it away. I want something that's accustomed to cutting whiskers."—Detroit Free Press.

Diogenes, a Tragedy In Two Acts.

ACT I.

Aristarchus (seeing Diogenes nosing around with a light)—Ah, there, old boy, what are you doing with that lantern?

Diogenes (stoically)—Looking for an honest man.

ACT II.

Time—Four hours later.

Aristarchus (meeting Diogenes without the light)—Halloo! Have you found your honest man?

Diogenes (wrathfully)—No; I'm looking for the son of a gun that stole my lantern.—New York Sun.

A Comforting Assurance.

"Are you sure you love me just as much as ever?" was the original question propounded by Mrs. Dovey on the first anniversary of her marriage.

"More," came the confident response.

"Truly?"

"Truly."

"How do you know you do, dear?"

"Oh, when you are silly and unreasonable I don't mind it half so much as I did at first."—Detroit Tribune.

A Glorious Victory.

Lawyer—That was a great victory of mine in getting that man convicted and hanged.

Layman—But everybody says the man was innocent.

Lawyer—That's just it. That's why I'm so proud of it. If the man was innocent, so much the more glorious my victory, don't you see?—Boston Transcript.

Remedied Forgetfulness.

Mr. Newcome (kissing his hostess)—There's one for mamma and one for baby sister.

Miss Una Ware (with apparent indignation)—Why, Mr. Newcome, you forget yourself!

Mr. Newcome (delightedly)—So I did. Well, here's one for myself.—Matrimonial Gazette.

The Fashionable Difference.

She—There is often a vast difference between a boor and a bore.

He (fishing)—And are most men either one or the other?

She (wearily)—Well, a man is a boor when he does not call on us, and generally a bore when he does.—Brooklyn Eagle.

An Unanswerable Argument.

Father—But you have no means and no prospects. If I give my daughter to you what is to become of her?

Suitor—Well, sir, you are a wealthy man, and you are surely not going to see your daughter starve.—New York Press.

Chastisement.

Mrs. Chessers—Yes, my daughter is very fond of the piano.

Mrs. Caustique—Indeed! Then why does she pound it so hard every morning?—Chicago News-Record.

Don't become constipated. Take BEECHAM'S PILLS.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

—OF—

Oriental Rug Sale!

It is our pleasure to announce to the citizens of Duluth and Superior that we have arranged for a special consignment of

Four Hundred Turkish and Persian Rugs And Hangings of All Sizes.

And will have them on display for inspection and sale during the next two weeks, commencing today (Monday, 20th).

Mr. Benoni Tekirian, of Constantinople, will be present to give any information desired.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

24 East Superior Street.

Furniture, Carpets, Drapery.

FURNITURE!

Come and see the stock and BARGAINS NOW OFFERED.

SECRETARIES AND BOOKCASES cheaper than ever.

Bed Room Suites of every description at lowest prices.

CARL BERKELMAN,

119 East Superior Street, Opposite City Hall.

DR. SPEER & CO.,

SPECIALISTS.

NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES! Main office New York block, corner Fourteenth street and Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Branch offices, Marquette and Saginaw, Mich. Dr. Speer, in charge of the head office, is a graduate of the medical department of Harvard University, class of '73, and is registered as such in both hemispheres.

YOUNG MEN Who have been suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions will do well to avail themselves of this chance.

DR. SPEER & CO. Will guarantee a perfect cure in all cases of weakness or private disease, in case of any kind or character they undertake or forfeit $250. There are many of the age of 30 to 50 who are troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting sensation and weakening of the system in a manner which the patient cannot account for. There are many who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of weakness.

LADIES finding it not convenient to call at the office can be treated by mail by sending a full description of their cases. Perfect cure guaranteed in all such cases. Examination and advice free. Remember the place, NEW YORK BLOCK, COR. FOURTEENTH AND TOWER AVENUE, WEST SUPERIOR, WIS. Railroad fare deducted from the price of treatment.

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO

Furnish Electric Current For Arc and Incandescent Light And Motor Service.

GENERAL OFFICE: ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Station A, Foot of Fifth Ave. East. Station B, 126 West Michigan Street.

MEMBERS OF THE

DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION

	CAPITAL.	SURPLUS
First National Bank	$1,000,000	$200 000
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,000
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,000
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,000
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,000
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	35,000
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	

IF YOU ARE GOING TO

ALBERT LEA ROUTE

THE WORLD'S FAIR

Be sure and ask for your tickets via the Minneapolis & St. Louis Ry. "Albert Lea Route," the only line which will place you within close proximity to the World's Fair Grounds. Connections made at Englewood, thus avoiding long and tiresome rides from the city. Two magnificent trains run from St. Paul and Minneapolis, passing through the heart of Iowa, and in close proximity to the U. S. Arsenal at Rock Island and a grand view of the Lower Mississippi River. DON'T pay the same price and put up with inferior service.

The "ST. LOUIS AND PEORIA SPECIAL." Is the Finest Train to the South.

This is a solid train to St. Louis, making the run in 22 hours, and is the ONLY DINING CAR ROUTE.

Direct Line to Missouri River Gateways, KANSAS CITY, ST. JOSEPH, ATCHISON, LEAVENWORTH, OMAHA, COUNCIL BLUFFS, and to LINCOLN, Neb., TOPEKA, DENVER, etc.

Connections in Union Depots, both at Chicago and St. Louis.

FREE CHAIR CARS TO CHICAGO.

Inquire for rates, etc., of your nearest Ticket Agent, or write

C. M. PRATT, G. T. & P. A., Minneapolis, Minn.

W. H. TRUESDALE, RECEIVER.

LEGAL NOTICES.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS. }

In Probate Court, special term, February 16th, 1893.

In the matter of the estate of Joseph Switala, deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Maryanna Switala, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county on Monday, the eleventh day of September, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order on Thursday in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth the 16th day of February, A. D. 1893.

By the Court,

[Seal.]

PHINEAS AYER, Judge of Probate.

Feb. 16-23, March 2.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE—

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by E. C. Holliday, mortgagor, to Luella C. Jones and Eunice G. Fairfax, mortgagees, bearing date the 24th day of July, A. D. 1890, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the County of Saint Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 19th day of August, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 28 of mortgages on page 460, the same having been given to secure part of the purchase price of the premises therein described.

Which said mortgage was given to secure the payment of twenty-two hundred dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent per annum, payable annually, according to the conditions of two certain promissory notes for eleven hundred dollars each, payable respectively on or before one and two years after date July 24, 1890.

And whereas, default has been made in the payment of the promissory note for eleven hundred dollars and interest thereon, which became due and payable July 24, 1892. And there is claimed to be due, and is due upon said mortgage, and the debt thereby secured at the date of this notice the sum of thirteen hundred and twenty-three and 41-100 dollars.

And whereas, no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.: Lot numbered two hundred (200) in block numbered twenty-eight (28) in the Second division of Duluth Proper, according to the plat thereof, recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for Saint Louis county, state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which said sale will be made by the sheriff of said Saint Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 24th day of March, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and fifty dollars attorneys' fee, as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 8th, 1893.

LUELLA C. JONES, and EUNICE G. FAIRFAX Mortgagees.

LARDNER & MIDDLECOFF, Attorneys for Mortgagees.

Feb. 9-16-23, March 2-9-16-23.

NOTICE

Of Application for an Order Confirming Final Assessment for Paving and Macadamizing Third Avenue West From Michigan Street to Third Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works. }
City of Duluth, Minn., Feb. 21, 1893. }

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll amounting to the sum of twelve thousand three hundred (12,300) dollars and one (1) cent upon the real estate benefited by paving and macadamizing Third avenue west, in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Michigan street to Third street, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz:

Lots 50, 52, 54 and 56, block 7, lots 42, 44, 46 and 48, block 6, Central division of Duluth; lots 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53 and 55, West Superior street; lots 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55 and 56, West First street; lots 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55 and 56, West Second street; lots 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54 and 56, West Third street, all in Duluth Proper, First division.

HENRY TREUELSEN, President.

[Seal.]
Official:
T. W. ABELL, Clerk Board of Public Works.
Feb 21, 25 March 2

NOTICE

Of Application for an Order Confirming Final Assessment for Sanitary Sewer in Fourth Street from Tenth Avenue East to Thirteenth Avenue East.

Office of the Board of Public Works. }
City of Duluth, Minn., Feb. 21, 1893. }

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, State of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll amounting to the sum of twenty-seven hundred seven (2707) dollars and twelve (12) cents upon the real estate benefited by the construction of a sanitary sewer in Fourth street in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Tenth avenue east to Thirteenth avenue east, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz:

Portland Square, blocks 97 and 98, Portland division of Duluth.

HENRY TREUELSEN, President.

(Seal.)
Official:
T. W. ABELL, Clerk Board Public Works.
Feb-21-25-M-4.

BALD HEADS

No Cure. No Pay. No Mustache, No Pay. State exact condition of case. Inclose 6c(stamps)for answer. Prof. G. Birkholz & Co., 1011 Masonic Temple Chicago.

LEGAL NOTICES

MORTGAGE SALE—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Kate Univer Whitelaw and Frank S. Whitelaw, her husband, mortgagors, of St. Louis county, Minnesota, to the Union Building and Loan Association, of St. Louis county, Minnesota, mortgagee, bearing date the 9th day of May, A. D. 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 9th day of May, A. D. 1892, at 4 o'clock p. m., in book 69 of mortgages, on page 153.

And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of the dues on stock, and interest and premium on the indebtedness secured by said mortgage, for more than the space of four (4) months after the same has become due;

And whereas the mortgage contains a provision that in case of default in the payment of the monthly interest or premium, or dues on stock, or any part thereof, for the space of four (4) months after the same shall become due, then the whole principal debt shall become due, and the mortgagee shall have authority and power to sell the said premises at public auction agreeably to the statutes in such case made and provided;

And whereas said mortgagee has elected to declare the whole debt due because of said default in the payment of said interest and premium and dues on stock;

And whereas there is claimed to be due and is due at the date of the first publication of this notice on the debt secured by said mortgage the sum of eight thousand six hundred and seventy-eight and 34-100 ($8,678.34) dollars, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lots nine (9) and ten (10) of block forty-eight (48) of Portland division of Duluth according to the accepted and recorded plat thereof; also lot fifty-eight (58) East Second street of Duluth Proper, First division, according to the recorded plat thereof, said lands being located in St. Louis county, Minnesota, will, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and one hundred dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, county and state aforesaid, on the 18th day of March, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the date of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., Feb. 1st, A. D. 1893.

THE UNION BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

S. T. HARRISON, Attorney for Mortgagee, Rooms 109-112 Chamber of Commerce Building, Duluth, Minnesota.

26 Feb 2-9-16-23 Mch 2-9

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of twelve hundred ninety-two (1292) and 42-100 dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John Peterson and Nellie Peterson, his wife, of Duluth, Minnesota, to Herman Stevens, of Duluth, Minnesota, bearing date the 11th day of June, A. D. 1889, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 13th day of June A. D. 1889, at 8:40 o'clock a. m., in book 75 of mortgages, on page 78, the said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby having been heretofore to-wit: On May 19th, 1890, duly sold, assigned and transferred by said mortgagee to the undersigned, Samuel A. Sivers and John F. Segog, by deed of assignment dated that day, duly executed by said Herman Stevens, mortgagee and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county, on the 1st day of August, A. D. 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 73 of mortgages, on page 39 and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lots number three (3) and seven (7) in section thirty one (31) and the west half (w½) of the southwest quarter (sw¼) of section thirty-two (s. 32), all in township numbered sixty-eight (t 68) north of range seventeen (R 17) west, in St. Louis county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1893, at one o'clock p. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 18th, A. D. 1893.

SAMUEL A. SIVERTS and JOHN F. SEGOG, Assignees of said Mortgagee.

J. W. REYNOLDS, Attorney for said Assignees, Suite 321, Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn.

Jan. 19-26, Feb 2-9-16-23, Mar. 2.

NOTICE

Of Application for an order confirming final assessment for grading Third Avenue West From Fourth Street to Fifth Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works. }
City of Duluth, Minn., Feb. 21, 1893. }

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll amounting to the sum of ten hundred ninety-two (1092) dollars and seventy-seven (77) cents upon the real estate benefited by grading Third avenue west in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, from Fourth street to Fifth street, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same; all objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and, mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz: Lots 49, 51, 53 and 55, block 50; lots 50, 52, 54 and 56, block 51; lots 41, 43, 45 and 47, block 52; lots 42, 44, 46 and 48, block 53, all in Duluth proper, Third division, and fractional lots 41, 43 and 45, West Fourth street, Duluth proper, First division.

HENRY TREUELSEN, President.

[Seal]
Official:
T. W. ABELL, Clerk Board Public Works.
Feb 21-25-M-2.

NOTICE

Of confirmation of the report of the commissioners in the matter of the proceedings of the common council of the city of Duluth, in condemnation, for the purpose of opening and laying out an alley twenty feet wide through the center of block 86, Endion division of Duluth, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota.

Notice is hereby given that the report of the commissioners in the above entitled matter awarding damages and compensation to the various owners of property taken or injuriously affected by reason of the taking of private property for the purposes aforesaid, has been returned and filed in the office of the city clerk of the city of Duluth, and that said report will be confirmed by the common council of the city of Duluth, at a meeting of said common council to be held in the council chamber in the city hall in said city at 7:30 o'clock p. m. of Monday, the 6th day of March, 1893, unless objections are made in writing by persons interested in any of the lands required to be taken.

Witness my hand and seal this 20th day of February, 1893.

FRANK BURKE, JR., City Clerk, Duluth, Minn.

{Corporate Seal.}

Feb. 30. 10t

EVENING HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Telephone—Business office, 324, two rings; editorial rooms 324, three rings.

Eastern Office—109 World Building, New York, A. E. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily, per year	$7.00
Daily, per three months	1.80
Daily, per month	.60
Weekly, per year	1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn., March 2.—While fair weather continues in all sections, a storm is forming over Missouri and Iowa, and will probably move northeast and pass near this place by tomorrow. It is now in the same place that the last storm formed but the conditions are somewhat modified from what they were then.

The temperature remains low in the northwest. Winnipeg reporting 28 below zero and Qu'Appelle 18 below, ranging from that to 2 below at Bismarck, and 4 below at Moorhead, the warmest place is Memphis 54.

With the exception of a few light snow flurries, no precipitation has fallen over the country the past twenty-four hours.

The highest temperature here yesterday was 24, the lowest last night 10.

DULUTH, March 1.—Fair probably followed by snow tonight or tomorrow, slightly warmer, winds shifting to east and northwest and becoming fresh.

B. H. BRONSON,
Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Forecast till 8 p. m. tomorrow: For Minnesota: Fair preceded by snows tonight in southeast portions; northerly winds, colder in southeast, warmer in northwest portion.

Notice of Removal.

The Herald has removed to its new building at 220 West Superior street, midway between Second and Third avenues, where it will be able to handle its rapidly expanding business to better advantage. The business office will be found on the first floor and the editorial rooms on the third floor from the Superior street main entrance.

Spreading Rapidly.

The movement in Canada in favor of continental union is marching forward at a rapid rate. This does not mean that we may expect that the union will result this year or next year, but it is safe to say that five years hence may witness a mighty change in the sentiment of a vast majority of the Canadian people and possibly the consummation of the ardent hopes of those zealous Canadians who are impressing upon their brethren the advantages of such a confederation, embracing the whole of North America from Hudson's Bay to the Gulf of Mexico and from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

The Herald recently referred to the progress of the continental union feeling in Quebec, but a careful reading of the Canadian papers shows that it is not confined to Quebec, but is spreading with equal rapidity all over the Dominion. The Tillsonburg Liberal, which is published in the province of Ontario, declares that "political union is fast becoming something more than a plaything." It says it is "fully convinced that Canada has hung on to the Old World's apron string long enough." The St. John Telegraph, published in New Brunswick, says that "it seems to be pretty generally accepted, not only in Montreal but throughout Canada, that the present relations between the Dominion and the mother country cannot be very long maintained;" while the Globe of the same city declares that "in a very short time this country will be alive with the fires of a new political agitation of a more sweeping character than any we have yet had."

The Haldimand Advocate, in referring to the resolution passed by the Liberals recently in South Norfolk advocating political union with the United States, says: "Speed the day." The Irish Canadian, one of the most influential organs of the Irish party in Canada, says: "Where or how this hankering after annexation, becoming more marked from week to week, is going to end it is difficult to say, but that the annexation fever is spreading cannot be denied except by wrench of conscience." The fact is that this feeling has existed in many a breast for a long time but has been repressed by fear of personal punishment and business ostracization. It is now making itself heard, as the result of the courage engendered by the outspoken declarations of those who have not been scared by the threats of the Tory officials.

Bridge Bills Knocked Out.

It is unfortunate that the bill granting the Duluth Transfer company authority to build its bridge at Grassy Point has failed to pass at the present session of congress, thus necessitating another year's delay, but this was the inevitable outcome of the amending of the measure so as to make the bridge also adapted for foot and wagon travel. There was no reason why this amendment should have been tacked on to the bill, because the Transfer company requires only a railroad bridge and does not desire any other kind, and if a foot bridge is wanted there it should be built separate from the Transfer company's bridge.

The amendment, however, was the result of the scheming of the Duluth-Superior Bridge company's promoters who imagined that thereby they could work a game of bluff and compel the passage of their Rice's Point bridge bill at the same time as the Transfer company's bill, the amendment being a sop thrown to the Land and River Improvement company which is anxious for a foot bridge between Superior and West Duluth. The scheme failed to work, and the result is that all the bridge bills are knocked out.

Dodging an Office.

In reporting the arrival of Col. A. P. Swineford from Washington, a Chicago dispatch says: "There is a desire on the part of the people of Alaska, who are dissatisfied with the rule of the present occupant of the office, Governor Knapp, of Vermont, to have Mr. Swineford appointed as his successor. Mr. Swineford says he is in no way anxious for the position, and will not ask for it, but he is willing to accept."

It is too bad that the ex-governor's self-sacrificing disposition should be subjected to such a severe strain. The people of Alaska really should not insist on his acceptance of the governorship, but perhaps President Cleveland will relieve him from his perplexity by appointing another man. There is a rumor that Mr. Cleveland does not intend to reappoint men who held office during his previous administration, believing that the offices should be passed around. This report, if true, would remove the governor at once from his embarrassing position.

It is not often that an office rushes after a man in this persistent fashion, and still less seldom is it that the pursued tries so hard to escape.

Five heroes came into prominence during the recent severe storm on the Atlantic coast. They were members of the lifeboat crew at Cuttyhunk, Mass., and despite the great danger that confronted them they tried to rescue the crew of a sinking vessel. All five perished in the attempt, but their names must be enrolled on the list of heroes.

The Sunday promenade concert in the pension office, in connection with the inauguration of President Cleveland, has been ordered off by Secretary Noble in deference to the sentiment of the people of Washington. Mr. Cleveland, it may be said, filed a protest against the concert, but it had already been settled that it should not occur.

Senator Leavitt has introduced a bill to enforce the collection of taxes evaded by men who have died. Why not start with the living and compel the men with large amounts of personal property to pay taxes in proportion to those paid by the poor men? Senator Leavitt need not begin with the graveyard to work a mighty reform.

There is said to be a suicide club in Bridgeton, N. J., which has fifty members, who are pledged to kill themselves, one each year, according to lot. The authorities of Bridgeton should put a speedy end to this murderous institution by placing all the members under arrest.

The Winona board of trade has followed the example of Duluth and endorsed the bill requiring payment of a license of $300 by all itinerant dealers and parties conducting "fake sales." The bill ought to become a law.

Ladies will take warning from the result of an effort to introduce hoopskirts into Tennessee, which was reported in a dispatch to The Herald yesterday. Several broken heads resulted from the sensational spectacle.

Joel P. Heatwole, of the Northfield News, has declared in favor of woman suffrage in municipal elections. Why not in congressional elections too? Then Joel would have a walk-over in his district.

Another revolution in Honduras is reported today. Meanwhile the rebellion in Brazil is proceeding without intermission. South America must certainly be a delightful place in which to live.

Secretary Rusk says the farmers ought to raise pork, because hogs are selling at high figures at present. But if all farmers started raising hogs, prices would quickly drop.

San Francisco will not permit any more prize fights there. Now it New Orleans would only follow suit, the whole brutal business might be wiped out in this country.

The proposition to mix the schools of Trenton, N. J., on the "Faribault plan," has met with such vehement denunciation that it will be abandoned.

The appeal of Princess Kaioulani of Hawaii will touch the hearts of the American people. Her petition demands consideration.

Dave Hill is not likely to take a prominent part in the ceremonies at Washington on Saturday.

The weight of snow that has fallen certainly ought to break the back of winter.

$15,000 to loan in large or small amounts on improved or unimproved property.

MYERS & WHIPPLE,
Under First National Bank.

"Lessons from a Great Life," will be the subject of Dr. Wayland Hoyt's famous lecture which he will deliver at the high school tomorrow evening.

AMUSEMENTS.

"The Two Sisters."

"The Two Sisters," Denman Thompson's great play, will be the next attraction offered by the Lyceum to its patrons and will be produced on Monday and Tuesday next. The scenes of the play are all laid in New York and are remarkable for being so true to life. There is a moral in "The Two Sisters," which illustrates vividly the folly of a country girl's determination against the fervid entreaties of her more wise sister. A forcible plot containing a pronounced lesson, characters drawn in the most natural manner, scenes and incidents combining rational sentiment with uproaring fun are the elements that constitute the play. These ingredients are intermixed with great ingenuity.

Spectacular Pantomime.

Rehearsals are in progress for "Ben Hur," the spectacular pantomime which will be given next week at the Temple. The production is highly spoken of elsewhere. The special scenery is of an oriental nature with several pretty spectacular effects. The plot of the novel is given in tableaux and pantomimes representing the main points of the story.

When you speak or even think of spring medicine, how quickly Hood's Sarsaparilla comes into your mind. Try it now. 12

Still they come, those California canned goods do it, and no wonder, tomorrow your choice of two cans of grapes or apricots for 25c; and another fine lot of that nice butter at 25c just arrived from country. Small profits and quick returns is our motto. E. D. Ayers, 32 East Second street.

Special Rate to Washington.

For the inauguration of President Cleveland, March 4, "The Northwestern Line," (C., St. P., M. & O.,) will sell excursion tickets to Washington, on March 1 and 2, at $30 round trip, good returning until March 12. Take the "Omaha" when you go. All cars heated by steam and lighted by gas. Through train to Chicago over the short line.

B. W. SUMMERS,
City Ticket Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

Remember Dr. Wayland Hoyt's lecture at the Central high school assembly room tomorrow night.

LOW ROUND TRIP RATES

To New York, Boston and Washington Via the South Shore Line.

New York and return	$35 00
Boston and return	40 00
Washington	30 00

Tickets on sale Feb. 27 to March 2 inclusive.

New York and Boston ticket good for return until March 12.

Washington tickets good for return until March 9.

Ticket offices, 426 Spalding house block and Union depot.

Dr. Wayland Hoyt's lecture has been twice postponed, but the third date has been set for tomorrow evening when the eloquent speaker will appear at the Central high school lecture room.

Henry F. Greene has removed to the Herald bldg, 220 West Superior street.

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

is a scientifically prepared Liniment and harmless; every ingredient is of recognized value and in constant use by the medical profession. It shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to life of Mother and Child. Book "To Mothers" mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by all druggists.



The Correct Time;

certainly, it's just the time to buy a watch from our stock of time-pieces. That's the correct thing to do and you'll always have the correct time as long as you have one of our watches about you. We have a variety of clocks which keep correct time too, and tempt purchase by those who wish to keep a watch upon the moments as they fly. Time is money and the dollars paid for one of our clocks or watches is exceedingly well invested. While you have time you want the correct time, and you must carry a watch to have the time always with you. Our clocks and watches are as correct as the multiplication table and a good thing couldn't very well be cheaper.

ANDREW JACKSON,
Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing
JEWELER,
106 West Superior Street, Duluth

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT

J.E. HAYNIE & Co

American Store.

Thursday, March 2nd, 1893.

The weather tomorrow is likely to be warmer, followed by light snow.

Mme. Steiner

Starts East in a few days.

New Goods!

Case after case, bale after bale, invoice after invoice, of goods are now pouring in upon us—all being opened up as speedily as possible.

Millinery!

We will open a Millinery Department in connection with the store this spring, for which we have secured the services of one of the most accomplished Trimmers known. Watch for the announcement of our opening.

We Move

In about one month. The most speedy usage of hammer and saw are being brought together. When we open the new Hosiery for spring, make it a point to be shown through the entire stock. The announcement will be made shortly.

J.E. Haynie & Co.

$8.00--BEST SET OF TEETH



CULLUM.
Painless Dentist.
Room 702,
PALLADIO BUILDING.

Great Northern Railway Line

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY,
BETWEEN
Duluth, West Superior, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Sioux City, Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, Winnipeg, Butte Helena Spokane and Pacific Coast Point.
All Points East, South and West.

No Line so Handsomely Equipped.

Luxurious Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.

City Ticket Office

432 W. Superior St., The Spalding

C. H. De VAULT,
City Passenger and Ticket Agent
And Depot, cor. Sixth Av. W & Mich.

TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

ONE CENT A WORD!

Advertisements in this column ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FREE.

No advertisements taken for these columns till forbid, i. e. until ordered out.

Every advertisement is carefully classified under its proper heading—easily found, easily read—will reach more readers than can be reached in any other way. Try it.

PERSONAL.

IF MARRIED LADIES ONLY KNEW MY safe and never failing secret. Address with 10 cents Mrs. D. M. C., 85 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN UNDERSTANDS bookkeeping; has typewriter; desires work inside or out. Recommendation given. H 2, Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY A YOUNG MAN who would like a position as a delivery man in grocery store or meat market. Address B 5, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION AS STATIONARY engineer or to take charge of a steam heating plant or pumping outfit. Can give first-class references as to character and and capability. Fred Hovey, Little Falls, Minn.

BY A MIDDLE-AGED GOOD HORSEMAN, the care and handling of a pair of good carriage horses. Address B 56 Herald.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED, EXPERIENCED ELEVATOR man at the Lyceum. Apply room 203.

WANTED—FAITHFUL GENTLEMAN OR lady to assist in office. Position permanent. Railway fare advanced here if engaged. Enclose reference and self-addressed envelope. The National, 23 McVicker's building, Chicago, Ill.

CANVASSERS WANTED FOR EASY SELLing article. Good profits. 405 Woodbridge.

WANTED—A FEW ENERGETIC MEN TO sell our specialties on the installment plan. Good wages and steady work to the right men. W. A. Edwards, 723 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED, EXPERIENCED COOK, HELP wash and iron; small family. 3 Munger row, Piedmont avenue.

WANT A GIRL WHO UNDERSTANDS cooking and general housework. Will pay good wages to right one. Call at 1407 East Third street.

A SERVANT GIRL WANTED AT ONCE AT 1009 East Second street.

WANTED, COMPETENT GIRL TO DO housework. Good wages. Small family. 1617 London road.

WANTED, A GOOD DININGROOM GIRL at Central house, 21 Lake avenue.

WANTED, A TAILORESS OR GOOD DRESSmaker at Fremuth's cloak department.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Good wages to competent one. No washing. 205 West Third street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT, FIVE-ROOM HOUSE IN splendid location at moderate rent. Also office in our building. Apply Clague & Prindle, 216 West Superior street.

SEVEN ROOM FLAT, MODERN CONveniences. E. Ingalls, 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, ALL MODern conveniences; steam heat. Enquire 206 Lyceum.

GOOD EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT. Furnace heat, gas and bath; good barn. Upper side Bench street. B. F. Smith, 310 Woodbridge bldg.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 16 First avenue east.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO RENT—TWO well-furnished rooms with steam heat, electric lights and bath, to let at reasonable price. Call at Baldwin flat No. 9 or address B, same number.

FOR RENT, A LARGE ROOM ON THIRD floor of the Parsons block, No. 18 West Superior street, suitable for lodge purposes or society meetings. Will be rented reasonable to right parties. J. W. Rowley, 23 East Third street, City.

ROOMS AND BOARD AT 120 FIRST AVENUE west. Hot air heat and bath. Centrally located.

SHOP ROOM SUITABLE FOR TAILOR OR shoemaker. Cheap rent. 118 East Superior street.

BOARDERS WANTED.

FURNISHED ROOM AND BOARD FOR two. 318 West Second street.

FOUR BOARDERS WANTED AT 1009 EAST Second street, call at house.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, IN A PRIvate family, an unfurnished room near heart of city. Address, C 46.

WANTED—BOARD BY MAN AND WIFE IN private family. Address, H, care Herald office.

WANTED—A SMALL HOUSE AND LOT for cash. Not to cost more than $2000. Address C, 68, Herald.

WANTED, A SECOND-HAND KODAK; price must be reasonable if you want to sell. Address Kodak care Herald.

LOST.

LOST—BETWEEN SIXTH AVENUE WEST and East Second street by way of First street, a beaver fur glove. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at the Evening Herald office.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"The Cousin of the King"

A Startling Romance of Metropolitan Society.

GREAT PRIZE STORY IN

TALES FROM TOWN TOPICS.

MARCH No. (7) JUST OUT.

Ask news and book dealers for it, or send price, 50 cents, to TOWN TOPICS, 21 West 23d St, N.Y.



$100 FORFEIT

If it does not cure the effects of Self-Abuse, Early Excesses, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power, Impotency, etc. ENLARGEMENT CERTAIN. I will send FREE the Recipe of a never-failing cure. All letters in plain, sealed envelope. Address, with stamp, C. K. TUPPAR, Sportsmens' Goods, Marshall, Michigan.



ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

	Daily Except Sunday Fast Train.	Limited Daily.	Night Daily.
Lv Duluth	9 00 am	1 55 pm	11 15 pm
Ar St. Paul	2 50 pm	6 50 pm	7 15 am
Ar Minneapolis	3 10 pm	7 10 pm	7 35 am
Ar Stillwater	3 15 pm	7 10 pm	7 20 pm
Ar Chicago	6 45 am	7 00 am	9 35 pm
Ar Milwaukee	3 30 am	4 20 am	7 10 pm
Ar Omaha	.....	9 25 pm	10 00 pm
Ar St. Louis	.....	5 15 pm	5 55 am
Ar Kansas City	.....	4 50 pm	6 30 am
Lv for Cloquet, Carlton	7 30 am	9 00 am	1 55 pm

F. B. ROSS,
Northern Passenger Agent,
423 West Superior Street

ONE CENT A WORD!

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY BY GENtleman and 6-year-old son. Address, C 65, Herald office, stating rate.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND COUNTING room desk. Apply at Herald office.

FOR SALE CHEAP—1 30 HORSE POWER Scotch boiler; 1 6x8x20 S. O. hoist; 1 No. 7 Cameron pump. Complete with all fitting, including 250 ft. ⅝ wire rope and 1 ½-ton arc bucket. Enquire at 202 Palladio building.

FINANCIAL.

CASH IN BANK FOR ANY GOOD REAL estate loan, at lowest rates, or purchase money mortgage. Stryker, Manley & Buck.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT ON horses, wagons, household furniture, pianos, diamonds, jewelry and all kinds of personal property, on short notice and a lower rate than you can possibly get it elsewhere. Inquire of Wm. Horkan, manager, Duluth Mortgage Loan company, room 430, Chamber of Commerce building, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS AND jewelry. G. A. Klein, only licensed pawnbroker in Duluth, 17 West Superior street.

ABOUT MONEY—
DO YOU NEED ANY?

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY

Room 201 Palladio Building,

WILL LEND YOU ANY SUM YOU WISH

FROM $10 TO $1000

ON THE DAY YOU ASK FOR IT.

WE MAKE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS AND PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ALL KINDS

IN ANY AMOUNT

At the lowest possible rates, without publicity or removal of property.

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY

Room 201 Palladio Building.

P. B. CROSBY,

COMMISSION BROKER,

Buys and Sells Mining Stocks for Cash.

Room 502 Palladio Building, DULUTH, MINN.

Correspondence Solicited. Weekly Circular.

ATTORNEYS.

L. U. C. TITUS, LL. B., ATTORNEY AT law, 604 Chamber of Commerce building.

JOS. WARD REYNOLDS, ATTORNEY, HAS located his office at suite, 321 Chamber of Commerce.

RENTING AND COLLECTING.

CORDY EDWARDS' RENTAL AGENCY, 206 West Superior street. If you want a house or store call and see a big list always on hand.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

W R Patrick to P Corrigan, lot 3, block 37, Biwabik	$ 325
J D Ray to C Dietrich, lots 12 and 13, block 104, Portland division	400
A McLaren to D C Irwin, lands in section 1-57-17, etc	1,100
N B Shank to L N Yerkes, sections 36 and 35-62-11	400
E W Matter to A J Taylor, lot 183, block 41, Duluth Proper, Third division	1,760
C G Anderson to Christ Ness, w ½ lot 4, block 13, Helm's addition	900
C G Anderson to A E Halvorsen, e ½ lot 4, block 13, Helm's addition	600
H Weekey to Duluth Transfer Railway company, land in section 34-49-15	520
C O Anderson to H Halvorsen, w ½ lot 3, block 13, Helm's addition	500
P J Krupp to S F Stewart, lots 9 and 10, block 68, Harrison's Brookdale division	1,200
S F Stewart to P J Krupp, lot 267, block 58, Duluth Proper, Second division	6,000
Total transfers	$13,464



The Short Line —TO— CHICAGO.

The Pullman Car Line to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

For St. Paul and Minneapolis.	Day Exp. Ex. Sun'y	Night Ex Daily.
Lv Duluth	10 00 am	11 00 pm
Lv West Superior	10 20 am	11 20 pm
Ar Spooner	12 45 pm	2 00 am
Ar Stillwater	4 32 pm	7 00 am
Ar St. Paul	5 00 pm	6 50 am
Ar Minneapolis	5 40 pm	7 30 am

For Eau Claire, Chicago and the East.	Day Exp. Ex. Sun'y	Chicago Special Daily.
Lv Duluth	10 00 am	4 50 pm
Lv West Superior	10 20 am	5 10 pm
Ar Eau Claire	4 15 pm	10 15 pm
Ar Milwaukee	.....	7 25 am
Ar Chicago	8 00 am	7 45 am

Parlor Cars on day trains.

"Chicago Special" runs through without change of cars for any class of passengers between Duluth and Chicago.

GEO. M. SMITH, General Agent.
B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent, 405 West Superior St.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R'y.

DIRECT LINE TO

Boston, New York,
Montreal, Buffalo,
Philadelphia, Pittsburg,
Cleveland, Detroit,
All points in Michigan,
The East and South

Over 100 miles shorter than any other line to Boston and all New England Points.

Over 70 miles the shortest line to all Points East of Mackinaw or Detroit Mich.

WAGNER SLEEPING CARS

ON ALL THROUGH TRAINS.

For tickets, sleeping car accommodations and full information, apply to

T. H. LARKE, Commercial Agent,
426 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN
Spalding Hote Block

ONE CENT A WORD!

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

M. S. & W. H. COOK, SURVEYORS AND civil engineers, 317 Fourteenth avenue east.

STOVE REPAIRING.

HEATING STOVES, RANGES AND COOK stoves repaired on short notice. Casting furnished for nearly every stove made. American Stove Repair works, 118 East Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING IN ALL branches at reasonable prices. Mrs. C. P. Smith, 125 First avenue west.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

THE MOST RESPECTABLE LICENSED office in Duluth, free of charge to all get also have a full line of hair switches, chains, etc. Mrs. M. C. Seibold, 235 East Superior street.

PLUMBING.

W. W. McMILLAN COMPANY,
HEATING AND PLUMBING,
216 West Superior street

WILLIAM DONALDSON & SON,
Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters and Sanitary Engineers,
24 First Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.
Jobbing work a specialty. Orders left at Simon Clark & Co.'s store, 112 West Superior street, Telephone 75—will receive prompt attention.

MINING ENGINEERS.

CHARLES F. HOWE, SPECIAL ATTENtion given to the examination and reporting on mineral lands. Iron lands bought and sold. Analyses of all kinds made on short notice. 631 Chamber of Commerce.

ARCHITECTS.

G. A. TENBUSCH, 301 BURROWS BUILDing.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. L. BALDWIN Midwife. Full graduate of German college of Accouchment. Cupping, etc. done. 609 East Third street.

NOTICE

Of Application For an Order Confirming Assessment For Grading Eighth Avenue West From Third Street to Ninth Street.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City of Duluth, Minn., Feb. 21, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the board of public works of the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, has completed its assessment roll, amounting to the sum of seven thousand ninety-one (7,091) dollars and fifty-two (52) cents, upon the real estate to be benefitted by grading Eighth avenue west in said city from Third street to Ninth street, in proportion to the benefits, for the purpose of raising money to in full defray the expense thereof; and that the board of public works of said city of Duluth will, on the 4th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, make application to the district court in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, at a special term of said court to be held at the court house in said city of Duluth, at said time, for an order of said court confirming said assessment roll, at which time and place parties interested in said assessment may appear and make objections to the same. All objections should be made in writing.

Said assessment affects all pieces or parcels of land situated in said city and mentioned or referred to in the following descriptions, viz.:

Lots 129, 131, 133, 135, 139, 132, 134 and 136, block 36; lots 127, 125, 123, 121, 128, 126, 124 and 122, block 35; lots 129, 131, 133, 135, 139, 132, 134 and 136, block 44; lots 127, 125, 123, 121, 128, 126, 124, 122, block 45; lots 129, 131, 133, 135, 139, 132, 134 and 136, block 62; lots 127, 125, 123, 121, 128, 126, 124 and 122, block 61; lots 129, 131, 133, 135, 139, 132, 134 and 136, block 78; lots 127, 125, 123, 121, 128, 126, 124 and 122, block 77; lots 129, 131, 133, 135, 139, 132, 134 and 136, block 93; lots 127, 125, 123, 121, 128, 126, 124 and 122, block 92; lots 129, 131, 133, 135, 139, 132, 134 and 136, block 107; lots 127, 125, 123, 121, 128, 126, 124 and 122, block 108, all in Duluth Proper, Third division.

HENRY TRUELSEN,
President.

[Seal]
Official:
T. W. ABELL,
Clerk, Board Public Works.
Feb 21-25 Mar 2

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the terms of a mortgage bearing date July 1st, 1889, executed by Montgomery L. Cormany and Adele V. Cormany, his wife, mortgagors, to C. M. Bailey, mortgagee, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 22nd day of July, 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 44 of mortgages on page 214, said default consisting in the failure to pay the installments of interest due in 1891 and 1892 and the principal sum due July 1st, 1892, on the note secured by said mortgage and the sum of one thousand five hundred thirty-five and 52-100 dollars, ($1535.52) being due thereon at date of this notice, and no action or other proceeding at law or equity having been instituted for the collection of said debt or any part thereof.

Sale of the premises covered by said mortgage, to-wit: Lot numbered ninety-one (91) of block numbered fifty-nine (59), of Third division of Duluth Proper, according to the recorded plat thereof, will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 15th day of April, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day to satisfy said debt and interest and legal costs of sale including fifty ($50.00) dollars as attorney fee stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, subject to redemption according to law.

Dated March 1st, 1893.

C. M. BAILEY,
Mortgagee.

J. B. RICHARDS,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
304 Burrows Building,
Duluth, Minn.
March-2-9-16-23-30-April-6-13

DULUTH INVENTORS!

Messrs. C. E. Richardson, R. M. Spencer, F. S. Sleeper, James Fitzgerald and Dr. H. H. Chase have received patents through Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, PATENT LAWYERS, Established 1861. Inventor's Guide FREE. 309 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.



WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES.

(Northern Pacific R. R. Co., Lessee.)

Latest Time Card.

Two Through Trains Daily.

		Lv.	Ar.		
12:15pm	6:25pm	Minneapolis		9:35am	4:15pm
1:30pm	7:35pm	St. Paul		8:20am	3:40pm
10:15am	4:15pm	Duluth		11:30am	6:50pm
1:50pm	7:25am	Ashland		8:20am	3:20pm
7:15am	9:55am	Ar Chicago	Lv	5:37pm	10:45pm

Tickets sold and baggage checked through to all points in the United States and Canada.

Close connections made in Chicago with all trains going East and South.

For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or

JAS. C. POND,
Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago, Ill.

WHICH LAW GOVERNS?

That Question is Now Agitating West Duluth Regarding the Coming Municipal Election.

The Attorney General Says That the Election Must be Held Under the Old Law.

In View of the Conflicting Opinions the Matter Will be Brought Before the Court.

The village recorder holds in his possession two telegrams, one addressed to himself from E. H. Hall at St. Paul and the other to J. M. Martin from H. H. Phelps stating that the attorney general gives it as his opinion that the election must be held under the old law. In view of the conflicting opinions Recorder Borgstrom demanded of Village Attorney D. M. DeVore under whose direction he must act a written opinion on the subject which was rendered as follows:

"I am of the opinion that we should hold our village election under the general election laws for the following reasons: First—our charter so directs. Second—the legislature clearly so intended this law to prevent illegal voting and made this law applicable to municipalities of like proportion. Third—The exception of towns and villages generally does not except villages of over 3000 inhabitants. Fourth—All other election laws applicable to our village of over 3000 inhabitants are inconsistent with this general law, and consequently have been repealed. Fifth—There is no law forbidding such a course and courts will not find fault with us for so doing. No one can can possibly be injured or find fault with an honest vote and fair count. Sixth—No honest man will object to being voted for under this system."

To bring the thing to an issue Edward J. Luther, on behalf of himself and other legal voters, has applied to the district court for a writ of mandamus commanding P. J. Borgstrom, village recorder, to give notice of the ensuing election under the old system of balloting. The matter will probably be acted upon tomorrow by Judge Ensign, as Saturday will be the last day for posting notices under the old election law.

COMPLETED THE TICKET.

The Martin Men Made Nominations for All the Offices.

The committee appointed to complete the Martin ticket held a conference last evening and made the following selections: J. M. Martin, president; P. J. Borgstrom, recorder; H. D. Hall, treasurer; T. C. Himebaugh, municipal judge. Aldermen were nominated as follows: First ward, L. D. French and Ed Hall; Second ward, B. C. Dent and W. J. Matthews; Third ward, O. S. Olson and Thomas Olafson; Fourth ward, John Peterson and W. W. Scott. John Mehn is slated for assessor. The election of this ticket would result in the appointment of H. H. Phelps as village attorney.

The Election Law.

E. H. Hall went to St. Paul to get an opinion from the attorney general in regard to the coming village election. The council decided that it should be under the Australian system, despite Mr. Hall's protest. The attorney general sustains Mr. Hall, saying that in his opinion the Australian law has no application whatever to the election in question. Section 126 of the general election law provides that the act applies to all general and special elections in the state of Minnesota excepting township and village elections, and shall be known as the general election law of the state. It is the evident intention of the law to leave villages and townships to be governed by pre-existing laws adapted especially to elections therein. "Your village will, in my judgment, be governed at the pending election by provisions of section 2 of chapter 146 of the general election law."

West Duluth Briefs.

A man by the name of Gust Anderson broke his leg in two places yesterday. He worked for Gulbrandson Bros., contractors, on the Missaba & Northern railroad. He got his leg caught in the cars which were hauling dirt.

Special Lenten services at the Episcopal church this evening at 7:30.

Miss Hannah Bendit, teacher in the Longfellow school, has been called to Manistee, Mich., by the death of her father.

Capt. James Foley, of Negaunee, Mich., called on his old-time friends, Kirkwood & Thorpe yesterday.

Rev. August Fleer returned last evening from a trip to Chicago.

W. B. Carlin has returned from Ironwood, Mich., where he has been putting in a band mill.

The assembly will give its regular dance Friday evening.

Edward Prescott left last night for Marinette, Wis., where he has accepted a position in the Marinette works.

Mrs. Hilliard, of Rat Portage, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Haley.

Wanted—A quantity of pine timber near town, suitable for piling. Address "Herald," West Duluth.

Are Not Afraid.

The Duluth Polo club is not over-anxious for another game with the Superior boys, says the Superior Leader. Attempts have been made to arrange another match, but the Duluth players thus far have refused to play a return game.

The above is not true and is unjust to the Duluth boys. Arrangements had been pending with the Henriettas of St. Paul for the return game and as the date was unsettled the boys here could not fix any date for Superior. As it is, the day has been fixed and was before the publication of the above item. It will be played next Tuesday evening. The match with St. Paul will probably be played tomorrow evening.

ARE RECOVERING.

Nearly All Trains Are Now Running on Schedule Time.

The railroads are recovering from their attack of "grippe" which developed during the late storm. The Northern Pacific local runs are right on time, and the big St. Paul & Duluth passenger train which was the only one out of Duluth to St. Paul Tuesday night, and which carried the Corbett party down to the Saintly city, with three full sleepers of other passengers, arrived in St. Paul yesterday morning right on the tick.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern was five or six hours late last night and did not arrive until early this morning. The special on the Duluth & Iron Range from the Biwabik hotel opening left there at 4 o'clock this morning and reached here shortly before 8 o'clock.

The Omaha line is running all its trains on time and the Eastern is in the same satisfactory condition. The Wisconsin Central is running very nearly on time and a general hegira of delayed freights took place this morning.

NO CHOICE IN MONTANA.

The Legislature Failed to Elect a United States Senator.

HELENA, Mont., March 2.—The joint assembly adjourned today sine die after one ballot without electing a senator: The ballot stood: Clark, 32; Mantle, 25; Dixon, 11; Carter, 1. Clark lacked three votes of a majority.

The Dixon men stood in with the Republicans for an adjournment. The governor will appoint either Sanders or Lieut-Governor Botkin as United States senator.

BACK TO THE WHITE HOUSE.

Grover Cleveland, Mrs. Cleveland and Baby Ruth Are en Route.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., March 2.—All Lakewood turned today to see President-elect Grover Cleveland and party off for Washington. The day was bright with sunshine and the big crowd that came down to the station to wave farewell to the family, which has been among them two seasons, were gay with bright raiment.

Fully 2000 people were at the station. Half the number were ladies, and many were more interested in seeing Mrs. Cleveland and Baby Ruth than the president-elect. It was just 11:45 a. m. when the special train arrived from New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland, Baby Ruth and the nurse started from the "Little White House" at 12 o'clock. They rode to the depot in the director's bus of the Lakewood hotel. Mrs. Cleveland led the way to the train. The others followed with Mr. Cleveland last. He was cheered from the moment he alighted from the carriage until he was on the train. Everyone in the front ranks of the crowd shook hands with him as he slowly made his way across the platform. When he mounted the steps of the car there were more cheers and shouts for a speech. The train started at 12:13 p. m. for Washington.

SOUTH DAKOTA SOLONS.

A Stormy Session in the House Was Held This Morning.

PIERRE, S. D., March 2.—The house held a stormy session this morning. The first bill was that requiring the governor to appoint a special prosecuting attorney for counties in which he finds the prohibitory law is not enforced or from which a petition has been received.

After a lively scrap, this was indefinitely postponed. The house then by unanimous vote indefinitely postponed all house bills. The bill granting women municipal suffrage met the same fate by a vote of 50 to 27.

The house then amended the senate bill so as to bring the election of judges in November of this year, and the bill passed unanimously, as did the bill prohibiting endowment fakes.

The governor this morning sent in nominations for railroad commissioners as follows: John R. Brennan, of Rapid City; H. C. Warner, of Sanborn county; F. J. Conklin, of Clark. All were confirmed.

Prominent Ohio Man Dead.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 2.—Ex-Governor Bishop, of Ohio, died here this morning.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

Had a Good Time.

The Duluth visitors to the hotel opening at Biwabik arrived home at 8 o'clock this morning somewhat tired, but universally reporting a good time. About 200 guests were present. A sumptuous spread, fine music by Hoare's orchestra, and dancing were the principal features.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

ON THE CITY CHARTER

City Attorney Smith Writes Concerning the Work of the Commission Appointed by the Legislature.

The Difficult Work Which Has Been Encountered in Meeting the Demands of All Cities.

Some of the Points Contained in the First Draft of the Bill as Now Prepared.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Representing Duluth on the commission appointed by the legislature to prepare a general bill for the government of all cities in the state, I though it not inappropriate that the citizens of Duluth, through its official paper, should know something of what is being done by the present commission. When one stops to consider that there are 100 cities in the state ranging from 1000 up to several hundred thousand each, some of which cities are located on level ground, while others are upon hillsides, some built upon sand, while others are founded upon a rock, some demand but limited legislation, while others require about every provision conceivable, it is no easy task under the provisions of a constitution forbidding special legislation, to frame a law that will adjust itself to the various demands that must be confronted.

Classification of cities is one of the things that the courts have scrutinized closely, and just how or where to draw the line is the perplexing question. If one will read the decisions of those states where similar constitutional amendments exist to that of Minnesota, to-wit: the decisions of Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Illinois and Kansas, and then define the true line without doubt as to the absolute correctness thereof, he is a better lawyer than can be found on this commission.

Minneapolis and St. Paul each have four delegates on the commission, all bright men who have long been connected with municipal affairs. These cities have developed under charter provisions differing widely in their most essential features. One perhaps can imagine how one city might defer to the other, but when it comes to a test, so far as agreeing is concerned, "they are not in it." However, after more discussion than seems necessary, the Twin City delegates and all others have after two weeks' persuasion on the part of Duluth, consented that she may retain her board of public works and most admirable school system. Neither city, however, is convinced that our present school law is a wise one to retain. Both cities are yet anxious for a uniform school law that shall govern throughout the state, but it must be the law adopted or that may be adopted by the Twin Cities.

I have hastily sketched from the first draft of subjects below me, and I only give a brief synopsis of each, the following:

Officers—Elective, mayor, comptroller, treasurer, two aldermen from each ward and in addition thereto, in cities of 30,000 and upward five aldermen from the city at large. In cities of less than 30,000 two aldermen from each ward and three from the city at large. The provision for aldermen at large was consented to by all cities to pacify St. Paul for the loss of her dual or "double-headed" council. The term of the mayor shall be two years; comptroller and treasurer, four years, provided at the first election the comptroller shall be elected for two years. This is to prevent both officers from retiring at the same time.

The aldermen are to be elected for four years, provided, in cities of 30,000 and over there shall at the first election be one alderman from each ward and three from the city at large chosen for a term of two years, and one from each ward and two from the city at large for a term of four years. At the second election and every two years thereafter the required number shall be elected for four years. Election for the smaller cities shall be in the same manner except that the aldermen at large shall not exceed three, two to serve two years and one four years.

The terms of the city clerk, attorney and assessor are each fixed at two years, but the terms of present officers shall neither be lengthened or shortened by the act. The mayor shall appoint the police force. No person shall be eligible who cannot read and write the English language or who is not a citizen and one year a resident of the city. There are two chapters on assessments, one providing for assessment according to benefits, for grading, storm sewers, drainage, etc., and the other per front foot for paving, graveling and similar surface work. In the former a commission shall be appointed by the council to view the premises, after notice as in condemnation proceedings, adopting substantially the same form, and in the latter the council orders the engineer to make the assessment per front foot.

The articles of both forms of assessment are quite numerous, but provide for due notice to all parties interested to appear and show cause. The assessments are to be confirmed by the council; and ample provision is made for reassessment in all cases. In fact in no case shall the city be denied the right to reassess the whole or any part of the property.

My notes taken from time to time cover many subjects and many different points thereof, but the first draft only has been made, which is subject to such changes as the full commission may see proper to make. On Friday the bill will be discussed section by section, and from day to day until we get through. I should be pleased to hear from any one who does not indorse the action of the commission. We have sent invitations to every city in the state urging the officers to send in delegates or written requests expressive of their wants. Respectfully, S. L. SMITH.

St. Paul, March 1.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Kickapoo Indian Remedies

WHAT THEY ARE.



They are the Purest, Safest and Most Reliable medicines Known to Humanity. They have never failed, never will fail, Never Can Fail. The Essence of their Nature is Health, their Composition Based upon God-given Indian Instinct, their Combination Founded upon the Solid Rock of centurial experience, their Virtues Absolutely Indisputable, their Success Only Limited by their Never-ceasing Production.

No Poisonous Ingredients Enter into Their Formula, no Mineral is Tolerated in their Pharmacopœa, no Subtle Chemical Fume in their Medicine Kettles. The Forest is their Laboratory. The Roots, Barks, Gums of Trees and Herbs are their Components. Kickapoo Indian Medicines are not Mineral but Vegetable; not Poisonous but Healing; not Death-dealing but Life-giving; not Destroying but Upbuilding and when Applied in Season and used with discretion They Perform Great Cures.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa

GIVES

"Long Life and Good Health."

AND IS THE

Only Genuine Indian Stomach and Blood Remedy Sold in America.

Sold by All Druggists and Medicine Dealers. $1 Per Bottle, 6 for $5.

Kickapoo Indian Oil, (For pains) 25 Cts. | *Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer, 25 Cts.*
Kickapoo Indian Salve (For Cuts) 25 Cts. | *Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure, 50 Cts.*

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., HEALY & BIGELOW, AGENTS, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

What is the Excitement Upon First Ave. West?

A Fire? Oh, No!

The crowd is going to BAYHA & CO.'S FURNITURE STORE, where they are getting Big Bargains in Parlor Suites, Bed-Room Suites, Dining-Room Suites, Lounges, Couches, Hall Racks, Parlor Tables and everything usually kept in a first-class furniture store. FALL IN LINE. DON'T GET LEFT.

BAYHA & CO.

No. 108 and 110 First Avenue West.

FEMALE COLLEGE BURNED.

The Pupils Escaped by Jumping From the Windows.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 2.—The Arkansas Colored Baptists female college, a large two story building in the southwestern portion of the city, was burned this morning. There was twenty pupils in the college, all of whom escaped by jumping from the second story windows.

Six, however, were injured, two of whom, Florida Neely and Hattie Turner, will die. The following is a list of injured: Florida Neely, of Searcy, back injured; Hattie Turner, of Searcy, serious internal injuries; Mary Pratt, Little Rock, injured internally; Irene Reid, of Deermott, Ark., right arm broken; Mary Wilson, the cook, slightly injured; Ada Harris, teacher of Berlin, Ohio, leg broken.

Everything in the building except two school desks was burned. The Arkansas Vanguard, the organ of the colored people of Arkansas, had its office in the building and was completely destroyed. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary. Loss about $8000; insurance $1000.

FIFTY FAMILIES HOMELESS.

Frame Buildings in New Jersey Burned With Rapidity.

BERGENPOINT, N. J., March 2.—A fire which occurred at Constable Hook at 2:30 o'clock this morning destroyed seven buildings and rendered fifty families homeless.

The fire originated in one of a row of buildings used for stores and tenements, the occupants being mostly Hungarians. The flames spread rapidly and the inmates had barely time to escape in their night clothes.

The total loss is estimated between $50,000 and $60,000. The business places were mostly insured, but the tenants, who lost nearly all their household effects, had little or no insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

SILVER'S DEATH KNELL.

Gladstone's Speech on Bimetallism Strengthens Cleveland's Hands.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The Post's financial cablegram says: "Mr. Gladstone's speech on bimetallism is thought in some quarters to conclude all serious silver agitation. American stocks were improved today on the theory that this decisive debate strengthens Mr. Cleveland's hands by ending hopes that England will accede to a renewal of bimetallist negotiations. Business today was quiet and almost featureless."

Hoke Smith's Movements.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 2.—Hon. Hoke Smith, who is to be secretary of the interior under Mr. Cleveland, left Atlanta for Washington at noon today accompanied by a large party of friends. Mr. Smith has disposed of a portion of his stock in the Atlanta Journal to employes of the paper, as during his residence at Washington he will be unable to take part in the management of the Journal.

No Case Exists.

OTTAWA, Ont., March 2. In view of the threat of the British government to continue the scheduling of Canadian cattle landing in England, the government here ordered a thorough investigation into the existence of pleuro-pneumonia in Canada. Yesterday, the result was reported to the committee of the house of commons, which reported to the house that the most searching inquiry fails to disclose any case existing in the Dominion at present.

A Successor to Paxson.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 2.—The governor today sent to the senate the nomination of Samuel Gustine Thompson, of Philadelphia, to be justice of the supreme court in place of Judge Paxson, resigned. The appointment had been tendered to Judge Heydrick and declined.

A BUILDING COLLAPSED.

Three Workmen Taken Out Unconscious and Others in the Ruins.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 2.—At 1:55 o'clock this afternoon, while workmen were engaged in tearing down an unoccupied three-story building at No. 1200 Washington street, the building collapsed, burying the workmen in the debris.

The fire department was soon at work in an endeavor to rescue the workmen. Three men have been taken out unconscious. It is stated that at least three more are in the ruins.

INDICTED FOR MURDER.

Railway Men Must Answer for a Grade Crossing Fatality.

CHICAGO, March 2.—Chas. D. Law, general superintendent of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago railroad, was indicted for murder by the grand jury today in connection with the grade crossing fatality on Dec. 29 last at the Forty-seventh street crossing on the Fort Wayne road.

Peter Schwarts, a flagman, John Albrecht, a gateman, and Henry W. Kousch, engineer of the train which ran down the street car and killed four and injured fourteen persons, were also jointly indicted with Mr. Law upon the same charge.

MAY ENDORSE SATOLLI.

The A. P. A. Likely to Endorse the Papal Legate's Views.

CLEVELAND, March 2.—This forenoon's session of the American Protective association was a very lively one. A set of resolutions endorsing Mgr. Satolli's action and utterances on the public school question were presented, and a number of fiery speeches pro and con were made.

The resolutions were still under discussion when the convention adjourned at noon. It is thought probable that the pope's legate will be endorsed.

The Tammany Hosts.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Eight special trains left Jersey City this morning having on board the members of Tammany hall bound for Woshington to attend the second inauguration of Grover Cleveland, as president. Four of these trains went over the Baltimore & Ohio, and a like number over the Pennsylvania. In addition to the Tammany hall members there were a number of independent Democratic clubs on the trains, the total number of excursionists being estimated at 3,400.

What Can't Pull Out?

Why the

Non-pull-out

Bow on the Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases, made by the Keystone Watch Case Company, Philadelphia. It protects the Watch from the pick-pocket, and prevents it from dropping. Can only be had with cases stamped with this trade mark. ©

Sold, without extra charge for this bow (ring), through Watch dealers only.

Ask your jeweler for pamphlet, or send to makers.

75c and $1.00.

It was a bad day to shop last Saturday and in consequence we have decided to put that magnificent line of Shirts on sale again at the prices advertised last week.

Friday and Saturday

We shall sell the best Laundered Shirt that was ever offered for $1.00,

At 75c.

And the quality which all Men's Furnishers sell at $1.50 we shall sell

At $1.00.

For the Two Days Advertised Only.

Note: These goods are laundered in this city at the Peerless Laundry, the Muslin is unstarched so that you can examine the material and make of the garment thoroughly. Examine these Shirts and see if our statement as to price is not correct.

Silberstein & Bondy

Awnings, Packstraps and Tents,

EVERYTHING IN CANVAS AND EXPLORERS' OUTFITS.

STEAM PIPES COVERED.

C. POIRIER, BOOTS AND SHOES REPAIRING PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

TELEPHONE 125.

LOANS PLACED WITHOUT DELAY

ON FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITIES.

MENDENHALL & HOOPES

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance

HOUSES TO RENT.

Anti-Cigarette Law.

MADISON, Wis., March 2.—The committee to which the anti-cigarette bill had been referred today reported to the assembly an amendment making it unlawful to supply them to children under 16 years of age, and imposing a penalty for this offense.

Why? Why is Strictly Pure White Lead the best paint? Because it will outlast all other paints, give a handsomer finish, better protection to the wood, and the first cost will be less.

If Barytes and other adulterants of white lead are "just as good" as Strictly Pure White Lead, why are all the adulterated white leads always branded Pure, or

"Strictly Pure White Lead?"

This Barytes is a heavy white powder (ground stone), having the appearance of white lead, worthless as a paint, costing only about a cent a pound, and is only used to cheapen the mixture. What shoddy is to cloth, Barytes is to paint. Be careful to use only old and standard brands of white lead.

"Southern" "Red Seal" "Collier" "Shipman"

are strictly pure, "Old Dutch" process brands, established by a lifetime of use.

For colors use National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors with Strictly Pure White Lead.

For sale by the most reliable dealers in paints everywhere.

If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that may save you many a dollar; it will only cost you a postal card to do so.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.,
1 Broadway, New York.
Chicago Branch,
State and Fifteenth Streets.

SUMMONS.—

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
ST. LOUIS COUNTY. }

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Minneapolis Stockyards and Packing company, Plaintiff.

vs.

John Halonen, Peter Peterson, Ulrika (or as is sometimes written Ulrik) Halonen, Olaf Halonen and Amanda S. Halonen, Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendants:

You and each of you are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is hereto annexed and herewith served upon you and has been filed in the office of the clerk of said District Court at the court house in said County of St. Louis and State of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office in the city of Duluth in said county of St. Louis within twenty days after service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint, together with plaintiff's costs and disbursements herein.

Dated February 25th, A. D. 1893.

CHESTER MCKUSICK,
Plaintiff's Attorney,
Minnesota.

(Mar. 2-9-16-23-30-Apr. 6.)

TRY THE EVENING HERALD Want Columns.

LADIES

Can Secure Competent Servants

By Advertising in the

HERALD WANT COLUMNS

LEGAL NOTICES.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eight hundred ninety-nine 50-100 ($899.50-100) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by W. P. Strickland, mortgagor, to G. E. Saeger, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April, 1890, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 466.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said G. E. Saeger, mortgagee, to the American Loan & Trust Company, by written assignment dated the 20th day of May, 1890, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 21st day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages on page 165.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company, the assignee and holder thereof, to the Guaranty Investment company by written assignment dated the 21th day of February, 1893, and recorded on the 25th day of February, 1893, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 55 of mortgages, page 274; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the property described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.:

Lot number eighty-seven (87), in block one hundred and ten (110), Third Division of Duluth Proper, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of April, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred and ninety-nine and 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 2nd, 1893.

THE GUARANTY INVESTMENT COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

W. W. SANFORD,
Attorney
March-2-9-16-23-30, April 6-13.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eight hundred ninety-nine 50-100 ($899.50) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by W. P. Strickland, mortgagor, to G. E. Saeger, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 466.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said G. E. Saeger, mortgagee, to the American Loan and Trust Company, by written assignment dated the 20th day of May, 1890, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 21st day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 171.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company, the assignee and holder thereof, to The Guaranty Investment Company by written assignment dated the 24th day of February, 1893, and recorded on the 25th day of February, 1893, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 55 of mortgages, page 275, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.:

Lot number eighty-eight (88), in block number one hundred and ten (110), Third Division of Duluth Proper, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of April, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred ninety-nine 50-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 2, A. D. 1893.

THE GUARANTY INVESTMENT COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

W. W. SANFORD,
Attorney.
Mch-2-9-16-23-30-apl 6-13

The Great Eastern Duluth.

The Pioneers of Low Prices.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF

Men's and Boys' Shoes And Rubbers.



If your Shoes have not been giving you satisfaction, try a pair of us. We guarantee to save you from 50c to $1.00 on every pair.

M. S. BURROWS & Co. Cor. Superior St. and Third Ave. W. DULUTH, MINN.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.

"Gill's Best" flour—the favorite with all families.

$1500, $3000, $5000, $1200, $10,000 to loan at once; lowest rates. T. O. Hall.

Dr. Schiffman extracts teeth without pain.

James Smith had his right hand smashed yesterday while coupling cars on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road at Iron Junction. He was brought to St. Mary's hospital and had three figers amputated.

Two carpenters, Dan McDonald and Charles Stenson, working on the ore docks at Two Harbors, fell about fifty feet yesterday owing to the falling of a scaffolding. Stenson's head was badly injured and he was brought down to St. Mary's hospital.

The report of business of the Duluth postoffice for February shows the following receipts: Stamps and postal cards, $4205.14; stamped envelopes, $1415.15; box rents, $16.65; total, $5636.94. The increase over February, 1892, is $199.45.

John McCabe died yesterday at Superior. The deceased and his family had many friends in Duluth who will be pained to learn of his death.

The Superior Leader announces this morning that the Land and River Improvement company is contemplating the starting of a new morning paper over there using the morning Associated Press franchise.

George Wilson, from Canada, took out his first citizenship papers in the United States court today.

Fees amounting to $1267.30 were received at the office of the clerk of the municipal court for the month of February just closed.

Frank Burke was at the district court all this morning and in his absence Janitor O'Brien looked after the duties of the city clerk's office.

B. Heller, of the firm of Heller & Loeb, left today for Hot Springs, Ark., where he will remain for a month.

William McKinley has sued Dell Newell and P. J. Belliveau to recover $1500 on a promissory note.

Amiable Carrier of Canada, and Jonas Peter Johnson, of Sweden, received first papers from Clerk Sinclair this morning.

The Minneapolis Stockyards and Provision company has brought suit to recover from John Halonen et al, a judgment of $1157.80.

Sarah A. Weathers has brought suit against Hannah Myers to recover a certain organ and some further sums of money, the whole valued at about $150.

The Children's Aid society will meet at the residence of Mrs. A. M. Miller, 417 West Second street tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

BY A COLD WATER ROUTE.

Suicide of a Polander at a Lumber Camp in Itasca County.

Joseph Garlik, a Polander in the employ of Clough Bros. at their Prairie River camp, near Grand Rapids, committed suicide early Monday morning. The deceased when he retired Sunday night appeared to be in his usual mood. Nothing of an unpleasant nature had occurred that could possibly have led to his committing the rash deed.

Garlik must have gotten up in the night and walked to a water hole sixteen inches deep where he plunged in head first. In the morning he was discovered with his feet sticking out of the hole, with ice formed around him.

There is no doubt but the unfortunate fellow deliberately committed suicide. Had he accidentally fallen into the water he could have easily regained the shore. Deceased was thirty years of age and has a wife in Poland. Gerry Clough brought the body to Grand Rapids and will take it to Minneapolis, where two of Garlik's brothers reside.

SNOW-FLAKE Baking Powder U.S. Standard

THE DISTRICT COURT

Case of the State vs. Volanti Tuboli Taken Up This Morning Before Judge Ensign.

Trial Will Last the Greater Part of Two Days—Six Jurors Drawn at Noon.

The Lightheart vs. Littleworth Case Went to the Jury Today—Judge Baxter Not Here Yet.

The case of the state against Volanti Tuboli, indicted on two counts for raping his daughter was brought up in the district court before Judge Ensign this morning, and is the last of the criminal cases. At noon six jurors had been secured as follows: F. A. Lewis, Roderick McGregor, R. M. Gray, W. S. Albertson, Chas. N. Clark and H. J. Atwood. The prisoner is defended by Cary, Agatin & Cary, and his family, or a portion of them, including a wife and six children are in court. The state's witness is Mary Marchenak. The case will occupy all day and part of tomorrow.

The case of Josephine Lightheart vs. M. C. Littleworth, which has been on trial for two days, finally reached the jury this morning. No verdict had been returned up to noon. The case of the Keystone Iron company vs. Lillian Logan et al was argued and taken under advisement by the court last evening. After the evidence was in the jury was discharged. It is an action to recover $200 earnest money alleged to have been paid in a real estate deal.

There was no court in room 2 this morning, Judge Brown having returned to Morris last evening. Judge Baxter was to have arrived yesterday but is not here as yet.

In the Lightheart vs. Littleworth case the jury returned a verdict at 2:30 o'clock for the plaintiff in the sum of $750.

Look into our "On or Before" clause Before Taking Any Other.

MONEY Always on Hand FOR LOANS OF ANY AMOUNT ON IMPROVED BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE PROPERTY AT

6%

"ON OR BEFORE"

Which means that the Mortgage is made for 5 years, but *You Have the Privilege* of paying part or all on any semi-annual interest day, without Cost or Notice.

If you consult your own interests you will sign no other form of mortgage.

R. M. NEWPORT & SON, Investment Bankers, 8 Phoenix Block.

THE MUNICIPAL COURT.

A Floodwood Celebrity in Court Again Charged With Drunkenness.

About a year ago Robert Strickland, a little short man with a bald head, was confined in the city jail for shooting a man at Floodwood. Strickland was postmaster at the place and proved that the victim was drunk and that self defense compelled him to take his assailant's life. This morning Strickland, after a night behind the bars, pleaded guilty to the charge of drunkenness. He paid $12 into the treasury and was set at liberty.

John Hardy and Mandy Johnson, two Africans, were booked for fornication. John was assessed $10 and costs while Mandy's $15, put up for bail was declared forfeited, the siren failing to show up, much to the disappointment of the gang of spectators.

Lewis Riley and Patrick Fitzgerald were given ten days for inebrity. Michael Bowlar was found guilty of the same misdeed, but a wife, three children and an aged father, all dependent upon him, induced Judge Powell to suspend sentence. August Garrett, a young fellow who seemed to be innocent of a knowledge of soap and water, was given four days retirement at the county jail for vagrancy.

Land Office Business.

The business done by the local United States land office in February was the largest in five years, the total receipts being $23,999.54. The report for the month is as follows:

	No.	Acres.	Amount.
Homestead entries	102	14,529.13	$1,323.35
Declaratory statements	3	.....	6.00
Lands sold	...	7,323.38	21,469.84
T and S. Fillings	8	.....	1,065.00
Final homesteads	5	650.00	25.00
Plats and Proofs	--	.....	10.55
Total receipts			$23,999.54

West Duluth.

Two lots on Fourth avenue west, cheap; lots on Central and Grand avenues; large list in Third and Seventh divisions. City agent West Duluth Land company. E. W. MARKELL, 7, Phoenix blk.

"Lieut. Peary told the story of his year in Greenland and his sledge journey 1300 miles long over the trackless ice cap, to an audience that completely filled the Academy of Music last evening. The lecture was illustrated by views numerous and interesting."—Philadelphia Press. Lieut. R. E. Peary will deliver his famous lecture in Duluth, at the Temple opera house, on Tuesday, March 14, 1893.

Bargains in Real Estate.

Are you looking for a good residence? Call and see what I can show you. Lots in Duluth proper, Portland, Endion and East Duluth. E. W. MARKELL, 7 Phoenix blk.

Dr. Wayland Hoyt will positively lecture at the high school assembly room tomorrow evening.

Buy your wood and coal of DULUTH FUEL Co. Basement First National bank.

FORECAST FOR

Thursday March 2: Fair, warmer; north and northwest winds.

FAIR HIGH

BUY The Pioneer Fuel Co.'s COAL.

And you'll have no reason for complaint! Its Seldom Equalled! Never Excelled! ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

City Sales Office: 416 West Superior Street. Telephone No. 161.

PERSONAL.

Dr. and Mrs. Phelan returned this morning from St. Augustine, Florida.

Day K. Smith leaves today for his Western trip and will be absent several weeks.

A. R. Merritt has returned from Cincinnati.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Hopkins have arrived here from their wedding trip and are at the Spalding.

Capt. Harry Roberts, of Crystal Falls, Mich., is in the city.

W. C. Tonkin, of Helena, Mont., is in the city.

R. A. Parker, of Marquette, is in the city today.

T. F. Singiser, who is interested in Kentucky coal lands with the Merritts, arrived this morning from Tennessee.

S. D. Cargill, the Minneapolis elevator man is in the city.

A. Harrington came up from Minneapolis this morning.

George H. Dodge, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

B Aronson, one of the contractors on the Torrey block came up from Minneapolis this morning.

T. E. Dorr, of Murphy & Dorr, of Saginaw, is in the city.

C. F. Bone of Rice Lake, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

R. A. Taussig and wife have returned from their Eastern trip.

James Seville has returned from a long visit in Minneapolis.

O. H. Simonds returned last evening from Washington.

E. B. Newhall, of Lynn, Mass., is at the Spalding.

Mrs. Kate Elliott, of Aberdeen, S. D., is in the city.

W. C. McClure, of Saginaw, is here.

Miss Jennie Ralston is confined to her home with illness.

John Grant, of Faribault, is at the St. Louis.

A marriage license has been issued to Norman D. Murray and Cassie C. Livingston.

C. B. Woodruff started today for a long Southern trip.

J. W. Norton and wife have gone to New Orleans.

W. J. Johnson will take in the inauguration at Washington and started thitherward this afternoon.

G. W. Horton has gone to the Twin cities on a business trip.

R. G. Miller left for Cleveland today. He will be gone two weeks.

Dr. Murray will spend a week in Chicago and left today.

Dr. Forbes will preach in the First M. E. church on Friday evening.

THE Duluth Board of Trade

Finding additional room necessary will build a very large and handsome building.

Property adjacent to this building will be immensely increased in value.

No site has been selected and property holders, with others interested, are invited to submit offers of bonus to be paid for the location of the Board of Trade building upon a site named by the guarantors of the bonus.

Offers of bonus must be made in the name of persons of known responsibility or accompanied by ample guarantees.

Within reasonable bounds the building will be placed in the locality offering the largest bonus.

O. C. HARTMAN,
A. D. THOMSON,
JNO. MACLEOD,
FRANKLIN PAINE,
Committee.

The Humane Society.

The regular monthly meeting of the Humane society was held yesterday. R. A. Costello made a report as to the various orphan asylums in the state in order that the society may select the one it considers best to send children to from this city. Rev. G. H. Kemp presented a report of the recent state meeting.

Special Officer Haskins submitted his monthly report which was as follows: Investigated whipping cases 1, cases of overloading 4, driving lame horses 2, cases remedied without prosecution 6, other cases remedied 6, animals taken from work 4; addresses delivered in public and Sunday schools 17, band of mercy cards issued 1023. Officer Aune, of West Duluth, was reported as doing considerable work.

Experienced elevator man wanted at the Lyceum. Apply room 203.

Help wanted to distribute circulars. We pay $3 per 1000. Must give good references. Apply at once. Address Mutual Advertising company, Chicago, Ill.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

Staff Captain Blanche Cox, of New York City, will deliver an address at 8 o'clock tonight on the slum and rescue work of the Salvation Army, in the Bethel, Lake avenue.

$950 will buy a home in Hazelwood. Center of developments for 1893. Easy terms. COFFIN & WARNER.

We wish to purchase a secondhand Remington typewrite No. 2, in perfect condition. Room 27, Board of Trade.

RULES GOVERNING PILOTS.

Important Changes in the Rules for the Great Lakes.

The United States inspectors of steam vessels, at their recent annual meeting at Washington, made some important changes in the pilot rules, which were especially intended for the great lakes. These changes were in rule 8, and have been approved by Secretary Charles Foster. The rule as amended is as follows:

First—When steamers are running in the same direction, and the pilot of a steamer which is astern shall desire to pass on the right or starboard hand of the steamer ahead, he shall give one short blast of the steam whistle as a signal of such desire and intention, and shall put his helm to port; or if he shall desire to pass on the left or port side of the steamer ahead, he shall give two or three short blasts of the steam whistle as a signal of such desire and intention, and shall put this helm to star-board and the pilot of the steamer ahead shall answer by the same signals, or if he does not think it safe for the steamer astern to attempt to pass at that point he shall immediately signify the same by giving several short and rapid blasts of the steam whistle, and under no circumstances shall the steamer astern attempt to pass the steamer ahead until such time as they have reached a point where it can be safely done, when said steamer ahead shall signify her willingness by blowing the proper signals. The boat ahead shall in no case attempt to cross the bow or crowd upon the course of the passing steamer.

Second—That in the navigable channels of the great lakes, and their tributary and connecting waters less than 500 feet in width, no steam vessel shall pass another going in the same direction, unless the steam vessel ahead be disabled and signify her willingness that the steam vessel astern shall pass, when the steam vessel astern may pass at a rate of speed not exceeding five miles per hour.

Third—When steam vessels running in opposite directions are about to meet in such channels, both vessels shall be slowed down to a speed not exceeding five miles per hour.

Fourth—That in such channels the descending steam vessel shall have the right of way. The pilot of such descending steamer shall signify his desire and intention by giving the proper signal before the steamers have arrived at a distance of one-half mile of each other. This rule, when approved, to take effect May 1, 1893.

Last Evening's Opening.

The St. Louis hotel opened last evening with about 90 regular guests and nearly 100 transient callers for supper. The meal was certainly a tempting one. The diningroom seats 128 people at a single setting of the 17 tables. The waitresses are prettily uniformed in black dresses with white collars, cuffs and aprons for breakfast and supper and in white for dinner. The other elegant appointments of the new hotel were very favorably commented upon by the many guests.

Marshall Will Build It.

J. R. Marshall was awarded the contract for building the Jackson school addition yesterday afternoon by the board of education. His bid was $31,995. The building must be completed by September 1.

Curling Contest Tonight.

Two rinks will have a curling contest at the Glen Avon rink tonight. Donald MacLeod will skip one rink and will have as support, S. Fullerton, third; George McKenzie, second, Bert Dunlap, first. The other team is as follows: D. R. McClellan, skip; M. Gibson, third; A. MacLean, second; G. MacGregor, first.

February Weather.

According to Observer Bronson's report the mean temperature for February was 8.2 degrees. The highest temperature was 36 degrees on the 14th and the lowest 28 on the 1st. The mean barometer was 30.118. The highest was 30.952 on the 4th and the lowest, 29.411 on the 28th. The prevailing direction of the winds was west and the total movement 4519 miles. The maximum velocity was 35 miles on the 28th. The total precipitation for the month was 1.64 inches. Number of cloudless days, 1; partly cloudy, 12; cloudy, 5.

Union Depot Appointments.

The following circular from President Plough has been received here dated March 1:

"At a meeting of the board of directors of the Union Depot company, held Feb. 27, F. W. Wilsey was elected treasurer, vice G. G. Haven, Jr., resigned, and R. M. Bell was elected secretary, vice D. A. McKinley, resigned. R. M. Bell is hereby appointed superintendent, vice F. Greene, resigned, appointment effective this date. The headquarters of the above officers will be in the Union Depot building, Duluth, where all communications and remittances should be addressed."

Wanted an experienced man to run elevator at the Lyceum. Apply room 203.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

SYPHILIS A Written Guarantee to CURE EVERY CASE OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Our cure is permanent and not a patching up. Cases treated eight years ago have never seen a symptom since. By describing case fully we can treat you by mail, and we give the same strong guarantee to cure or refund all money. Those who prefer to come here for treatment can do so and we will pay railroad fare both ways and hotel bills while here if we fail to cure. We challenge the world for a case that our MAGIC REMEDY will not cure. Write for full particulars and get the evidence.

We guarantee to cure or refund every dollar, and as we have a reputation to protect, also financial backing of $500,000, it is perfectly safe to all who will try the treatment. Heretofore you have been putting up and paying out your money for different treatments and although you are not yet cured, no one has paid back your money. Do not waste any more money until you try us. Old chronic, deep seated cases cured in 15 to 40 days. Investigate our financial standing, our reputation as business men. Write us for names and addresses of those we have cured who have given permission to refer to them.

If your symptoms are sore throat, mucous patches in mouth, rheumatism in bones and joints, hair falling out, eruptions on any part of the body, feeling of general depression, pains in head or bones—you have no time to waste. Those who are constantly taking mercury and potash should discontinue it.

Don't fail to write. All correspondence sent sealed in plain envelopes. We invite the most rigid investigation and will do all in our power to aid you in it. Address,

COOK REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, ILL.
Rooms 1325 to 1331 Masonic Temple.

My Sweetheart's Face

—that's my wife's you know—wears a cheerful, life-is-worth-living expression, ever since I presented her a box of

KIRK'S WHITE RUSSIAN SOAP

She is always recommending *Kirk's* soaps to her friends—says she is through with experiments—has just what she needed to make labor easy, and ensure perfectly clean clothes. She knows what she's talking about—don't forget it.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

Dusky Diamond Tar Soap The Soap for Cuts Wounds and Bruises

WHEAT STRONGER TODAY.

Trading Was Quite Active and Prices Were Much Higher.

The wheat market was strong, higher and steady today, and closed at the outside figures of the day. Trading in May and July was quite heavy, and cash wheats were not neglected. The opening was firm with buyers at ½c advance on yesterday's close. Buyers and sellers were apart, however, and trading did not begin until late, the first transactions being at ⅝c higher than yesterday. The market then ruled firm and active with narrow fluctuations in prices. After noon, the session was firm but not active, and it did not closely follow the wild and frequent fluctuations at Chicago. The close was strong at ¾c higher than yesterday for cash and futures, except May No. 1 Northern which advanced ⅞c, while track wheats gained 1c. Following were the closing prices:

No. 1 hard, cash, 68¼c; March, 68¼c; May, 72⅜c; July, 75½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 65¾c; March, 65¾c; May, 70¼c; July, 73c. No. 2 northern, cash, 60c. No. 3, 54¾c. Rejected, 49¼c. On track—No. 1 northern 67½c; No. 2 northern 63½. Rye, 47c. Flax, cash, $1.17; May, $1.13½.

Receipts—Wheat, 4633 bus. Carson track, 22; last year, 88.

Outside Markets.

CHICAGO, March 2.—The close: Wheat, March, 74¾c; May, 77⅞@78c; July, 76¾c. Corn, March, 41⅝c; May, 44¾c; July, 48c. Oats, March, 30⅝c; May, 33¾c. Pork, March, $18.57½; May, $18.80½; July, $18.90. Lard, March, $12.19; May, $13.19; July, $13.20. Ribs, March, 10.40; May, $10.35.

W. P. BROWN,

GRAIN, PROVISIONS AND STOCKS

Private Wires to Chicago and New York.

107 and Chamber of Commerce.

New York Stocks.

	Opened.	Closed.
Atchison	32⅜	32⅜
C., B. & Q.	95⅝	95⅝
Chicago Gas	89⅜	90½
Erie	22¼	22
C. & N. W.	112¾	112½
St. Paul	77⅝	77⅝
Delaware, Lackawanna & West'n	...	...
Louisville & Nashville	75½	75⅝
Missouri Pacific	55¼	55¼
New England	32⅝	31⅝
Northern Pacific	41⅛	40⅛
Reading	26⅛	26⅞
Rock Island	83¼	83⅞
Richmond Terminal	...	...
Sugar Trust	121	121
Union Pacific	38⅛	38⅜
Western Union	96¾	96¾
Whisky Trust	35⅞	35½

DULUTH STOCK EXCHANGE.

Little Trading Today But Slightly More Active Than Yesterday.

There was little done on the stock exchange this morning, though sales were more active than yesterday. As the transfer books of Missabe Mountain closed last night, prior to the April dividend, sales of that stock are hereafter on an ex-dividend basis. Following were closing quotations:

Stock.	Par value	Bid.	Asked.	Last Sales. Cash.	Time.
Biwabik	$100	30 00	35 00	31 00	.....
Cincinnati	25	1 50	1 55	1 50	1 60
Cosmopolite	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clark	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gr't North'n	100	7 50	9 00	.....	.....
Keystone	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kanawha	100	2 00	2 10	2 05	.....
L'ke Superior	25	2 00	2 75	.....	.....
L'tle Mos'ba	100	4 50	6 50	.....	.....
Lincoln	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
M'ntain Iron	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minneapolis	100	.....	.....	.....	.....
Me'ba M'tain	100	15 00	20 00	.....	.....
Shaw	100	5 80	6 00	.....	.....
Sec'rity Land	10	.....	.....	.....	.....
Washington	100	.....	.....	.....	.....

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

Houses at Hazelwood.

We offer two houses for sale at Hazelwood at very low price and on easy terms.

COFFIN & WARNER.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

The Town Of Biwabik!

Has increased **1000 Per Cent** in population in the last half year, and is growing rapidly. Two railroads in operation and its tributary mines are among the biggest and best. All who go and see the growth and activity, buy, and thus make money. **The easterly 40 is now on sale.** Remember "the early bird catches the worm," and call early. It will pay you.

D. W. Scott,

408 First National Bank Bld'g., DULUTH, MINN.

The Great Eastern Duluth.

THE LARGEST AND FINEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN THE WEST. THE PIONEERS OF LOW PRICES.

GENTLEMEN, ATTENTION

JUST RECEIVED,

FINE NEGLIGE AND PERCALE

SHIRTS

Fashionable Fabrics! Exclusive Patterns!

Consisting of Garner's Best Percales, Corded Zephyrs, Oxford Cloths.

Complete Line of Plain and Pleated

See West Front Show Window. It gives a complete representation of all our lines. Handsomest lines ever shown.

Quick Sellers.

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

DULUTH Business University.

105-107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

It pays to attend THE BEST. Young men and women do you wish a thorough course in *Business, Shorthand and Typewriting or Telegraphy?* If so, attend the Duluth Business University, the FINEST ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE and SCHOOL of STENOGRAPHY in the West. For information, call at College or write for Catalogue.

W. W. PHIPPS President. W. C. McCARTER, Secretary

Day and Evening Sessions.



CREATES A PERFECT COMPLEXION

MRS. GRAHAM'S Cucumber and Elder Flower Cream

Is not a cosmetic. Cleanses the skin and makes it soft and smooth and white. For sale by all druggists. Send 10 cents in stamps for sample and book on "Beauty." MRS. GERVAISE GRAHAM, "Beauty Doctor," 2355 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

Face Massage and Steaming. Scalp Treatments.

Fashionable Hair Dressing AND MANICURING, —AT— BOYD & WILBUR'S, TEMPLE OPERA BLD'G.

We carry a complete line of Mrs. Graham's Goods.

DON'T BE FOOLED By Fake Hotel Schemes during THE WORLD'S FAIR.

You do not know the accommodation provided till you reach Chicago. In the case of the

Steamer Ossifrage

You can step aboard and see for yourself. Meals, Berth, Transportation, and

10 or 14 Days in Chicago,

According to the trip selected, for

$65, $80 or $1.00.

WORLD'S FAIR TRANSIT CO.,

C. H. ELDRIDGE, Gen'l Manager.

428 West Superior Street.

CATARRH

Are you ever troubled with

CATARRH

in any form? If so, go at once to A. Tattersall & Co., 607 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn., and try CATARRHALIX, the greatest known cure for this offensive and dangerous disease. Do not delay! Catarrhalix reaches the diseased parts at once, giving immediate relief and drives the poison from the system, and effects a positive cure.

Cures acute cases in seven days. Price of CATARRHALIX only ONE DOLLAR. Costs nothing to learn all about this great remedy.

A. Tattersall & Co., No. 607 Chamber of Commerce, DULUTH, MINN.

Ben Hur!

—AT THE—

Temple Opera House

BEGINNING

Friday, March 10th,

Under the auspices of the LITTLE PILGRIM FREE KINDERGARTEN.

Clark & Cox's grand spectacular production of Gen. Lew Wallace's world famous story. A beautiful and instructive presentation of scenes from the Holy Land at the Dawn of the First Century.

Not a passion play, but omitting everything that might appear sacrilligious from copyright. Libretto arranged by the author for Clark & Cox and with the permission of Messrs. Harper & Bros.

Tickets at Regular Prices.

6%

"ON OR BEFORE" MORTGAGE LOANS. NO DELAY.

CLAGUE & PRINDLE, 216 West Superior Street.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, MARCH 3, 1893. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. THREE CENTS

A Duluth Clothing House Exclusively Owned and Controlled by Duluth Men

ESTABLISHED 1881.

Store Closed Every Evening Except Mondays and Saturdays.

IF WE WERE tumbled off wintry precipices of ice on to summer beds of Jacqueminots and La Frances, you needn't give a thought to a Winter Overcoat after the first spring blue came. But nature hasn't built the seasons that way, fortunately for you and us. We'd thaw to death if she h[illegible]. You'll have some reckonings with March blasts and belated winter storms before you put on your Easter clothes. What's the harm in having [illegible] mostly next winter's Overcoat to serve you a few weeks of this one?

The Inducement

Is that you may get a $40 Overcoat for $25; if you don't want to pay $25, then a $30 or $35 one for $20; if a $20 one is too much than a $25, or $20 one for $15; if $15 is too much, then a $15 or $18 one for $10.

WHY NOT?

We are almost ashamed to mention Ulsters on the threshold of March, and yet you remember last March.

Special Bargains in Underwear, Trousers, Shoes and Hats.

The BIG DULUTH

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL, Props.

Wholesalers and Retailers of Lumbermen's, Miners and Explorer's Supplies.

Talking It Over.

That House of Brown's! Dropping in on Brown the other night you noticed how snug, cosey and nice EVERYTHING looked. You remarked to Helen at the time that you couldn't understand how it was the Browns were making such headway in the world. "It is strange," replied that charming little woman, "but I think, dear, they buy their Furniture and Carpets on the installment plan." If you recall it you thought how dingy and cheerless was your own little home, despite the touches of feminine taste and ingenuity apparent here and there in the fixings. It was the contrast of Brown's place that made it seem shabbier than it really is. But you felt dissatisfied, and Helen was sort of hurt at a remark you made about Brown's wife being a woman of unusual tact. That was unkind in you.

Fact Is: Mrs. Brown isn't half the manager your own wife is. Brown planned the whole business. He opened an account with F. S. Kelly three years ago, furnished two or three rooms on a couple of dollars cash, and paid the balance in installments. Then he added a piece here and a piece there; got a Carpet for the parlor, and his wife saved enough of her table allowance to pay a dollar a week on that pretty Parlor Suit you and Helen thought so lovely. Yes, I send him that Folding Bed and the Bronze Ornaments, too, for the mantel. You see you bought what you have for cash. You feel that you want to deal that way, but you never seem able to get together enough ready money to make a second investment. You know your home looks shabby and you feel ashamed to invite your friends to see you.

That's Not Wise in You! Just determine you're going to make your home a gem of beauty and then come and see me. My arrangement with you will go a long way towards doing the rest. Costs more that way? Nonsense! Some irresponsible house may stick you, but you can rely on what I tell you. You can buy goods from me on my easy payment plan more cheaply than you will pay cash for them at some other stores in this city.

GIVE THE CASE A TRIAL—Come to me and talk it over. You needn't buy unless you want to, and it will cost you nothing but your time to examine the stock.

F. S. Kelly, EVERYTHING FOR THE HOME. EVERYTHING FOR THE OFFICE. ON EASY PAYMENTS.

710 and 712 West Superior Street.

J. M. GEIST, THE LEADING HOUSE IN Fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Etc.

If You Want A HAT— A STYLISH HAT. If You Want THE CORRECT THING IN A HAT—

IN FACT, IF YOU WANT TO BE IN THE SWIM WEAR NOTHING BUT THE

SPRING STYLES HAVE ARRIVED.

Dunlap Hat!

CATE & CLARKE,

Sole Agents.

FIVE PERISHED.

Children Suffocated By a Fire in a Tenement House in New York This Morning.

Parents Had Left a Short Time Previous and Locked the Children in the House.

The Fire Caused By the Explosion of a Kerosene Stove in An Adjoining Apartment.

The Mother of the Children Half Frantic When She Returned to Find the House Burning.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Five children were suffocated at 8 o'clock this morning in a rear room on the top floor of a tenement, No. 194 Henry street. The names of the victims are: Altman Bernstein, 11 years old, Rebecca Bernstein, 10 years of age, Hayman Bernstein, 6 years old, Rachel Berastein, 6 months old, and Fanny Rosen, 7 years of age. The children were alone at the time, the parents having left a short time previous and locking the children in the house.

The cause of the tragedy was a kerosene stove which belonged to Myer Embert, who occupied the apartments adjoining those of the Bernsteins with his family. Shortly before 8 o'clock this morning Mrs. Embert attempted to light the kerosene stove. She was standing on a table, and just as she applied the match, the stove fell to the floor.

Immediately an explosion followed. The woman's dress caught fire but she beat out the flames and with her two children made her escape from the room. The fire swept out into the hallway and up the roof like a flash. There were about twelve families in the tenement, and when the cry of fire was raised all who could rushed to the fire escapes.

The firemen soon arrived and helped the frightened inmates down to the street. The upper portion of the house was soon a mass of flames, and when the firemen tried to force their way to the top floor they were beaten back by flames and smoke.

Just as the blaze had died away and the fire was under control, a wild shriek of a woman came from among the throng in the street. In a few seconds a half frantic woman came rushing through the crowd to the door of the tenement. It was Mrs. Bernstein, the mother of the four suffocated children. She had been out shopping and the first she learned of the accident was when she turned into Henry street near her home and saw the flames issuing from the building.

She made desperate attempts to dash into the house and it took two policemen to hold her. The firemen went to Bernstein's apartments as soon as possible and on a bed in the rear room found the four children dead. The fire had not touched the room but the youngsters had been suffocated as they slept.

The firemen continued their search and in another room on the same floor found the body of little Fannie Rosen also suffocated by the smoke. She, too, had been left alone in the room while her mother went to a store near by. A number of the tenants were slightly injured while escaping from the building. The total loss by the fire is $5000.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

Condition of the Public Four Years Ago and Now.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—A comparison of the condition of the public debt of the national treasury on March 1, 1889, at the close of the Cleveland administration, until March 1, 1893, at the close of Harrison's administration, based upon the form of the monthly statement issued at present, makes the following showing:

Interest bearing debt, March 1, 1893, $585,034,280; March 1, 1889, $868,106,220.

Debt on which interest has ceased since maturing, March 1, 1893, $2,385,305.35; March 1, 1889, $2,017,245.26.

Debt bearing no interest (legal tenders, fractional currency, etc.) March 1, 1893, $375,912,157.37; March 1, 1889, $412,440,521.12; total, March 1, 1893, $963,281,752 63; total, March 1, 1889, $1,302,563,886.38.

Certificates and treasury notes offset by an equal amount of cash in the treasury, March 1, 1893, $91,328,316; March 1, 1889, $423,560,381; total, March 1, 1893, $1,965,140,068.63; total, March 1, 1889, $1,726,154,267.38.

Cash in the treasury, March 1, 1893, $761,322,266.78; March 1, 1889, $723,666,555.56

Demand liabilities (including $100,000,000 green backs in gold reserve), March 1, 1893, $740,194,178.90; March 1, 1889, $650,669,127.03.

Cash balance surplus, March 1, 1893, $21,128,087.88; March 1, 1889, $66,667,428.83.

The coin and bullion in the treasury at the two dates, aside from the minor coin, were as follows: Gold, March 1, 1895, $217,672,947.94; March 1, 1889, $326,456,697.81. Silver, March 1, 1893, $472,420,542.08; March 1, 1889, $208,992,565.29.

THE NEW JERSEY FIGHT.

Claim That the Race Bills Will be Repealed.

TRENTON, N. J., March 3.—Reports from officials of the New Jersey Citizens league received here are to the effect that enough votes will probably be secured to pass the race bill repealers next week. Vigorous efforts are being made to convert nearly all the men who voted for the obnoxious measures and there will be no let-up in the urging and pleading until the roll shall be called on the repealers.

In connection with the resolutions adopted yestsrday, the league will present mammoth petitions to the legislature asking for the passage of the repealers.

Dead Bodies Found.

BRINKLE, Ark., March 3.—The bodies of two unknown dead men were found seven miles east of Clarendon yesterday. The bodies were lying across the carcass of a half-skinned cow, and had apparently been in this position for several days.

A MURDERER HANGED.

Execution of William Coy for Killing John Whalen.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., March 3.—William Coy, the murderer, was hanged in the county jail at 10:43 this morning. William Coy came of a shiftless family, and in 1887 he married the divorced wife of Myron Bate. In the summer of 1891, Coy and his wife lived in a miserable shanty in Washington, near the Becket line. Coy worked on the railroad and one of his fellow laborers, John Whalen, of Becket, boarded with him. Whalen became enamored of Mrs. Coy, who was decidedly prepossessing, and won her favor.

On Friday, Aug. 28, Mrs. Coy left home, telling her husband she was going to Three Rivers. Her plan was to meet Whalen in Troy the following Monday. Saturday morning, Coy learned that his wife had spent the night at North Becket and had left early that morning for Albany.

He started in pursuit and in Pittsfield met Whalen, who had been to Lee to collect some $800. They drank together and took the 11:35 train for Westfield. They came back from Westfield on the evening train. Whalen, who was badly intoxicated, left the train at Washington, Coy going on to Pittsfield.

Whalen went home and Coy returned to Washington on the midnight train. He went to the house and killed Whalen with an ax as he lay on his bed in a drunken sleep. Then he cut his throat with the same weapon, almost severing his head. Dragging the body out of the house, he cut off the legs just above the knees and then carrying the pieces into the woods on the mountains east of the house he buried them in a shallow grave, covering all with leaves. Returning to the house he cut out the blood-stained parts of the mattress, pillow and carpet and burned them.

His wife returned the following Monday. Coy told a companion named Kelly that Whalen had confessed to an intimacy with his wife and had given him $100 and his watch to say nothing about it. Coy and his wife went to Westfield two weeks later, where he secured work driving a street car. The absence of Whalen finally aroused suspicion and after an investigation State Detective Pease of Lee ordered Coy's arrest on Monday, October 12.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

A Previous Ruling of the Land Department Is Reversed.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Secretary Noble yesterday rendered an important decision in the case of A. H. Dellone, of the Bozeman, Mont., land district against the Northern Pacific railroad company, which overrules the celebrated Guilford Miller decision in one important particular.

The Miller decisisn held that lands within the Yakima Indian reservation were not excepted from the grant to the Northern Pacific railroad company, and when the Indian title to such land became extinguished, the right thereto would inure to the railroad company under its grant.

Yesterday's decision, involving a portion of the Crow reservation, holds in effect the lands included within a technical Indian reservation at the date on which the grant becomes effective, are absolutely excepted from the grant, and in the event of the extinction of the Indian title they revert to the public domain.

The commissioner's decision holding Dellone's homestead entry for cancellation, for the reason that the lands covered by it passed to the Northern Pacific road under its grant, is accordingly reversed. This decision directly and indirectly affects large tracts of land in Montana, the Dakotas, Idaho and Washington.

CHARGED WITH BRIBERY.

Serious Charges Against the Kansas Governor and Attorney General.

TOPEKA, Kas., March 3.—The Topeka Capitol, in an editorial today, charged that Fred J. Close, private secretary to Governor Lewelling, Attorney General Little and James F. Legate, a Populist leader, had received $4500 from the policy shop men of Kansas City, Kas., in consideration of which sum the governor was to appoint a board of police commissioners for that city which would not interfere with the operations of the policy men.

In addition to this the governor was to veto the Taylor anti-policy bill if it should pass the house. The charge was made with much clearness of detail and created a sensation among the members of the legislature. Resolutions were introduced in both houses today providing for the appointment of committees to investigate the ugly allegations.

Maj. Hudson, editor of the Capitol, in an interview with a United Press reporter this afternoon, said that he had ample proof to substantiate his charge. Governor Jewelling, his private secretary and the attorney general all deny absolutely any knowledge of the alleged transaction. The policy shop have a strong lobby here which is liberally supplied with money.

Strike in Texas.

FORT WORTH, Tex., March 3.—The compositors employed on the Evening Mail struck last evening. The cause of the strike is a grievance held by the the union men against the Mail Publishing company for employing non-union pressmen in the lithographing department. The Mail has a sufficient force of non-union men and will not miss an issue.

Criminal Libel Charged.

PLYMOUTH, Ind., March 3.—A suit was commenced today against Ed. S. Brooke, publisher of the Plymouth Republican, by C. G. Conn, congressman-elect of Elkshart, Ind., charging criminal libel and placing damages at $10,000. The article on which the suit is based charges Conn with using money to influence voters at the last election and closes by saying "that the thief got in his work." The plaintiff says he will fight the case to a finish.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE

President-elect Cleveland This Morning Paid a Brief and Social Visit to President Harrison.

In Return the President at Noon Called On Mr. Cleveland at the Arlington Hotel.

Large Crowds Kept Pouring Into the Headquarters of Gen. Adlai Stevenson at the Ebbett.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Those residents of Washington who have faith in Mr. Cleveland's ability to bring sunshine at will were sorely puzzled this morning to explain the sudden and unfavorable change in the weather. Yesterday was all but an ideal spring day. The sun shown brightly and the air was just cool enough to make walking about thoroughly enjoyable. But early risers this morning saw a changed condition of things.

The sun was obscured by rain-laden clouds, and the indications were that the day would prove to be quite as disagreeable as yesterday was beautiful. The superstitious explained the unfavorable change by saying that this was the last day of "Harrison weather," that the president was going to call on the president-elect and consequently the rain came to greet him, just as it had come for his inauguration and for almost every public function in which he had since taken part, and that "Cleveland weather" would set in later.

The president-elect and his party after their fatigueing journey of yesterday retired early. Many of their friends realized that rest must necessarily be more welcome than callers and wisely deferred calling until today or later. Everyone passed a restful night and arose about 8:30 o'clock this morning thoroughly refreshed. Breakfast was served in their private diningroom about 9:30. The president and Mrs. Cleveland were joined by all the other members of their party except Mr. and Mrs. Wilson.

In the meantime the senate committee, consisting of Messrs. Ransom, Teller and McPherson, had arrived and were waiting in the rotunda of the hotel. They were joined by members of the inauguration committee, and as soon as it was announced that Mr. Cleveland would receive them they proceeded in a body to his apartments and explained to him what arrangements had been made for his inauguration, and invited him to make such suggestions as he might see fit. Mr Cleveland expressed his appreciation of the thoughtfulness and care with which the arrangements had been made. He had nothing of importance to suggest to the committee and they withdrew.

At 10:30 Mr. Cleveland, accompanied by his private secretary, Mr. Thurber, entered a carriage and drove to the White House to pay his respects to the president. About 200 people were gathered on the portico and about the main entrance to the White House when the president-elect arrived there. The doors of the mansion were closed against the invasion of the general public until after the interview between the president and Mr. Cleveland, so that the lobby was not crowded and the latter had free ingress to the blue room, where the exchange of courtesies took place.

As Mr. Cleveland's carriage was brought to a standstill under the portico of the main entrance, the crowd pressed closer together in the direction of the vehicle and when Mr. Cleveland alighted, followed by Mr. Thurber, a hearty cheer went up. Raising his hand deprecatingly as if to stop this demonstration, the president-elect passed rapidly through the narrow lane which the White House attendants managed to make in the pressing, enthusiastic throng, and walked into the Blue Room, the official chamber of the president.

Here Mr. Harrison stood to receive him, with Lieut. John W. Parker, his naval aid, at his side. The two great men greeted each other cordially and exchanged a few common-places. At the end of eight minutes Mr. Cleveland withdrew, after having arranged that the president should call at the Arlington to return the president-elect's visit at 12:30 o'clock.

Punctual to the minute President Harrison, according to arrangement, arrived at the Arlington hotel at 12:30 o'clock and went immediately to the apartments of the president-elect. He was accompanied by Private Secretary Halford and Lieut. Parker and was met at the private entrance to the hotel by Landlord Roesselle. Scarcely half a dozen people were gathered at the entrance, as the hour for the president's visit was not known.

The call lasted sixteen minutes, double the time spent by Mr. Cleveland at the White House this morning. When President Harrison took his leave, he was escorted to his carriage by Private Secretary Thurber. The half dozen people had been augmented in number to a score or so and viewed the departure of the presidential party. There was no attempt at demonstration, and the president was driven back to the White House as unostentiously as he came.

ADLAI'S MOVEMENTS.

His Room Had the Latch String Hung Outside Today.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Room 332 at the Ebbett house, the headquarters of Vice President-elect Stevenson, had the latch string hung on the outside today. General Stevenson passed the last day for four years to come as a private citizen, receiving the calls of political friends and partisans. Upon a stand was a huge bed of lilies, sent by some lady admirers of the vice president-elect.

Gen. Stevenson arose early and after breakfast repaired to his room on the third floor. A steady stream of callers began mounting the stairs, and until late in the afternoon in pairs and squads, the visitors poured in. Gen. Stevenson met all comers with a hearty handshake that made all feel at home. Numerous ladies were among the callers.

In the forenoon the Bandanna club and Watterson club of Louisville, Ky., called in a body and remained for some time. A large delegation from Texas also called. As the afternoon wore on the crowd of callers increased.

REDUCING THE RENTAL.

The Lease of the Lehigh Valley Road to be Amended.

PHILADELPHIA, March 3.—The rental of the Lehigh Valley railroad under the lease to the Reading is to be reduced from 7 to 5 per cent. This is the result of several conferences that have taken place between the executive committee of the Lehigh Valley directors on the one side and the receivers of the Reading railroad on the other.

These consultations have resulted in a formal proposition that the rental be reduced for the present to five per cent. This was ratified at a meeting of the receivers and efforts will be made to raise the money to pay this deducted dividend. It is thought the road can earn five per cent, but more than this is uncertain. The receivers expect to pay the quarter's rental of 1¼ per cent due April 15, but they will pay no more than this.

THE THIRD JUDGESHIP.

Bill For Another Judge For the Duluth District Recommended to Pass in the Senate.

ST. PAUL, March 3.—[Special to The Herald.]—There are 101 bills on general orders of the senate this morning, and there is need of great hustling on the part of the committee of the whole to get some of them on the calendar. The bill for another judge in the Eleventh judicial district was called up this morning and Senator Stevens made a good speech in favor of the bill as did Donnelly. Hompe and Probstheld opposed it on the ground of having the state first judicially redistricted. Daugherty stated that the judicial business was badly crippled on account of illness. Keller opposed the measure. All opposition was finally withdrawn and the bill went upon the calendar with a recommendation to pass.

The following bills were introduced this morning: By Wood, a bill providing for division of monies received in taxes on gross earnings of railroads among the counties in proportion to the mileage of the road they contain to the extent of 3 per cent of the whole amount and to the extent of 8 cents an acre for land belonging to railroads in different counties; by Dedon, a bill to abolish the state board of corrections and charities; by Sevatson, a bill providing for inspection of grain and requiring grain inspectors to examine all cars of grain to find out their condition upon arrival at terminal points and keep a record of same and to prevent anybody entering the cars or loitering around cars except railroad men and state inspection officials; by O'Brien, a bill requiring certain manufacturers to make a statement of their product for taxation.

The following bills were introduced in the house this morning: By Wooldredge a bill to regulate assessment of taxes on real estate subject to mortgage; by Boyan, a bill to regulate the sale of patent medicines; by Cotton, a bill to regulate the sale of goods by itinerant merchants and peddlers and providing state license therefor.

House file 420 was passed. It provides for an appropriation of $75,000 as a loan to farmers whose crops were failures, to procure seed wheat. The money is to be loaned through county auditors who are to exact good security and five per cent interest.

House file 326 providing for holding of farmers' institutes in the state was passed this morning. There are 151 bills on general orders of the house.

The committee that investigated the alleged cruelties at the reformatory at St. Cloud will make a report upholding Superintendent Myers' conduct of the institution.

Keller's investigation in the senate proposes to inquire into conditions that exist in several counties, like Itasca county for instances. It contains 5430 square miles, or one quarter of the territory of the state. There is $25,000,000 worth of timber in that county. The present assessed valuation of all real and personal property does not exceed $2,400,000. The county has been organized two years. The law provides that there shall be one assessor for each commissioner's district, but there is only one assessor, and he is an employe of the Shevlin-Carpenter Lumber company (formerly of Hall & Ducey Lumber company), of Minneapolis. To properly assess the county would require twelve men for five months. There are forty acres of timber worth from $300 to $100 that are assessed from 48 cents to $180. There will be about 240,000,000 feet of pine floated out of Itasca county this spring, and under the present law the county is not permitted to collect one cent taxes after it becomes personal property. This pine is worth from $1 to $3 in the stump and from $5 to $8 per 1000 in the river.

On the Cherokee Strip.

ARKANSAS CITY, Kas., March 3.—A courier reached here yesterday from the Cherokee strip and says that last Monday a large body of settlers entered the strip and have taken possession of every quarter section in one portion of the strip. The news has created considerable excitement, and it is feared there will be bloodshed when an attempt is made to evict the settlers.

A Fight Arranged.

ST. LOUIS, March 3.—Articles of agreement have been signed by Jack McAuliffe, the champion lightweight, and Professor Mike Mooney, boxing instructor of the Business Men's gymnasium for a fight to a finish for $2500 purse and gate receipts. The fight will take place within sixty days. The Coney Island club will probably secure the match.

MACHINERY ARRIVING

Two Car Loads Received This Week at the Great Western Manufacturing Company's Plant.

All of It Goes Into the Department in Which the Dynamos Are to Be Manufactured.

Superintendent McGinnis Expects to Have Four Hundred Hands at Work Before the Close of July.

The Great Western Manufacturing company has received this week two carloads of machinery for the manufacture of dynamos. Five cars were loaded at Chicago but owing to the storm three of them have been stranded on the way and have not yet arrived. Dynamo manufacturing is a department by itself and the machinery for it will be placed together in the east side of the building formerly used as a machine shop. The old lathes of the Iron Bay company have most of them been removed and discarded for even if they had been adapted to the new business antiquated pattern and wornout condition would forbid their use.

The short time that it has taken the new company to introduce the machinery and remodel the old shops for the manufacture of supplies is remarkable. The machines used are many of them small but complex in design and seem to work with almost human ingenuity. One of the most interesting studies for the novice is the plating room where the basest metal is touched up and covered with finer material until it puts on the appearance of the richest silver and bronze. The polishing room is an astonishment to the beholders. Here the machines are furnished with wheels made of cloth which revolve so rapidly that they appear as solid as though made of emery. The room is full of flying particles of cloth and dust which makes it very unhealthy for the workmen.

The next department to be placed in running order after the dynamo machines are set in position, consists of the wire mills, which will occupy the old foundry shop. The superintendent says that he expects to have nearly 400 hands, some of whom will be girls, at work by July.

One peculiar and pleasing feature about the new company's management is the attention paid to visitors. On entering the office and applying for a permit to go through the works one is sent direct to Superintendent McGinnis who kindly greets the visitor and offers his personal services as a guide. The conductor is not only thoroughly conversant with the business but has the added faculty of divining just what the stranger wants to know. No questions need be asked. Only follow the guide. Each department will be thoroughly inspected the workings of each machine explained and by the time he rounds have been made the conclusion is reached that Superintendent McGinnis' method of hastening the visitors through the works telling them all they want to know and turning them out satisfied is the quickest and best way of disposing of visitors.

West Duluth Briefs.

G. J. Mallory has made a public announcement of his candidacy for village president.

Mrs. Geo. Fredericks gave a card party to a number of her lady friends this afternoon.

Evangelist Smith has arrived and is conducting gospel meetings at the Congregational church.

L. Newman returned yesterday from Chicago.

F. C. Osborn has purchased the hardware stock of the Chapin-Wells company of this place.

The caucus held in the First ward last evening resulted in the placing in nomination of L. French and Anton McKibben.

Miss Palmer, of the firm of Palmer & Palmer, left last night for the East to purchase a stock of millinery.

Five hundred men are now employed at the car works and the monthly pay roll amounts to $25,000. The company is turning out fifty cars a week with a large amount of small work.

The C. P. Whist club meets this evening with Mrs. B. C. Dent.

Fred M. Prescott, of the Prescott Steam Pump company, was here on business yesterday.

One of Jailer Stevens' children was taken sick with fits this morning.

Mrs. D. C. Prescott left yesterday for a short visit at Ironwood, Mich.

Wanted—A quantity of pine timber near town, suitable for piling. Address "Herald," West Duluth.

MINISTERS RESIGNING.

Grover Will be Free to Fill the Foreign Embassies.

LONDON, March 3.—Minister Lincoln is preparing to forward his resignation on March 4 upon the inauguration of President Cleveland.

Dispatches from Rome, Berlin and St. Petersburg are to the effect that Mr. Potter, American minister to Italy; Mr. White, American minister to Russia, and Mr. Phelps, American minister to the German empire, are all sending in their resignations.

All resignations, including that of Mr. Lincoln, are to take effect upon the arrival of their successors.

Epidemic of Measles.

CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., March 3.—An epidemic of measles prevails in this city and vicinity. About thirty students of the Southwestern Presbyterian university here are down with the disease. Several cases of scarlet fever are also reported.

THE STRANGLER WON

Evan Lewis Defeated Ernest Roeber in the Wrestling Match at New Orleans Last Night.

Roemer Won the Two Graeco-Roman Bouts, But Lewis Took Three at Catch-as-Catch-Can.

Tonight Joe Goddard of Australia and Ed Smith of Denver Will Fight to a Finish.

NEW ORLEALS, March 3.—The Olympic club opened its fistic carnival last night with a finish fight between Billy Hines of Providence, R. I., and Billy McMillan of Washington. The fight, while of but little importance as prize fights go, preceded the event of the evening—the wrestling match between Evan Lewis, the strangler, and Ernest Roeber.

The failure of the club to bring off the Ryan-Dawson fight acted as a damper, and not more than 3500 occupied seats in the immense arena, calculated to seat 6000 people. Hines was in poor form last night and proved an easy victim for McMillan who had everything his own way after the first round and knocked ou Hines in the fifth.

The Lewis-Roeber wrestling match was quite interesting. The strangle hold, for which Lewis is famous, was barred by the club's orders. The first bout was catch-as-catch-can style, Lewis' favorite style. Roeber weighed 178 pounds, Lewis tipping the scales at 185 pounds. Prof. Duffy acted as referee. Lewis won the first fall in 7 minutes and 6 seconds. After ten minutes' rest the men locked arms for the Græco-Roman bout, which was won by Roeber in 28 minutes, 12 seconds.

The third bout, catch-as catch-can style, was clearly Lewis' victory in less than 30 seconds. He secured a neck hold, and with the grapevine gave Roeber a flying fall, landing him squarely on his shoulders. Referee Duffy was not prepared for such sudden action, and failing to see both points down, disallowed the fall. Lewis himself failed to see the fall, and his seconds did not press their claim. With half a Nelson, Lewis again brought Roeber to a bridge, and taking a leg hold crushed the German two points down in 12 minutes and 9 seconds.

The fourth bout was Græco-Roman style. The Strangler went to work as though his life depended on ending the bout in five minutes, but Roeber proved too clever for him and won the fall in 24 minutes and 43 seconds. The Strangler having secured the quickest fall had the selection of the deciding bout, and chose his favorite style, catch-as-catch-can. Lewis went to Roeber like a mad man, and securing a neck hold and hip lock gave Roeber a flying fall in one minute and three seconds, winning the final bout and the match, which was for the championship of the world at mixed styles. At the conclusion of the bout Roeber challenged the world at Græco-Roman style.



EVAN LEWIS.

The programme at the Crescent City Athletic club consists of a battle for a purse of $3,500 between Austin Gibbons and Mike Daly on March 7, and a great contest for the middleweight championship of the world and $40,000—the largest purse ever hung up for two pugilists—between Bob Fitzsimmons, the present champion, and Jim Hall, both of whom are Australians. The Hall-Fitzsimmons fight and the Roeber-Lewis wrestling match are the star events of the carnival. Bob Fitzsimmons, the long, lank antipodean, who has the reach and framework of a heavyweight and the avoirdupois of a big middleweight, won his title of champion and a $12,000 purse by defeating the famous Jack Dempsey, America's great middleweight, Jan. 14, 1891.

Fitzsimmons was little known in America, but he knocked champion Dempsey into a state of coma in the thirteenth round after a fight of 49 minutes. Peter Maher, the Irish champion heavyweight, next succumbed to Fitzsimmons on March 2, 1892, in 12 rounds, covering 48 minutes. As soon as the news of Fitzsimmons' victory over Dempsey and the ample proportions of the purse reached Australia, Jim Hall, another big middleweight, set sail from the Kangaroo land in quest of Fitzsimmons' scalp and the large white silver dollar that is just now attracting considerable attention in various parts of America.

They were finally matched to fight at Minneapolis, but the police prevented them from meeting. Hall then went to England and easily defeated Ted Pritchard, the British middleweight champion. Fitzsimmons and Hall are both boxers of extraordinary skill and quickness. They fought in Australia several years ago, and Hall was victor, but Fitzsimmons claims that he allowed Hall to defeat him for a very small pecuniary consideration.

Evan Lewis of Wisconsin is the acknowledged champion wrestler of the world at the catch-as-catch-can style. His famous lock hold around the neck, once it is firmly secured, always means death or defeat to an opponent, whose breath is effectually shut off. This wonderful trick has won for Lewis his sobriquet of "Strangler." Edwin Bibby, whom nature endowed with a neck larger than his head, was the only man who ever succeeded in escaping from the strangle lock. Lewis is so quick tempered and powerful that he once broke the leg of Matsada Sorakichi, the Japanese wrestler, because the Jap flirt him while they were struggling for supremacy at Chicago.

Ernest Roeber of New York excels as a wrestler at the Graeco-Roman style, and he now holds The Police Gazette world's championship medal. He possesses remarkable strength and endurance, and under the mentorship of ex-champion William Muldoon he has learned every trick, lock and tangle in Graeco-Roman wrestling. The conditions of the match follow: Best three in five falls, two catch-as-catch-can, two Graeco-Roman, and the third to be named by the man who has secured the quickest fall



ERNEST ROEBER.

Joe Goddard recently whipped Peter Maher and has twice defeated Joe Choyinski. As Choyinski easily bested George Godfrey after Godfrey had beaten Ed Smith, the sporting men have been wondering since the match was made where Smith's prospect of whipping Goddard comes in. Goddard has no science, but he is so tough that it would probably be difficult to knock him out with a pile driver.

Tonight the great event will be a fight between Joe Goddard, of Australia, and Ed Smith, of Denver, for a purse of $10,000.

Golden Knocked Out.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., March 3.—Last night Jack Golden of St. Paul, was knocked out in the fifth round of a "glove contest" by Fred Bogan of California. The latter claims to be the champion lightweight of the Pacific coast. Bogan had the best of the fight from start to finish.

THE BRAZILIAN REVOLUTION.

Several Fights in Which the Federals Were Victorious.

NEW YORK, March 3.—The Herald's correspondent in Rio Grande Do Sul cables that paper that the federals have 1000 armed men outside the city of San Ugenio. They propose to make a dash into the city.

There has been fighting outside of Santa Anna, which has been favorable to the federal troops. In the besieging army were 3000 well armed men, while the defenders of the city numered 1000. More defections from the government troops have been reported. The Sixth cavalry men stationed at Attigas went over to the federals in a body.

The news has also been received confirming the report of the fall of San Pedusto. The federals under Gen. Tavarez took the city. In the engagement 300 of the government troops were killed. Recruits are being hurried from all parts of the province to both armies.

At Rocous cruelties are reported from the part of Gen. Isidoro, one of the government officers, who kills women and children as a sort of pastime. Revolution has again broken out in Corrientes. This time the leader of the opposition is not known, out it is learned that they have obtained and artillery pieces. The federal government has ordered a further inquiry into the state of the province.

THE MILLERS' COMBINE.

An Important Secret Meeting Held at the Palmer House, Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 3.—An important meeting of the directors and other officials of the great spring wheat millers' combine was held behind closed doors in the Palmer House yesterday. B. C. Church, of Duluth, was present.

The millers represented in conference would not talk for publication, but it is known that one of the subjects discussed was whether a complete statement of the scope and object of the combine should not be made public from the millers' standpoint through the medium of the milling press.

It is not known definitely what action was taken, but it is believed to have been adverse to publication.

A Large Shortage.

ASHLAND, Wis., March 3.—At the county board meeting yesterday Supervisor Wilmarth presented evidence showing County Clerk Ed. Fennelly to be $16,000 short in his accounts with Ashland county. The latter was present when Wilmarth made the disclosure and admitted himself that he was $9000 short, which, he claims he can produce for the county. He wrote out his resignation then and there.

To Repel the Invaders.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—The secretary of the interior that instructions have been sent by telegraph from the headquarters of the army to the commanding general of the department of the Missouri to take such military steps as may be necessary to prevent any invasion of the Cherokee outlet, and to use whatever military force may be necessary to accomplish this object.

A Victory For Prohibition.

WINNIPEG, Man., March 3.—The great debate on prohibition was concluded in the legislature Wednesday night when a vote was taken on the proposal of the government to memorialize the Dominion government asking for power to pass a prohibitory liquor law. The government was sustained by a vote of 28 to 10.

A Doctor's Death.

NEW YORK, March 3.—Dr. W. Day, of Highland, Ill., died in a private car in the West Shore railroad yard at Weehaken yesterday. His death was caused by an overdose of antipyrine, taken for a severe attack of neuralgia.

A Trotter Sold.

CLEVELAND, March 3.—The trotter Guy was sold to D. J. Campau, of Detroit, at the Tattersall yesterday for $1,500.

$1150 will buy a good home at Hazelwood. Only $250 cash. Great bargain. COFFIN & WARNER.

DEATH AT A LAUNCHING.

A Terrible Accident at Wheeler's Shipyard at Bay City.

BAY CITY, Mich., March 3.—A frightful accident occurred yesterday at Wheeler's shipyard. The company was to lay the keel of the Centurion, the one hundredth boat built by them, and it was an event of more than ordinary importance, drawing people from all over the Saginaw valley. It was also intended to launch a large schooner.

When all was ready at 4:45 o'clock, and the last hawser cut, the schooner started slowly for the water. Then with a rush she plunged into the icy slip and an immense wave forced the ice and steamer Forbes in the air.

The Forbes rolled until half over and then the crowd on shore saw a sight which chilled them. Those who had remained on the upper deck were clinging on for life if they could find projections, while less fortunate ones were flying headlong toward the water. Fully thirty were thrown overboard and in an instant the back forms arose to the surface between the two boats and in the field of broken ice.

How many are lost has not been ascertained, but George Hawkins and Ross Bennett, boys living in this city, and Fred Peel, a Michigan Central conductor from Detroit, are missing. Fully a dozen were injured.

All those reported missing last night were accounted for this morning except C. Smith, of Erie, Pa., and George Hawkins. Fred Babcock, who was rescued, but who was seriously injured, died at 9:30 o'clock this morning. Mr. Doyle is still in a dangerous condition and his recovery is doubtful.

Reliable eye witnesses are positive that they saw two boys go under water who were not taken out, and at least half a dozen corroborate this statement. The search for bodies will be continued.

NOBLE'S FUTURE PLANS.

He Will Return to St. Louis and Resume the Practice of Law.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Secretary Noble will return to his home in St. Louis as soon as possible after being relieved by the incoming secretary and hopes to be able to leave Washington Tuesday afternoon. He will at once resume the practice of law in his old offices, but about May 1 he will move into a handsome suit of rooms in the new Rialto building which is expected to be completed by that time.

In conversation with a friend yesterday the secretary said that in very many respects his official life in Washington had been extremely pleasant. It had involved a vast amount of hard work, but on the whole it had been work agreeable to him.

A Probable Elopement.

ST. CLOUD, March 2.—Frank Bartsch, a tailor, formerly of Minneapolis, and Miss Kate Fischer, a well known young lady of this city, are missing. It is generally believed that they have gone to Hudson, Wis., to get married. The young lady's relatives were opposed to the match.

He Was Right.

"Johnnie," said the teacher, "which would you say, 'Mamma, can I have another piece of pie?' or 'Mamma, may I have another piece of pie?'"

"Mamma, can I have another piece of pie?" replied Johnnie.

"You are wrong."

"Oh, no, I'm not. We only have one pie at our house, and I eat a little piece, and mamma and papa eat the rest."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Lucky Girl.



Mrs. Winterbloom—I hope you had a good time at my reception the other night.

Miss Pinkerly—Yes, indeed, Mrs. Winterbloom. I always manage to have a good time, no matter how stupid an affair is.—Truth.

THEATRICAL TATTLE.

Joel Chandler Harris, the southern author, has written a 3-act society comedy of the south that contains an Uncle Remus character. It will be produced in the spring in Atlanta.

News comes from London that Alfred Bishop, who is now playing the part of John of Salisbury in Irving's production of "Becket," has received a tempting offer to join Augustin Daly's company.

Miss St. George Hussey of the "1492" company is laid up with a broken elbow, the result of a fall on the stage at Augusta, Me.

It is a curious fact in connection with the sudden death of Henry C. de Mille that he contracted his fatal illness at the first night of "The Girl I Left Behind Me," the first collaboration by his old dramatic partner, David Belasco, since the end of their coworking.

Marie Prescott has written a new play which is called "L'Absintheur" (The Absinthe Drinker), which is said to be a portraiture of modern Parisian life. A thrilling love story runs through "L'Absintheur," and realism is illustrated in several new and startling effects.

David Belasco has purchased the American rights in "Clairette," a comic opera now running at the London Opera Comique, with Alice Atherton and Willie Edouin in the principal parts.

Agnes Acres, a sister of Miriam O'Leary, for several years a member of the Boston Museum company and this season playing in Lewis Morrison's "Faust," has married Barton Pickering Jenks of Boston and will retire from the stage.

Spring medicine and Hood's Sarsaparilla are synonymous terms, so popular is this great medicine at this season. 13

Prof. Niel,

Government chemist, writes: I have carefully analyzed your "Royal Ruby Port Wine," bought by me in the open market, and certify that I found the same absolutely pure. This wine is especially recommended for its health-restoring and building-up properties; it strengthens the weak and restores lost vitality. Be sure you get Royal Ruby; $1 per quart bottle. Sold by S. F. Boyce, druggist. 3

"Go South, Cold Man."

You can bask in the sunshine and sea breezes of the gulf and not cost you a cent for transportation if you will call on Holwick & Youngblood, 321 West Superior street, and make arrangements.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the Incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

Geo. Dinwoodie, 208 West Superior street. Best coal, lowest prices, prompt-est delivery.



THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c. and $1 a package. If you can not get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Address, ORATON F. WOODWARD, Le Roy, N. Y.

Women Will Vote

as usual at the next school election—but for many candidates. They give a unanimous vote—every day in the week—in favor of

KIRK'S WHITE RUSSIAN SOAP

because they know it has no equal as a labor and temper saver on wash-day. The "White Russian" is a great soap to use in hard or alkali water. Does not roughen or injure the hands—is perfectly safe to use on the finest fabrics.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

Dusky Diamond Tar Soap. Makes the Skin Soft and Smooth.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

Time Table Effective Jan. 9, 1893.

STATIONS.	Detroit Passenger (Except Sunday)	Boston Express (Daily)
Leave Duluth	11 00 am	7 30 pm
Leave West Duluth	11 15 am	7 45 pm
Arrive Burley	4 18 pm	.....
Arrive Ironwood	4 28 pm	.....
Arrive Houghton	10 40 pm	12 45 pm
Arrive Marquette	10 45 pm	7 20 am
Arrive Marinette	.....	12 15 pm
Arrive Green Bay	.....	2 15 pm
Arrive Sault Ste. Marie	.....	1 25 pm
Arrive Grand Rapids	5 15 pm	6 30 am
Arrive Saginaw	3 10 pm	7 17 am
Arrive Detroit	6 55 pm	7 20 am
Arrive Buffalo	4 10 am	5 55 pm
Arrive Toronto	8 15 am	9 25 pm
Arrive Montreal	7 55 pm	3 40 pm
Arrive Boston	6 05 pm	8 05 am
Arrive New York	3 45 pm	6 45 am

Westbound trains arrive at Duluth:

Detroit Passenger ..... 8 30 pm
Boston Express ..... 7 20 am

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding House block and Union Depot.

T. H. LARKE, Commercial Agent, Duluth.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

THE DINING CAR LINE

TO

Fargo, Helena, Butte

AND THE

PACIFIC NORTHWEST

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS

THE SHORT LINE TO CHICAGO

MEMBERS

Duluth Jobbers UNION.

DULUTH SHOE CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Boots and Shoes.

DULUTH DRY GOODS CO., Wholesale Dry Goods, Manufacturers Men's Furnishing Goods.

DULUTH & SUPERIOR BEDDING CO Manufacturers and Jobbers, Mattresses, Pillows and Bedding Material.

CHAPIN-WELLS HARDWARE CO., Wholesale Heavy and Shelf Hardware. Lumbermen's Supplies.

J. J. & R. A. COSTELLO, Wholesale Heavy and Shelf Hardware, Lumbermen's and Miners Supplies.

CRANE-ORDWAY CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers, Steam, Gas and Water Goods.

PHŒNIX ELECTRIC CO., Manufacturers and Jobbers of Electrical Supplies.

WELLS-STONE MERCANTILE CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.

STONE-ORDEAN CO., Importers and Wholesale Grocers.

KELLY ROBSON & CO., Wholesale Groceries and Produce.

SMITH & COULTER SPICE CO., Roasters of Coffee and Manufacturers of Baking Powder, Extracts and Spices.

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T. B HAWKES & CO., Wholesale Grain, Hay and Flour.

CULVER BROS., Wholesale Grain and Hay. Storage.

MESSICK & MACAULEY, Wholesale Commission, Butter, Eggs and Country Produce.

FITGER & CO., Brewers, The Trade and Families Supplied.

HELLER & LOEB, Importers and Wholesale Wine and Liquor Merchants.

CALIFORNIA WINE HOUSE, Wholesale Wines, Liquors, Etc.

SCHULZE BROS., Leather and Shoe Findings, Manufacturers of Boot and Shoe Uppers.

E. WIELAND, Tanner, Harness Leather a Specialty.

GILL & WRIGHT, Duluth Roller Mills, "Gill's Best" Flour.

QUINEY & OMEIS, Builders and Cut Stone Contractors, and Shippers of Stone.

PIONEER FUEL CO., Shippers and Jobbers, Hard and Soft Coal, Wood and Coke.

NORTHWESTERN FUEL CO., Shippers and Jobbers, Anthracite and Bituminous Coals.

NATIONAL IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Engines, Pumps and Mining Machinery.

IRONTON STRUCTURAL STEEL CO Manufacturers Builders' and Bridge Materials.

DULUTH MANUFACTURING CO., Manufacturers of Freight Cars, Castings, Merchant Bar Iron, Forgings.

MARINETTE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Steam Engines.

CLYDE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Marine Supplies.

CRAWFORD STEAM ENGINE WKS. Manufacturers Steam Engines, Pumps.

DULUTH BOILER WORKS, Manufacturers Stationary and Marine Boilers, Iron Tanks.

PEYTON, KIMBALL & BARBER, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

DUNCAN BREWER & CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

C. B. WOODRUFF, Wholesale and Retail Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

MESABA LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

HOWE LUMBER CO.—Tower Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

MITCHELL & McCLURE Manufacturers Lumber.

SCOTT & HOLSTON LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Sash, Doors, Mouldings.

HOWARD LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

RICHARDS LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber.



SADLER & KROHN, DRUGGISTS,

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

We Carry Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Cigars

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1928 West Superior St., Near Twentieth Avenue. TELEPHONE 567.

"IT IS IGNORANCE THAT WASTES EFFORT." TRAINED SERVANTS USE

SAPOLIO

If
You want
To get
The **Want**
You want to get
You want to get your want
Into the want getter.

.....THE.....

Evening Herald

Wants to get your want,
Because it wants
You to get
The **Want**
You want
To get.

When

Your Door Bell refuses to ring, call up 'Phone No. 39.

Crowley Electric Co.

18 West Superior St.

Faber's Golden Female Pills



Relieve Suppressed Menstruation. Used successfully by thousands of prominent ladies *monthly*. Thoroughly reliable and safe. Worth twenty times their weight in gold *for female irregularities*. Never known to fail. Sent by mail sealed for $2. Address

The Aphro Medicine COMPANY, Western Branch, Box 27. Portland, Oregon.

Sold in Duluth by Max Wirth and Selleck & Walbank.

MALYDOR INJECTION

FOR FEMALES THE GENTLEMAN'S FRIEND AND FEMALE

Our Perfection Syringe free with every bottle. Does not stain. PREVENTS STRICTURE. Cures Gonorrhœa and Gleet in 1 to 4 days. At Druggists. Sent to any address for $1.00. MALYDOR MANUF'G CO., LANCASTER, O.

Duluth Loan, Deposit & Trust COMPANY.

CAPITAL	$150,000
GUARANTEE FUND	100,000
SURPLUS	3,000

MONEY TO LOAN!

ANY AMOUNT

Interest Allowed on all Deposits. Act as Trustee, Administrator, Etc.

Office open until 8 p. m. Saturdays for Deposits.

DIRECTORS:

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Duluth Loan Deposit & Trust Co.

First National Bank Building, No. 16 Third Avenue West.

NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL

Bichloride of Gold Co.,

Dr. H. O. Rockwell, Residing Physician, Rooms 616-617 Chamber of Commerce Building

Use the Celebrated Dr. Mark M. Thompson Bichloride of Gold Remedies.

What We Will Do.

We Replace Slavery With Freedom

In the case of anyone who really desires to quit the use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Opium, we absolutely cure the disease which creates the appetite.

No Time Lost From Business,
No Injurious Effects,
No Restraint of Liberty.

Treatment given at the office of the company. All appetite for narcotics completely and permanently eradicated from the system in from three to four weeks' treatment.

Strongly endorsed as the most scientific yet discovered by Miss Francis E. Willard, Bishop Fallows, John V. Farwell and the press and clergy everywhere.

Write for circulars. All communications are treated in strictest confidence.

Address—
SECRETARY OF
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BICHLORIDE OF GOLD
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A. FITGER & CO.'S
Lake Superior Brewery
Is the argest in the State of Minnesota outside of the Twin Cities.

P. (Trade Mark.) & P. KID GLOVES

MANUFACTURED BY Chaumont TRADE P. & P. MARK

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Sole agents for the above brands of Kid Gloves.

J. E. HAYNIE & CO.

HE DISTRICT COURT

lanti Tuboli is On Trial For Rape and the Case is Attracting a Large Audience.

dence of the Prosecution All In at Noon and a Motion to Dismiss Denied.

lge Baxter is Holding Court Today—The Court Cases to Be Taken Up Tomorrow.

The trial of Volanti Tuboli for rape on the person of Mary Marashek, his ughter, since married and now about years old, is in progress at the dist ct court before Judge Ensign. County torney Tear is conducting the prose tion and Cary, Agatin & Cary are de ding. The nauseous details are racting a large audience from which minors are excluded.

Dr. Goffe was the first witness. He l been called to examine the state's nplaining witness. He was not per tted to testify as to her pregnancy, the ense contending that the matter was levant.

The witness, Mary Marashek, was ced on the stand but refused to take oath, saying she had given testimony once under oath and don't feel well after it." After con erable discussion the witness took the h and the reception of the testimony mmenced. She is now over 17 years and wes married last November. r father is Volanti Tuboli. She has ed on Eighth street four nths and before that lived a farm in Gnesen, twelve es from Duluth. Witness was on the m at Gnesen last summer and was ing hay. While she was helping her her he asked her to come into the ds to get some stakes to finish off stack. While there he forced her to mit to his wishes. She did not tell mother and sister because the father told her not to. She was afraid her her would whip her.

Jacob Marashek, a brother-in-law of previous witness, was next placed the stand. He had seen the plaintiff, ness, working in the hay field with father and other members of the ily.

Stanislaus Tuboli, father of the ac ed, was on the stand this morning his testimony did not amount to anyt ng. Bartholemew Marashek, Adolf rashek, the husband, Maggie Tuboli, riff Sharvy and Deputy Sheriff O. J. ppen were the other witnesses. Their imony was only important to com te the chain of evidence and the state ed.

Attorney Agatin at noon made a ion to dismiss on the ground that the minal charge of rape had not been ven. The motion was denied and defense is setting up its testimony afternoon.

efore Judge Baxter in room 2 the e of the State bank of Duluth vs. ie Oakes et al. resulted in a verdict the plaintiff for $359.20. A stay of nty days was granted. The case of I. Grieser vs. the State bank is on l, the jury having been waived.

partial set of court cases for trial by ge Baxter tomorrow has been made is liable to be changed.

By Proxy.

n elderly man of sedate and side skered appearance sat down with t violence on the sidewalk near the ner of State and Madison yesterday rnoon to the serious damage of an ir oachable suit of black and a shiny hat.

s he rose slowly to his feet, picked up demoralized hat and looked about —his face purple with rage, his lips dly compressed, the veins in his neck llen, his features working as if in an eptic fit, and his fingers opening and ing as though moved by an uncontrolable impulse to clutch something or ebody—a young man who was hurrying along slipped and fell at the same e on the sidewalk where the gray ed and sedate old party had come to f.

Blankety blank the dad binged, billy ad busted slippery old coal hole cover o stagnation and back again!" he vociferated, picking himself up.

Young man," exclaimed the elderly an, grasping him fervently by the d, "I thank you! You have saved life."—Chicago Tribune.

Breaking Out In Spots.



—Truth.

He Had Went.

e hadn't really intended to propose, the age of the young woman in the made her rather precipitous in her cipation.

Oh, Mr. Notpore," she exclaimed, ning furiously at what she thought ld be a proposal, "you are so sudden. se give me time."

r. N. was not a man to be hurled the battlements of emotion.

Very well, Miss Bonypart," he reded. "I have no desire to inconven you. Just take all the time you . I'll call around again in a dozen teen years. Good morning."

d he had went before she recovered. troit Free Press.

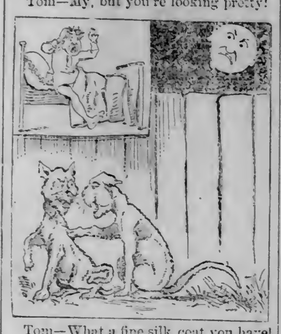
Houses at Hazelwood.

offer two houses for sale at Hazelat very low price and on easy terms.
COFFIN & WARNER.

Revenge.



Tom—My, but you're looking pretty!



Tom—What a fine silk coat you have! Maria—Don't get fresh or we'll fight.



THE FIGHT.



GETTING INTO HOT WATER.

—Chicago Herald

His Natural Bent.

There was a large boiler of scalding water over a fire in the yard and several black imps playing near it. Suddenly a shrill voice was heard from inside the shanty

"You, George Washington, keep away from dat ar b'iler. D'rectly you is gwine ter upset de b'iler and scald yerself ter def, an when you is you'll be de fust one to say, 'Twasn't me, mammy.'"—Texas Siftings.

Couldn't Remember.

A good brother who recently offered a prayer at a prayer meeting started to make reference to Noah, but got a little flustered and forgot the name of the patriarch. After hemming and hawing for a few moments he turned to a neighbor and asked in a loud whisper, "Who was it built the ark?"—New York Tribune.

A Correction.

Mrs. Muckavado—The Newriches are people who don't know who their grandparents were.

Mrs. Rockoil—Oh, yes, they do, but they hope that no one else does.—Harper's Bazar.

Helping the Monkey.

"Dan," said a 4-year-old, "give me 5 cents to buy a monkey."

"We have one monkey in the house now," said the elder brother.

"Who is it, Dan?"

"You," was the reply.

"Then give me 5 cents to buy the monkey some nuts."

The brother could not resist.—Texas Siftings.

A. E. Chase and Alice C. Keane will bring out a new play, entitled "A Marriage Certificate," March 6.

It is very difficult,



to convince children that a medicine is "nice to take" —this trouble is not experienced in administering

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil. It is *almost as palatable as milk.* No preparation so rapidly builds up good flesh, strength and nerve force. Mothers the world over rely upon it in all wasting diseases that children are heir to.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

A GREAT PROBLEM.

The Times When a Man's Hands Are Entirely Superfluous.

What can even a man who isn't self respecting do with his hands while immured in a dress suit? "Let 'em hang, of course," will be the reply of the quick and penetrating reader, and no doubt that is the best thing he can do, but it occurs to us that it should not be so. The dress suit is defective; it is behind the age; it does not meet the requirements of civilized man. The man who can wear a dress suit and let his hands hang and swing about without experiencing a sense of discomfort shows an instance of atavism. Man originally, of course, let his hands dangle and whip about him in every passing wind. He also ate his food raw and lived in a cave with dark rooms, and perhaps a family in the next cave with children. In this primitive condition of life man had but little to do, so he did not find it difficult to look after his hands, even if he had no place to put them. But as he advanced he had other things to take up his attention and thoughts, and relief from the constant strain of attending to his hands became imperative. A place where his hands could repose in comfort while his active mind continued to wrestle with important problems was seen to be a necessity. The result was the invention of the trousers pocket, the natural home of the human masculine hands. Woman, not having any weighty thoughts like men, and consequently being free to look after her hands, has never developed any pockets for them.

One of the most difficult problems which the scientist has to encounter is why man, after having through long years of evolution developed a satisfactory pocket for his hands, should deliberately give it up in the dress suit. For the trousers of the dress suit, not always, of course, but in a majority of cases, we think, taking the country as a whole, are entirely wanting in pockets, or the pockets are rudimentary, or they are placed in such a position that it is harder work to keep the hands in them than it is to attend to them outside. Of course the man who puts on a dress suit every evening at 6 o'clock becomes in time accustomed to this unnatural condition in a measure, and even appears quite at his ease while his hands are loosely swaying at his sides. But even in his case it is largely the appearance of ease, and his thoughts frequently revert to his former pocketed state. But in the case of the man who wears his dress suit only half a dozen or a dozen times a year the positive misery involved in suddenly having a pair of orphan hands thrust upon him is always considerable, and frequently it is intense. It is lack of trousers pockets for his hands which makes a man forget all the good things he was going to say in his after dinner speech; he thinks of them easily enough the next day when he can get rid of his hands. It is the mental strain of getting along without trousers pockets which frequently brings a man home from an entertainment in a demoralized condition, which his wife foolishly ascribes to drink, when perhaps he hasn't had but five or six kinds of wine, with a little brand, and a miscellaneous liquor or two. Statistics show that only one young man in a thousand can successfully propose marriage in a dress suit, the difficulty being solely the amount of attention which his hands demand. It is hard, of course, for a woman to understand this thing, never herself having felt the need of a suitable retreat for her hands; but women are going to discover when they come to vote and to annex distant islands, not to mention learning to play poker, that they will have to have storage facilities for their hands or be left in the political race.—New York Tribune.

Too Smart.

A correspondent vouches for a new story of Irish shrewdness.

A gentleman was sitting in the waiting room of a station on the New York and New England railroad when an Irishman turned away from the ticket office and came up to him.

"I have got the best of this ould corporation for once in me life," said he.

"How is that, Pat?"

"I have bought a round trip ticket to New York and back, and"—in a whisper—"I ain't comin back."—Youth's Companion.

She Hoped.

There's a young man in Detroit who persists in paying attention to a girl who would very much prefer that he would not liquidate in the aforesaid manner.

"Ah," he said to her the other morning, meeting her on the street, "I was at the theater last night and saw you at a distance."

"Yes," she answered sweetly. "I hope I shall see you often that way."—Detroit Free Press.

They All Know.

Editor—Yes, I'd like to sell you my paper.

Stranger—I'd like to buy it, sir, but I don't know how to manage one.

Editor—That doesn't matter. Your subscribers will tell you all about that. —Yankee Blade.

Knew His Business.



He—I don't see why you need skates at all, Miss Barrows.

She—Why not?

He—Your feet are so extremely narrow you could skate quite as well on them.—Harper's Bazar.

Don't become constipated. Take BEECHAM'S PILLS.

75c and $1.00!
Tomorrow

We shall sell the best Laundered Shirt that was ever offered for $1.00,

At 75c.

And the quality which all Men's Furnishers sell at $1.50 we shall sell

At $1.00.

FOR TOMORROW ONLY.

Note: These goods are laundered in this city at the Peerless Laundry, the Muslin is unstarched so that you can examine the material and make of the garment thoroughly. Examine these Shirts and see if our statement as to price is not correct.

Silberstein & Bondy

LOANS PLACED WITHOUT DELAY
ON FIRST MORTGAGE SECURITIES.
MENDENHALL & HOOPES
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance
HOUSES TO RENT.

DR. SPEER & CO.,
SPECIALISTS.

NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES! Main office New York block, corner Fourteenth street and Tower avenue, West Superior, Wis. Branch offices, Marquette and Saginaw, Mich. Dr. Speer, in charge of the head office, is a graduate of the medical department of Harvard University, class of '74, and is registered as such in both hemispheres.

YOUNG MEN Who have been suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions will do well to avail themselves of this chance.

DR. SPEER & CO. Will guarantee a perfect cure in all cases of weakness or private diseases of any kind or character they undertake or to fee $250. There are many of the age of 30 to 50 who are troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting sensation and weakening of the system in a manner which the patient cannot account for. There are many who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of weakness.

LADIES finding it not convenient to call at the office can be treated by mail by sending a full description of their cases. Perfect cure guaranteed in all such cases. Examination and advice free. Remember the place, NEW YORK BLOCK, COR. FOURTEENTH AND TOWER AVENUE, WEST SUPERIOR, WIS. Railroad fare deducted from the price of treatment.

Hartman General Electric Company

ARE PREPARED TO

Furnish Electric Current
For Arc and Incandescent Light
And Motor Service.

GENERAL OFFICE: ROOM 3, EXCHANGE BUILDING.

Station A, Foot of Fifth Ave. East. Station B, 126 West Michigan Street.

MEMBERS OF THE
DULUTH CLEARING HOUSE ASSOCIATION

	CAPITAL	SURPLU
First National Bank	$1,000,000	$200 00
American Exchange Bank	500,000	350,00
Marine National Bank	250,000	20,00
National Bank of Commerce	200,000	21,00
State Bank of Duluth	100,000	40,00
Security Bank of Duluth	100,000	35,00
Iron Exchange Bank	100,000	

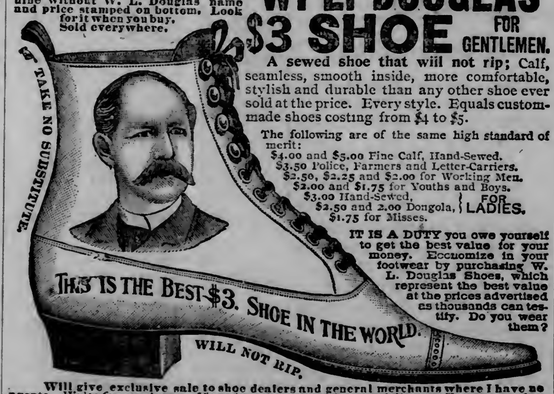


BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S Nervorine Pills the great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing of Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box. 6 boxes for $5.00. Dr. Motts Chemical Co., Cleveland, O

For Sale By S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth.

BEWARE OF FRAUD.
Ask for, and insist upon having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. None genuine without W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom. Look for it when you buy. Sold everywhere.



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.
A sewed shoe that will not rip; Calf, seamless, smooth inside, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Every style. Equals custom-made shoes costing from $4 to $5.

The following are of the same high standard of merit:
$4.00 and $5.00 Fine Calf, Hand-Sewed.
$3.50 Police, Farmers and Letter-Carriers.
$2.50, $2.25 and $2.00 for Working Men.
$2.00 and $1.75 for Youths and Boys.
$3.00 Hand-Sewed, $2.50 and 2.00 Dongola, FOR LADIES. $1.75 for Misses.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value at the prices advertised as thousands can testify. Do you wear them?

Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for catalogue. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted. Postage Free. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

Sold Only in Duluth by SUFFEL & CO.



DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS.

The only safe, sure and reliable Female Pill ever offered to Ladies. Especially recommended to married Ladies. Beware of Pills put up in tin boxes as they are dangerous. Ask for Dr. Mott's Pennyroyal Pills and take no other. Send for circular. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00.
Dr. Motts Chemical Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

LEGAL NOTICES.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eight hundred fifty-nine 60-100 ($859.60) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by W. P. Strickland, mortgagor, to G. E. Saeger, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 466.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said G. E. Saeger, mortgagee, to the American Loan & Trust Company, by written assignment dated the 29th day of May, 1890, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 21st day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages on page 195.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt was duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company, the assignee and holder thereof, to the Guaranty Investment company by written assignment dated the 24th day of February, 1893, and recorded on the 25th day of February, 1893, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 55 of mortgages, page 274; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the property described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.:

Lot number eighty-seven (87), in block one hundred and ten (110), Third Division of Duluth Proper, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of April, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred and fifty-nine and 60-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated March 2nd, 1893.
THE GUARANTY INVESTMENT COMPANY, Mortgagee.
W. W. SANFORD, Attorney
March-3-10-17-24-31, April 7-14.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eight hundred fifty-nine 60-100 ($859.60) dollars, which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by W. P. Strickland, mortgagor, to G. E. Saeger, mortgagee, bearing date the 24th day of April, 1890, and, with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 5th day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 466.

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said G. E. Saeger, mortgagee, to the American Loan & Trust Company, by written assignment dated the 29th day of May, 1890, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 21st day of May, 1890, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 48 of mortgages, on page 195.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt was duly assigned by said American Loan and Trust Company, the assignee and holder thereof, to the Guaranty Investment company by written assignment dated the 24th day of February, 1893, and recorded on the 25th day of February, 1893, at 3 o'clock p. m., in book 55 of mortgages, page 274; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz.:

Lot number eighty-eight (88), in block number one hundred and ten (110), Third Division of Duluth Proper, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 15th day of April, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of eight hundred fifty-nine 60-100 dollars, and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and fifty ($50) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 2, A. D. 1893.
THE GUARANTY INVESTMENT COMPANY, Mortgagee.
W. W. SANFORD, Attorney.
Mch 3-10-17-24-31-Apl 7-14

BALD HEADS

No Cure, No Pay. No Mustache, No Pay. State exact condition of case. Inclose 6c(stamps) for answer. Prof. G. Birkholz & Co., 1011 Masonic Temple Chicago.

ASHLAND MILWAUKEE ROUTE
MILWAUKEE, LAKE SHORE & WESTERN R'Y

Through Sleeping and Parlor Car

With Fast Trains From

ASHLAND

TO

Milwaukee and Chicago

Rhinelander, Kaukauna,
New London, Manitowoc,
Wausau, Sheboygan,
Appleton, Racine,
Oshkosh Kenosha

DIRECT ROUTE

TO

OCONTO, DEPERE

GREEN BAY FOND DU LAC

NEENAH AND MENASHA,

via WATERSMEET to

NEGAUNEE, MARQUETTE

ISHPEMING, ESCANABA.

And all points in Upper Michigan.

Through Tickets at lowest rates on sale to all points in the United States and Canadas.

Milwaukee City Office, 100 Wisconsin St.
Chicago City Office, 197 Clark St.

H. F. WHITCOMB, General Manager. C. L. RYDER, Gen. Pass. Agt.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

LEGAL NOTICES

VOLUNTARY ASSIGNMENT—ASSIGNEE'S notice.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
County of St. Louis. }
District Court.

In the matter of the assignment of W. C. Doherty, insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that W. C. Doherty of Duluth in said county and state, has by deed in writing, dated February 4th, 1893, made a general assignment to the undersigned, of all his property not exempt by law from levy and sale on execution, for the benefit of all his creditors, without preferences.

All claims must be verified and presented to the undersigned for allowance.

Dated Feb. 13th, 1893.

C. M. PARKHURST, Assignee.
38 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.
Feb. 23 28 M. 3.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS.

In probate court, special term, February 23d, 1893.

In the matter of the estate of Francis Murray, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto Mary Murray of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the twenty-fifth day of September, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order on Friday in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 23d day of February, A. D. 1893.

[Seal.] By the Court, PHINEAS AYER, Judge of Probate.

Feb-24-Mch-3-10

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of thirty dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Gust Carlson, of the city of Duluth, state of Minnesota, to Nahum Totman, of the city of Fairfield, state of Maine, bearing date the third day of December, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the third day of December, A. D. 1891, at 3:40 o'clock p. m., in book 72 of mortgages on page 523, said default consisting of the non-payment of the interest on the principal sum secured by said mortgage, due under the terms of said mortgage December third, A. D. 1892, and said default continuing to date hereof, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: Lot number seven (7), of block number eighty-five (85), West Duluth, Second division, according to the plat of said division, recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, state of Minnesota, said premises being situated, in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the eighth day of April, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated February 22nd, A. D. 1893.

NAHUM TOTMAN, Mortgagee.
JAMES I. GILBERT, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Feb-24-Mch-3-10-17-24-31-Apr-7

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS,

In probate court, special term, February 15th, 1893.

In the matter of the estate of Moses O'Brien, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the will of said deceased being this day granted unto Marion E. O'Brien, of said county.

It is ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in Duluth, in said county, on Monday the eighteenth day of September, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock a. m.

It is further ordered that six months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order on Friday in each week for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 15th day of February, A. D. 1893.

[Seal.] By the Court, PHINEAS AYER, Judge of Probate.

Feb 17-24-M-3

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by Isaac Kaufmann, mortgagor, to James T. Hale, mortgagee, bearing date the sixteenth day of March, A. D. 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 27th day of April 1889, at 9 o'clock a. m., in book 41 of mortgages, on page 30; such default consisting in the non-payment of one hundred and twenty-seven (127) dollars of the principal sum thereby secured which became due February twentieth, 1890, and of interest thereon from said date at the rate of eight per cent per annum;

And, whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and is actually due at the date of this notice, upon said mortgage debt, the sum of one hundred and fifty-six and 60-100 ($156.60) dollars, principal and interest, and twenty-five dollars attorneys fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof; and whereas, no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof:

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All those tracts or parcels of land, lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows to wit: Lots numbered one (1), two (2), and three (3), in block twenty-two (22), in Kimberly and Stryker's addition to Duluth according to the recorded plat thereof; which said premises, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and twenty-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth in said county and state on the fourteenth (14th) day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 18th, A. D. 1893.

JAMES T. HALE, Mortgagee.
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.
Jan. 21-F. 3-10-17-24-M. 3.

EVENING HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Telephone—Business office, 324, two rings; editorial rooms 324, three rings.

Eastern Office—100 World Building, New York. A. E. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily, per year	$7.00
Daily, per three months	1.80
Daily, per month	.60
Weekly, per year	1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn. March 3.—The storm that was central over Missouri and Kansas yesterday morning has moved nearly east, instead of northeast as was expected, and is now east of over Lake Ontario. Its passage to the south of here had the effect of drawing down to over this section a large body of cold dry air which has been lying quiet in the far Northwest for the past few days, and lowered the temperature considerably over the Mississippi valley and the adjacent territory.

All of the Northwestern part of the country is below zero, the lowest is 22 below at Prince Albert, N. W. T., and from that it ranges to 54 above at Memphis, Tenn.

Light rain and snow fell in most all parts of the country during the past twenty-four hours, and light snow is still falling at many widely scattered places, and rain at Memphis, Tenn.

The highest point reached by the temperature here yesterday was 15, falling to 6 below during the night.

DULUTH, March 3.—Continued fair; slightly colder today; warmer Saturday; north to west winds.

B. H. BRONSON,
Local Forecast Official.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—Forecast For Minnesota: Generally fair; northerly winds, colder in extreme northern and extreme southern portions Saturday morning; warmer by Saturday evening.

Notice of Removal.

The Herald has removed to its new building at 220 West Superior street, midway between Second and Third avenues, where it will be able to handle its rapidly expanding business to better advantage. The business office will be found on the first floor and the editorial rooms on the third floor from the Superior street main entrance.

The Rush For Land.

The strange impulse which causes men to rush after lands in Indian reservations, which are frequently less desirable in every way than other government lands awaiting homestead entry, is again exemplified in the case of the Cherokee strip.

Congress failed to pass a law opening this section to settlement and the hundreds of men and families who have been waiting many weary months for authority to enter upon the lands have at last grown desperate and gone upon the lands without permission. The result is that the interior department has called upon the war department for aid to expel the intruders from the strip, and a bloody contest may result in some instances between the troops and the exasperated settlers.

Yet there are better lands in Minnesota, as yet unoccupied, than can be found in the Cherokee strip. Northwest of Duluth, in what is known as the Rainy River region, there is some of the richest agricultural land that the sun ever shone on, and hardly an acre of it has been occupied. Within a short time railroads will bring it into easy communication with the outside world, and it will have every facility needed by the successful farmer. There is wood in abundance for fuel and fences, and building houses and barns. There are numerous streams of beautiful water and icy cold lakes filled with splendid fish, while game is plentiful everywhere.

It is a perfect garden of wild flowers in the summer months, and settlers could not find a more inviting spot in the whole country. Yet it stands unoccupied today, while thousands rush upon Indian reservations and fight over the possession of land that does not approach this in richness and fertility and in beauty of scenery and natural advantages. Man is indeed a curious animal.

The Saturday Herald.

The entrance of The Herald into its new building, which is unsurpassed in room, convenience and elegance of finish by any other newspaper building in the Northwest, outside of the Twin Cities, will be signalized tomorrow by a special number of twenty pages. Ten thousand copies will be printed and circulated all over the country and cannot fail to prove a valuable advertisement for Duluth and The Herald.

It is almost unnecessary to say that the contents of tomorrow's issue will be of a high character. Although handicapped by the delays and annoyances incident to removal from the old to the new quarters, The Herald will present a newspaper complete in every department. Naturally there will be considerable space devoted to The Herald itself, which will soon celebrate the eleventh anniversary of its birth, and its eventful history during that period, with incidental references to the other newspapers and newspaper workers, will be told at some length. Many papers have been started and perished in Duluth since The Herald first saw the light of day.

The handsome new Herald building will be illustrated and there will be a picture and interesting description of the fast web perfecting press recently placed in The Herald's press room to handle the large and steadily increasing circulation. It is appropriate also at this time to take a glance at the progress which Duluth has made in 1892, and the many features of development assured for the present year.

An illustrated article on the great electrical plant of the Great Western Manufacturing company, now being put in at West Duluth, which has attracted the attention of the electrical world, will be read with interest, as will another illustrated article on the other numerous important manufactures centered at this point. Duluth's progress in trade and commerce will likewise be covered. The center of railway construction in the Northwest at present is Duluth, and the meaty article on the Duluth railways will present in a concise and accurate manner the developments that are taking place in that line.

Tomorrow's edition of The Herald will contain a great news feature—a full and well-written account of the inauguration ceremonies in Washington, the report being received over the special United Press wire in The Herald office. When The Herald gets through with its story of this interesting event tomorrow there will be nothing left for the Sunday morning papers to tell about it. The Herald's report of the inauguration will be profusely illustrated, and in connection therewith will be given bright sketches and faithful portraits of all the members of the new cabinet, and splendid pictures of the president and vice-president-elect.

The ladies will also find much of interest in connection with the inauguration story, because The Herald will accompany it with an accurate large portrait of Mrs. Cleveland, a smaller one showing Baby Ruth and her mother, giving in connection therewith a charming sketch of Mrs. Cleveland and a complete description of the handsome gown which she will wear at the inauguration ball. Sketches of all the wives of the new cabinet officers will add interest to this page, which will also contain a special article from New York on the beautiful ball gowns worn by Mrs. Willie Vanderbilt and other ladies of the "400" at the ante-Lenten gayeties. Mrs. Mendenhall's household economics article will also appear.

The great sporting events at New Orleans next week, including the Hall-Fitzsimmons fight for the largest purse ever hung up in a contest, will be treated at great length, followed by a budget of the latest sporting news. The dramatic page will be bright and sparkling, and Bill Nye will contribute one of his humorous letters that are so eagerly looked for in The Saturday Herald. These features which have been enumerated, in addition to all the latest news at home and abroad, will complete a newspaper that will not be surpassed in the Northwest tomorrow.

The London Saturday Review does not like the way in which football is played in the United States, for it remarks that "it seems admirably adapted for paying off old grudges, and proving conclusively that good-humored pluck and skill are no match for savage brutality and irrelevant violence." These characteristics, thinks the Boston Transcript, ought to commend the American style of playing, as thus depicted, to the favor of the Review.

The editor of the Minneapolis Times, which ably supported the Democratic cause in November as at all times, apparently has his eyes fixed on a foreign mission, if the following from yesterday's issue be any indication: "After all, a foreign mission offers some inducements that a place in the cabinet does not, and then there are alluring things about a first-class consulship, and a second-class one is not so bad."

They are raising money in Minneapolis to start a religious revival with as much ostentation and bombast as they usually display in raising the exposition funds. Yet the world has heretofore been led to believe that "money is the root of all evil." But Minneapolis is a funny place and a revival at so much a head for each person saved is about as effective a mode of advertising as any other that could be devised.

The News-Tribune now gets its telegraphic news from the "boiler plate" factory by express. This is a sad tumble from the pinnacle of boasting about an improved news service. Meanwhile The Herald continues to print all the news hot from the wires—news when it is news and not from twelve to twenty-four hours late.

Who says that Kittel Halvorsen is dull? Here is what Maj. Baldwin is quoted in a recent interview as saying about him: "Kittel Halvorsen is the only man in the present congress who can elucidate the silver question. He is undoubtedly one of the greatest orators of this age."

Some of the foreign bondholders of the Reading road demand that Mr. McLeod be removed from the receivership. It is unlikely, however, that the man who is best posted on the company's intricate business affairs will be dropped.

Senator Washburn says he will not give up the fight for the anti-option bill and will push it in the next congress, confident that it will be passed. But how about Grover? Would he veto it? There's the rub.

The costumes of a burlesque company have been seized in Massachusetts to satisfy a debt, from which it is inferred that it must have been a very small claim.

AMUSEMENTS.

"The Two Sisters."

Of Denman Thompson's "The Two Sisters," which appears at the Lyceum Monday and Tuesday evenings, the New Haven Union says: "The play is a perfect museum of city characters, cleverly and clearly drawn, presented naturally and effectively and with true and abundant humor. The acting had for its leading and most pleasing characteristic a quiet naturalness, a subservience to methods of comedy rather than to that of farce. The cast is excellent from beginning to end, and that is saying a good deal. The piece is effectively staged, especially the scene on the house-tops o' New York at night, and the scene before the hotel where the men sit smoking in their shirt-sleeves, listening to a street musician, are all characters by a faithful realism without exaggeration. Such plays as this, honest and, in a rudely artistic way, successful attempts to hold the mirror up to our daily life are worth a thousand of the average melo-drama, with its absurdities and exaggerations.

The Boston Stars.

The Boston Stars, one of the very best concert companies in the country, will give a concert on Tuesday evening at the First Methodist church under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. The company is composed of Miss Marion Osgood, violinist; Miss Viola Morrill, soprano soloist; Miss Edith Terrence Beckford, reader and pianist; and Dudley H. Prescoll, ventriloquist.

Recovers His Speech.

Alphonce Hempling, of Summit township, Butler county, Penn., made an affidavit that his 12-year-old son, who had St. Vitus dance for twelve years, lost his speech, was completely cured after using three bottles of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine, and also recovered his speech. Thousands testify to wonderful cures from using it for nervous diseases, dyspepsia, nervous debility, dullness, confusion of mind, headache, etc. Four doses of this nervine cured Mrs. W. E. Burns, South Bend, Ind., who had been suffering with constant headache for three months. Trial bottle and elegant book free at all druggists.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

I Want to Rent

A house with eight or nine rooms and all conveniences. Must have hot water or furnace heat and location must be first class. Will rent for a term of years. Apply to JAMES R. PARK,
Union Dock, Lake Avenue.

Painters.

See us for prices on painters' supplies.
F. E. BUTTS & Co.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

$45,000 to loan in large or small amounts on improved or unimproved property.

MYERS & WHIPPLE,
Under First National Bank.

Still they come, those California canned goods do it, and no wonder, tomorrow your choice of two cans of grapes or apricots for 25c; and another line lot of that nice butter at 25c just arrived from country. Small profits and quick returns is our motto. E. D. Ayers, 32 East Second street.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

Henry F. Greene has removed to the Herald bldg, 220 West Superior street.

Cures Scrofula

Mrs. E. J. Rowell, Medford, Mass., says her mother has been cured of Scrofula by the use of four bottles of S.S.S. after having had much other treatment, and being reduced to a low condition of health, as it was thought she could not live.

INHERITED SCROFULA.

S.S.S. Cured my little boy of hereditary Scrofula, which appeared all over his face. For a year I had given up all hope of his recovery, when finally I was induced to use S.S.S. A few bottles cured him, and no symptoms of the disease remain. MRS. T. L. MATHERS, Matherville, Miss.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.



The Correct Time;

certainly, it's just the time to buy a watch from our stock of time-pieces. That's the correct thing to do and you'll always have the correct time as long as you have one of our watches about you. We have a variety of clocks which keep correct time too, and tempt purchase by those who wish to keep a watch upon the moments as they fly. Time is money and the dollars paid for one of our clocks or watches is exceedingly well invested. While you have time you want the correct time, and you must carry a watch to have the time always with you. Our clocks and watches are as correct as the multiplication table and a good thing couldn't very well be cheaper.

ANDREW JACKSON,
Retail and Manufacturing
JEWELER,
106 West Superior Street, Duluth

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT

J.E. HAYNIE & Co

American Store.

Friday, March 3rd, 1893.

The weather tomorrow is likely to be generally fair; warmer Saturday evening.

The Shopping Pleasure!

The Young Ladies' Journal says that the shopping season is a "serious pleasure." Now, if a person had never done any shopping they would criticise the adjective, or the expression. But it is perfectly correct.

We Obviate The Serious

By refunding the money on any article bought in this house, returned in good condition.

And we carry too, exclusive, the new, the seasons adoption by the creators of fashion.

Price

Is the lever which does the rest. Many ask why we sell the Novelty Creations under our Low Price System—when through the not-knowing of the trade we could obtain fancy prices. It is not that we are philanthropists, but that we consider our methods the solid, the sure road to permanent success.

The Store

Is teeming with new things. You are always welcome.

J.E. Haynie & Co.

Great Northern Railway Line

EASTERN MINNESOTA RAILWAY,

BETWEEN

Duluth, West Superior, St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Sioux City, Chicago, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, Winnipeg, Butte Helena Spokane and Pacific Coast Points.

All Points East, South and West.

No Line so Handsomely Equipped.

Luxurious Buffet Parlor Cars on Day Trains.

City Ticket Office

432 W. Superior St., The Spalding

C. H. De VAULT,
City Passenger and Ticket Agent
And Depot, cor. Sixth Av. W & Mich.

TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

ONE CENT A WORD!

Advertisements in this column ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FREE.

No advertisements taken for these columns till forbid, i. e. until ordered out.

Every advertisement is carefully classified under its proper heading—easily found, easily read—will reach more readers than can be reached in any other way. Try it.

PERSONAL.

IF MARRIED LADIES ONLY KNEW MY safe and never failing secret. Address with 10 cents Mrs. D. M. C., 85 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS SITUATION AS assistant bookkeeper. D 55, Herald.

WANTED, POSITION BY YOUNG MAN AS assistant bookkeeper or general office clerk. Can give best of references. Room 17 Board of Trade.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER WANTS work in family, good fitter. Address 112 Rear Fifth street East.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN UNDERSTANDS bookkeeping; has typewriter; desires work inside or out. Recommendation given. H 2, Herald.

BY A MIDDLE-AGED GOOD HORSEMAN, the care and handling of a pair of good carriage horses. Address B 56 Herald.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED, BOY OF 15 AT ONCE. CALL with parents at 118 East Superior street.

WANTED—FAITHFUL GENTLEMAN OR lady to assist in office. Position permanent. Railway fare advanced here if engaged. Inclose reference and self-addressed envelope. The National, 23 McVicker's building, Chicago, Ill.

CANVASSERS WANTED FOR EASY SELLing article. Good profits. 405 Woodbridge.

WANTED—A FEW ENERGETIC MEN TO sell our specialties on the installment plan. Good wages and steady work to the right men. W. A. Edwards, 720 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COOK; ALSO to do ironing; small family. No. Munger Row, Piedmont avenue.

WANTED—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK first-class girl. Wages $18, convenient house 24 East Fourth street.

SECOND GIRL, 318 WEST SECOND Street.

WANTED TWO GIRLS FOR GENERAL housework and nurse girl. Apply at 1119 East First street.

WANT A GIRL WHO UNDERSTANDS cooking and general housework. Will pay good wages to right one. Call at 1407 East Third street.

WANTED, COMPETENT GIRL TO DO housework. Good wages. Small family. 1617 London road.

WANTED, A GOOD DINING ROOM GIRL at Central house, 21 Lake avenue.

WANTED, A TAILORESS OR GOOD DRESSmaker at Freimuth's cloak department.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Good wages to competent one. No washing. 205 West Third street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT, FIVE-ROOM HOUSE IN splendid location at moderate rent. Also office in our building. Apply Clague & Prindle, 216 West Superior street.

SEVEN ROOM FLAT, MODERN CONveniences. E. Ingalls, 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, ALL MODern conveniences; steam heat. Enquire 206 Lyceum.

GOOD EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT. Furnace heat, gas and bath; good barn. Upper side Bench street. B. F. Smith, 310 Woodbridge bldg.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 15 First avenue east.

SUITE OF TWO FURNISHED FRONT rooms modern conveniences. 811 East First street.

FOR RENT, A LARGE ROOM ON THIRD floor of the Parsons block, No. 18 West Superior street, suitable for lodge purposes or society meetings. Will be rented reasonable to right parties. J. W. Rowley, 23 East Third street, City.

ROOMS AND BOARD AT 120 FIRST AVENUE west. Hot air heat and bath. Centrally located.

SHOP ROOM SUITABLE FOR TAILOR OR shoemaker. Cheap rent. 118 East Superior street.

BOARDERS WANTED.

FURNISHED ROOM AND BOARD FOR two. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, IN A PRIvate family, an unfurnished room near heart of city. Address, C 46.

WANTED—BOARD BY MAN AND WIFE IN private family. Address, H, care Herald office.

WANTED—A SMALL HOUSE AND LOT for cash. Not to cost more than $2000. Address C, 68, Herald.

LOST.

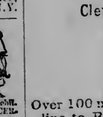
LOST—BETWEEN SIXTH AVENUE WEST and East Second street by way of First street, a beaver fur glove. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at the Evening Herald office.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

"The Cousin of the King"
A Startling Romance of Metropolitan Society.
GREAT PRIZE STORY IN
TALES FROM TOWN TOPICS.
MARCH No. (7) JUST OUT.
Ask news and book dealers for it, or send price, 50 cents, to TOWN TOPICS, 1 West 23d St, N.Y.



$100 FORFEIT
If it does not cure the effects of self-abuse, Early Excesses, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power, Impotency, etc. PALATABLE CERTAIN. I will send FREE the Recipe of a never-failing cure. All ingredients sent in plain, sealed cover. Address, with stamp, C. K. TUPPAR, Sparta Mercantile Goods, Marshall, Michigan.



ST. PAUL & DULUTH RAILROAD.

	Daily Except Sunday Fast Train.	Limited Daily.	Night Daily.
Lv Duluth	9 00 am	1 55 pm	11 15 pm
Ar St. Paul	2 50 pm	6 50 pm	7 15 am
Ar Minneapolis	3 10 pm	7 10 pm	7 35 am
Ar Stillwater	3 15 pm	7 00 am	7 20 pm
Ar Chicago	6 45 am	4 20 am	9 35 pm
Ar Milwaukee	3 30 am	----------	7 10 pm
Ar Omaha	----------	9 25 pm	10 00 pm
Ar St. Louis	----------	5 15 pm	5 55 am
Ar Kansas City	----------	4 50 pm	6 30 am
Lv for Clequet, Carlton	7 30 am	9 00 am	1 55 pm

F. R. ROSS,
Northern Passenger Agent,
425 West Superior Street

ONE CENT A WORD!

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY BY GENtleman and 6-year-old son. Address, C 68, Herald office, stating rate.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND COUNTING room desk. Apply at Herald office.

FINANCIAL.

CASH IN BANK FOR ANY GOOD REAL estate loan, at lowest rates, or purchase money mortgage. Strieker, Manley & Buck.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT ON horses, wagons, household furniture, pianos, diamonds, jewelry and all kinds of personal property, on short notice and a lower rate than you can possibly get it elsewhere. Inquire of Wm. Horkan, manager, Duluth Mortgage Loan company, room 420, Chamber of Commerce building, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS AND jewelry. G. A. Klein, only licensed pawnbroker in Duluth. 17 West Superior street.

ABOUT MONEY—
DO YOU NEED ANY?

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY
Room 201 Palladio Building,

WILL LEND YOU ANY SUM YOU WISH

FROM $10 TO $1000

ON THE DAY YOU ASK FOR IT.

WE MAKE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS AND PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ALL KINDS

IN ANY AMOUNT

At the lowest possible rates, without publicity or removal of property.

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY
Room 201 Palladio Building.

P. B. CROSBY,
COMMISSION BROKER,
Buys and Sells Mining Stocks for Cash.
Room 502 Palladio Building, DULUTH, MINN.
Correspondence Solicited. Weekly Circular.

ATTORNEYS.

L. U. C. TITUS, LL. B., ATTORNEY AT law, 631 Chamber of Commerce building.

JOS. WARD REYNOLDS, ATTORNEY, HAS located his office at suite, 321 Chamber of Commerce.

RENTING AND COLLECTING.

COLBY, EDWARDS' RENTAL AGENCY, 205 West Superior street. If you want a house or store call and see a big list always on hand.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

S Kozlarek to A Mathews, lot 375, block 107, Duluth Proper, Second division	$700
L Signitto to O L Johnson, lots 15 and 16, block 141, Portland division	1,450
West Duluth Land company to M Burett, lots 6 and 7, block 162, West Duluth, Fifth division	4,500
E J McLenahan to L A Cox' lands in section 23-50-17	450
L P Swanstrom to W O Fosher, lot 15, block 148, West Duluth, Fifth division	3,000
G R Laybourn to W W Sanford, lots 9 and 10, etc. block 8, New Endion division	650
A E Humphreys to J F Burke, lot 22, block 29, Virginia	500
Virginia Improvement company to J F Burke, lot 25, block 29, Virginia	250
F Cox to J F Burke, lot 30, block 19, Virginia	500
J F May to J F Burke, lot 23, block 29, Virginia	100
J F Burke to E C Burke, lot 22, block 29, etc. Virginia	3,000
Total transfers	$18,320

The Short Line —TO— CHICAGO.

The Pullman Car Line to St. Paul and Minneapolis.

For St. Paul and Minneapolis.	Day Exp. Ex. Sun's	Night Ex Daily.
Lv Duluth	10 00 am	11 00 pm
Ar West Superior	10 20 am	11 20 pm
Ar Spooner	12 25 pm	2 05 am
Ar Stillwater	4 32 pm	7 00 am
Ar St. Paul	5 00 pm	7 20 am
Ar Minneapolis	5 40 pm	7 30 am

For Eau Claire, Chicago and the East.	Day Exp. Ex. Sun's	Chicago Special Daily.
Lv Duluth	10 00 am	4 50 pm
Lv West Superior	10 20 am	5 10 pm
Ar Eau Claire	4 15 pm	10 15 pm
Ar Milwaukee	----------	7 25 am
Ar Chicago	8 00 am	7 45 am

Parlor Cars on day trains.
"Chicago Special" runs through without change of cars for any class of passengers between Duluth and Chicago.

GEO. M. SMITH, General Agent.
B. W. SUMMERS, City Ticket Agent. 405 West Superior St.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic R'y.

DIRECT LINE TO

Boston, New York,
Montreal, Buffalo,
Philadelphia, Pittsburg,
Cleveland, Detroit,
All points in Michigan,
The East and South.

Over 100 miles shorter than any other line to Boston and all New England Points.

Over 70 miles the shortest line to all Points East of Mackinaw or Detroit Mich.

WAGNER SLEEPING CARS
ON ALL THROUGH TRAINS.

For tickets, sleeping car accommodations and full information, apply to

T. H. LARKE, Commercial Agent,
426 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN
Spalding Hote Block

ONE CENT A WORD!

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

M. S. & W. H. COOK, SURVEYORS AND civil engineers. 317 Fourteenth avenue east.

STOVE REPAIRING.

HEATING STOVES, RANGES AND COOK stoves repaired on short notice. Castings furnished for nearly every stove made. American Stove Repair works, 118 East Superior street.

DRESSMAKING.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING IN ALL branches at reasonable prices. Mrs. C. F. Smith, 125 First avenue west.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

THE MOST RESPECTABLE LICENSED office in Duluth, free of charge to all; also have a full line of hair switches, curls, etc. Mrs. M. C. Bothold, 225 East Superior street.

PLUMBING.

W. W. McMILLAN COMPANY,
HEATING AND PLUMBING,
216 West Superior street.

WILLIAM DONALDSON & SON,
Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters and Sanitary Engineers
24 First Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.
Jobbing work a specialty. Orders left at Simon Clark & Co.'s store, 113 West Superior street, Telephone 75—will receive prompt attention.

MINING ENGINEERS.

CHARLES F. BOWE, SPECIAL ATTENtion given to the examination and reporting on mineral lands. Iron lands bought and sold. Analyses of all kinds made on short notice. 621 Chamber of Commerce.

ARCHITECTS.

G. A. TENBUSCH, 391 BURROWS BUILDing, Ins.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. L. BALLWIT, Midwife. Full graduate of German college of Accouchment. Cupping, etc. done. 609 East Third street.

American Loan and Trust COMPANY.

Capital Stock $600,000
Guarantee Fund with State Auditor, $100,000

RECEIVES DEPOSITS subject to check and issues certificates of deposit bearing interest.

5 PER CENT PAID

on certificates running six months. Loans made at lowest rates on approved security. Central city and school bonds purchased.

DIRECTORS:

Clinton Markell, L. Merritt, Wm. McKinnon, James Charnley, A. W. Bradley, R. H. Barr, Wm. E. Richardson, A. B. Clapp, D. G. Cass, Edward L. Bradley, George A. Elder, H. Sizer, Arthur H. Brown, F. M. Osborne, Chas. E. Lovett

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.—

Whereas default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by John W. Shollenberger, unmarried, mortgagor, to James Mohr, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of February, A. D. 1888, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly filed for record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1888, at 11 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book 19 of mortgages, on page 53, such default consisting in the nonpayment of the principal sum of four hundred and fifty dollars and of the semi-annual instalment of interest thereon amounting to the further sum of one hundred eighty ($180) dollars, all of which sums became due and payable on the first day of February, A. D. 1893, and all of which was secured by said mortgage;

And, whereas, there is therefore now claimed to be due, and there is actually due, upon said mortgage debt at the date of this notice, the sum of four thousand seven hundred sixteen and 80-100 ($4716.80) dollars, principal, interest, exchange, and seventy-five dollars attorney fees stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure thereof;

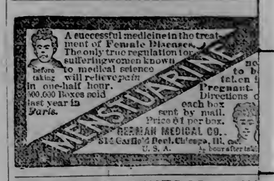
And, whereas, no action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, which has become operative by reason of the default above mentioned, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All the westerly one-half of lot number one hundred one hundred eighty-eight (188), and all the easterly one-half of lot numbered one hundred ninety (190), both lots named lying and being in block twenty-four (24), Duluth Proper Second division, according to the accepted and recorded plat hereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis county; which said premises, with hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and taxes (if any) on said premises, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and disbursements allowed by law, by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 17th day of April A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 3, A. D. 1893.

JAMES MOHR,
Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
(March 3-10-17-24-31 April 7.)



WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES
(Northern Pacific R. R. Co., Lessee.)
Latest Time Card
Two Through Trains Daily.

Lv.	Ar.		Ar.	Lv.
12:45pm	6:25pm	Minneapolis	9:05am	4:1
1:30pm	7:10pm	St. Paul	8:20am	3:3
10:15am	4:45pm	Duluth	11:40am	6:3
1:50pm	7:25pm	Ashland	8:20am	3:2
7:15am	9:30am	Ar Chicago Lv	5:45pm	10:3

Tickets sold and baggage checked through all points in the United States and Canada. Close connections made in Chicago with trains going East and South.

For full information apply to your nearest ticket agent or JAS. C. POND, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago

WE INAUGURATE TOMORROW MORNING WHAT WE ARE PLEASED TO TERM

AN OLD-TIME BURROWS SALE!

One of the Kind That Has Made the Great Eastern Famous.

Our Great Special Sales of the past have been the means of supplying thousands of people with excellent Clothes at prices that astonished every one. the Sale we have for TOMORROW ONLY will discount anything in that line we have ever given, and Duluth people know that means much.

THIS IS THE LAST CHANCE THIS SEASON—TAKE ADVANTAGE OF IT.



$27.00
$25.00
$22.00
$20.00

SUITS And OVERCOATS!



THESE ELEGANT SUITS

Include Every Color and Fabric.

They are made in Single and Double-Breasted Sacks and Frocks, and are our own strictly Tailor-made, every one of them; the kind that any man can wear any time, and look and feel well dressed.

AT $15.00!

FOR TOMORROW ONLY!

300 All-Wool Boys' Suits, ages 14 to 19, in Single and Double-Breasted; worth up to $18.00.

Tomorrow, Choice - - - $10.00

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

$5.00! CHOICE TOMORROW ONLY! Any Pair Tailor-made Trousers in Our House, $5.00!

ITASCA COUNTY'S TAX

The Charges Made By Senator Keller Appear to Have Stirred Up the Minneapolis Lumbermen.

T. B. Walker Claims That All His Lands Are Recorded and Are Taxed to the Limit.

Some Say Lumbermen Pay Taxes in Itasca County to Evade High Taxes in Minneapolis.

The lumbermen of Minneapolis are taking considerable interest in the investigation ordered by the senate into charge by Senator Keller that large acreages of land in Itasca county escape taxation, owing to the fact that the county officers are, almost without exception, employes of lumber firms owning the land. The situation is pretty thoroughly explained in the following interview with T. B. Walker, who was one of the lumber owners in Itasca county on a large scale:

"So far as I am concerned," said Mr. Walker, "I have not one acre of land in Itasca county that is not of record or on which I am not paying the full assessed taxes. For all the lands I have ever owned in any of these counties the deeds have been recorded without delay and the taxes have been paid every year in full to the present time. I do not know personally one of the county officials in Itasca county. It is undoubtedly true that the men engaged in running that county are more or less connected with the lumber firms of this city, or Little Falls, or St. Paul, or St. Cloud, or Duluth.

"The inhabitants of those frontier counties are necessarily lumbermen, as that is exclusively and entirely the business carried on in the county. There is no agricultural population and will not be for many years. The organization of the county was entirely unnecessary. I do not believe the other gentlemen whose names were mentioned with mine have any unrecorded deeds, or that any of them escape paying the full taxes due on their land in that county.

"The fact is, I consider the reverse of this statement the true one, the lumbermen are compelled to pay taxes that are assessed upon them in counties where they have personally no vote, and although these men are largely dealing with the lumbermen, either selling them goods, cutting timber for them, driving logs or other work connected with the log business, yet they do their own voting, levy and collect their own taxes and dispose of them as they think best, without any particular reference to the men who have to pay the taxes.

"Itasca county is a very large one and the settlement is very small, so there is no occasion for very extensive taxation for county purposes. The state receives its full amount of taxes so far as I have any knowledge, and if excessive taxes are not levied for local purposes it will only save the county from being denuded of pine at a much earlier date. The investigation will show what the facts are. I do not know who the county assessor is, or any of the other officers of the county. I have seen the name of the recorder on the back of deeds.

"I do not believe the taxpayers have anything to do or to say about the amounts of taxes assessed on the valuations placed on the lands—either Mr. Shevlin or any one else—not nearly as much so as the taxpayers do in all other counties of this state."

ON THE WRONG SCENT.

Senator Keller Barks up the Wrong Tree. Say the Lumbermen.

It seems that practically all the more important Minneapolis lumber men own Itasca stumpage and are interested in the proposed investigation, but according to the story told the Journal yesterday Senator Keller is on the wrong scent. It is now claimed there is a concerted movement on the part of certain Minneapolis lumber firms to evade a taxation on their logs in Minneapolis, but not to evade the taxes in Itasca county. Two Minneapolis companies have been organized for this express purpose, viz:

The Pine River Logging and Improvement company, composed of ex-Governor John S. Pillsbury and C. A. Smith; and the Grand Rapids Logging company, composed of the members of the Shevlin-Carpenter company. The Pine River Logging and Improvement company owns the logs from the time they are cut in the woods until the following May 1, when they are sold to Pillsbury and Smith.

The Grand Rapids company in a similar way holds the logs of the Shelvin-Carpenter company until May 1. The result of this plan is that the logs are taxed in Itasca county where the tax is merely nominal and escape the the tax in Minneapolis which is 2 per cent. Under the operation of this scheme, which is not denied by the gentlemen who were talked to this afternoon, Itasca county is really a gainer for she collects taxes each year which otherwise would be collected in Minneapolis.

That the tax is evaded also in Itasca county the lumber men do not believe. The saving that is the result of this double-headed corporation plan is an important one. The two firms named cut in Itasca county yearly at least 50,000,000 feet each which is worth at least $8 a thousand, or a total of $400,000. The difference between a nominal tax in Itasca county and a 2 per cent tax in Minneapolis is sufficient to make the double corporation an object.

WHEAT INSPECTION.

Superior Board of Trade Committee Discusses the Subject With Elevator Men.

The committee of the Superior board of trade on the bill for state inspection met yesterday with the Duluth and Minneapolis elevator men. There were present besides the Superior millers and the committee, W. C. Farrington, representing the Great Northern elevators; G. G. Barnum, of the Duluth Elevator company; S. D. Cargill, the Minneapolis elevator man, and A. Harrington and S. A. Harris, also of Minneapolis.

The elevator men were questioned by the committee on many points. G. G. Barnum told the committee that what Superior should have in order to get the business is a good sample market. S. D. Cargill was put on the stand by the committee. In answer to an inquiry as to the result of having two separate inspections he said: "If you have two separate grain inspections at the head of the lake it will be the same as not having any at all as each will try to do a little better than the other."

R. M. Todd then asked the elevator men how it would suit them to let the Superior board do the weighing and let the Minnesota inspection stand. "That would suit me," Mr. Barnum replied, "and I would go right down to St. Paul and work for it. The plan is, I think, to have the state of Minnesota appoint the weighers and after paying them turn what was left over to the Superior board."

Some of those present thought the Superior board ought to appoint the weighers, but did not fight this question very much. What prevented the members of the board from being in favor of Mr. Todd's proposition was that the state of Minnesota had every year lowered the charge for inspection and they feared that it would lower the charge for weighing and thus the board would not make anything. One of the committee members said: "What we want is to appoint the weighmasters and have the net revenues after the weighers have been paid and to regulate the fees. Provided we can have that we will be willing to let the Minnesota inspection stand."

The elevator men explained that it would be no object to the board to have the power to regulate the fees for if they made the fees higher than those at Duluth shippers would not patronize Superior.

It was finally decided that when Mr. Cargill goes to St. Paul he would see the warehouse and railroad committee of the legislature and arrange to have them meet the committee of the Superior board Monday or Tuesday. The proposition to give the Superior board the appointment of weighmaster and to allow it the net revenues will be pushed by the Superior committee.

Great Promise for Wood Manufacturers.

It is only quite recently that manufacturers of furniture, wagons and wood work generally have become aware of the wonderful promise offered by North Galveston, Tex. Directly tributary to this young city and not many miles distant in Eastern Texas are over 46,000,000 acres of timber which comprises all of the high grade hard and soft woods.

Many people are coming in and are now doing business, but there is room for a great many more. With rail and water facilites for shipping, and markets in all directions, there should not be any hesitation about the outcome of manufacturing ventures. For further particulars call on or write Holwick & Youngblood, 327 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn., the local agent. The address of the home office is North Galveston association, box 963, Minneapolis, Minn.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

Dock and Warehouse

Near the canal to lease to the right parties for a term of years on a basis of but 5 per cent or for sale on exceptionally easy terms. Apply at 206 Palladio building.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

Notice of Stockholders Meeting.

Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Iron and Steel company will please take notice, that the annual meeting of this company called for March 8th, 1893, has been postponed until the return of the treasurer Mr. Simon Clark, from Scotland.

Attest: HENRY TRUELSEN,
Vice President.

FRANK M. ZELLER,
Secretary.

Duluth, March 1st, 1893.

I have for trade a first mortgage of $1250 which I can trade for house, lots or good acre property in Duluth, West Duluth or Superior; can pay $400 to $500 cash and assume a small mortgage. Have customer for house in Portland or Endion division. L. P. SWANSTROM, 409 Palladio Building.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

TWO DIVORCE SUITS.

Two Neglected Husbands Who Want to be Separated From Their Spouses.

Two divorce suits were commenced in the district court yesterday. John Cadott wishes to be separatcd from his wife Phillom and alleges that she has been guilty of adultery with Felix Roberts, Joseph Brush and Joseph St. George. The plamtiff wants an absolute decree of divorce and the custody of his two daughters.

The other action is also brought by a husband, a Finlander, John Erik Kjelman. He charges his wife, Britha, four years his senior, with being unfaithful to him and John Isacson is charged with having led her astray. He asks an absolute divorce.

An Afternoon in a Studio.

A recital or rather "an afternoon in a studio" will be given tomorrow from 4 to 6 p. m. at 309 Temple block by Misses Moak, Mackey and Proctor, assisted by Sydney Brown. It will be a social as well and tea will be served. A number of musical pupils will take part in the program. Miss Proctor will also exhibit specimens of art work.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

He Found Out.

"Evelina," said Willie as he thought that a bright thought hit him. "why am I like a diecbox?"

"Because you are about to be shook," answered Evelina as her taper fingers glanced over the keys in a dreamy movement, and Willie drifted out in the snow, and Evelina never knew why he thought he was like a dicebox.—Philadelphia Call.

A Tragedy.

The Tramp (at the side door)—Yis, mum. Your little dorg run out an bit me, dernnim!

The Hostess—Little Fido bit you? Poor little thing! And you, you wretched man, I don't suppose you care—even—if—he's—boo-hoo—p-p-pois-oned!—Chicago News-Record.

Learning a Sad Truth.

Miss Naive—It must be great fun writing a joke and sending it in to a paper.

Spacer—Yes, it is. It is only when it is returned to you that you find out it is no joke.—Life.

The Worst of It.

Mrs. Youngwed (anxiously)—Do you think darling baby's lungs are sound, John?

Mr. Youngwed (sadly)—Alas, yes; they're all sound!—Tit-Bits.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Kickapoo Indian Remedies

WHAT THEY ARE.



They are the Purest, Safest and Most Reliable medicines Known to Humanity. They have never failed, never will fail, Never Can Fail. The Essence of their Nature is Health, their Composition Based upon God-given Indian Instinct, their Combination Founded upon the Solid Rock of centurial experience, their Virtues Absolutely Indisputable, their Success Only Limited by their Never-ceasing Production.

No Poisonous Ingredients Enter into Their Formula, no Mineral is Tolerated in their Pharmacopœa, no Subtle Chemical Fume in their Medicine Kettles. The Forest is their Laboratory. The Roots, Barks, Gums of Trees and Herbs are their Components. Kickapoo Indian Medicines are not Mineral but Vegetable; not Poisonous but Healing; not Death-dealing but Life-giving; not Destroying but Upbuilding and when Applied in Season and used with discretion They Perform Great Cures.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa

GIVES

"Long Life and Good Health."

AND IS THE

Only Genuine Indian Stomach and Blood Remedy Sold in America.

Sold by All Druggists and Medicine Dealers. $1 Per Bottle, 6 for $5.

Kickapoo Indian Oil, (For pains) 25 Cts. | *Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer, 25 Cts.*
Kickapoo Indian Salve (For Cuts) 25 Cts. | *Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure, 50 Cts.*

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., HEALY & BIGELOW, AGENTS, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of nine hundred and fifty-two (952) and 50-100 dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Inez A. Caulkins and E. H. Caulkins, her husband, to John Dorfee, bearing date the 23rd day of February A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of February A. D. 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in book 69 of mortgages, on page 236, and

Whereas, said mortgage and the indebtedness thereby secured was duly sold and transferred to Hendrick Dorffi by an assignment thereof in writing duly executed by said John Dorfee and dated April 22, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 1st day of March A. D. 1893, at 2:10 o'clock p. m., in book 97 of mortgages, on page 395, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The east half of the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section number nineteen (19) in township number forty-nine (49) north of range number fifteen (15) west of the 4th P. M., in St. Louis county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and twenty-five dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 3, A. D. 1893.

HENDRICK DORFFI,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JNO. JENSWOLD, JR.,
Attorney.
(March 3-10-17-24-31-April 7-14.)

MORTGAGE SALE—

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of eleven hundred and sixty-seven (1,167) and 28-100 dollars which is claimed to be due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Inez A. A. Caulkins and her husband, E. H. Caulkins to John Dorfee, bearing date the 23rd day of February, A. D. 1891, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 24th day of February, A. D. 1891, at 4 o'clock p. m., in book 69 of mortgages, on page 238, and

Whereas said mortgage and the indebtedness thereby secured was duly sold and transferred to Hendrick Dorffi, by an assignment thereof in writing duly executed by said John Dorfee to said Hendrick Dorffi, dated April 22, 1892, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1893, at 2:10 o'clock p. m., in book 97 of mortgages, on page 396, and no action or proceeding at law or otherwise having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof:

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the premises described in and covered by said mortgage, viz: The west half of the south west quarter of the southeast quarter of section No. nineteen (19), in township No. forty-nine (49), range No. fifteen (15) west, in St. Louis county, and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, will be sold at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and the taxes (if any) on said premises, and twenty-five (25) dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m., of that day, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 3, A. D. 1893.

HENDRICK DORFFI,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JNO. JENSWOLD, JR.,
Attorney.
Mch3-10-17-24-31 A-7-14

The Pioneers of Low Prices.

CHOICE

Tomorrow Only!

ANY STIFF HAT IN THE HOUSE.

$1.98

These include everything, $5.00, $4.00, $3.50 and $3.00 Hats.

M. S. BURROWS & CO. Cor. Superior St. and First Ave. W. Duluth, Minn.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.

Dr. Schiffman fills teeth without pain.

"Gill's Best" flour, the home manufacture of Duluth, is the best in the market.

Let this remind you that F. E. Butts & Co. have the wall papers necessary for your spring decorating.

The curling contest at the Glen Avon rink last evening resulted in a victory for the rink skipped by D. R. MacClennan, its score being 7 to 6 for the MacLeod rink. There was quite a crowd on hand to see the game.

Dr. Wayland Hoyt, the Minneapolis clergyman, will lecture at the High school this evening on "Lessons of a Great Life." Dr. Hoyt is a fine speaker and his lecture will certainly be one of more than ordinary excellence.

The school board will hold its regular monthly meeting tomorrow evening.

Births as follows were reported to the board of health this morning: Albert and Matilda Oesterreich, 620 East Second street, a son; Mayer and Sarah Markowitz, 213 Fourth avenue west, a daughter.

John Opdale, of Duluth, has been granted a patent for a vehicle wheel.

The Cheltenham hotel has changed hands, W. G. Cogswell retiring and August Gueck taking charge.

As assistant manager of the Bethel with special reference to evangelistic work the directors of the Bethel have secured the services of C. F. Robel, formerly in successful business in Canton, O.

James and Robert Middleton have sued Isabella J. Carlton and about twenty other heirs of Nehemiah Hulett to compel them to show what title, if any, they may have to certain lots on Lake avenue south in this city.

The county commissioners are in session this afternoon. They have considerable business before them, including some disgruntled taxpayers' complaints.

City Attorney S. L. Smith will be home from St. Paul tomorrow morning, and it is pretty certain he will stay home until after the establishment of the new council.

QUARANTINE REGULATIONS.

Supervising Surgeon Wyman Wants a Copy of Duluth's.

The following letter, bearing date of Feb. 15, has been received by the board of health from Walter Wyman, supervising surgeon general marine hospital service:

"Section 3, of the national quarantine law, which has passed both houses of congress, and has this day been approved by the president, provides that the supervising surgeon general of the marine hospital service shall immediately after this act takes effect, examine the quarantine regulations of all state and municipal boards of health, etc. In order to comply with the duty imposed by this section, I have to request that you will send me a copy or copies of your quarantine regulations."

HELD TO THE JURY.

William Raymond Must Anwer to a Charge of Larceny in the First Degree.

In the municipal court this morning John Fa, a gentleman who grew weary because of the immense load of alcoholic beverages he was carrying in the interior of his person, was given ten days at the sanatarium on the hill in which to rest and recuperate.

Henry Bright, a yellow bearded Swede, with an anarchistic head of hair was compelled to pursue the dreary tread of life for ten days at the county bastile, as the result of a charge of fornication. Lulo Parsons, his partner in the misery paid $7, which now clinks in the treasury as she goes forth a free woman until caught again.

Yesterday afternoon William Raymond was held to await the charge of the next grand jury on the charge of larceny in the first degree. He is supposed to be one of the fellows who broke open and raided a St. Paul & Duluth freight car. In default of bonds in the sum of $300 he was committed to the county jail.

PUREST STRONGEST SNOW FLAKE BAKING POWDER GOES FURTHEST

WILL CLOSE TONIGHT

After Today the Night Schools Which Have Been Conducted All Winter Will Continue No More.

The Attendance Has Been Unusually Large and the Schools Have Been of Much Benefit.

Superintendent Denfeld Back From Boston Where He Attended the National Meeting of School Superintendents.

The night schools which have been popular institutions conducted the past four months under the direction and supervision of the public school authorities, will close this evening. During all this time three rooms have been open at the central High school, one at the Adams school at the West End and for a part of the time one at West Duluth. About 300 pupils ranging in age from 12 to 45 years have given a flattering attendance and shown a deep interest. These have been chiefly Swedes, Norwegians, Germans, with a small number of Hebrews, Italians and Danes. Now and then an American has dropped in but not often. Many have been engaged in severe day labor, yet, so great has been the desire to learn the language of this land of the free that much inconvenience has been met to embrace this opportunity for free institution. Not a few of the young women, while used to better things in the native country, are employed as kitchen servants and in hopes of learning the language of the country and thus fit themselves for more congenial and profitable employment, have regularly appeared each evening, after days of severe trial. It is doubtful if anything in the city is more beneficial and profitable in every way than these free night schools. For short months show great results to those who have kept up observations.

HIS EASTERN JAUNT.

Supt. Denfeld Has Returned and Reports a Pleasant and Profitable Trip.

Superintendent R. E. Denfeld returned yesterday from a two weeks' trip to the East. One great feature of his jaunt was his attendance upon the meeting of the Superintendents' department of the National Educational association which was held in Boston February 21, 22 and 23. From 300 to 500 educators were in attendance each day but of that number about 80 per cent were from the state of Massachusetts and New England generally. Thursday afternoon, the last day, the publishers of Boston gave a lunch to the superintendents which brought them together with about forty authors and literateurs of New England. It was a most enjoyable occasion and one of the most pleasant features was an address and the reading of a poem by and from Oliver Wendell Holmes.

On Washington's birthday, the members of the association were invited to Cambridge, where they were banquetted and entertained by President Elliott and the fellows of Harvard college. The program carried out at the meetings of educators was most complete and interesting and were delivered and discussed by most able and noted men.

During his absence, Supt. Denfeld visited the public schools of Aurora, Ill., Saginaw, Mich., and Racine and Milwaukee, Wis. The result was not to make him discouraged with the Duluth schools and his work in them.

Teachers' Meeting.

The regular teachers' meeting will be held at the Central high school tomorrow morning. The general meeting will be held at 10 o'clock and at 9 o'clock will be held the principals' meeting in charge of Miss M. L. Olds, principal of the Franklin school. The grade meetings will be taken in charge as follows: Seventh and eighth grades, Miss Stella Albright; fifth and sixth grades, Miss May Caldwell; third and fourth grades, Miss Beulah Gilman; second grade, Miss Jennie O'Connell; first grade, Miss Nellie Stoughton.

THE VALUE OF A LEG.

Joseph Allard Had His Leg Crushed and Broken and Wants $25,000.

Joseph Allard has commenced an action in the United States court against the West Duluth Light and Water company to recover $25,000 for personal injuries while in the employ of the defendant. He alleges that he was employed as a bell hole digger and main and pipe adjustor and that on June 10, 1891, he was working in a trench on Grand avenue between Fourth and Fifth avenues west, a piece of pipe was being lowered into this trench and the braces were removed so as to admit of it and were not replaced. While he was working there the sides caved in and his leg was caught and crushed and broken. He claims to have sustained permanent injury and considers it worth $25,000.

A Superior Rink Coming.

There will be a curling contest at the Glen Avon rink tomorrow afternoon between Duluth and Superior rinks. The champion Duluth rink, R. J. MacLeod, skip, H. Hurdon, E. S. Palmer and Alex MacRae will play. Ald. Neil Smith will skip the Superior rink and is said to be one of the finest skips in the Northwest.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

Picture Frames.

Our spring line of gold mouldings is elegant. See them.

F. E. BUTTS & CO.

Bargains in Real Estate.

Are you looking for a good residence? Call and see what I can show you. Lots in Duluth proper, Portland, Endion and East Duluth. E. W. MARKELL, 7 Phoenix blk.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS, G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt. Genl. Agt.

FORECAST FOR Friday, March 3: Continued fair; slightly colder today; warmer Saturday; north to west winds.

FAIR HIGH

The Pioneer Fuel Co.'s COAL

Is selected from the best grades and special care used in preparing it for domestic use.

Dry Cord and Pine Wood

Cut in suitable lengths for household use. Orders promptly delivered.

City Sales Office: 416 West Superior Street. Telephone No. 161.

Weather predictions appear here daily.

PERSONAL.

J. W. Norton and wife, left yesterday afternoon for New Orleans, La. Mr. Norton will return in about ten days and Mrs. N. will remain for some time.

Charles Himrod, of the blast furnace company, came up from Chicago this morning.

W. D. Willard, of Mankato, is in the city.

Judge Baxter arrived last evening from Fergus Falls via St. Paul.

W. W. Murray, of Buffalo, N. Y., is at the Spalding.

A. W. Trenholm, of Spooner, Wis., is in the city.

M. P. Harlburt, of Ashland, is in the city.

M. D. Kelly, the St. Paul & Duluth roadmaster, is in the city.

George Foley, of St. Paul, is at the St. Louis.

Sam Grant, of Faribault, is here today.

J. P. Peterson and wife, of Phillips, Wis., are visiting in the city.

Day K. Smith left this noon for the East.

G. F. Copeland, of St. Paul, is in the city.

Messrs. Nelson and McGregor, both graduates of the state normal school of Geneseo, N. Y., have arrived in Duluth and will at once enter upon their duties as teachers in the public schools.

S. H. Moer returns from the range today after a two weeks' trip.

M. Douglas returned from the East today.

THE Duluth Board of Trade

Finding additional room necessary will build a very large and handsome building.

Property adjacent to this building will be immensely increased in value.

No site has been selected and property holders, with others interested, are invited to submit offers of bonus to be paid for the location of the Board of Trade building upon a site named by the guarantors of the bonus.

Offers of bonus must be made in the name of persons of known responsibility or accompanied by ample guarantees.

Within reasonable bounds the building will be placed in the locality offering the largest bonus.

O. C. HARTMAN, A. D. THOMSON, JNO. MACLEOD, FRANKLIN PAINE, Committee.

WHEAT OPENED STRONG.

A Big Break at Chicago Weakened Prices Here a Little.

The wheat market was marked by a strong opening today, first sales of May No. 1 northern being made at 76¾c, or ½c above last night's close. There was a break to 76½c and then another fall of ½c, after which it slowly recovered to 76¾c by noon. The market ruled dull and inactive after that hour with declining tendencies. There was a break 1¼c in a few minutes at Chicago, but the market here did not respond. The close was the same as yesterday, except May No. 1 northern, which was ½c lower. Following were the closing prices:

No. 1 hard, cash, 68¼c; March, 68¼c; May, 72¾c; July, 75½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67¾c; March, 69¾c; May, 70¼c; July, 72c. No. 2 northern, cash, 69c. No. 3, 54½c. Rejected, 49¼c. On track—No. 1 northern 67½c; No. 2 northern 68¾. Rye, 47c. Flax, cash, $1.17¾; May, $1.18½.

Car inspection today, 17.

Receipts—Wheat, 20,250 bus. Carson track, 48; last year, 109.

Outside Markets.

CHICAGO, March 3.—The close: Wheat, March, 74½c; May, 77½@77¾c; July, 75½c. Corn, March, 40½@40¾c; May, 42¾@43¼c; July, 44c. Oats, March, 30¼c; May, 32¾c. Pork, March, $18.60; May, $18.80. Lard, March, $10.10; May, $10.15; July, $12.20. Ribs, March, $10.45; May, $10.50.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 3.—Wheat: May opened at 69c and closed at 67¾c; July opened at 71c and closed at 70c. On track—No. 1 hard, 67½c; No. 1 northern, 66c; No. 2 northern 63.

New York Stocks.

	Opened.	Closed.
Atchison	32¾	32⅝
C., B. & Q.	96	96
Chicago Gas	90¾	90
Erie	22	21⅝
C. & N. W.	112¾	112¾
St. Paul	77¾	77
Delaware, Lackawanna & West'n	----	----
Louisville & Nashville	75⅛	74
Missouri Pacific	55⅞	54⅝
New England	32½	32⅜
Northern Pacific	41⅛	39⅜
Reading	26⅜	25⅜
Rock Island	84⅛	83
Richmond Terminal	----	----
Sugar Trust	124½	125⅛
Union Pacific	38⅜	37⅛
Western Union	96⅜	95⅛
Whisky Trust	35¼	35⅛

W. P. BROWN, GRAIN, PROVISIONS AND STOCKS

Private Wires to Chicago and New York.

107 and Chamber of Commerce.

DULUTH STOCK EXCHANGE.

Nearly All the Trading Today Was in Unlisted Stocks.

Sales of today on the stock exchange were almost entirely unlisted stocks, one alone changing hands to the extent of 900 shares. Total sales of the day were 1150 shares. Following were the closing quotations:

Stock.	Par Value	Bid.	Asked.	Last Sales. Cash.	Time.
Biwabik	$100	39 00	40 00	----	----
Cincinnati	100	1 55	1 65	----	----
Cosmopolitan	100	----	----	----	----
Clark	100	50	75	----	----
Gr't North'n	100	7 25	8 00	----	----
Keystone	100	----	1 00	----	----
Kanawha	100	2 00	2 10	2 05	----
L'ke Superi'r	25	2 25	2 75	----	----
L'tle Mes'ba	100	4 75	6 50	----	----
Lincoln	100	----	----	----	----
Mahan Iron	100	85 00	95 00	----	----
Minneapolis	100	13	40	----	----
Me'hall'tain	100	15 00	19 50	----	----
Shaw	100	5 00	5 85	----	----
Scerty Land	10	25 00	32 00	----	----
Washington	100	----	----	----	----

Duluth Cash Grocery

208 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Eggs! Eggs! Eggs!

Strictly Fresh 25c Per Dozen!

Best Patent Flour $2.05 Per Large Sack.

Sugar! Sugar! Sugar!

20 lbs. fine White Sugar $1.00

Coffee! Coffee! Coffee!

5 Pounds Cracked Java $1.00

We sell Tea at Lowest Prices.

Butter. Butter. Butter.

25c per lb. Creamery 28c per lb.

Rolled Oatmeal	10c per pkg
Rice	5c per lb
Sweet Sugar Corn	10c per can
Fine Pink Salmon	15c per can
Lobster	23c per can
Best Jap Tea Dust	12c per lb.
28 bars Best Soap	$1.00
Peaches, Pears, Apricots	15c per can
Succotash, String Beans, Peas	10c per can
Blackberries	10c per can
Red Cherries	12c per can
Black Raspberries	12c per can
Evaporated Apricots	18c per lb.
Dried Peaches	15c per lb
Muscatel Raisins	9c per lb., 3 lbs 25c
English Currants, 6c per lb., 20 lbs. $1.00.	

DULUTH CASH GROCERY CO.

MALCOLM MATHESON, Man'gr.

THE COUNTY POOR.

Synopsis of the Report of the Superintendent of the Poor.

Capt. Anton Paul, county superintendent of the poor, has prepared his report of the operations of his department for February. Applications for relief received, 108; visits made, 86; cases where relief was granted in groceries, 79; value of groceries, $187; orders for wood or coal issued, 52; value of same, $126; county patients in hospital, 27; hospital bills during the month, $542.69.

The county poorhouse had 35 inmates Feb. 1 and there were 9 received during the month and 10 were discharged. There were 34 inmates March 1. The poorhouse expenses for the month were $385.96.

Dr. Fullerton made 2 visits at the poorhouse, 50 at the hospitals and 9 visits elsewhere during the month. There were 6 burials furnished at an aggregate cost of $11.30. Nine persons were furnished transportation to other places, the aggregate value of the same being $66.70. Miscellaneous expenses were $34.55.

Italians Quarrel.

Mike Mainello has sworn out a complaint against Antonio Prislo, charging him with assault and battery. These children of sunny Italy entered into an altercation near the Pastoret & Stenson block, and Antonio slugged Mike, so the latter alleges, in the ear. Hence the invocation of the arm of the law to smite Antonio one in return.

CREDITORS ARE ANXIOUS.

A Kentucky Marble Dealer Missing With Considerable Cash.

CENTRAL CITY, Ky., March 3.—W. M. Casseday, of the firm of Casseday & Vick, marble dealers, is missing, and his creditors are anxious as to his whereabouts. During the past week Casseday has collected about $11,000, which he failed to account for.

He was receiver for the Ancient Order of United Workmen and a prominent member of the Presbyterian church. He left last night without informing his wife or children of his destination.

Would Not Accept.

NEW YORK, March 2.—A dispatch to the World from New Orleans says: In conversation with a reporter yesterday Phil Dwyer said that if the Corbett-Mitchell purse was offered to him as final stakeholder he would certainly refuse to accept. The only explanation that he would make was that he had had enough of it.

A "Day Nursery."

On March 6 a "day nursery" will be opened at the Bethel on Lake avenue. This is designed to afford working mothers a place at which they can leave their infants and small children while out at work. These will be carefully attended and given lunch for a charge of 5 cents per day. A free kindergarten is also in operation five days in the week.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

Help wanted to distribute circulars. We pay $3 per 1000. Must give good references. Apply at once. Address Mutual Advertising company, Chicago, Ill.

West Duluth.

Two lots on Fourth avenue west, cheap; lots on Central and Grand avenues; large list in Third and Seventh divisions. City agent West Duluth Land company. E. W. MARKELL, 7, Phoenix blk.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS, G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt. Genl. Agt.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

$950 will buy a home in Hazelwood. Center of developments for 1893. Easy terms. COFFIN & WARNER.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

FREIMUTH'S

Mammoth Department Store.

SATURDAY BARGAINS!

15c. 50 dozen of Hemstitched White and Colored Border Handkerchiefs, never sold for less than 25c. FOR SATURDAY, 15c.

New Muslin Underwear.

29c. Seven Odors of Colgate's Guaranteed Uniform Strength Perfumes; regular 50c quality. FOR ONE DAY, PER OZ. 29c.

Fine Dress Trimmings.

$4.50. SHOES—Ladies' French Dongola Crimped Vamp Button Shoes; very stylish. Regular price, $6. THIS SALE, $4.50.

Fine Children's Shoes.

$3.50. SHOES—Ladies' French Kid-Turn Bluchers, all widths and sizes; cheap at $4.50. FOR ONE DAY, $3.50.

New Shoes in Daily.

$1.90. SHOES—500 pairs Ladies' White Canvas Oxford Ties, worth $3.50, FOR SATURDAY, $1.90.

KID GLOVES, 69c. One lot of Suede Kid Gloves worth $1; for tomorrow 69c.

93c. 22 doz. Foster's Lace Gloves sold always at $1.25; Saturday at 93c.

$1.15. One lot of $1.50 and $1.75 Gloves, all new shades; at $1.15.

$1.69. Foster's Mousquetaire, in black and colors, regular price $2; for today and tomorrow, $1 69 per pair.

JUST AS GOOD VALUES ALL OVER THE HOUSE AT FREIMUTH'S

88c. 15 dozen Jersey Ribbed Underwear, our $1.25 quality. TOMORROW, 88c.

New Veilings.

21c. 12 dozen Embroidered Handkerchiefs, regular 35c quality, FOR ONE DAY, 21c.

New Dress Goods.

$4.50. SHOES—Ladies' French Kid Cloth Top Button, Piccadilly and London Toe, hand-made, regular price $6. FOR SATURDAY, $4.50.

Gents' Fine Slippers.

$3.75. SHOES—Ladies' French Kid Cloth Top Buttons, regular price $5. $3.75.

New Shoes in Daily.

$3.75. SHOES—Ladies' French Kid Button Hand Turn, very stylish, worth $5.00, at $3.75.

FREIMUTH'S.

Dispense With Alimony.

He declared that he loved her and believed her heart was not unresponsive.

She pressed his hand, which was a real eloquent way of saying no, it was not.

"And yet"——

His voice thrilled with sadness.

——"I cannot ask you to be my wife."

"And why"——

She was recoiling in alarm.

——"not, pray?"

"Because"——

He faltered and then told her that with his limited income he dared not assume the expense of a matrimonial alliance.

She protested and urged that they could live for almost nothing.

"Live," he bitterly rejoined; "ah, if it were only living. But think"——

He rose agitatedly.

——"of my paying alimony when I earn only $10 a week."

She did not hesitate. In that hour of trial the jewel of true womanliness shone with undimmed refulgence.

"Listen"——

She insinuated her arm about his neck.

——"I will be economical. I will do without alimony unless you get a raise in salary."

He could only fold her to his bosom while his tears ran all over the puffs of her sleeves.—Detroit Tribune.

Buy your wood and coal of DULUTH FUEL CO. Basement First National bank.

The Town Of Biwabik!

Has increased 1000 Per Cent in population in the last half year, and is growing rapidly. Two railroads in operation and its tributary mines are among the biggest and best. All who go and see the growth and activity, buy, and thus make money. The easterly 40 is now on sale. Remember "the early bird catches the worm," and call early. It will pay you.

D. W. Scott, 408 First National Bank Bld'g., DULUTH, MINN.

$8.00--BEST SET OF TEETH



CULLUM, Painless Dentist. Room 702, PALLADIO BUILDING.

LOVETT'S BOSTON ★ STARS

Grand New First M. E. Church,

Third Avenue West and Third St.

TUESDAY, MARCH 7th.

Reserved seats, only 50c. Now on sale at Duluth Music Co., Boyce's or Smith & Chandler's Drug stores, Or at Y. M. C. A.

Prices Reduced!

In order to close out balance of WINTER STOCK.

Reduction on all Warm-lined Shoes and Slippers.

High-cut Overshoes and Alaskas all go at reduced prices.

Samples and Odd Lots of Fine Shoes at COST TO CLOSE OUT.

FOR BARGAINS IN RELIABLE FOOTWEAR CALL ON

A. WIELAND, 123 W. SUPERIOR ST.

CATARRH

Are you over troubled with CATARRH in any form? If so, go at once to A. Tattersall & Co., 607 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn., and try CATARRHALIX, the greatest known cure for this offensive and dangerous disease. Do not delay! Catarrhalix reaches the diseased parts at once, giving immediate relief and drives the poison from the system, and effects a positive cure.

Cures acute cases in seven days. Price of CATARRHALIX only ONE DOLLAR. Costs nothing to learn all about this great remedy.

A. Tattersall & Co., No. 607 Chamber of Commerce, DULUTH, MINN.

Eyes Examined Free!

Sight is of Priceless Value and the Preservation of the Eyesight is of the Highest Importance.

Mr. J. T. Corwin, graduate of Chicago Ophthalmic College, may be found at W. A. Montague's jewelry store, No. 325 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn., where he will be permanently located on and after March 4th, 1893.

We have every facility for testing the eyes and fitting them with glasses which will preserve the sight. Defects of vision from various causes can be helped, and in many cases permanently cured, by the use of glasses especially adapted.

Call and see him before your eyes are any worse.

Ben Hur!

—AT THE—

Temple Opera House

BEGINNING

Friday, March 10th,

Under the auspices of the LITTLE PILGRIM FREE KINDERGARTEN.

Clark & Cox's grand spectacular production of Gen. Lew Wallace's world famous story. A beautiful and instructive presentation of scenes from the Holy Land at the Dawn of the First Century.

Not a passion play, but omitting everything that might appear sacrilegious from copyright. Libretto arranged by the author for Clark & Cox and with the permission of Messrs. Harper & Bros.

Tickets at Regular Prices.

6% "ON OR BEFORE" MORTGAGE LOANS. NO DELAY. CLAGUE & PRINDLE, 216 West Superior Street.

Twenty Pages--PART ONE--Pages 1 to 6.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1893. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. THREE CENTS

Minn. Hist. Society

GREAT PAGEANT

Grover Cleveland Inaugurated at Washington Today as President of the United States a Second Time.

A Blinding Snowstorm Marred the Occasion But it Was More Successful Than the Last.

Forty Thousand Men and a Fair Leaven of Women Marched Along the National Avenue.

The Governors of Eleven States Joined in the Ceremonies and Emphasized the Country's Size.

More Imposing Parade in Military and Civic Display Than That of Any Previous Inauguration.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Grover Cleveland, of New York, thrice nominated for president of the United States and twice elected, was today successfully inducted into that high office for his second term, with all appropriate ceremonies and the gathering of a mighty multitude, and with the accompaniment of a blinding snowstorm. But notwithstanding every disadvantage of weather, the last occasion was greater than the first.

Had the atmospheric conditions been anything like favorable, instead of being as bad as could possibly be, there would probably have been 60,000 men and a number of ladies marching or riding in the parade, as against 25,000 in 1885. The were all here waiting to fall in line, but at the last moment many of the organizations were compelled to desist from participation. Nevertheless the occasion was made memorable by the vast attendance.

Today also the governors of eleven great states, New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Massachusetts in the North and East; of Pennsylvania and Maryland, among the Middle states; of Georgia, North and South Carolina and Louisiana in the South and of Wisconsin in the far West, participated in the national ceremonies and thereby emphasized the complete restoration of national unity.

More interesting and significant even than this, perhaps in the eyes of other nations and the historian, were the manifestations of the marvelous growth of the country in population and power and the fact that this momentous and majestic change in the government of 65,000,000 millions of people was accomplished according to a cut and dried formula, every step of which was planned and publicly announced beforehand and without noticeable disturbance of public interests or the creation of any excitement except that naturally accompanying a great national pageant and the influx of two or three hundred thousand sightseers into the capital.

Eight Years Ago.

The order of proceedings was almost identically the same as four years ago, with the action of the chief participants reversed, and it differed very little, except in the extent of the demonstration, from the ceremonies of eight years ago, which brought Mr. Cleveland to Washington (on the 2nd of March, 1885) for the first time in his public career. Time and that "capacious urn" of death, which "keeps every name in motion," had wrought many changes in the interim, however.

The most dramatic incident connected with Mr. Cleveland's first inauguration was the passage by the house of representatives, under the skillful management of Speaker Randall, of the bill which authorized the placing of Gen. Grant on the retired list of the army with the rank and pay of a full general. President Arthur's nomination of the dying hero to the position thus created, and the senate's immediate confirmation of the appointment, in open executive session then and there held for the first and only time in its history—all this accomplished within a few minutes of the hour when the Forty-eighth congress and the administration of President Arthur passed out of existence together and while Vice President Hendricks was waiting at the door of the senate chamber to take the oath of office, at the hands of acting Vice President Edmunds and barely twenty minutes before Mr. Cleveland commenced reading his inaugural address from the east portico of the capitol.

Grant, Arthur, Hendricks and Randall, the chief actors in this memorable drama, have all since been called away, and Senator Edmunds has retired to private life.



BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Four Years Ago.

Four years later, when Mr. Cleveland in turn surrendered the chief executive office of the nation to Benjamin Harrison, conspicuous in the distinguished throng participating in the ceremonies in the senate chamber were ex-Vice-President Hamlin, Gen. Tecumseh Sherman, James G. Blaine, William Windom and John C. Fremont, each of whom has since passed to his reward. What changes another four years may bring none may divine, but the experience of the past is eloquent in its suggestiveness of the possibilities of the future.

There are four great leading features of inauguration day; the closing hours of congress, into which so much law making and history are frequently crowded; the ride of the retiring president and the president and vice-president-elect with their military escort from the White House to the capitol, to lay down and take up the reins of power respectively; the pageant of the return-



RICHARD OLNEY.

ing procession and review after the ceremonies of inauguration are over, and the inauguration ball at night.

Since blunt old John Adams, "grip-sack in hand," slid out of the White House in the early morning dawn of March 4, 1801, to avoid extending to his hated rival, Thomas Jefferson, the hospitalities of the executive mansion, there has been no break in the uniform courtesy extended every four or eight years by the retiring chief to his successor, unless there be excepted the personal misunderstanding which arose between President Andrew Johnson and Gen. Grant in the last days of the former's administration which made their intercourse a frigid formality.

In this year of grace, courtesy between



PRESIDENT GROVER CLEVELAND.

the outgoing and incoming powers has reigned supreme, as witness the banquets given by the senate without distinction of party to Vice President Morton and Secretary Carlisle, the reception tendered by Vice President Morton to Vice President Stevenson, and the marked civilities exchanged between Presidents Harrison and Cleveland.

"I desire the ideas of President Harrison carried out as to my conveyance to the inaugural ceremonies," wrote Mr. Cleveland. "A very sensible suggestion is attributed to him, and that is that I ride in his carriage as he did in mine on March 4, 1889," and so it was. All the ceremonial calls and the other niceties of the day were observed between them with a cheerful alacrity indicative of almost cordial friendship.

A Magnificent Scene.

The scene along the line of march was such as no city but Washington and no street but its broad, well-paved Pennsylvania avenue could produce. Public and private stands erected along the line of march from the capitol to a point beyond the White House had an estimated seating capacity of 60,000 persons and every one of them was crowded.

Previous experience with the Knights Templar conclave three years ago and the encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic last year had prepared the city to receive and accommodate crowds but no such vast concourse as this ever before gathered in the nation's capitol. The two roads, the Boston & Ohio and the Pennsylvania, which alone up to the present time have the right of entry into the city, were taxed to their utmost capacity.

Thousands of other visitors came in by river and by road. Boating and coaching parties were organized from Maryland. The steamboats anchored in the river afforded sleeping accommodations for their guests, and the coaching parties were able to drive to the suburbs and there obtained free and more airy accommodations than in the densely crowded city.

Every foot of standing room along the route of the procession, fully two miles in length was occupied, windows commanding a view of the parade brought fabulous prices, and advantageous seats on the public stands commanded prices ranging from $5 up, and down. The main stand from which President Cleveland reviewed the parade was erected immediately in front of the White House. It was 150 feet long and quite deep and had a comfortable seating capacity for 1100 persons, 600 more than the corresponding stand erected on the same site for the inauguration of President Harrison.

It was decorated with effective taste. In the center was an arch forty-two feet high and similarly draped and surmounted by the arms of the United States. On the extreme right was the coats of arms of New York (Mr. Cleveland's state). On the extreme left was the coat of arms of Illinois (Vice President Stevenson's state), and between them were displayed the armorial bearings of the other members of the thirteen original states. Above each of these insignia was a banner bearing the name of the state.

Cushioned seats were provided for the president and his cabinet who surrounded him; and folding chairs were supplied for the diplomatic corps who were arranged immediately behind him. On either side were seats for senators, members or the house of representatives and specially invited guests. The nearest stand to that of the president was assigned to representatives of the press. It had a seating capacity of 200, and the applications to the press committee nnmbered a little over 2,000.

An Array of Stands.

The vast treasury building was completely walled in with stands. The principal one extended along the entire front of the building along Pennsylvania avenue and had a capacity for seating several thousand people. This was an open stand and was intended to be occupied chiefly by the department employes and their families. But the position most sought after in connection with the treasury building, was the stand on Fifteenth street which commanded an unobstructed view of the avenue all the way to the capitol.

On all the little parks and public reservations on the line of march and on every other available point, stands were erected, the largest of all exterding the entire length of Lafayette square, immediately in front of the White House and the president's stand, and seating fully 50,000 people. Profiting by past experience and bearing in mind the discomfort occasioned by the wretched weather of four years ago nearly all the stands were made both wind and water proof, and thus afforded far more pleasant shelter than ever before.

The finishing touches to the decorations were not accomplished until almost the last moment, but they were effective, though not so varied or artistic as those which New York, under the directions of its committee on taste, displayed on the occasion of its Columbian celebration. The preponderance of red, white and blue burting, relieved by other tints, gave an air of sameness to the general effect which might well have been avoided.

On Capitol Hill.

Capitol Hill, far as the eye could reach from the eastern front of the capitol, was an undulating mass of bumanity assembled to witness the administering of the oath of office to the new president



HILARY A. HERBERT.

by the chief justice of the United States and to hear, as many as could get within ear shot, the inaugural address. The picturesque and thoroughly republican practice of taking the oath of office and delivering the inaugural address in the open air, in the presence of the people, was begun by Zachary Taylor in 1849. Previously the inaugural address had been read in the senate chamber.

Jefferson was the first president to be inaugurated in Washington city. Washington read his inaugural in New York, Adams in Philadelphia. Washington's first inaugural was 1300 words in length; his second only 134. John Adams' inaugural was 2300 words long; Jefferson's, 2100; Madison's 1100 on both occasions; Monroe's 3300 and 4400; J. Q. Adams' 2900, and Andrew Jackson's first and second each 1100; Van Buren employed 3800 words and Wm. Henry Harrison, the most voluminous of them all, 8500.

John Tyler, in entering upon the duties of president after the death of Harrison,



WILLIAM E. RUSSELL.

addressed his inaugural of 1600 words to the public and published it in the newspapers, congress not being in session. Polk employed nearly 5000 words, Taylor 1000. Fillmore simply announced the death of Taylor in a message of 2600 words, sent into each house of congress, and delivered no inaugural. Franklin Pierce's address was 3000 words; Lincoln's on his first election 3500; on his second only 580.

Johnson took the reins of government after Lincoln's death in a brief message of 360 words. Grant's first inaugural was 1,100 words long, his second 1,300. Hayes employed 2,400 words, Garfield 2,900. Arthur followed the custom of other vice-presidents in succeeding to the presidency through death, by giving only a very short address of 400 words. Cleveland's first inaugural, which he committed to memory, was 1,600 words. Benjamin Harrison entered office with an inaugural of 4,500 words.

Inaugural Weather.

The installation of every president, elected as such by the people, has been attended by more or less of a civic and military parade, the firing of cannon and other manifestations of public rejoicing. The story that Jefferson rode unattended to the capital and hitched his horse to the fence, is simply one of three contradictory accounts of the event and the one bearing the least evidence of authenticity. Country newspaper reports represent him as being escorted from his lodgings to the capitol by a body of militia and a procession of citizens.

In the matter of weather the inaugurations of William H. Harrison, Polk, Lincoln, Grant, Hayes and Benjamin Harrison, alone were marred by storms and rain. All the other presidents were favored with sunshine; some even with balmy weather. Thus the popular idea as to the prevailing incidents of March weather in Washington does not seem to be borne out by the facts. The exceptions, however, have been of great severity. At Grant's second inauguration some of the troops nearly froze at their posts, and many deaths were directly attributable to the cold, drenching rain which accompanied the late president's entry into office.

A Great Parade.

The parade of today was greater in numbers and more imposing in military and civic display than that of any previous inauguration. Gen. Martin F. McMahon, of New York, the grand marshal, carried out in the organization of the procession the same admirable methods of assembling his forces, which made his management of the Columbian parade in New York city last October so successful.

With military sagacity, he recognized the fact that it takes many hours to march forty or fifty thousand men past a given point, even under the most favoring circumstances of broad and well-paved streets, and instead of ordering all the organized bodies to be ready to fall in at one and the same time, he allowed sufficient intervals between the hours of assembling to prevent, as far as possible, fatiguing waits, and so arranged the assembling place on continuous side streets that the men were able to drop into line without delay and without crossing the line of march.

In all these matters he was ably assisted by his adjutant general, Col. H. Corbin, U. S. A. The escorting division composed of artillery, cavalry and infantry of the regular army, brought from the garrisons of Fort Monroe, Fort Myer and Fort McHenry, and the marines from the Washington navy yard, with the admirably ruled national guard of the district, the High school cadet regiment and other local organizations, assembled in the neighborhood of the White House and the war, state and navy building and formed in columns of sections of twelve each promptly at 10:50 They marched down the avenue, accompanying the presidential party from the White House to the capitol prior to the inauguration.

All the rest of the parade assembled below the capitol and marched from the capitol up the avenue after the inauguration ceremonies were over, a distance of fully two miles to the point of disbandment, Washington circle, near Twenty-third street northwest.

For more than half the day the city looked like an army camp. Then with an intervening interlude of Grand Army and Union veterans, came the civic half of the parade, fully as numerous and as interesting as the military display.

The civic procession, under the marshalship of Col. Wm. Dickson, was in six divisions and aggregated more than 20,000 men and quite a noticeable dash of lady equestrians. Tammany, with its gorgeous new banners and badges, held the right of the line.

The second division was assigned to Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, New Jersey and Delaware had the third division, Maryland the fourth, and the fifth was the Western division and the sixth was made up of late arriving organizations. The bicycle clubs of Baltimore and Washington brought up the rear.

A Continual Ovation.

A detailed and itemized report of the great parade today, of course, will not be possible, when a mere enumeration of the various regiments, companies, posts, and civic organizations participating occupies many newspaper columns, but some of the notes and incidents of the parade are merely set down at random. The passage of the president along the avenue was one continual ovation of the most enthusiastic kind. The steady tramp of superbly drilled battalions of regulars, under the command of Gen. Brooke, forming his escort; the suggestive rumble of gun carriages and the soldierly bearing of young cadets, all helped to keep the enthusiasm up.

Recollections of Homestead came to many of the spectators when the governor of Pennsylvania rode by at the head of his regiments of blue-coated Pennsylvania troops. Maj.-Gen. Snowden was in command of the Pennsylvania forces, with Generals Gobin, Wiley and Mechert commanding brigades. The appearance of gray-coated Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, of Louisiana, in command of the third division, was the signal for a renewal of the enthusiastic ovation which greeted him when he appeared in line on the occasion of Mr. Cleveland's first inauguration.

Thereafter came a procession of governors, all of whom were cheered. There was an understanding on the part of the executive committee that the order of precedence should follow the order in which each state entered the Union. This was not quite followed out. Some of the governors (Governor Flower, of New York, for instance), preferred to ride in carriages in the civic half of the parade rather than appearing on horseback at the head of their troops. Governor Wirtz, of New Jersey, and his staff, escorted by a company of New Jersey militia, were followed by Governor Nosten, of Georgia, with the Georgia huzzars for escort.

Governor Morris, of Connecticut, was cheered. The youthful looking and popular Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, was greeted with the same cheers which have followed his every appearance in public the last few years,



VICE-PRESIDENT ADLAI STEVENSON.

since his phenomenal success in Massachusetts politics. Alongside Governor Frank Brown, of Maryland, road a polar bear carrying the original flag of Lord Baltimore, the first English governor of Maryland. The Maryland troops made a fine show. Governor Ben R. Tillman, of South Carolina, sitting upright as an Indian, led the picturesque Palmetto Guards, whose organization has a record extending back to the Mexican war. There must have been a goodly scattering of Badger State folks among the spectators for the discoverer of "Peck's Bad Boy" was the recipient of salvos of applause.

The Tammany Braves.

Headed by Governor Flower and staff and preceded by the banner of the Jackson Democratic association of the District of Columbia, the 3,000 Tammany



GOVERNOR FLOWER.

braves led the civic divisions of the parade. With their huge silk hats, dark overcoats and showy badges, on which the tiger's head was plainly displayed, they were the best looking body of civilians in the parade.

A profusion of streamers with the inscription "The Banner State—61,537 Democratic majority for Cleveland," served to put the spectators on good terms with the Jefferson club of Louisiana. In close proximity to the Louisianas was a small but compact delegation representing the Tuscorora society of Salt Lake City, the Tammany of Utah, and the members of which had undertaken a 3,000 mile journey to participate in the inauguration of a Democratic president.

There was a twinkle in the eye of the vice president and a suspicious moisture about those of his wife when the Illinois club of Bloomington, which formed the escorting party of the vice president to



GOVERNOR TILLMAN.

the capitol, marched passed the reviewing stand. Possibly this might be ascribed to the fact that their only son, Louis G., had the position of honor in the right column as a mark of recognition of the First Voters' association. He is president of this organization and cast his first vote in November for what proved to be the victorious ticket.

A mounted battalion of exceedingly good-looking young women led the Cleveland and Stevenson club of Montgomery county, Maryland. They were the sisters and daughters of members and their dark riding habits and low crowned hats presented a decidedly attractive appearance. The spectators were not slow in catching on to the novelty and the belles from "Maryland" were cheered until their faces were of carmine color.

Changed in Four Years.

There was but one civic delegation in the line that could claim the distinction of having marched in an inauguration parade to the glory of a Republican president and under a Republican banner. This was the John J. O'Brien association of New York. There were twenty ranks of ten men to a rank. Four years ago they marched as Republicans in the parade that attended the inauguration of President Harrison. In the campaign of which today's event was the culmination the organization "flopped" individually and as a whole, and today they cheered as lustily for Cleveland and Stevenson as they did in 1889 for Harrison and Morton.

The ex-president's bailiwick was represented by the Cleveland club, of Indianapolis, the first organized Democratic contingent from the capital of the Hoosier state to attend the inauguration of a president.

President Cleveland has a double. The double was chief marshal today of the Bayard Legation, the crack Democratic organization of the ex-secretary of state. His name is John F. Dolan, and he wears a nineteen inch collar, proportionally high on the neck. A good many people that saw him go by imagined for the moment that he was the new president and had left his place at the head of the parade to do honor to the representation from the domain of his former counsellor.

The Vanderbilt Benevolent association of Charleston, S. C., a Democratic organization named after Cornelius Vanderbilt and of which President Cleveland is an honorary member, turned out in force in the fourth division of the civic parade. Each member wore a fac simile of the of the artistic medal which was presented by the organization to Baby Ruth.

Mr. Cleveland's competitor for the

Continued on page 5.

SAID BY GROVER.

Full Text of the Inaugural Address Delivered By President Cleveland to the Assembled Multitude.

Nothing More Vital to Our Supremacy as a Nation Than a Sound and Stable Currency.

The Verdict of the Voters Condemned the Injustice of Maintaining Protection for Protection's Sake.

President Cleveland Says the Pledges of the Democratic Party Will Be Carried Out By Him.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The inaugural address delivered by President Cleveland from the platform erected from the east portico of the capitol was as follows:

My fellow citizens: In obedience to the mandate of my countrymen I am about to dedicate myself to their service under the sanction of a solemn oath. Deeply moved by the expression of confidence and personal attachment which has called me to this service, I am sure my gratitude can make no better return than the pledge I now give before God and these witnesses of unreserved and complete devotion to the interests and welfare of those who have honored me.

I deem it fitting on this occasion, while indicating the opinions I hold concerning public questions of present importance, to also briefly refer to the existence of certain conditions and tendencies among our people which seem to menace the integrity and the usefulness of their government.

While every American citizen must contemplate with the utmost pride and enthusiasm the growth and expansion of our country, the sufficiency of our institutions to stand against the rudest shocks of violence, the wonderful thrift and enterprise of our people, and the demonstrated superiority of our free government, it behooves us to constantly watch for every symptom of insidious infirmity that threatens our national vigor. The strong man who, in the confidence of sturdy health, courts the sternest activities of life and rejoices in the hardihood of constant labor, may still have lurking near his vitals the unheeded disease that dooms him to sudden collapse.

A Sound Currency.

It cannot be doubted that our stupendous achievements as a people, and our country's robust strength, have given rise to a heedlessness of those laws governing our national health, which we can no more evade than human life can escape the laws of God and nature. Manifestly nothing is more vital to our supremacy as a nation and the beneficent purposes of our government than a sound and stable currency. Its exposure to degradation should at once arouse to activity the most enlightened statesmanship; and the danger of depreciation in the purchasing power of the wages paid to toil should furnish the strongest incentive to prompt and conservative caution.

In dealing with our present embarrassing situation, as related to this subject, we will be wise if we temper our confidence and faith in our national strength and resources with the frank concession that even these will not permit us to defy with impunity the inexorable laws of finance and trade. At the same time, in our efforts to adjust differences of opinion, we should be free from intolerance or passion, and our judgments should be unmoved by alluring phases and unvexed by selfish interests.

I am confident that such an approach to the subject will result in prudent and effective remedial legislation. In the meantime so far as the executive branch of the government can intervene, none of the powers with which it is invested will be withheld, when their exercise is deemed necessary to maintain our national credit or avert financial disaster.

Closely related to the exaggerated confidence in our country's greatness, which tends to a disregard of the rules of national safety, another danger confronts us not less serious. I refer to the prevalance of a popular disposition to expect from the operation of the government especial and direct individual advantages.

The Tariff Question.

The verdict of our voters which condemned the injustice of maintaining protection for protection's sake, enjoins upon the people's servants the duty of exposing and destroying the brood of kindred evils which are the unwholesome progeny of paternalism. This is the bane of republican institutions and the constant peril of our government by the people. It degrades to the purposes of wily craft the plan of rule our fathers established and bequeathed to us, as the object of our love and veneration. It perverts the patriotic sentiment of our countrymen and tempts them to a pitiful calculation of the sordid gain to be derived from their government's maintenance. It undermines the self reliance of our people and substitutes in its place dependence upon governmental favoritism. It stifles the spirit of true Americanism and stupefies every ennobling trait of American citizenship.

The lessons of paternalism ought to be unlearned and the better lesson taught that while the people should patriotically and cheerfully support their government, its functions do not include the support of the people. The acceptance of this principle leads to a refusal of bounties and subsidies, which burden the labor and thrift of a portion of our citizens to aid ill advised or languishing enterprises in which they have no concern. It leads also to a challenge of a wild and reckless pension expenditure, which overleaps the bounds of grateful recognition of patriotic service and prostitutes to viciousness the people's prompt and generous impulse to aid those disabled in their country's defense.

Every thoughtful American must real-

ize the importance of checking at its beginning any tendency in public or private station, to regard frugality and economy as virtues which we may safely outgrow. The toleration of this idea results in the waste of the people's money by their chosen servants and encourages prodigality and extravagance in the home life of our countrymen.

Public Economy.

Under our scheme of government the waste of public money is a crime against the citizen; and the contempt of our people for economy and frugality in their personal affairs deplorably saps the strength and sturdiness of our national character. It is a plain dictate of honest and good government that public expenditures should be limited by public necessity, and that this should be measured by the rules of strict economy; and it is equelly clear that frugality among the people is the best guaranty of a contented and strong support of free institutions.

One mode of the misappropriation of public funds is avoided when appointments to office, instead of being the rewards of partisan activity, are awarded to those whose efficiency promises a fair return of work for the compensation paid to them. To secure the fitness and competency of appointees to office and to remove from political action the demoralizing madness for spoils, civil service reform has found a place in our political policy and laws. The benefits already gained through this instrumentality and the further usefulness it promises entitle it to the hearty support and encouragement of all who desire to see our public service well performed, or who hope for the elevation of political sentiment and the purification of political methods.

The existence of immense aggregations of kindred enterprises and combinations of business interests, formed for the purpose of limiting production and fixing prices, is inconsistent with the fair field which ought to be open to every independent activity. Legitimate strife in business should not be superseded by an enforced concession to the demands of combinations that have the power to destroy, nor should the people to be served lose the benefit of cheapness, which usually results from wholesome competition.

These aggregations and combinations frequently constitute conspiracies against the interests of the people, and in all their phases they are unnatural and opposed to our American sense of fairness. To the extent that they can be reached and restrained by federal power, the general government should relieve our citizens from their interference and exactions.

Equality Before the Law.

Loyalty to the principles upon which our government rests positively demands that the equality before the law which it guarantees to every citizen should be justly and in good faith conceded in all parts of the land. The enjoyment of this right follows the badge of citizenship wherever found, and, unimpaired by race or color, it appeals for recognition to American manliness and fairness.

Our relations with the Indians located within our borders impose upon us responsibilities we cannot escape. Humanity and consistency require us to treat them with forbearance, and in our dealings with them to honestly and considerately regard their rights and interests. Every effort should be made to lead them through the paths of civilization and education to self supporting independent citizenship. In the meantime, as the nation's wards, they should be promptly defended against the cupidity of designing men and shielded from every influence or temptation that retards their advancement.

The people of the United States have decreed that on this day the control of their government in its legislative and executive branches shall be given to a political party pledged in the most positive terms to the accomplishment of tariff reform. They have thus determined in favor of a more just and equitable system of federal taxation. The agents they have chosen to carry out their purposes are bound by their promises not less than by the command of their masters, to devote themselves unreimittingly to this service.

Tariff For Revenue Only.

While there should be no surrender of principle, our task must be undertaken wisely and without vindictiveness. Our mission is not punishment, but the rectification of wrongs. If, in lifting burdens from the daily life of our people, we reduce inordinate and unequal advantages too long enjoyed, this is but a necessary incident of our return to right and justice. If we exact from unwilling minds acquiescence in the theory of an honest distribution of the fund of governmental beneficence treasured up for all, we but insist upon a principle which underlies our free institutions.

When we tear aside the delusions and misconceptions which have blinded our countrymen to their condition under vicious tariff laws, we but show them how far they have been led away from the paths of contentment and prosperity. When we proclaim that the necessity for revenue to support the government furnishes the only justification for taxing the people, we announce a truth so plain that its denial would seem to indicate the extent to which judgment may be influenced by familiarity with perversions of the taxing power, and, when we seek to reinstate the self confidence and business enterprise of our citizens by discrediting an abject dependence upon governmental favor, we strive to stimulate those elements of American character which support the hope of American achievement.

Anxiety for the redemption of the pledges which my party has made and solicitude for the complete justification of the trust the people have reposed in us, constrain me to remind those with whom I am to co-operate that we can succeed in doing the work which has been especially set before us only by the most sincere, harmonious and disinterested effort. Even if insuperable obstacles and opposition prevent the consummation of our task, we shall hardly be excused; and if failure can be traced to our fault or neglect, we may be sure that the people will hold us to a swift and exacting accountability.

Obedience to the Constitution.

The oath I now take to preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States not only impressively defines the great responsibility I assume, but suggests obedience to constitutional commands as the rule by which my official conduct must be guided. I shall to the best of my ability and within my sphere of duty preserve the constitution by loyally protecting every grant of federal power it contains, by defending all its restraints when attacked by impatience and restlessness, and by enforcing its limitations and reservations in favor of the states and the people.

Fully impressed with the gravity of the duties that confront me, mindful of my weakness, I should be appalled if it were my lot to bear unaided the responsibilities which await me. I am, however, saved from discouragement when I remember that I shall have the support and the counsel and co-operation of wise and patriotic men who will stand at my side in cabinet places or represent the people in their legislative halls.

I find also much comfort in remembering that my countrymen are just and generous, and in the assurance that they will not condemn those who by sincere devotion to their service deserve their forbearance and approval. Above all, I know there is a Supreme Being who rules the affairs of men and whose goodness and mercy have always followed the American people; and I know He will not turn from us now if we humbly seek His powerful aid.

HIS FAREWELL ADDRESS.

Vice President Morton Ends His Duties as President of the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—In the senate the usual resolution of thanks to the vice president for the dignified, impartial and courteous manner in which he has presided over the deliberations of the senate was offered by Mr. Harris (Democrat, of Tennessee) and agreed to and after that there was an entire stoppage of the wheels of legislation; and nothing was heard but the noisy hum of conversation on the floor and in the crowded galleries.

About 1 o'clock real time Vice President Morton delivered his farewell address and declared the senate of the Fifty-second congress adjourned sine die. Mr. Morton spoke as follows:

Senators: The time fixed by the constitution for the termination of the Fifty-second congress has arrived and I shall soon resign the gavel of president of the senate to the honored son of Illinois, who has been chosen as my successor. I cannot, however, take my leave of this distinguished body without offering my most grateful acknowledgment for the honor conferred by the resolution just adopted, declaring your approval of the manner in which I have discharged the duties of the chair, and expressing my deep sense of uniform courtesy and kindness, even in critical and complicated situations, extended to me as the presiding officer, by every member of this body.

If I have committed errrors, you have refrained from rebuking them, and I have never appealed in vain to your sense of justice, and have ever received your support. My association with the representatives of the forty-four states of this great nation in this chamber will be among the most cherished memories of my life; and I can express no better wish for my successor than that he may enjoy the same relations of courtesy and kindness that have never been limited by party lines, or controlled by partisan affections and which have so happily marked my intercourse with the senators, may be extended to him.

And now, senators and officers of the senate, from whom I have received so many good offices in the discharge of my duties, accept a feeble expression of my grateful appreciation of your kindness, with my heartfelt wishes for your future welfare, happiness and prosperity in life. The vice-president is now ready to take and subscribe to the oath of office.

The oath of office having been administered, Vice President Stevenson addressed the senate as follows:

Senators: Deeply impressed with a sense of its responsibilities and of its dignity, I now enter upon the discharge of the duties of the high office to which I have been called. I am not unmindful of the fact that among the occupants of this chair during the 104 years of our constitutional history, have been statesmen, eminent alike for their talents and their tireless devotion to public duty. Adams, Jefferson and Calhoun honored its incumbency during the early days of the republic, while Arthur, Hendricks and Morton have, at a later period of our history, shed luster upon the office of president of the most august deliberative assembly known to men.

I assume the duties of the great trust confided to me with no feeling of self confidence, but rather with that of grave distrust of my ability satisfactorily to meet its requirements. I may be pardoned for saying it shall be my earnest endeavor to discharge the important duties which lie before me with no less of impartiality and courtesy than of firmness and fidelity. Earnestly invoking the co-operation, the forbearance, the charity of each of its members, I now enter upon my duties as presiding officer of the senate.

Fire Chief's Report.

Chief Smith this morning filed his report for February with the clerk of the board of fire commissioners. It shows that there were four fires in February. The value of the property endangered was $2300; insurance $1000; loss $1087. Other matters regarding the men, horses and apparatus were reported on and some recommendations made.

Assessments Confirmed.

Assessments made by the board of public works were confirmed by Judge Baxter at the district court this morning as follows: Grading Eighth avenue west from Third street to Ninth street, $7001.52; sanitary sewer in Fourth street from Tenth avenue east to Thirteenth avenue east, $2707.12; grading Third avenue west from Fourth street to Fifth street, $1092 77; paving Third avenue west from Michigan street to Second street, and macadamizing the same avenue from Second street to Third street, $12,300.01. All were final except the one for the grading of Eighth avenue west between the streets named.

A Game on the Quiet.

William Mahar who runs a confectionery store at the corner of Superior street and Seventh avenue west, was arrested by Detective Kenna for maintaining a gambling room. When arraigned today Mahar pleaded guilty and paid a fine of $20.

Do You Want to Borrow Money?

Money always on hand for good commercial or collateral loans maturing within a year, at 605 Palladio.

F. C. DENNETT.

Do you know that you can buy a 15-17 jeweled adjusted watch at Hulberg Bros. 1801 West Superior street, at greatly reduced prices during the coming week? Come and see them.

The new Houghton block has marble floors, fine finish throughout and conveniences. Offices for rent by Stryker, Manley & Buck.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.

'Tis Strange! 'Tis Passing Strange!

And Also Very Interesting!

To hear the various songs the different merchants of Duluth sing in these latter days about the wares they sell (sometimes), the wonderful business they do, and the floor or other space they occupy to hold their goods in—space varying in size from a room 16x30 to thousands of square feet, which usually includes the top, bottom, sides and ends of their store building, both inside and outside; also the ceiling, sides and floor of the rooms they sleep in—all in their frantic endeavors to persuade the public that they are the earth instead of being only its satellite.

First, we hear the shrill pipe of the little fellows in the alleys and up the avenues; then the mellow tones of the songsters west of us, with their patent ready-made ads., and finally the discordant notes of the big bazoo down the street. [N. B. It takes lots of wind to keep their tones up.] When spring opens you will hear the solemn KER-CHUNK of the frogs on the marsh south of us.

But Seriously, Friends, We have never supposed your gold and silver sheckels could be gathered in with such extravagant statements regarding wonderful discounts with a tremendous margin of profit beneath or preposterous LOW PRICE statements which anybody who looks over the market is able to dispute. Such rashness, such exceeding rashness, is not business; it is not business!

But Speaking More Seriously, Friends, We seldom ever hear of these competitors by way of trade, and were it not for their occasionally buying newspaper space in which to sing their woes we would be utterly unconscious of their existence.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Company,

PRICE REGULATORS FOR DULUTH AND SUPERIOR.

YES "The Hit Bird Always Flutters."

Nobody is more conscious of the fact than the coiners of the expression, which must naturally express their own sentiments. It is only because they are doing business on the outskirts of the town, however. When they come this way and join the inner circle they will get some trade which will make them feel better.

The Gigantic (STOCK) Removal Sale

OF THE **Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.**

Begins Monday, March 6th,
And Continues Until Further Notice.

20% DISCOUNT

Will Be Given From Our Regular Prices to All SPOT CASH Customers.

The Sale Will Not Include Carpetings.

Only as far as relates to old patterns and remants. We have been to a great deal of trouble and expense in getting together our elegant stock of NEW SPRING CARPETS, which are already in, and it should hardly be expected of us to sacrifice this stock when the market East is comparatively bare of the choice styles which we have to offer the Duluth trade this season.

THIS SALE does not include Office Furniture nor Crockery and Glassware—but all other goods in our stock will be subject to this sweeping reduction.

We Sell on Easy Payments When Desired.

Do you need accommodation? Have you given this method of our business your consideration?
It is honorable.
It is just and equitable.
Our books contain the names of the best citizens of Duluth, who have availed themselves of its advantages.
We ask a payment of
$ 5.00 on $20.00 Bought.
8.00 on 40.00 Bought.
10.00 on 50.00 Bought.
20.00 on 100.00 Bought.
NO INTEREST CHARGED.

WE HAVE the largest stock of Furniture. We have the largest stock of Carpets. We have the largest stock of everything pertaining to house-furnishing in the city of Duluth.

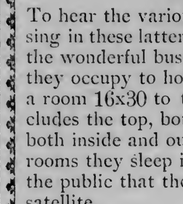
Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.

222 and 224 West Superior Street.

J. STERLING MORTON.

Some Interesting Incidents of His Early Experiences In Nebraska.

J. Sterling Morton of Arbor Lodge, Otoe county, Neb., who is selected for commissioner of agriculture in President Cleveland's second cabinet, was a picturesque and familiar figure in Nebraska for many a year before he became known to the nation at large. He was editor of the first paper published in the territory, the Nebraska City News, when Jim Lane's "free state army" made that city their headquarters in 1856. He criticised Lane savagely, and his office was mobbed, which caused this correspondence:



J. STERLING MORTON.

General James H. Lane:

DEAR SIR—When your men attacked me this morning, I was unarmed. Since then I have procured two of "Colt's speaking trumpets" and propose to use them on any of your men that come within shooting distance of this office. J. S. MORTON.

Lane at once replied:

J. S. MORTON, EDITOR—I suppose when my men read your article criticising Lane's army they became so incensed that without consultation they at once conferred with you. I beg to say they have been "court martialed" and in due time will receive their just punishment, and in the future you may rest assured that you and your property will not be molested.

JAMES H. LANE, General.

Mr. Morton published all this. It raised a great laugh in Washington and led to his being appointed secretary of the territory by President Buchanan. In the absence of the governor he acted as such, and thus got the title which has stuck to him ever since, though he failed of election in many subsequent campaigns. He was born April 22, 1832, in Adams, Jefferson county, N. Y., and was partially reared and educated in Michigan, but was graduated from Union college, New York. In 1854 he married Caroline Jay French, and the young couple soon after located in Nebraska City.

In 1857 he pre-empted the farm now known as Arbor Lodge, and there their four sons were born. Mrs. Morton died in 1881. He has served two terms in the legislature and been three times the Democratic candidate for governor. In 1869 he was declared elected to congress, but before his term was quite out a contestant was declared entitled to the seat. He originated and secured the adoption of what is called Arbor day, a holiday for tree planting. He is an enthusiast on forest culture, also a radical tariff reformer and hard money man—in short, a Democrat after Mr. Cleveland's own heart.

WYOMING'S RICHEST CITIZEN.

Governor Osborne Appoints Him to the United States Senate.

Asabel Collins Beckwith, whom Governor Osborne of Wyoming has appointed senator from that state, is a pioneer of the pioneers. He was in the Missouri river country with a party of trappers 45 years ago at the age of 15; over 20 years ago he drove an ox team across the plains of Wyoming and has been first settler, first merchant or first man to build a frame house in all sorts of places, from the Des Moines river to Promontory Point in Utah.

The result has been that he is rich, vigorous and popular. He has held only two offices. One was a membership in the national World's fair commission and the other a membership in the first town council of Cheyenne. He went there 27 years ago and identified himself with the community by building its first house and opening a grocery. When the railway came and went on, he went with it and was a rich man before he settled in Evanston, a thrifty town near the Utah line. In that section he is the big man. He owns the local bank, herds of cattle and tracts of range, coal mines and coal and timber lands. His hobby is horses, and he breeds trotters on the finest farm in the mountains. He brings Wilkes stock from Kentucky and makes money.



A. C. BECKWITH.

His religious denomination is Methodist, and he is a native of New York, has been married 19 years and has four children. Though his early education was defective, he is a man of wide reading and considerable culture and can make a good speech. Being the richest man in Wyoming, owner of one ranch of 58 sections, of which 14,000 acres are under cultivation, he will make a very pleasant addition to that "pleasantest of social clubs and greatest collection of millionaires in the world"—the United States senate.

Mr. Cleveland's Washington Church.

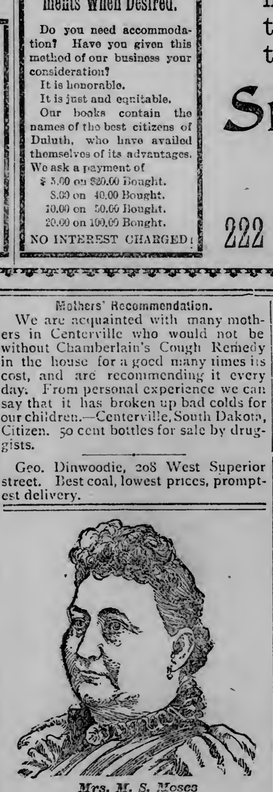
It is understood that Dr. Sunderland's church, the old First Presbyterian, will again number Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland among its pewholders. It was Dr. Sunderland who married Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland, and Mrs. Cleveland during her former residence in Washington was an attendant almost every Sunday and quite active in the charitable and social work of the church. The First Presbyterian is one of the oldest and also one of the least pretentious of all the churches in the national capital. It is a plain, red brick building, without any steeple, and its architecture is scarcely ecclesiastic, but a sign on the front of it speaks more eloquently than towering spire or jingling chimes. It reads: "The church is open from 9 until 5 daily. Come in and pray." This injunction will be obeyed in large numbers of sinners, it is fair to say, especially when Mrs. Cleveland is worshiping in the pew which bears on its gate a silver plate thus engraved, "The President."

No sooner will the weather rally
Let us clear the glowing gate
Then the rug and gladly house fly
Will be prancing on our gate.
—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Mothers' Recommendation.

We are acquainted with many mothers in Centerville who would not be without Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house for a good many times its cost, and are recommending it every day. From personal experience we can say that it has broken up bad colds for our children.—Centerville, South Dakota, Citizen. 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Geo. Dinwoodie, 208 West Superior street. Best coal, lowest prices, prompt-est delivery.



Mrs. M. S. Moses
Fort Atkinson, Wis.

Woman's Greatest Boon

For Weakness, Debility, After the Grip

Took Hood's Two Months and Was Perfectly Well

"I wish to add my mite to the many recommendations of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a general medicine. Last winter my wife had an attack of the Grip, which left her in a very weak and debilitated condition. She tried a good many medicines, but none of them did her any good until she got a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She thought she was better after the first day she took the medicine, and before she had taken one bottle she was so greatly improved that she could

Do Her Housework Alone

Which she had not been able to do for two months. She says Hood's Sarsaparilla is the greatest boon to women in existence. She has been taking it for two months, and considers

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

herself a well woman. This is certainly a good record for Hood's Sarsaparilla, as she had not been well for a year. My son's wife has been taking Hood's Sarsaparilla for swelling in her neck or

Goitre

She noticed that the swelling began to go down when using the first bottle. She is now taking the third, and the swelling is nearly all gone. We have been watching the effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla in this case, and are glad to make so favorable a report." M. S. MOSES, Fort Atkinson, Wisconsin.

Hood's Pills act easily, yet promptly and efficiently, on the liver and bowels. Try a box.

DULUTH CHURCHES.

[Notices of religious services will hereafter be found in this column. Pastor will kindly follow same form in writing future notices. Copy must be received at the business office not later than Friday afternoon.

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, 1515 W. Superior street—Rev. T. M. Findley, pastor. Services at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. Missions at 3 p. m. Young people's meeting at 6:45 p. m. Morning subject, "Harmony of Spirits Human and Divine;" evening, "The Young Bread Merchant." Thursday night meeting very important. Seats free and strangers welcome at all services.

FIRST METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, corner of Second street and Third avenue west—Rev. C. H. Stocking, D. D., pastor. At 9:45 a. m. Class meeting in the church parlors; 10:30 a. m. sermon on "The Spirits Help;" 12:00 m. noon class and Sunday school. 3:00 p. m. Junior league in the lecture room. 6:30 p. m. Epworth league in the lecture room at 7:30 sermon on "The Great Invitation."

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, CORNER Second street and Third avenue east—Preaching both morning and evening by Rev. A. W. Ringland D. D., of Macalaster. Sabbath school meets at noon. Chinese Sabbath school at 3 p. m.; Junior Endeavor society at 4 p. m.; Senior Endeavor society at 6:30 p. m. All welcome.

BETHEL—C. C. SALTER, PASTOR. GOSPEL service at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Evening service at 7:30. "Which Gift is the Most Costly, Life or Death?"

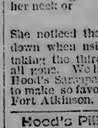
UNITARIAN CHURCH, CORNER SECOND street and First avenue East. F. C. Southworth, pastor. Service at 10:45 a. m., subject "A Mere Man," evening subject, "The Origin and Transmission of the Bible. Sunday school at 12 m. Music by the Arion quartet. Seats free and all are invited.

ST. JOHNS ENGLISH LUTHERAN, CORNER of Third street and Lake avenue—Rev. H. L. McMurray, pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school immediately after morning service. Morning subject: "Hope Purifieth." No services in the evening.

SERVICES AT THE PRO-CATHEDRAL OF the Sacred Heart. First mass with instruction at 9:30 a. m.; second mass with instruction at 8 a. m.; third mass for children exclusively High mass at 10:30 a. m. at which Bishop Heelonuck will preach. Baptisms and blessings at 2 p. m. Sunday school instruction and benediction at 3 p. m. Vespers and benediction at 7:30 p. m. The Rev. T. J. Mackey will preach, subject: "Sacremental Confession.

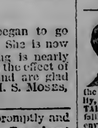
REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

H P Johnson to A T Crossley, lands in section 2-52-15	$ 500
Highland Improvement company to P O'Connor, lot 25, block 15, Duluth proper, Fifth division	300
P O'Connor to L M Belin, lot 25, block 15, Duluth proper, Fifth division	750
Virginia Improvement company to M Persichich, lot 25, block 16, Virginia	200
M J Davis to A T Scarlet, land in section 2-52-15	500
M A Kingman to Abbey Kingman, lot 3, bl ck 31, Lond n addition	1,000
Chapin-Wells Hardware company to D Ogilvie, lots in New Duluth, First division	1,350
D Ogilvie to J F Segog, lots in New Duluth, First division	3,000
B G Segog to J F Segog, 14 lots 566 and 567, block 48, Crossley Park addition	200
N Campbell to B G Segog, lands in section 20-52-15	250
A Anderson to J F Segog, lands in section 10-51-16	250
E S Bowers to J F Segog, lands in section 32-52 14	1,000
O L Johnson to N Masvik, part lots 13 and 19, block 141, Portland division	349
Total transfers	$9,849



$100 FORFEIT

If it does not cure the effects of Self-Abuse, Early Excesses, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Loss of Sexual Power, Impotency, etc. FREE TRIAL. I will send the Recipe of a Nerve Tonic in plain, sealed envelope. Address, with stamp, C. K. TUPPAR, Sparta, Monroe County, Wisconsin.



LEGAL NOTICES.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.

Default having been made in the payment of the sum of two thousand and eighty-one and 85-100 dollars, which became due on the first day of November, 1892, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Louis J. Taussig and Eveleen O'K. Taussig, his wife, mortgagors, to the Minnesota Loan and Trust company, mortgagee, bearing date the fifth day of November, A. D. 1889, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the twenty-first day of November, 1889, at 3:20 o'clock p. m., in book 37 of mortgages, on page 578;

Which said mortgage together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said The Minnesota Loan and Trust company, mortgagee, to Mechanics Saving Bank (of Providence, R. I.) by written assignment, dated the seventh day of December, 1889, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the tenth day of December, 1889, at 8 o'clock a. m., in book 32 of said mortgage records, on page 209;

And whereas there is actually due and claimed to be due and payable at the date of this notice the sum of twenty-one hundred fifteen and 45-100 dollars, including fifteen and 00-100 dollars necessarily paid for insurance, and whereas, the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof;

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot (3) three and the westerly ten (10) feet of lot four (4), Taussig's rearrangement of the south half (½) of block forty-five (45), Harris's division of Duluth according to the plat thereof on file or of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said county of St. Louis in St. Louis county and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances, which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth in said county and state on the eighteenth day of April, 1893, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, and the taxes, and insurance, if any on said premises, and seventy-five dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated December 16th, A. D. 1892.

MECHANICS SAVINGS BANK,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

WILLIAM J. HAHN AND JAMES M. MARTIN,
Attorneys for Assignee,
Minneapolis, Minn.

The above named mortgagor claims that he now has no interest in the property above described.

March 4-11-18-25 April 1-8-15.)

Notice is hereby given that an application has been made to me by Richard Fritz, under the provisions of chapter 42 of the general statutes of 1878 and of the acts amendatory thereof, for a deed of all the following described lots situate in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit:

So much of lots fifty-six and fifty-eight (56 & 58) Carlton street, in Duluth, formerly called Portland, now on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis county, Minnesota, as lies within the limits of lots eight and nine (8 & 9) in block twenty-nine (29) of Portland division of Duluth.

Said application will be heard before me at the court house in the city of Duluth on Saturday, the 25th day of March, 1893, at nine o'clock in the forenoon or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.

It is ordered that notice of such application and hearing be given to all parties in interest, by the publication hereof in The Duluth Evening Herald once each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing.

Dated Feb. 23d, 1893.

O. P. STEARNS,
First Judge, 11th Judicial District.

HENRY F. GREENE,
Attorney for Applicant,
Rooms 200-201 Herald Building,
Duluth, Minn.

(March 4-11-18.)

MONEY SAVED, IS MONEY GAINED!

Therefore, follow the above motto and apply immediately to the undersigned for either a Gas or Water Meter, and rest assured that you will save money.

The demand has been so great during the past two months that we couldn't get meters fast enough from the manufacturers to supply the demand.

We received this week a large consignment, and are prepared to **SET THEM ON SHORT NOTICE.**

PLEASE BEAR IN MIND THAT WE HAVE MADE A

Big Reduction in the Price of Gas!

At the price we are now selling gas, it is the cheapest light in the market, and we guarantee you satisfactory service. Our would-be competitors are not in it. We have them on the run and propose to keep them that way.

FUEL GAS! FUEL GAS! FUEL GAS!

It is surprising the demand for Gas Stoves. The two hundred Gas Stoves we set during the past year are giving such perfect success that the wonder of the consumer is "how they ever got along before without a Gas Stove." We positively guarantee that gas used for cooking purposes is cheaper than coal. So leave your order for a Stove early as the season is drawing near when the manufacturers cannot supply the demand.

Call Upon Us and Leave Your Application for a Meter or Your Order for a Stove, or Telephone Us, No. 54, and One of Our Representavives Will Call Upon You.

232 W. First Street. **DULUTH GAS & WATER CO.** 232 W. First Street.

IN THE LEGISLATURE.

The New Apportionment Which Has Been Agreed Upon By the Senate and House Committees.

St. Louis, Lake and Cook Counties Get Two Senators and Five Representatives By Its Terms.

Bill For the Punishment of Those Who Set Fires In Woods Without Extinguishing Them.

ST. PAUL, March 4.—[Special to The Herald.]—The joint committee of the house and senate on reapportionment have agreed upon the reapportionment giving the senate 54 members and the senate 133 members. This is a loss of one member in the senate from the previous apportionment and a gain of 14 in the house. The gain in the house goes almost entirely to the country districts. Ramsey county gains 2 representatives and Hennepin 1 representative and 1 senator. The apportionment of St. Louis, Lake and Cook remains unchanged. The committee instructed the drafting of a bill to comply with the following apportionment:

	Senate.	Representatives.
Houston	1	2
Fillmore	1	3
Mower and Dodge	1	3
Winona	1	1
Olmstead	1	2
Waseca and Steele	1	2
Freeborn	1	1
Faribault and Martin	1	2
Blue Earth	1	3
Watonwan, Cottonwood and Jackson	1	3
Pipestone, Murray, Rock and Nobles	1	4
Yellow Medicine, Lincoln and Lyons	1	3
Brown	1	1
Sibley and Nicollet	1	3
Le Sueur	1	2
Rice	1	4
Goodhue	1	3
Wabasha	1	2
Dakota	1	3
Scott and Carver	1	3
McLeod	1	2
Renville and Redwood	1	3
Meeker and Kandiyohi	1	3
Lac qui Parle, Swift and Chippewa	1	3
Douglas and Pope	1	2
Big Stone, Traverse, Grant and Stevens	1	1
Otter Tail	1	4
Norman, Clay and Wilkin	1	3
Polk	1	3
Kittson and Marshall	1	2
Todd, Becker, Hubbard and Wadena	1	4
Stearns	1	4
Wright	1	3
Anoka, Mille Lacs, Isanti and Sherburne	1	4
Morrison, Crow Wing and Benton	1	3
Pine, Kanabec and Chisago	1	3
Aitken, Cass, Carlton, Beltrami and Itasca	1	3
Washington	1	2
Hennepin	8	16
Ramsey	5	12
St. Louis, Lake and Cook	2	5
Total	54	133

Senator Allen introduced a bill providing punishment for anyone setting fires for cooking, camping and for smudges in or near any woods where fire is likely to spread without totally extinguishing it before leaving it. Hunters are required to use non-combustible loads in guns. The State Forestry association and the boards of supervisors of each township are required to send out notice of the passage of this law and to post the same in public places in every township.

House file No. 40, O'Neill's bill, making notes payment for premiums on insurance passed the senate today.

The house and senate met today in joint assembly between 11 and 12 a. m. to celebrate the inauguration of Grover Cleveland. Speeches were made by Donnelly, McHale, Cotton, Sanborn, John Day Smith, Tawney, Keller, Dunn and Abbott. Little business was done in the house this morning except consideration of general orders.

The Homestead Cases.

PITTSBURG, March 4.—In criminal court this morning Judge Stowe passed sentence on the convicted participants in the Homestead poisoning case as follows: Dempsey and Beatty each seven years, Gallagher five years, and Davidson three years.

The Paper Won.

PEORIA, Ill., March 4.—The libel suit against the Journal of this city, in which an attorney sued for $20,000 damages, was ended after a three days trial last evening. The jury brought in a verdict in favor of the paper this morning.

DULUTH STOCK EXCHANGE.

Large Sales and More Strength Shown This Morning.

The stock market showed more strength this morning and the sales were large. Since yesterday's report they have been 2250 shares. Cincinnati sold to the extent of 900 shares during the morning at $1.00 and $1.05 a share. Yesterday a large quantity of unlisted stocks were readily taken at low prices. Following were the closing prices:

Stock.	Par value	Bid.	Asked.	Last Sales. Cash.	Time.
Biwabik	$100	30 00	33 00		
Cincinnati	100	1 03	1 09	1 00	
Cosmopolitan	100				
Clark	100	50			
Gr't North'n	100	8 00	9 00	8 50	
Keystone	100				
Kanawha	100	1 75	2 00		
L'ke Sup'r	25				
L'tle Mes'ba	100				
Lincoln	100				
Mutual Iron	100				
Minneapolis	100	10	50		
Mes'baM'tain	100	16 60	18 25		
Shaw	100	5 25	6 00		
Sec'rity Land	10	22 00	27 00		
Washington	100				

West Duluth.

Two lots on Fourth avenue west, cheap; lots on Central and Grand avenues; large list in Third and Seventh divisions. City agent West Duluth Land company. E. W. MARKELL, 7, Phoenix blk.

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

Don't become constipated. Take BEECHAM'S PILLS.

A NEW YORK PORTIA.

Miss Rose Levere Forsakes the Stage For the Forum.



ROSE LEVERE.

Miss Lose Levere of New York city, has been a student, amateur poet, teacher and actress and is now a lawyer, having recently attained the honor of being the first woman admitted to the bar by the second judicial department of New York. She is a graduate of the Normal college in New York city, and of the law department of the city university, at which she took the degree of bachelor of laws in 1892. She is full of energy, surcharged with radical views on all subjects and has a confidence in her own future which is truly sublime.

She was born in Konigsberg, Prussia, some 30 years ago, came to New York in early youth, became a hard student and soon excelled in elocution. Through all these years of working at other things she has, she says, longed to be at the law. Law was her first love, and she has been constant to it. She read the textbooks with perennial delight and just knows she will succeed at the practice. In fact, she entered the law department just as soon as it was certain she could be added. Incidentally it may be added that she is fairly good looking, quite feminine in dress and face and has a clear, sweet voice. She prides herself somewhat on her knowledge of human nature, declaring that she "can see through a person at first glance and tell whether that person is telling the truth." If half of that be true, she will be a marvel indeed as a lawyer.

Truth, she insists, is the basis of all real law, so she will undertake the defense of no one till satisfied of that one's innocence. In politics she seems to be something of a Populist, maintaining that large fortunes should be taxed down; that the multimillionaire should be allowed to give but a moderate portion of his wealth to his heirs, and that the government should take all the rest. Jay Gould's family, for instance, should have had but $10,000,000 or so, "enough to make them comfortable," and the government the other $60,000,000. It is to be hoped that she will acquire wealth in the law and then set the example of dividing with the public.

Horse's Names to Identify Millionaires.

Similarity of names is often a source of much annoyance to the owners, but when the cognomens are identical in every respect the difficulty of identification increases. A case which pointedly illustrates this fact has caused much amusement. Nathan Straus, partner in a widely known general store, and Nathan Straus, wholesale merchant, are both residents of New York, both owners of fast horses and both members of the Driving club. One owns the trotter Majolica, the other the trotter Sooner, and each is distinguished from the other, when named by third parties, by the addition of of his horse's name. So well recognized is this distinction that even its subjects have accepted it, and official notices on the bulletin board of the club sometimes appear signed "Nathan Straus (Majolica)" or "Nathan Straus (Sooner)," as the case may be.

Telephone Lutes' laundry to call for your washing.

THE SLEIGH RIDE.

We took the carriage off its wheels—jes' cut her half away—
An put her on a pair o' slides an changed her to a sleigh;
Then hitched a Georgia mule to her an started on the run,
But the mule, he wasn't used to sleighs an didn't like the fun.

An 'fore we'd got a hundred yards he gave a Georgia kick,
An Brother Jones picked up his bones an Deacon Scott fell sick,
An Sister Spriggins took a flight an landed in a tree,
An scattered round from left to right, the mule—oh, where was he?

There ain't no tellin, brethren, but here's the moral sure—
There ain't no use in sleighin 'less the mule's been there before;
An folks that try to put on style most always play the fool
An find that heaven ain't a mile above a Georgia mule!

—Atlanta Constitution.

Outfielder Lange of Chicago.

There is no more infallible harbinger of the opening of the baseball season than the announcement that comes from Captain Adrian C. Anson as regularly every year as the initial spring chirp of the first robin that Chicago will win the pennant of the coming year. Captain Anson has already made the prediction, and one of the men he expects to assist him in verifying its accuracy is William A. Lange, a young San Francisco giant, who is 6 feet 1 inch tall, weighs 190 pounds and will play in the outfield for Chicago. Lange was a prominent amateur in San Francisco until he was 17 years old, when he began playing ball professionally with the Port Townsend (Wash.) club of the Pacific Northwest league. The Port Townsend baseball cranks—male and female—admired his playing so much that in 1890 they presented him with a $300 watch and chain. In 1891 and 1892 he played with the Seattle and Oakland clubs and made a very creditable reputation for himself.

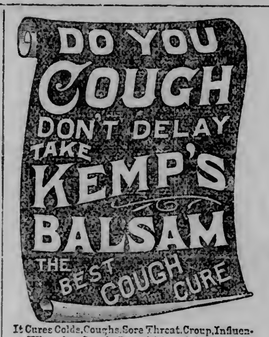


WILLIAM A. LANGE.

Henry F. Greene has removed to the Herald bldg, 220 West Superior street.

For rent, offices in the Houghton block, 405, 407 West Superior street. Apply to Stryker, Manley & Buck.





It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00.

TEMPLE OPERA, J. T. Condon Lessee.

TUESDAY, MARCH 14:
LIEUT. R. E.
PEARY
U. S. N.

The most successful Arctic Explorer of any age, will graphically describe his wonderful experience and thrilling adventures near the north pole while on his trip of 1500 miles across the

Greenland Ice Cape.

These lectures will be brilliantly illustrated by Grand Indescribable Views, chosen from 3000 negatives (taken by Mr. Peary). On the stage will be six huge and magnificent Esquimau draft dogs and the sledge used on the journey, and the native Esquimau driver in full dress.

Largest Halls Everywhere Thronged.

Reserved seats $1; to be obtained of members of Palestine Lodge No. 79, A. F. & A. M., or at box office or Kilgore & Siewert's.

Seat sale opens Monday, March 13.

DULUTH INVENTORS!

Messrs. C. E. Richardson, R. M. Spencer, F. S. Sleeper, James Fitzgerald and Dr. H. H. Chase have received patents through Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, PATENT LAWYERS, Established 1864. Inventor's Guide FREE. 309 Palladio building, Duluth Minn.

BALD HEADS

No Cure, No Pay. No Mustache, No Pay. State exact condition of case. Inclose 6c (stamps) for answer. Prof. G. Birkholz & Co., 1011 Masonic Temple Chicago.

NORTH DAKOTA'S NEW SENATOR.

He Was Once the Only Democrat In the State Legislature.

North Dakota having astonished the country by electing a Democrat to the United States senate, thus insuring Democratic control of that body for some years, there is naturally a great deal of curiosity as to the new senator. His name is William Nathaniel Roach; he is a native of Virginia and a lifelong Democrat of the old Virginia school and, as if to add emphasis to the irony of politics and show "how queerly things do work around in this world," he was but eight years ago the only Democrat in the Dakota legislature.

He is a very new man indeed in national politics, though a very successful business man. He was born in Virginia, Sept. 25, 1840. His parents moved to Washington, where he spent his early life. He was educated at Georgetown college and followed mercantile pursuits until 1879, when he went to Dakota in connection with mail contracts, operating a route from Grand Forks to Fort Totten. During this time he



WILLIAM NATHANIEL ROACH.

took a homestead and a tree claim near Larimore, where he has since resided. He was interested in Larimore in 1881 and agent of the town site company and organized the city government in 1883. He was the first mayor and was re-elected for three successive terms, operating his farms meanwhile.

In 1889 he was Democratic candidate for governor and was defeated by some 14,000 majority. In 1890 he was again his party's candidate and failed of election by only 600 votes, this being a fair measure of the rapid political changes in the new state. His election as senator, however, was due to factional fights among the Republicans, who had a large majority in the legislature. In 1872 Mr. Roach married a daughter of Dr. Liebenauer in Washington city. She died in 1890, and the senator's family now consists of two sons and a daughter.

A Premium to Settlers.

The state of Campeachy, Mexico, offers to all families of immigrants a premium of $10 for every member of such families who is more than 10 years of age. It is stipulated, however, that the families must consist of at least one married couple, and a guarantee must be given that they remain two years in the state.

Interior Customs Abolished.

The interior customs in the republic of Venezuela have been abolished.

SYPHILIS A Written Guarantee to CURE EVERY CASE OR MONEY REFUNDED.

Our cure is permanent and not a patching up. Cases treated eight years ago have never seen a symptom since. By describing case fully we can treat you by mail, and we give the same strong guarantee to cure or refund all money. Those who prefer to come here for treatment can do so and we will pay railroad fare both ways and hotel bills while here if we fail to cure. We challenge the world for a case that our MAGIC REMEDY will not cure. Write for full particulars and get the evidence.

We guarantee to cure or refund every dollar, and as we have a reputation to protect, also financial backing of $500,000, it is perfectly safe to all who will try the treatment. Heretofore you have been putting up and paying out your money for different treatments and although you are not yet cured, no one has paid back your money. Do not waste any more money until you try us. Old chronic, deep seated cases cured in 15 to 40 days. Investigate our financial standing, our reputation as business men. Write us for names and addresses of those we have cured who have given permission to refer to them.

If your symptoms are sore throat, mucous patches in mouth, rheumatism in bones and joints, hair falling out, eruptions on any part of the body, feeling of general depression, pains in head or bones—you have no time to waste. Those who are constantly taking mercury and potash should discontinue it.

Don't fail to write. All correspondence sent sealed in plain envelopes. We invite the most rigid investigation and will do all in our power to aid you in it. Address,

COOK REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, ILL.
Rooms 1325 to 1331 Masonic Temple.

In Paint the best is the cheapest. Strictly Pure White Lead is best; properly applied it will not scale, chip, chalk, or rub off; it firmly adheres to the wood and forms a permanent base for repainting. Paints which peel or scale have to be removed by scraping or burning before satisfactory repainting can be done. When buying it is important to obtain

Strictly Pure White Lead

properly made. Time has proven that white lead made by the "Old Dutch" process of slow corrosion possesses qualities that cannot be obtained by any other method of manufacture. This process consumes four to six months time, and produces the brands that have given White Lead its character as the standard paint.

"Southern" "Red Seal"
"Collier" "Shipman"

are standard brands of strictly pure Lead made by the "Old Dutch" process. You get the best in buying them. You can produce any desired color by tinting these brands of white lead with National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

For sale by the most reliable dealers in Paints everywhere.

If you are going to paint, it will pay you to send to us for a book containing information that may save you many a dollar; it will only cost you a postal card to do so.

NATIONAL LEAD CO.,
1 Broadway, New York
Chicago Branch,
State and Fifteenth Streets.

EVENING HERALD.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF DULUTH.

PUBLISHED BY THE
DULUTH PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.

Business and editorial rooms in The Herald building, 220 West Superior street. Telephone—Business office, 324, two rings; editorial rooms 324, three rings.

Eastern Office—109 World Building, New York, A. E. Story, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily, per year	$7.00
Daily, per three months	1.80
Daily, per month	.60
Weekly, per year	1.50

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Entered at the postoffice at Duluth, Minn., as second-class mail matter.

The Weather.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, DULUTH, Minn., March 4.—This morning was one of the coldest, considering the whole country, that has occurred this winter, and the first time that the line representing 20 degrees has been omitted from the maps. While it continues about the same over the Northwest, there has been a very decided fall over the West, Southwest and South, amounting to about 40 degrees. Usually when it is cold in one part of this country it is correspondingly warm in another section, but there is no warm weather shown as far as reports received at this station, extending as far east as Ohio and Tennessee, are concerned. The warmest places are Cleveland, and Knoxville, Tenn., where it is 18, and from that it ranges down to 26° below zero at Prince Albert, N. W. T. It is 24° below at St. Vincent, 14 at Moorhead, 6 at Bismarck, 2 at Huron, S. D., and zero at St. Paul. Some of the temperatures above zero are: Duluth 6, Milwaukee 12, Chicago 11, St. Louis, 12, Memphis 18, Denver 16, Dodge City 2, Detroit 16, Kansas City, 10, Omaha 4, and Cincinnati 16.

Generally fair weather prevails except over the eastern part of the country, where it is storming, as far as the reports received here extend. West of the Mississippi river it is clear everywhere, as it is over the upper lakes, except at Marquette, where light snow is falling. An area of low barometer is forming over Montana, but is as yet surrounded on all sides by an area of unusually high pressure, which will probably keep it back for a day or so.

The highest temperature here yesterday was 18, the lowest last night, 4.

DULUTH, March 4.—Continued fair weather; slowly rising temperature, variable winds.

R. H. BRONSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Notice of Removal.

The Herald has removed to its new building at 220 West Superior street, midway between Second and Third avenues, where it will be able to handle its rapidly expanding business to better advantage. The business office will be found on the first floor and the editorial rooms on the third floor from the Superior street main entrance.

The Herald of Today.

This is a proud day for The Herald. Comfortably settled in its handsome new building, with press facilities unequalled by any other newspaper in the state outside of St. Paul and Minneapolis, with all the other modern facilities for turning out a complete evening newspaper, with an advertising patronage that is greater than that accorded to any other paper at the head of the lakes, and with a circulation excelling in size and quality that enjoyed by any contemporary in this section, it stands at the threshold of an important era in its history. No newspaper ever published in or around Duluth ever attained such popularity, and The Herald is rejoiced and gratified as it regards the present and contemplates the future.

The success which this paper has attained is due wholly to the fact that it has endeavored to faithfully perform its mission as a newspaper published in the interests of Duluth and the tributary country. It has been for Duluth first, last and all the time, and from this principle it has never deviated and in this cause it has never faltered. Whenever the interests of Duluth were endangered, The Herald has not failed to sound the note of alarm. When it became necessary to stand up and fight for Duluth, The Herald has not hesitated to strike at the enemy with telling blows. Whenever the occasion arose to advance the interests of Duluth, The Herald has been found in the lead advocating what seemed to it the best policy and marshaling the hosts of willing workers into a solid phalanx that has ever marched on to lasting victory.

The Herald has had its shares of setbacks and disappointments that fell to Duluth's lot in the past, and it has likewise shared in the general prosperity that has attended the rapid and mighty development in more recent years. In this, the opening of what promises to be the greatest period in the upbuilding of the city's trade, commerce and manufactures, it stands forth with full armor on, panoplied for the onward rush to prosperity beside which the past shall pale into insignificance, and completely equipped to carry on with even greater success the policy which has animated and inspired it up to the prosperous present.

It has likewise been a newspaper in the true sense of the word, and such it will continue to be, with many improvements that time alone can produce. It is now the sole owner of the day franchises of the United Press and Associated Press, the two greatest newsgathering organizations in the world, with special telegraph wires running into its own office, by means of which it is enabled to present a full report of all the important happenings in the world upon the day when they occur. No other paper does or can hope to equal it in this respect. Its local columns are also filled daily with all the latest news gathered by a corps of alert and experienced reporters, and all its other departments are under the charge of experienced newspaper men who are able to accurately guage the wants and tastes of the public.

No stronger proof of The Herald's efficiency in this respect can be afforded than the complete newspaper which is presented to its readers today. While the annoyances incident to removing to new quarters have been a serious handicap in the preparation of this number, it is confidently believed that its contents will be found interesting from the first page to the last.

The New Administration.

The Groverian dynasty, as some of our Democratic friends are wont to call the new administration, was inaugurated at Washington with all the picturesque features characteristic of such events. President Cleveland enters office by virtue of a vote in the electoral college larger than that which has been received by any occupant of the White House since Gen. Grant's election for a second term in 1872. His election also marked what may be styled a political revolution in several Northern states, Illinois and Wisconsin having gone Democratic, while Ohio and Michigan divided their electoral votes between the two great parties.

There must have been a cause for this strong revulsion of popular feeling, and remembering that the tariff question was the great issue in the campaign, to which all other questions were subordinated, it must be accepted as a legitimate conclusion that the tariff policy advocated by Mr. Cleveland and his party was the chief reason for his success.

The November election gave a deathblow to the extreme protectionist doctrine represented in the McKinley tariff law, which was passed against the protest of a large section of the people who voted the Republican ticket in 1888, believing that the party would carry out the pledge made in its national platform of a revision of the tariff—and by revision the people understood that reduction was meant. By violating that pledge and creating the McKinley tariff the Republican leaders in congress and the Republican president paved the way for the complete downfall of the entire protective system.

President Cleveland assumes the reins of government with the Democracy in full control of both branches of congress, and the party is consequently in a position to carry out the policy enunciated in the Chicago platform. It has been asserted that President Cleveland does not entirely coincide with all the features of that platform so far as it relates to the tariff question, but his utterances during the campaign left no ground for such a belief, and by accepting the nomination upon that platform he committed himself to it fully and unreservedly.

The Herald believes that so far as he is personally concerned he will do nothing to oppose or evade the principles therein enunciated, and the cabinet which he has selected confirms that impression, including several men who are known to be in full sympathy with the tariff plank of the Chicago platform.

Inspection at Superior.

There are some men in Superior again engaged in the hopeless task of creating a board of trade to compete with the Duluth board in the grain business. It would be a similar case if the business men of Jersey City tried to create a grain market in opposition to that established in New York City. It would be just as sensible and stand just as much show of success as does the present movement among some of our neighbors across the bay.

The latest plan in Wisconsin is to establish a Wisconsin grain inspection and subject the elevators there to its regulation. This has naturally aroused a howl on the part of the elevator men, who object to having a new inspection saddled on them that would not be accepted in any other market. The threats that they would move their elevators to the Minnesota side of the bay have had the effect of scaring the Superior agitators to some extent, and they are now trying to effect a compromise. They want to do the weighing and secure the fees for that service in order to keep their miniature board of trade from dropping completely into the financial maelstrom toward which it is being drawn.

Of course they cannot do the weighing unless the Minnesota inspection department would agree to it, because it would be manifestly absurd and a burdensome expense to have the weighing done twice. It has therefore been decided to appeal to the Minnesota grain and warehouse commission to permit the weighing to be done by officials appointed by the Superior board of trade, as it is called by courtesy. The Herald trusts that the commission will reject the application.

If Minnesota inspection is to be continued across the bay, the weighing must also be done by the Minnesota officials; otherwise, let the Minnesota inspection be withdrawn altogether and be confined to the wheat markets at the terminal points within this state.

Minnesota grain inspection and weighing should never have been extended to any point outside of the boundaries of this state. The mistake was committed, however, under circumstances that made it seem proper at the time. Let not a second mistake be made by continuing the inspection and allowing others to do the weighing. The policy should be all or nothing.

On Jan. 1, 1894, West Duluth will become a part of the city of Duluth. How many years will it be before the prophecy of Tom Lowry will be fulfilled and Superior come under Duluth's sheltering wing?

A General Invitation.

The Herald extends a cordial invitation to its many friends to visit its new building, look over the various departments and witness the manner in which a first class evening newspaper is prepared.

The latch string is always hung on the outside of the door and those who feel an interest in the development which has taken place in newspaper work in Duluth in recent years or desire to see a first class press running at lightning speed, evolving from a huge roll of paper at one end completely printed, pasted and folded newspapers at the other end, are hereby requested to call whenever they feel so disposed.

The Herald makes no secret of its pleasure at being enabled to occupy a comfortable home, fitted up with all the conveniences necessary for efficient newspaper work, and it will be pleased to have its many friends and patrons join in its rejoicing.

The Markham Bill.

Consideration of the Markham bill to tax unused railroad lands will be resumed in the senate next Tuesday. There are some strange rumors afloat regarding the influences which have been used to secure votes against this most meritorious measure, in favor of which the people of the state are almost a unit.

The Herald can hardly believe that some of the stories which are wafted from St. Paul in this connection can be true, because it cannot understand how any senator could accept a bribe to oppose this measure and then have the hardihood to return to his district and face the people who elected him to represent their wishes and not the interests of the railway corporations. If the bill should unfortunately be defeated in the senate, the inference cannot be avoided that the corporations have more influence with that body than have the people of the state.

If there were any valid arguments offered against its passage, the people could understand how a majority of the senators might be conscientiously opposed to it. But there are none. The only claim which was set up by the opponents of the bill was that if it became a law it would conflict with the existing per centum system of taxing the gross earnings of railroads and that the latter tax would be invalidated. It was also asserted that taxes collected as a result of the Markham bill would amount to only about $97,000, which would not relieve the burdens of the people where the lands are situated, to any appreciable extent.

The opinions of able lawyers have been given in direct opposition to the former claim, and it is no argument whatever to say that the bill should not be passed because the taxes collected under it would be small in amount. This argument is in itself an admission that the lands should be taxed, and it makes no difference whether the taxes thus imposed be large or small. They should be collected. It might be asserted with equal force that that the man who now pays $5 a year as personal property taxes should not be taxed because the amount he contributes to the public treasury does not relieve the burdens of his neighbors to any great extent.

That the gross earnings tax would be endangered has been conclusively shown to be a groundless plea, set up in the first place by interested parties. So thoroughly convinced were the members of the house of representatives of this fact that they passed the bill with but one dissenting vote, and there are in the house as many, if not more, able lawyers as can be found in the senate.

Attorney General Childs, whose views were asked by resolution of the senate, declared in an ably considered opinion that the Markham bill will accomplish what it seeks without vitiating or endangering the gross earnings tax, and his opinion is endorsed by some of the ablest lawyers in the state. This objection being thus disposed of, there is no other ground upon which any senator can justify opposition to the bill. The people therefore expect that the Markham bill will be passed next Tuesday.

Deserving of Thanks.

Two senators who came to the assistance of Senator Daugherty in the senate yesterday in his fight in behalf of the bill providing for a much needed third judge for this district are entitled to the hearty thanks of the people of Duluth. They are Senator H. F. Stevens of St. Paul and Senator Donnelly. Both made able speeches in advocacy of the measure, and as a result of their speeches and the earnest work done by Senator Daugherty the bill was recommended to pass.

This is not the first time that Mr. Donnelly has shown his friendship for Duluth. At the last session of the legislature, he aided Senator Daugherty to the fullest extent of his ability, and when certain corporate interests were endeavoring to secure amendments to our city charter against the desire of the common council and the wishes of our people, Mr. Donnelly did valiant service in aiding Senator Daugherty to defeat the bold attempt.

On every possible occasion he has shown a spirit of friendliness towards Duluth and Duluth's interests that is gratifying, and while the people of Duluth as a whole do not agree with all of his political doctrines they cannot fail to admire the man and his extraordinary ability as an orator, a scholar and an author, and they will always give him a hearty welcome to our fair city.

In an article on The Herald building, published elsewhere in this issue, due credit to the architects, Traphagen & Fitzpatrick, was accidentally omitted. To these gentlemen must be accorded the credit for the fine finish and excellent general appearance of the building, they having carefully superintended its construction on the lines of the plans which they had prepared and to the utmost satisfaction of the owners of the building.

Duluth is progressing rapidly as a manufacturing center. In another column will be found an article which gives a few facts regarding the large establishments now running here, and it may be added that the present year is certain to see several more in active operation. Iron and steel industries will add thousands to the city's population.

This is a great year for the Smith family. One was elected United States senator from New Jersey, Hoke is in the president's cabinet, and now a big awkward looking specimen with that cognomen has surprised the sports by defeating Pugilist Goddard.

Duluth's bank clearings last week showed an increase of 88 per cent over the corresponding period of last year, and again Minneapolis showed a decrease. What is the matter, Minnie?

President Harrison signed the car-coupler bill yesterday. Now if the railroads can be forced to adopt the coupler, the mortality among brakemen may be decreased to a large extent.

There is an unconfirmed rumor that Vice-President Stevenson will use a miniature axe as a gavel in the senate. The sight would keep the Democratic senators in a hopeful mood.

It is a great day for Democracy, and the Republicans can afford to smile at their unconcealed evidences of joy, as they had their innings four years ago.

The Herald goes into more homes than any other paper published at the head of Lake Superior.

It is President Cleveland once more.

Found—The reason for the great popularity of Hood's Sarsaparilla—simply this: Hood's CURES. Be sure to get HOOD'S.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

We Beg to Inform the Trade and the Public in General, that the

Great Western Electric Supply Co.

WAS RE-ORGANIZED JAN. 13, 1893, AND HEREAFTER WILL BE KNOWN AS THE

Great Western Manufacturing Co

The following is a list of the combined interests absorbed, owned and controlled by the new organization:

The Great Western Electric Supply Co. of Chicago,
The Western Electric Supply Co. of St. Louis,
Chicago Insulated Wire Co. of Sycamore, Ill.,
Phœnix Manufacturing Co. of Duluth, Minn.,
Bain Electric Manufacturing Co. of Chicago.

Great Western Manufacturing Co

FACTORY: DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

GENERAL OFFICES: 195-207 South Canal St., Chicago.

MANUFACTURERS OF

ARC AND INCANDESCENT DYNAMOS, MOTORS, MINING LOCOMOTIVES AND ELECTRIC MINING MACHINERY, WEATHERPROOF AND MAGNET WIRES, GAS, ELECTRIC AND COMBINATION FIXTURES, ELECTRIC SUPPLIES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

TRY THE HERALD WANT COLUMNS!

"SITUATIONS WANTED" FREE.

ONE CENT A WORD!

Advertisements in this column ONE CENT A WORD EACH INSERTION.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FREE.

No advertisements taken for these columns till forbid, i. e. until ordered out.

Every advertisement is carefully classified under its proper heading—easily found, easily read—will reach more readers than can be reached in any other way. Try it.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FREE.

WANTED—WASHING TO TAKE HOME. All work first class. 413 West Superior street.

A YOUNG MAN WANTS SITUATION AS assistant bookkeeper. D 55, Herald.

WANTED, POSITION BY YOUNG MAN AS assistant bookkeeper or general office clerk. Can give best of references. Room 17 Board of Trade.

AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER WANTS work in family, good fitter. Address 112 Rear Fifth street East.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED, BOY OF 15 AT ONCE. CALL with parents at 118 East Superior street.

WANTED—FAITHFUL GENTLEMAN OR lady to assist in office. Position permanent. Railway fare advanced here if engaged. Enclose reference and self-addressed envelope. The National, 23 McVicker's building, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—A FEW ENERGETIC MEN TO sell our specialties on the installment plan. Good wages and steady work to the right men. W. A. Edwards, 723 West Superior street.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COOK, ALSO to do ironing. Small family. No. 3 Munger row, Piedmont avenue.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; $20 per month. 110 Seventh avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE work. Apply at 1131 East First street.

WANTED—AT ONCE, GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Apply at Mrs. C. F. Margun. No. 915 London road.

WANTED—A NO. 1 COOK WANTED AT the "Midland," formerly Cheltenham, No. 210 and 212 West Second street.

LAUNDRESS WANTED AT THE "MIDland," formerly Cheltenham, 210 and 212 West Second street.

WANTED—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK first-class girl. Wages $18, convenient house 223 East Fourth street.

SECOND GIRL, 318 WEST SECOND Street.

WANTED TWO GIRLS FOR GENERAL housework and nurse girl. Apply at 1119 East First street.

WANT A GIRL WHO UNDERSTANDS cooking and general housework. Will pay good wages to right one. Call at 1407 East Third street.

WANTED, COMPETENT GIRL TO DO housework. Good wages. Small family. 1617 London road.

WANTED, A GOOD DININGROOM GIRL at Central house, 21 Lake avenue.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Good wages to competent one. No washing. 205 West Third street.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT, FIVE-ROOM HOUSE IN splendid location at moderate rent. Also office in our building. Apply Clague & Prindle, 216 West Superior street.

ONE CENT A WORD!

HOUSE TO RENT—INQUIRE AT 329 WEST Second street.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, ALL MODern conveniences; steam heat. Enquire 208 Lyceum.

GOOD EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE FOR RENT. Furnace heat, gas and bath; good barn. Upper side Bench street. B. F. Smith, 219 Woodbridge bldg.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT, FURNISHED OR UNFURnished rooms for light housekeeping. 16 First avenue east.

BOARD AND FURNISHED ROOMS, 218 Fourth avenue west.

SUITE OF TWO FURNISHED FRONT rooms modern conveniences, 811 East First street.

FOR RENT, A LARGE ROOM ON THIRD floor of the Parsons block, No. 18 West Superior street, suitable for lodge purposes or society meetings. Will be rented reasonable to right parties. J. W. Rowley, 23 East Third street, City.

ROOMS AND BOARD AT 120 FIRST AVENUE west. Hot air heat and bath. Centrally located.

SHOP ROOM SUITABLE FOR TAILOR OR shoemaker. Cheap rent. 118 East Superior street.

BOARDERS WANTED.

FURNISHED ROOM AND BOARD FOR two. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, IN A PRIvate family, an unfurnished room near heart of city. Address, C 46.

WANTED—BOARD BY MAN AND WIFE IN private family. Address, H, care Herald office.

WANTED—A SMALL HOUSE AND LOT for cash. Not to cost more than $2000. Address C, 68, Herald.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY BY GENtleman and 6-year-old son. Address, C 68, Herald office, stating rate.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SECOND HAND COUNTING room desk. Apply at Herald office.

TO EXCHANGE—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TO TRADE MINING STOCKS for a safety bicycle. Apply 631 Chamber of Commerce.

PLUMBING.

W. W. McMILLAN COMPANY,
HEATING AND PLUMBING,
215 West Superior street.

WILLIAM DONALDSON & SON, Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters and Sanitary Engineers, 24 First Avenue West, Duluth, Minn. Jobbing work a specialty. Orders left at Simon Clark & Co.'s store, 113 West Superior street, Telephone 75—will receive prompt attention.

MIDWIFE.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL—MRS. L. BALDWIN Midwife. Full graduate of German college of Accouchment. Cupping, etc. done. 109 East Third street.

HOTELS.

THE "MIDLAND," FORMERLY CHELTENham, will open in a few days under a new management.

ONE CENT A WORD!

ATTORNEYS.

L. U. C. TITUS, LL. B., ATTORNEY AT law, 604 Chamber of Commerce building.

JOS. WARD REYNOLDS, ATTORNEY, HAS located his office at suite, 321 Chamber of Commerce.

RENTING AND COLLECTING.

CORDY EDWARDS' RENTAL AGENCY, 208 West Superior street. If you want a house or store call and see a big list always on hand.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

M. S. & W. H. COOK, SURVEYORS AND civil engineers. 317 Fourteenth avenue east.

STOVE REPAIRING.

HEATING STOVES, RANGES AND COOK stoves repaired on short notice. Casting furnished for nearly every stove made. American Stove Repair works, 118 East Superior street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

THE MOST RESPECTABLE LICENSED office in Duluth, free of charge to all; or also have a full line of hair switches, chains, etc. Mrs. H. C. Seibold, 225 East Superior street.

MINING ENGINEERS.

CHARLES F. HOWE, SPECIAL ATTENtion given to the examination and reporting on mineral lands. Iron lands bought and sold. Analyses of all kinds made on short notice. 631 Chamber of Commerce.

ARCHITECTS.

G. A. TENBUSCH, 301 BURROWS BUILDing.

FINANCIAL.

CASH IN BANK FOR ANY GOOD REAL estate loan, at lowest rates, or purchase money mortgage. Stryker, Manley & Buck.

MONEY TO LOAN IN ANY AMOUNT ON horses, wagons, household furniture, pianos, diamonds, jewelry and all kinds of personal property, on short notice and a lower rate than you can possibly get it elsewhere. Inquire of Wm. Horkan, manager. Duluth Mortgage Loan company, room 430, Chamber of Commerce building, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS AND jewelry. G. A. Klein, only licensed pawnbroker in Duluth. 17 West Superior street.

ABOUT MONEY—
DO YOU NEED ANY?

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY
Room 201 Palladio Building,
WILL LEND YOU ANY SUM YOU WISH
FROM $10 TO $1000
ON THE DAY YOU ASK FOR IT.

WE MAKE LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS AND PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ALL KINDS
IN ANY AMOUNT
At the lowest possible rates, without publicity or removal of property.

THE SECURITY LOAN COMPANY
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P. B. CROSBY,
COMMISSION BROKER,
Buys and Sells Mining Stocks for Cash.
Room 502 Palladio Building, DULUTH, MINN.
Correspondence Solicited. Weekly Circular.

A GREAT PAGEANT.

Continued from page 1.

nomination at Chicago last June had his personality impressed on the multitude through the medium of the David B. Hill guards, of Richfield Springs. Mayor I. J. Sanford, who defeated the redoubtable Pat Gleason in the mayoralty contest in Long Island City, stepped briskly along in the front of his own club. The Seymour democratic club of Brooklyn wore badges bearing a vignette of Horatio Seymour. Squire McMullen marched ahead of 100 members of the Samuel J. Randall club of Philadelphia. Between the ranks a large portrait of the deceased tariff champion was carried. Tim Campbell chaperoned the Oriental club, of Brooklyn, and Hon. John M. Birch, minister to Japan under the former Cleveland administration, led the 250 members of the Young Men's club of Wheeling, W. Va.

The Proceedings at the Capitol.

The proceedings at the capitol followed a prescribed program, issued by the committee of arrangements as follows: The east doors of the senate wing of the capitol will be opened at 10 o'clock a. m. to those who are entitled to admission. The doors of the senate chamber will be opened at 11 o'clock a. m. to those entitled to admission, as follows: The president and president-elect, who will enter the senate wing by the bronze doors in the east front, each accompanied by a member of the committee of arrangements. The president



GOVERNOR PECK.

will go directly to the president's room and the president-elect to the vice-president's room, where they will remain until they enter the senate chamber. Having been introduced by the committee of arrangements, they will occupy seats reserved for them in front of the presiding officer. The committee of arrangements will occupy seats on their left.

The vice president will be accompanied to the capitol by a member of the committee of arrangements and proceed to the vice president's room where he will remain until he enters the senate chamber, where the oath of office will be administered to him by the vice president. The diplomatic corps will assemble in the marble room and proceed in a body at 11:15 a. m. to the senate chamber, where they will occupy seats on the right of the chair.

The chief justice, the associate justices and the ex-assistant justices of the supreme court will occupy seats on the right of the chair. The supreme court will enter the senate chamber a few minutes before the president. Heads of executive departments, the major general of the army commanding; the admiral of the navy and officers of the army and navy, who, by name, have received the thanks of congress, will occupy seats on the left of the chair. Governors of states, ex-senators of the United States, judges of the court of claims and of the supreme court of the district, and the commissioner of the district will occupy seats east of the main entrance.

Members of the house of representatives will enter the senate chamber by the main entrance at 11:50 a. m., and will occupy seats on the right of the chair next to the diplomatic corps.

Procession to the Platform.

After the organization of the new senate under the call for an extra session shall have been completed by the swearing in of the members-elect, those assembled in the senate chamber will proceed through the rotunda to the platform on the central portico of the capitol in order as follows:

The marshal of the District of Columbia and the marshal of the supreme court.
The chief justice and justices of the supreme court.
The sergeant-at-arms of the senate.
The committee of arrangements.
The president and the president-elect.
The vice-president and the secretary of the senate.
Members of the senate.
The diplomatic corps.
Heads of departments.
The major-general of the army commanding.
The admiral of the navy and the officers of the army and navy who, by name have received thanks of congress.
Members of the house of representatives and members-elect.
Governors of states.
Ex-members of the senate of the United States.
Officers of the senate and officers of the house of representatives.

On reaching the portico the president and president-elect will take the seats reserved for them, the chief justice on the right and the sergeant-at-arms of the senate on their left. The committee of arrangements will occupy seats next to the president-elect. The ex-vice president and assistant justices of the supreme court, the vice president, secretary and members of the senate will occupy seats on the right. The diplomatic corps will occupy the seats on the left of the president.

Heads of departments, the major general of the army commanding, the admiral of the navy and the officers of the army and navy, who, by name, have received the thanks of congress, governors of states and ex-members of the senate will take seats west of the president. The members and members-elect of the house will occupy seats reserved for them in the rear of the above.

The oath of office will be administered to the president-elect by the chief justice, or, in his absence, by the senior justice present. On the conclusion of the ceremonies the members of the senate, preceded by the sergeant-at-arms, vice president and secretary will return to the senate chamber, and the president, accompanied by the committee of arrangements, will proceed to the executive mansion.

A Wintry Appearance.

"Harrison weather to the last" was the involuntary exclamation which rose to thousands of lips as the morning opened with a heavy snow, which fell in great soft flakes, melting as they fell, but which driven by the wind rendered umbrellas a useless protection. The troops who were to participate in the first part of the proceedings as the escort of the retiring and elected president to the capitol presented a wintry appearance, muffled in their snow covered overcoats, the guns of the artillery covered with tarpaulins and covered with snow.

The concourse in the streets were nearly all under umbrellas and the open stands were shunned while the covered ones were eagerly sought. The admirable asphalt pavements of Wainington reduced the discomfort to a minimum, and while there was abundance of moisture there was no mud.

At the capitol the thick and fast falling snowflakes made the inaugural stand on the main east portico of the capitol, notwithstanding its border of red, white and blue bunting, look as cheerless and uncomfortable as a lonely seashore pavilion with a nasty northeaster progressing. The gray stone walls of the congressional library opposite the capitol grounds were outlined in misty shadows, and the box house enclosing the statue of George Washington on the eastern plaza, 100 feet from the stand, was desolate and at 10 o'clock forlorn of even the enterprising camera artists for whose accommodation a platform had been erected on its top.

Architect Clark of the capitol had a force of workmen astir keeping the platform clear of snow, in order that those persons who might have the hardihood to brave the storm and witness the inaugural ceremony proper might not be compelled to rest their feet in a layer of wet slush. It was announced by Chairman McPherson of the committee on arrangements that the storm would not cause the abandonment of the outside ceremony and result in the delivery of the inaugural in the senate chamber. Arrangements were accordingly begun to make the invited guests to the platform as comfortable as possible.

The stand 120 feet by 114 feet in dimensions and built out from the main steps of the east portico of the capitol. A railing had been erected around the stand and boards composing its sides were hid behind American flags and bunting. At the front of the stand an enclosure about twenty feet square had been created by the erection of a low



GOVERNOR PATTISON.

railing covered with flags for the accommodation of the president, president-elect, the chief justice of the supreme court, whose duty it was to swear in the new president, and a few other persons of official or social prominence during the performance of the ceremonies.

The Cleveland Party.

The Cleveland party rose unusually early today and began preparations for the day's hard work. The crowd in front of the Arlington hotel was persistent in its efforts to get a glimpse of the next president. The committee of the senate on arrangements arrived early. Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson arrived just before 10:30, at which hour it had been understood Mr. Cleveland would drive to the White House, and after waiting in their carriage a few minutes they alighted and were escorted to the Cleveland parlors.

Then ensued a touching little scene. The president-elect had waived a general au revoir to the party of official and personal friends gathered about him and was about to pass through the doorway when Mrs. Cleveland called him back, and with utter disregard for the assembled company, threw her arms about her husband and kissed him several times bidding him "God speed" on his way to take the oath of office.

Those who saw this leave taking endeavored to look unconscious of what was going on, but the act of Mrs. Cleveland was done so simply and with such womanly grace that it seemed to be the most natural occurrence in the world and endeared the wife of the president-elect to all those in the apartment.

The Start for the White House.

After a quarter of an hour's delay to await some moderation of the weather, which seemed to be rapidly veering round towards its traditional favoritism to Mr. Cleveland as the hour of his inauguration drew near, Mr. Cleveland, escorted by Senator Teller and Senator Ransom, appeared, and entering the carriage, were rapidly driven to the White House.

It was shortly after 11 o'clock when President-elect Cleveland and Vice President-elect Stevenson, accompanied by the senate committee on arrangements, entered the executive mansion and were received by President Harrison. They soon entered President Harrison's carriage, which was drawn by four bay horses, and were driven to the capitol. A great crowd had assembled there early, and as the hour of noon arrived the galleries became packed to suffocation.

On the Senate Floor.

The first of distinguished guests to arrive and to take their positions in the chamber were the members of the diplomatic corps, in full court uniform of their respective nations, some of them in military costumes and most of them wearing decorations on their breast. Their gold-laced coats, bright scarfs, epaulets, and the general magnificance of their attire gave a fine appearance to the scene.

The diplomatic corps was followed by the supreme court. Its presence at the door was announced at 11:20 (very uncertain style, the clock having been again tampered with). The senate stood up to receive it, as it had done in the case of the diplomatic corps, and the justices in their black silk judicial robes and accompanied by the marshal and other officers, entered and took their seats. The members of the house then came informally and unannounced.

The presidential party with their military escort, came in sight of the eastern entrance of the capitol a few minutes after 12 o'clock. A large crowd had assembled at the east front and cheered loudly as Mr. Cleveland approached. He went in by the basement entrance in order to avoid the somewhat slippery steps on the outside. From the moment he decended from the carriage, he was received with lusty cheers and when he entered the senate wing the cheers of the outside gave away to an ovation.

Mr. Harrison proceeded to the president's room where he found such an abundance of work that three times did it become necessary for the venerable Capt. Bassett to turn back the hands of the clock. He signed the appropriation bills.

A few minutes before 12, by the senate clock, the presidential party entered the senate chamber.

After the usual ceremonies, the procession to the outside stand was formed in the order stated above. Arriving at the stand, the immense crowd outside cheered wildly and Mr. Cleveland bowed in recognition. The oath of office was administered to Mr. Cleveland by Chief Justice Fuller, and then the newly inducted president delivered his inaugural address.

At the close of the address the spectators cheered again and President Cleveland and party returned. A short time later he proceeded to the executive mansion.

In the House.

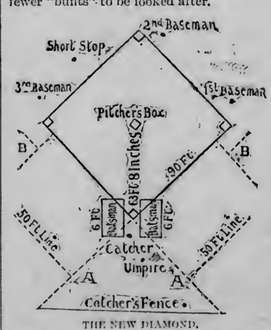
WASHINGTON, March 4.—In a graceful, courteous speech, Mr. Reed, of Maine, offered in the house today the usual resolutions of appreciation of the services of the speaker, who was greeted with cheers, made a cordial and feeling response. On motion of Mr. Springer a resolution was adopted for the appointment of a committee of three members to wait upon the president and inform him that the congress was ready to adjourn. The house adjourned sine die at 12:15.

THE PITCHER MOVED BACK.

He Will Now Stand In the Center of the Diamond.

The committee on rules of the National league recently refused to enlarge the diamond, but moved the pitcher back to the center of the diamond, 5 feet 6 inches farther away from the batsman than he has been in the past. The pitcher has always been such a progressive player that many rules have been framed to limit his great power and make the game more interesting.

The new rule will severely test the ability of the best pitchers on the diamond. Great strength and endurance will be required to send the ball over five feet farther and with the speed and curve necessary to puzzle an experienced batsman. The pitcher has been removed so far from the home plate that he cannot field a "bunt" or mere tap with the bat that only sends the ball a rod or two, but the committee has abolished the flat bat, and there will be fewer "bunts" to be looked after.



THE NEW DIAMOND.

The old pitcher's box has been abolished, and the twirler must now stand with his front foot in a small 12-inch square when he delivers the ball. The complete report of the rules committee recommended the following changes:

First—No enlargement of the infield now in use.

Second—Removal of the pitcher from his present position to the center of the infield; abolish the pitcher's box and substitute therefor a boundary plate covering a 12-inch space, to which the pitcher will be confined.

Third—Abolition of the flat bat.

Fourth—A lucid definition of a balk ball.

Fifth—A simplification of the rules pertaining to the actual playing of a game.

Sixth—The codifying of all rules relating to the duties, powers and responsibilities of umpires.

Seventh—A rule governing official scorers which provides that a player who makes a sacrifice hit which advances a base runner shall not be charged with a time at bat.

He Smuggled Himself In.

One evening a commercial traveler proceeded to a concert hall with his case of samples under his arm and was about to pass the ticket office when he was stopped by the cashier.

"Your ticket, sir."

"I haven't got one."

"Then I cannot allow you to go in."

"Indeed? In that case somebody else will have to play the flute solo this evening."

"Oh! I beg your pardon. Pray step forward."—Sterne und Blumen.

L. G. MATTHEWS, President. O. H. SIMONDS, Secretary. W. J. MATTHEWS, Ass't to Pres't. F. H. DUESLER, Auditor. R. L. ETTENGER, Superintendent.

DULUTH MANUFACTURING CO

DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

MANUFACTURERS OF ALL CLASSES OF

MINING, FREIGHT, ORE, REFRIGERATOR, LOGGING and LUMBER CARS and CABOOSES,

Which We Are Prerared to Build Promptly for Cash or Car Trust.

We also have a large Rolling Mill, Steam Forge, Machine Shop and Foundry, and manufacture Castings, Car Wheels, Merchant Bar Iron, Bolts and Nuts, Light and Heavy Forgings, Car and Locomotive Axles, and Steamboat and other Heavy Shafting up to ten inches in Diameter. We carry a large stock of

Bar Iron, Car Wheels and Standard Car Axles on Hand

Or will make to specification and furnish promptly. Our facilities for turning out the above classes of material are the Best and Largest in the Northwest.

HARDWOOD FOR SALE.

Dressed Flooring and All Kinds of Hardwood Finishing Lumber for Sale.

Dock and Bridge Contractors Supplied With All Classes of Wrought Iron Bolts and Castings on Short Notice.

A DESTRUCTIVE CYCLONE.

A Mississippi Town Swept From the Face of the Earth.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 4.—Meager reports reach here of a destructive cyclone in East Mississippi and Western Alabama last night. Many houses were destroyed in the vicinity of Marion, Meridan and Corinth.

The town of Toonisuba, Miss., was swept from the face of the earth, only two house were left standing. It is reported here that ten people were killed there. At Marion, Miss., every house was blown down. Among the killed are Mrs. Burton Meador and daughter Myra. A full list of the killed cannot be obtained as yet.

Joy in Oklahoma.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 4.—The whole city and territory is wild with excitement over the passage of the Cherokee strip bill. Messengers have gone on horse back to the camps of all the boomers and before night they will all be jollifying.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

Pretty novelty gloves for $1 at Madame Warde's, Burrows' block.

Avoid Cold Weather

And make a pleasant trip to Florida or the Gulf coast. The Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad, "Evansville Route," will take you there by the shortest way, six hours quicker than any other line. Vestibuled trains of Pullman sleepers and dining cars. For full information address Charles W. Humphrey, No. Pass. Agt., 170 East Third street, St. Paul, Minn., Chicago city ticket office, 204 Clark street, or Charles L. Stone, Gen. Pass. and Tkt. Agt., Chicago.

What Can't Pull Out?

Why the

Non-pull-out

Bow on the Jas. Boss Filled Watch Cases, made by the Keystone Watch Case Company, Philadelphia. It protects the Watch from the pick-pocket, and prevents it from dropping. Can only be had with cases stamped with this trade mark.

Sold, without extra charge for this bow (ring), through Watch dealers only.

Ask your jeweler for pamphlet, or send to makers.

Swinging Around the Circle

Of the diseases to which it is adapted with the best results, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a family medicine, comprehensive in its scope, has never been thrust upon public attention in the guise of a universal panacea for bodily ills. This claim, daily arrogated in the columns of the daily press by the proprietors of medicines far inferior to it as specifics has in a thousand instances disgusted the public in advance by its absurdity, and the prospects of other remedies of superior qualities have been handicapped by the pretentions of their worthless predecessors. But the American people know, because they have verified the fact by the most trying tests, that the Bitters possess the virtues of a real specific in cases of malarial and liver disorder, constipation, nervous, rheumatic, stomach and kidney trouble. What it does it does thoroughly, and mainly for this reason it is endorsed and recommended by hosts of respectable medical men.



The Correct Time;

certainly, it's just the time to buy a watch from our stock of time-pieces. That's the correct thing to do and you'll always have the correct time as long as you have one of our watches about you. We have a variety of clocks which keep correct time too, and tempt purchase by those who wish to keep a watch upon the moments as they fly. Time is money and the dollars paid for one of our clocks or watches is exceedingly well invested. While you have time you want the correct time, and you must carry a watch to have the time always with you. Our clocks and watches are as correct as the multiplication table and a good thing couldn't very well be cheaper.

ANDREW JACKSON,
Wholesale, Retail and Manufacturing
JEWELER,
106 West Superior Street, Duluth

Centredale and Chandler Park!

Are located in the center of the present activity caused by the location of the Duluth Missabe & Northern railroad ore docks and other important developments. These additions have graded streets, city water, and are convenient to the electric street railway. The Lots are level, price is low and terms easy.

I WILL OFFER

Extra inducements for a short time to parties who desire to build.

S. M. CHANDLER, 404 PALLADIO BLD'G.

Awnings, Packstraps and Tents,
EVERYTHING IN CANVAS AND EXPLORERS' OUTFITS.
STEAM PIPES COVERED.
C. POIRIER, BOOTS AND SHOES REPAIRING PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
TELEPHONE 125.



CREATES A PERFECT COMPLEXION
MRS. GRAHAM'S Cucumber and Elder Flower Cream
Is not a cosmetic. Cleanses the skin and makes it soft and smooth and white. For sale by all druggists. Send 10 cents in stamps for sample and book on "Beauty." MRS. GERVAISE GRAHAM, "Beauty Doctor," 1355 Michigan Ave., Chicago.

Face Massage and Steaming,
Scalp Treatments.
Fashionable Hair Dressing
AND MANICURING,
AT
BOYD & WILBUR'S,
TEMPLE OPERA BLD'G.
We carry a complete line of Mrs. Graham's Goods.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH
SAPOLIO

SADLER & KROHN, DRUGGISTS,
PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.
We Carry Pure Drugs, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles and Cigars.
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.
1928 West Superior St., Near Twentieth Avenue. TELEPHONE 567.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Great Eastern

The Largest and Finest Clothing House in the West. The Pioneers of Low Prices.

TONIGHT ONLY

CHOICE

$27.00 / $25.00 / $22.00 / $20.00 Suits And Overcoats,

—AT—

$15.00

TONIGHT ONLY!

Choice any Tailor-made Trousers..... $5.00

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

Cor. Superior St. and First Ave. W. DULUTH, MINN.

HOURS FOR LADIES: Every day from 9 a. m. to 1 p. m.

HOURS FOR GENTS: Every day from 1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

Russian and Turkish BATHS

415 West Michigan Street,

CHAS. O. FALLER, Prop. DULUTH, MINN.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio.

Smoke Endion cigar. W. A. Foote & Co.

"Gill's Best" flour—the favorite with all families.

$1500, $3000, $6000, $1200, $10,000 to loan at once; lowest rates. T. O. Hall.

Dr. Schiffman extracts teeth without pain.

Frank I. Breeze is reported to have left the city and certain irregularities are charged, but as to the truth of the allegations it is hard to ascertain anything. Mrs. Breeze refuses to be seen, and C. A. Towne, her attorney, will say nothing.

The St. Paul & Duluth mail train was five and a half hours late this morning owing to a freight wreck near Harris station. No one was hurt.

Capt. Smallwood this morning is rejoicing over a new son and heir which Mrs. Smallwood has presented to him. The Herald force likewise rejoices because of the receipt of a box of cigars.

Marshall P. Wilder will appear in Duluth March 29th.

Look into our "On or Before" Clause Before Taking Any Other.

MONEY Always on Hand

—FOR—

UNIMPROVED

LOANS OF ANY AMOUNT,

With the

INVALUABLE "ON OR BEFORE" PRIVILEGE.

Which means that the Mortgage is made for Five years, but You Have the Privilege of paying part or all on any semi-annual Interest Day, Without Cost or Notice.

If you consult your own interests you will sign no other form of mortgage.

R. M. NEWPORT & SON,

Investment Bankers, 5 Phœnix Blk.

THE ARCTIC REGIONS.

Lieut. Peary to Lecture at the Temple on His Explorations.

On Tuesday, March 14, Lieut. R. E. Peary, of the United States navy, will lecture at the Temple Opera house under the auspices of Palestine lodge, No. 79, A. F. and A. M. Lieut. Peary is the most successful Arctic explorer of any age and his experiences are familiar to almost everyone. They will be graphically described by himself and his account of thrilling adventures while on his trip of 1300 miles across the Greenland's ice cape is very fascinating. The lectures will be illustrated by magnificent views chosen from 2000 negatives taken by Lieut. Peary himself. In addition to this he has six large Esquimaux dogs and the sledge which he used. A native Esquimaux driver in full dress will also be exhibited.

Help wanted to distribute circulars. We pay $3 per 1000. Must give good references. Apply at once. Address Mutual Advertising company, Chicago, Ill.

U.S. STANDARD SNOW FLAKE BAKING POWDER

PUREST STRONGEST GOES FURTHEST

TUBOLI FOUND GUILTY.

The Jury Went Out This Morning and After Sixteen Minutes Returned the Verdict.

Judge Ensign Delivered an Eloquent and Exhaustive Charge Occupying an Hour in Delivery.

Jurors Present Judge Ensign With a Vote of Thanks For Courtesies Extended To Them.

Judge Ensign's charge to the jury in the Tuboli rape case was given this morning and occupied 55 minutes in delivery. It was listened to with the closest attention by the jury, the members of the bar and quite a number of listeners. The charge was a fair review of the testimony adduced during the trial and was at times eloquent in denunciation of crimes of that character. In brief the judge defined rape as an offense easily charged, hard to be proved and harder to be defended.

"The life, the crown, the glory of womanhood is her virtue," he said. "All her instincts prompt her to preserve it and to that end she resists alike solicitations and assaults and so fixed and certain is this with women that it is established as a general rule in the estimation of all that a woman who will not consent to the violation of her person when it is assaulted will resist such assaults to the utmost of her ability and strength.

"A woman of maturer years and wide acquaintance with the world may be more selfreliant and more determined in her resistance than a young and timid girl who was surprised by such an assault, with hardly an intimation or thought of what it meant, yet if the latter used what power she had in good faith for the purpose of protecting her person and her virtue her lighter defense should not be construed as consent. A woman who is thus assaulted and outraged, smarting under the insult, indignity and brutality imposed upon her, in her anguish would naturally desire to bring her ravisher to justice.

"There is no relation so close that should be so full of confidence on the one part and so guided by love and affection upon the other part as that of parent and child. The child's ideal man is most frequently the father, and the child looks to him for support, for guidance, with such unwavering confidence and yields to him ordinarily submission and loving obedience. Was there any feeling of confidence on the part of the child that forbade alarm at the seizure of her by the parent? Did resistance stop at his command? Did the lack of extreme resistance in this case mean consent? Were screams suppressed? If the party assaulting had been a stranger would she not have made the dim forest resound with the agonized cries of outraged virtue? Was it natural, if the crime alleged had been committed, that as soon as the child could reach the mother she would pour forth the story of her outrage with ears and sobs on the mother's bosom?"

The jury were out altogether sixteen minutes, returning once into the court for instructions. Only two or three ballots were taken before the tally was unanimously guilty as charged in the indictment. The jury came into court and Foreman Parsons handed in the verdict, which was read in English and translated to the prisoner. No stay was asked or motion made, because the case was practically a hopeless one from the start. Attorney Agatin defended the accused with great ability, but could not overcome the testimony of the prosecution.

The prisoner will be sentenced next week and will not receive less than five or more than thirty years in the state prison. He made no great show of feeling over the outcome but his wife was visibly affected.

At the conclusion the jurors presented Judge Ensign with a vote of thanks for his courteous and kind treatment of them during the term.

The case of Alva Bradley et al., vs. P. F. Smith et al., was continued by consent.

The action of Wm. Tretheway et al., vs. Sylvester Resell, was referred to H. F. Green to hear, determine and report judgment.

At the time of adjournment Ole Engen, indicted for forgery, changed his plea of "not guilty" to "guilty." He was remanded to await sentence.

For Contempt of Court.

Judge Baxter has ordered that a writ of attachment for contempt be issued against J. W. Anderson in the case of J. M. Pottgeiser vs. W. H. Watkins and J. W. Anderson. Anderson was ordered to appear before Referee George L. Kelley at a certain time and failed to do so, hence the attachment. The trouble grows out of a note given by Watkins to Pottgeiser for $150, which Anderson endorsed. The transaction was incidental to the transfer of the St. Paul Base Ball team to Duluth. Judgment against Anderson and Watkins for $501.75 was given.

The Latest.

Arrangements have been made whereby the Ossifrage will be able to land passengers at the Casino pier each morning during the World's fair trips, anchoring near the pier during the day, communication being had with the steamer by means of canopied yawl boats. At night the boat will lie behind the breakwater at the Chicago harbor for protection.

MRS. C. F. MORGAN.

Dressmaker.

Wishes to announce that she has removed from her late location at Fifth street and Third avenue west to 915 London road, (at the junction of East Superior street and London road), immediately on the line of electric cars, where she will be pleased to receive all old and new patrons after March 15.

To Loan—$1,575 on mortgage. Apply at once to Rude, d'Autremont & Thurman, 206 Chamber of Commerce building.

FAIR / HIGH

FORECAST FOR Saturday, March 4 Continued fair; slightly warmer today; warmer Sunday; north to west winds.

The Pioneer Fuel Co.'s COAL

Is selected from the best grades and special care used in preparing it for domestic use.

Dry Cord and Pine Wood

Cut in suitable lengths for household use. Orders promptly delivered.

City Sales Office: 416 West Superior Street. Telephone No. 161.

Weather predictions appear here daily.

LAST EVENING'S LECTURE.

Dr. Hoyt Draws "Lessons From a Great Life" —That of Dr. Arnold.

"Lessons from a Great Life" was the subject of a most instructive and entertaining lecture delivered at the High school assembly room last evening by Dr. Wayland Hoyt, of Minneapolis. The great life taken as a basis of the lecture was that of Dr. Arnold, the great English teacher.

Arnold's great success, he said, was his absolute mastery and surrender of himself to toil. His industry was great and continuous. Yet despite his remarkable industry, he naturally had an inclination to shirk his duties. He not only subjected that inclination to his will but did everything in a most conscientious manner. His life teaches that great lesson, the advantage of stringent, steady, glad, conscientious labor.

Another great lesson from this great man's life is that of cheer. Arnold was a boy until the day of his death. He did not expect to always find things as wished for. Constant work and his philosophy which summed up was—"another system may be better in itself, but I am placed in this system and am bound to try and see what I can make of it," were the fountain sources of that good-nature and cheerfulness.

A child lesson from Dr. Arnold's life is that of his tact. That is illustrated in the story of Tom Brown at Rugby. The characters of Tom and the delicate, timid Arthur were bettered by their associations and that result was foreseen by Dr. Arnold and through his tact and foresight the desired result was accomplished.

THE Duluth Board of Trade

Finding additional room necessary will build a very large and handsome building.

Property adjacent to this building will be immensely increased in value.

No site has been selected and property holders, with others interested, are invited to submit offers of bonus to be paid for the location of the Board of Trade building upon a site named by the guarantors of the bonus.

Offers of bonus must be made in the name of persons of known responsibility or accompanied by ample guarantees.

Within reasonable bounds the building will be placed in the locality offering the largest bonus.

O. C. HARTMAN,
A. D. THOMSON,
JNO. MACLEOD,
FRANKLIN PAINE,
Committee.

Car Service Report.

Chairman Kelly, of the Lake Superior Car Service association, started for Toronto this morning. His report of the work of the association for February shows the movement of 16,430 cars, with a total of 19,331 days' delay, an average of 1.36 per car. There were no particular features of interest in the balance of the report.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Price, $4500!

Seven-room House and fine Corner Lot, upper side, in the best part of Endion Division.

Choice Corner on Bench street,

$4000.

GEO. R. LAYBOURN,

14 PHŒNIX BLOCK.

The Great Eastern

The Largest and Finest Clothing House in the West. The Pioneers of Low Prices.

Great Excitement!

M. S. Burrows & Co. are selling all their

$5.00 STIFF HATS,
$4.00 STIFF HATS,
$3.50 STIFF HATS,
$3.00 STIFF HATS,

Tonight Only,

$1.98

M. S. BURROWS & CO.

COMMENCING TO BOIL

That is the Condition of the Municipal Political Pot in the Village of West Duluth.

The Ticket Headed by G. J. Mallory Has Been Completed and Is In the Field.

Judge Ensign Directs the Village Recorder to Post Election Notices Under the Old System.

The municipal campaign in West Duluth is warming up and there promises to be a sharp contest. There is considerable feeling and each side is confident of victory. There are at present two tickets in the field, the Mallory ticket and the Martin ticket. The Mallory ticket has been made up as follows: G. J. Mallory, president; P. J. Borgstrom, recorder; A. C. Osborn, treasurer; George R. Hall, assessor; Charles F. Lamb, judge of municipal court; trustees, First ward, L. D. French and Angus McNevin; Second ward, J. A. Gray and Samuel Wells; Third ward, Thomas Olafson and O. S. Olson; Fourth ward, Charles Kauppi and Otto Erickson.

Judge Ensign yesterday issued a writ of mandamus directing P. J. Borgstrom, recorder, to post notices of election under the old system of balloting. This does away with the dispute over the question and the election will now be held under the old election law of the state.

West Duluth Briefs.

H. L. Thompson is posing today as the father of a bouncing baby boy.

Thomas McGavery was arrested yesterday for stealing a revolver and a pair of arctics on Second stredt south.

H. Smith has purchased two lots in the Sixth division and will erect a fine dwelling on them.

Dr. Forbes will lecture to men only this evening in the city hall room.

Dr. Wenker is still very low with typhoid fever.

Church Services.

Baptist—Rev. E. J. Brownson, pastor. Morning subject, "Peter's Prayer." Evening subject, last stereopticon lecture on "Pilgrim's Progress."

Church of Holy Apostles—Rev. C. H. Remington, rector. Morning prayer and sermon at 10:30. Sunday school at 11:45. Bible class, 4 p. m. No evening service.

Methbodist—Dr. Forbes, pastor. Usual services at 10:30 a. m and 7:30 p. m.

Congregational—F. W. Smith will conduct the services both morning and evening. In the afternoon Mr. Smith will give a discourse at the city at 2:30.

PERSONAL.

Madame Warde left Thursday for New York.

B. Murphin, broker has removed to rooms 300 and 301 First National Bank Building.

C. Mickelson left for Grayling, Mich., to attend the funeral of Mrs. N. Mickelson. He will visit his old home at Manistee and return by way of Chicago and Milwaukee.

M. L. Cormany, a former well-known Duluth photographer, is now preaching the gospel at Akron, O., he having charge of the Presbyterian church in that city.

John J. McDonald, of Omaha, is here on business.

Dr. G. M. Rees came down from Virginia last evening. His brother, R. I. Rees, of Houghton, Mich., is also here.

R. S. Munger returned yesterday from St. Paul.

Bishop McGolrick delivered several lectures in St. Paul this week.

W. C. Sherwood has returned from a trip to Florida.

John Townsend has returned to St. Paul after a short visit.

Miss Louise Johnson is visiting relatives in Minneapolis.

General Kilgore formerly on the police force here but now of Watertown, South Dakota, is visiting friends here.

Alex Frazer started this morning for a trip along the south shore woods.

Contractor John Burns returned from Red Jacket last night and immediately started off for Sioux Falls.

W. P. Hurlbut, who has spent some time in Michigan, has returned.

Mrs. L. R. Hurd, wife of the well known Milwaukee miller, was at the Spalding last evening.

B. G. Segog retured from Chicago this morning.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS, City Tkt. Agt.
G. M. SMITH, Genl. Agt.

Elegant offices, well lighted, best possible location, for rent. See Stryker, Manley & Buck.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

Buy your wood and coal of DULUTH FUEL CO. Basement First National bank.

"WORTH A GUINEA A BOX."

BEECHAM'S PILLS

TASTELESS—EFFECTUAL FOR A DISORDERED LIVER

Taken as directed these famous Pills will prove marvelous restoratives to all enfeebled by the above or kindred diseases.

25 Cents a Box,

but generally recognized in England and, in fact throughout the world to be "worth a guinea a box," for the reason that they WILL CURE a wide range of complaints, and that they have saved to many sufferers not merely one but many guineas, in doctors' bills.

Covered with a Tasteless & Soluble Coating. Of all druggists. Price 25 cents a box. New York Depot, 365 Canal St.

A Few "Snaps"!

Lot on Bench Street	$3,000
Lot in Lakeside	$450
Lots on the Hill	$250
Lots in Portland	$500
Lot in West Duluth	$300
House and Lot	$1,400
House and Lot	$1,800
Corner, East First street	$2,300

GEO. R. LAYBOURN,

14 PHŒNIX BLOCK.

LOVETT'S BOSTON ★ STARS

Grand New First M. E. Church,

Third Avenue West and Third St.

TUESDAY, MARCH 7th.

Reserved seats, only 50c. Now on sale at Duluth Music Co., Boyce's or Smith & Chandler's Drug stores, Or at Y. M. C. A.

DON'T BE FOOLED

By Fake Hotel Schemes during

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

You do not know the accommodation provided till you reach Chicago. In the case of the

Steamer Ossifrage

You can step aboard and see for yourself. Meals, Berth, Transportation, and

10 or 14 Days in Chicago,

According to the trip selected, for

$65, $80 or $1.00.

WORLD'S FAIR TRANSIT CO.,

C. H. ELDRIDGE, Gen'l Manager.

428 West Superior Street.

The Town Of Biwabik!

Has increased 1000 Per Cent in population in the last half year, and is growing rapidly. Two railroads in operation and its tributary mines are among the biggest and best. All who go and see the growth and activity, buy, and thus make money. The easterly 40 is now on sale. Remember "the early bird catches the worm," and call early. It will pay you.

D. W. Scott,

408 First National Bank Bld'g., DULUTH, MINN.

6%

"ON OR BEFORE" MORTGAGE LOANS.

NO DELAY.

CLAGUE & PRINDLE,

216 West Superior Street.

W. P. BROWN,

GRAIN, PROVISIONS AND STOCKS

Private Wires to Chicago and New York.

107 and Chamber of Commerce.

RUPTURE

Can be Cured without any Surgical Operation, Risk or Detention by the Blackburn System. You are safer and better from the first day.

Cure guaranteed. Examination free.

If you want references we have thousands. If you want a CURE call at the

Duluth—Hotel Brunswick—Tuesday, March 7—10 to 4 and 6 to 8.

PANTON & WATSON

Glass Block Store.

We will show for the coming season a stock of merchandise that will surprise the people of Duluth and vicinity for Quantity, Quality and Low prices. every department will be overflowing with the newest and latest productions the world can produce. The goods are coming in fast, and are selling rapidly at the low prices we name; prices to suit everybody and everybody welcome.

This is a Store For The People!

For comfort in trading, for the excellent light, for variety of goods, and for the Low Prices named it has no equal.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!



Dress Goods!

On Monday morning we place on sale a line of Whip Cords, Serges and Bedford Cords 42 and 46 inches wide; Guaranteed all-wool and extra heavy-weight at 59c per yard, cheap at 75c. Only 59c. See.

French Challies!

15 pieces all-wool French Challies; beautiful colorings; cheap at 65c. Our price only 50c per yard.

Figured Poplins!

17 pieces Figured Poplins, exclusive styles and newest colorings; also changeable effects, the NEW THING for spring wear, the price only $1 per yard.

See Our

Line of Imported Novelties, exclusive styles, and only one pattern of a kind, at prices to suit all purses.

New Dress Ginghams!

250 pieces new Dress Ginghams for spring wear, all choice styles, fast colors, cheap at 12 1-2c. The price we name for this week, only 10c per yard.

New Black Sateens!

10 pieces Fast Black Sateens go on sale Monday at 10c per yard. Sold everywhere at 12 1-2c.

French Ginghams!

85 pieces new French Ginghams, 32-in. wide and warranted fast colors, all the latest spring styles, retailed all over at 25c. We offer them the coming week at 15c. See the price for French Ginghams, 15c per yard.

Calico!

2 cases New Dark Calicoes, good heavy cloth, sold everywhere at 8c. Sale price this week at the Glass Block Store, 5c per yard.

Black Brocades!

47 pieces new Black Brocade Sateen, Henrietta finish, good heavy cloth, all new patterns and warranted Fast Black; worth 35 to 40c. Glass Block price this week, 25c per yard.

See Ad Tomorrow in News-Tribune for Additional Bargains.

PANTON & WATSON.

Twenty Pages--PART TWO--Pages 7 to 12.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1893. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. THREE CENTS

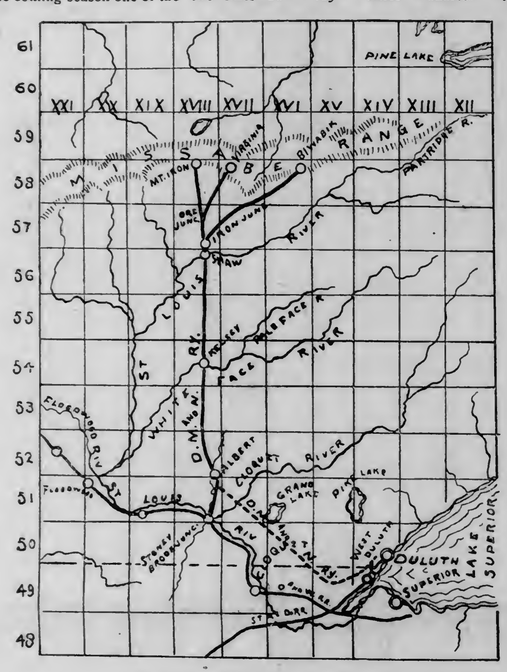
ON DULUTH RAILWAYS

Construction Work In the Northwest This Year Will Be Confined to the Duluth District.

The Great Northern Air Line From Crookston and Duluth & Winnipeg's Probable Extension Westward.

Extensive Plans of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern, Ultimately to Be Built to the Boundary.

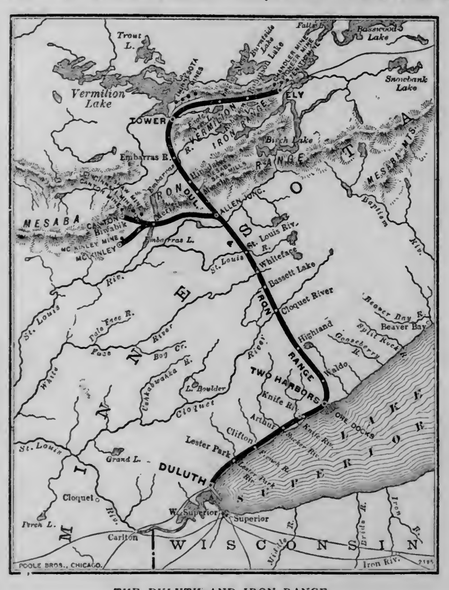
Railroad construction in the Northwest this year will be largely confined to the district tributary to Duluth. This same section has been the scene of the greatest railroad development during the past year. One of the most important announcements made in this connection was the recent statement made by President James J. Hill that during the coming season one of the two lines



THE DULUTH, MISSABE AND NORTHERN.

of the Great Northern projected eastward from the Red River valley will be extended to Duluth. This will prove a great factor in the upbuilding of the Zenith city, bringing it into direct communication with one of the richest wheat sections in the world, and opening up a great field for our wholesale establishments. It will likewise place the Duluth merchants in a position to compete more successfully than ever with the Twin City jobbers in a territory that has heretofore been compelled by force of circumstances to trade almost exclusively with St. Paul and Minneapolis. The influence of this air line between Crookston and Duluth upon grain rates can be readily appreciated.

Another important item of railroad news was the recent statement that the Duluth & Winnipeg road, designed also as a short line across Northern Minnesota from Duluth to the Red River valley has passed into the control of President Van Horne, of the Canadian Pacific



THE DULUTH AND IRON RANGE.

road, and his associates who also control the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. This transfer of control has been partially denied, but it is nevertheless true, and in a recent issue the Toronto Globe affirmed its truthfulness, on the strength of information obtained at Montreal, the headquarters of the Canadian Pacific. The Duluth & Winnipeg dates back to an early period in the history of Duluth. The first company went back into bankruptcy and the enterprise slept for many years. It was revived by new men and new money and in the years 1890 and 1891 about ninety miles of road were built from a point on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, called Short Line Park, to Deer River, the line running through the woods all the way. In 1892 the energies of the management were concentrated on the problem of getting down to the lake and this was solved by the aid of a land ownership corporation in Old Superior. The Duluth & Winnipeg company built down to the St. Louis river and bridged that stream and the land company built from that point to Allouez Bay, in Old Superior, and presented this piece of track, about eight miles long, to the railway company. An ore dock was built on the bay and another will be constructed this year.

Under a trackage arrangement with the St. Paul & Duluth, passenger and freight trains are run from Duluth out to the terminus, and the company is now seeking an independent entrance into the city. To what point the road is going for an ultimate western terminus is an undetermined question. If it should go to Winnipeg it would become a feeder for the Canadian Pacific. If it should go in its present general direction and enter the valley at Crookston, it would invade territory already fully occupied by the Great Northern and the Northern and the Northern Pacific and it would be 125 miles shorter than the present line of the Great Northern around by St. Cloud. Mr Hill endeavored to get control of it but was checkmated. The probability is, however, that it will be extended to the boundary at an early date and that by next winter Canadian Pacific trains will be running into Duluth. The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, now controlled by Mr. Van Horne's company, connects with the Duluth & Winnipeg, and the construction of this road would give a direct line from Winnipeg to Montreal by the south shore of Lake Superior. This is much shorter than by the north shore route. This line from Winnipeg to Duluth would also be much shorter than that from Winnipeg to Port Arthur, and it is hinted that the Canadian Pacific steamers will connect with the road here, as soon as the extension is completed.

Another great move of importance to Duluth was the recent formation of a very strong combination of mining and transportation interests, which include the Rockefeller and Colby syndicate of Eastern capitalists, the American Steel Barge company, the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road and the a number of important developed iron properties on the Mesaba owned by the Merritts. The Duluth, Missabe & Northern now leaves the Duluth & Winnipeg forty miles west of Duluth and runs up to the new ore field. The Missabe & Northern is now preparing to build an extension of twenty-eight miles from a point near Stony Brook to Marine division in Duluth, where room has been secured for immense ore docks and other terminal facilities. The contracts for this extension were let in January of the present year.

The extension begins five miles north of Stony Brook, running in an almost southeasterly direction through the break in the hill back of Ironton, continuing along from the westerly limits of West Duluth towards Duluth. At about Ninth street an elevated track will begin, between the yards at the foot of the steep hill on which Duluth is located and the dock, this track being about 3000 feet long and of an average height of about 120 feet. There is to be almost a level grade from the yard down to the dock. From the yard the main line of the road runs up a 2 per cent grade, equated for curvature, to the top of the hill, whence the country is almost perfectly level to the mines. The distance from the dock to the mines is 67 miles, and there is no curve of over four degrees or no grade of over 15 feet with traffic above the nill. The grade of 2 per cent coming down the hill is with traffic, and is nearly 50 feet to the mile easier than that of the Duluth & Iron Range road for several miles after it leaves the lake shore.

There is probably no road in the country running through a rough and precipitous section from deep water to a range of iron hills that presents such alignments and curvature as this. On the line of 67 miles there is a tangent of 24 miles, and there is but one mile of heavy work in the entire contract. The main line of the road from Stony Brook to Mountain Iron is 46.5 miles long; the Biwabik branch extends a distance of 16.5 miles; the Virginia branch is 7.5 miles in length, and the Duluth extension will foot up 28.5 miles. The main line and the two branches cost $1,000,000 in stock in bonds, and the Duluth extension and dock will cost $900,000. It is expected that the dock will be ready to ship ore about next August, though it will be impossible to complete the entire structure for at least a year. It will have a capacity for storing at one time 90,000 tons of ore, or a shipping capacity of nearly 3,000,000 tons a year, equal to the entire ore dock plant—four mammoth docks—of the Duluth & Iron Range road. It is intended to ultimately extend the Missabe road northwesterly to the boundary line.

Some railway building has been done the past year by the Minnesota Iron company, which controls the Duluth & Iron Range road. A line has been built from a junction on the old road north of Two Harbors to the eastern end of the new iron territory on the Mesaba range and this line will be extended the present year along the range as far as mining developments warrant. Thus the new iron district will be served by two competing roads, one entering the field from the south and the other from the east, and possibly by a third, entering it from the west. A survey is now being made for a new line running directly from Knife river to the Mesaba. It is also possible that the proposed direct line from Two Harbors to Elv will be built this year and an extension made to Gunflint lake to connect with the Port Arthur, Duluth & Western, now constructed from Port Arthur to that point.

Several logging roads are also being built in this section that may be transformed in time into general traffic roads. There are now about fifty miles of these roads diverging from the Duluth & Winnipeg, and they are owned by lumbering companies. They are of standard guage and are well built, considering the temporary use for which they are designed. Some end at mills on a regular railroad line and some end at streams where the logs are thrown into the water to be floated down to sawmill points. The Duluth, Red Lake Falls & Northern is another road that exists on paper at present. A route has been surveyed, and if the road is built it will enter Duluth at the East End where right-of-way has been granted by the city.

A LOCOMOTIVE EXPLODED.

One Man Was Killed and Three Were Fatally Injured.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 4.—Engine 491 on the Lehigh Valley road exploded her boiler near McKune's Station, fifteen miles north of Pittston, yesterday, killing William Brown, a pilot who had been sent to assist the train over the Buffalo division, and fatally injuring Charles Sincebaugh, the engineer; Perry Refenburg, the fireman, and John Schott, a brakeman.

The force of the explosion carried the boiler off the frame and what remained of the engine held the track and ran as far as Falls Station, where it came to a standstill on an up-grade.

The injured men are too badly hurt to give any particulars of the explosion, it having taken place below McKnue's Station in an isolated locality, and no further details were obtainable.

An Ex-Senator Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, March 4.—Ex-State Senator Horatiz Johns died ot his home, Roxbourough Thursday night, aged 72 years. He was stricken with paralysis a week ago. He was prominent as a lawyer and author and was a member of the New England Geological society, and of different historical societies throughout the United States.

Pursuing Slave Traders.

BRUSSELS, March 4.—Advices from the Congo Free State are to the effect that the authorities have determined to follow up the victory won by Commander Panis over the Arab slave traders, who were led by a son of Typhoo Tib. Capt. Pontheir will leave with a strong command for the region where the slave traders are still carrying on their traffic in defiance of the Free State.

A Prominent Lady Dead.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 4.—Mrs. Geo. Wyck, aged 32, sister of Miss Chamberlain, the famous American beauty in London, and a charming society lady, died suddenly yesterday at her residence on Wick avenue, of internal hemhorrhage. The deceased was the wife of a well known manufacturer and leaves a daughter 10 years old.

IN THE SOCIAL WORLD.

Society in General is Evidently Keeping Lent With an Extraordinary and Unusual Devotion.

The Exodus to Florida and the Warmer Climate is not Ceasing But Grows Stronger.

A Few Recitals and Card Parties the Only Dissipations of the Week—Some Engagements Announced.

"I feel like one who treads alone some banquet hall deserted; the guests all fled, the servants dead, and all save me departed," would be an appropriate ballad for the gatherer of social items in Duluth nowadays. The Florida exodus is keeping up stronger than ever and beyond a few recitals which serve to introduce elocutionists or artists of various kinds to the social recognition and swim, there is absolutely nothing doing. A few card parties are observed here and there and a belated wedding or two crops out amid the dreary waste of nothingness. Even the clubs have maintained a silence and society is keeping Lent with a vim.

But like the calm before the storm, the devotees are saying, "but, oh what a difference in the morning!" and it is presumed they refer in their reveries to the period after Easter morning when gaiety will break out afresh and the restraint of the present time will be forgotten.

Social Mention.

The engagement is announced of Mr. Fred W. Winship and Miss Etta Thompson, sister of Mr. W. T. Thompson, managing editor of The Herald.

The wedding of B. O. Loe, of this city, to Miss Hanson took place at Volgo, Dak., this week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Hopkins have arrived in Duluth after their wedding journey and are at the Spalding. Mrs. Hopkins was formerly Miss Smith and was one of the popular teachers in the city schools.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Ray had a large gathering of friends at their house Wednesday evening. Miss Gheen, the elocutionist, was a leading figure in the evening's amusement.

Mrs. George Fredericks, of West Duluth, entertained a number of lady friends with a card party Friday afternoon.

Mrs. B. C. Dent entertained the C. P. Whist club last evening at West Duluth.

The pupils of Gerard Tonning will give their seventh piano recital on Thursday evening next at the Saturday club rooms and will be assisted by Prof. Trautvetter and Prof. Feasten.

The regular meeting of the Saturday club is being held this afternoon. This is history day and Mrs. Ira Coburn is leading. The subjects are "Austerlitz and Waterloo from a German Standpoint" and "Penpictures of Stein and Blucker," concluding with a talk on "The Holy Alliance."

The engagement is announced of Mr. William D. Ardouin and Miss Ida Storey. Both were recipients of hearty congratulations from their many friends on the notice of the approaching wedding which takes place early in April.

The wives of the managers of the Y. M. C. A. were entertained by Mr. George C. Howe Wednesday evening, at 1016 East Second street. The gentlemen were also present.

Social Personal.

Dr. and Mrs. Phalen have returned from a pleasant visit to St. Augustine, Fla.

Mrs. George Spencer is still in Florida. Mr. Spencer is back and reports the Duluth party as enjoying themselves.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Killorin were in the city from Hiawatha during the first part of the week.

Mrs. H. H. Hawkins and children have gone East on a visit.

Mrs. E. Newell, of West Duluth, has gone to her old home in Nova Scotia for a short stay.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Chapin have gone to Saginaw, Mich., and will extend their trip to California before returning.

Mrs. Ella Barker and children have gone to Florida for the balance of the winter.

Miss Ida Stine, of Ironwood, was here during the week, making a call on relatives.

Mrs. E. C. Gridley and daughter are in Florida.

Miss Lynch is spending a few weeks in the East.

Mrs. W. H. Richardson left for Minneapolis last night. Mr. Richardson goes to Boston.

Mrs. F. L. Stone returned this morning from her trip to Oklahoma.

Mr. W. Moore has joined his Duluth friends in Florida.

Mrs. Myers is with her friends in Chicago.

Miss Nellie Zimmerman, of St. Paul, who has been the guest of the Misses Hogan for some time, left foa her home in St. Paul yesterday.

Mrs. Henry Bell and children have gone to St. Paul for a visit of a couple of weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Blanchard started yesterday for a three months' visit to California.

Mrs. W. F. McFale, of La Prairie, was in the city this week.

Mrs. Kate Elliott, of Aberdeen, S. D., is visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hornby, of Cloquet, called on old friends here this week.

Miss H. Bendit, of West Duluth, has been called to Manistee, Mich., on account of the death of her father.

Miss Jennie Ralston is confined to her home by sickness.

Mr. and Mrs. P. R. Haley, of West Duluth, are entertaining Mrs. Hilliard, of Rat Portage, Man.

Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Taussig have returned from an extended eastern trip.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Peterson, of Phillipps, Wis., are visiting in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Norton have gane to New Orleans.

Mrs. D. C. Prescott, of West Duluth, has gone to Ironwood, Mich., for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Spearin were summoned to Farmington, Minn., last night by receipt of the intelligence of the death of their relative, S. B. Spearin.

Mr. and Mrs. Blanchard have gone to Los Angeles, Cal., for a visit.

Miss Louise Johnson is spending a few weeks in Minneapolis.

Mrs. R. L. Winden, who has been visiting relatives here, has gone to Chicago.

NEW DULUTH HAPPENINGS.

The Latest Events in the Bustling Little Village.

NEW DULUTH, March 4.—New Duluth has been rather isolated this week on account of the storm, and no trains the early part of the week. The people here were rather disgusted and more than one was heard to say they should at least have the telephone service.

Mr. and Mrs. Falck left for their home in Michigan Thusday after having a pleasant visit with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Bashaw and family from Negaunee, Mich., have come here to reside.

Miss Hyland, who was here for several months as stenograper for Herman, Becklinger & Herman, is now at Winter Park, Fla., and with a party on her way to Cuba. They report the temperature as eighty degrees in the shade.

J. Ehrman has returned from Marinette, Wis., where he has been on business connected with the Atlas Iron Works.

There is some talk of organizing a snowshoeing club.

Herman, Becklinger & Herman received an order for furniture to be shipped to Oakland, Cal., at once.

A very sad death occurred last Saturday. Mrs. Wm. Anglin, who died of consumption, leaves a husband and four children, the oldest 11 years, the youngest 2. She was buried Monday at Superior, where they came from very recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus. Stahl entertained their friends at a calico wedding Saturday night. A large number were present and a pleasant time had.

The Baptists are preparing an entertainment to be given at the Baptist church next week for the benefit of the missionary society.

A number of cases of the grip are reported. Mrs. Bushell and Mrs. Hahan are both quite ill. Dr. McCune is suffering with the mumps.

Mr. Blandon is gone to Michigan, where it is thought he will remain.

The Woman's league, of the Congregational church, met Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Keyes.

Regular services at the Baptist church Sunday. Morning sermon and baptismal service at 10:30. Evening service at 7:45 by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Jackson.

THE LUMBERMEN MET.

Election of Officers by the Mississippi Valley Lumbermen.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 4.—The annual meeting of the Mississippi Valley Lumbermen's association was held yesterday at the West hotel. The most important subject for consideration, aside from the annual reports and election of officers, was the question of prices, the general sentiment being in favor of an advance.

The election of officers resulted: President, W. H. Laird, Winona; vice presidents, D. T. McKnight, Eau Claire, and William Irvin, Chippewa Falls; treasurer, R. L. McCormick, Hayward; secretary, J. N. Nind, Minneapolis; directors, B. F. Nelson, Minneapolis; S. Weyerhauser, Rock Island; C. L. Coleman, La Crosse; A. L. Ulrich, Rice Lake; E. T. Shaw, Clokuet; W. I. Young, Clinton, Iowa; G. H. Atwood, Stillwater.

An Eight-Hour Day.

LONDON, March 4.—Mr. Gladstone received yesterday a large deputation of delegates representing workers in the coal mines, who visited him to ask the government to support the enactment of a law establishing an eight-hour day for employes in the mines. Mr. Gladstone suggested local option as a possible way of meeting the difficulties, and he expressed the hope that the question might be debated at this session of parliament.

Another St. Paul Failure.

ST. PAUL, March 4.—The J. H. Mahler Carriage company has made an assignment to F. W. Dayton for the benefit of its creditors and the factory on lower Fifth street is closed.

A levy made on the company by the Keyes Buggy company, of Minneapolis, to satisfy a judgment for $216.60 precipitated the assignment. No schedule of the company's affairs have been filed, but as near as can be learned by inquiry the assets are in the neighborhood of $15,000 and the liabilities $20,000.

Another Strike Likely.

TOLEDO, March 4.—General Manager Ashley, of the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan railroad, said yesterday that the engineers had presented grievances and made demands upon the company and that the officials refused to grant them. The men say they will strike if their demands are not acceded.

A Half-Breed Hanged.

SAN FRACISCO, March 4.—Jose Gabeyel, the half-breed Indian who killed an old couple near Geiser by beating out their brains while they slept at Otay, San Diego, last October, his object being robbery, was hanged yesterday in the state prison at San Quintin. His neck was broken by the drop.

Car Coupler Bill Approved.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—President Harrison approved the car couple bill yesterday and the pen with which he signed it was presented to E. A. Moseley, secretary of the inter-state commerce commission.

APPLICATIONS WANTED FOR LOANS

$400, $500, $600, $900, $1000, $1500, $2000, OR ANY OTHER AMOUNT DESIRED.

RATES: 5½ to 8%!

Money on hand and No Red Tape.

Real Estate for Sale!

SOME CHOICE BARGAINS AT WEST DULUTH.

Look This Up.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

FURNITURE!

Come and see the stock and BARGAINS NOW OFFERED.

SECRETARIES AND BOOKCASES cheaper than ever.

Bed Room Suites of every description at lowest prices.

CARL BERKELMAN,

119 East Superior Street. Opposite City Hall.

What is the Excitement Upon First Ave. West?

A Fire? Oh, No!

The crowd is going to BAYHA & CO.'S FURNITURE STORE, where they are getting Big Bargains in Parlor Suites, Bed-Room Suites, Dining-Room Suites, Lounges, Couches, Hall Racks, Parlor Tables and everything usually kept in a first-class furniture store. FALL IN LINE. DON'T GET LEFT.

BAYHA & CO.

No. 108 and 110 First Avenue West.



105-107 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

It pays to attend THE BEST. Young men and women do you wish a thorough course in *Business, Shorthand and Typewriting or Telegraphy?* If so, attend the Duluth Business University, the FINEST ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE and SCHOOL of STENOGRAPHY in the West. For information, call at College or write for Catalogue.

W. W. PHIPPS President. W. C. McCARTER, Secretary

Day and Evening Sessions.

Fine Sleighs and Cutters!

RUSSIAN AND PORTLANDS, TWO-SEATERS AND SINGLES.

REMOVED TO 416-418 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

M. W. TURNER.

MONEY TO LOAN

In large or small amounts, on IMPROVED PROPERTY, at the LOWEST RATES.

McGIFFERT & WHITE, *213 FIRST NATIONAL BANK.*

TO THOSE

Who have in contemplation the purchase of a Home. I have a large list to select from.

Fire Insurance Carefully Written.

HARRY D. PEARSON, - 305 Burrow's Buildin

Magazines for March!

Fashion Books for March!

CALL ON US FOR THE PARTICULAR ONE YOU WANT.

CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR,

323 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Fine Stationery Daily and Illustrated Papers.

J. M. GEIST, THE LEADING HOUSE IN Fine Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Etc.

J. S. LANE,

Merchant Tailor,

Largest and finest line of Spring Woolens in the city to select your Spring Overcoat or Suit from.

IS PRESSING ONWARD

Duluth Knows No Cessation in Her Onward and Ever Rapid March to Commercial Greatness.

The Jobbing Trade Has Grown From Almost Nothing to Nearly $35,000,000 Within a Few Years.

Half a Dozen More Wholesale Houses Are Definitely Secured For Location Here This Year.

The fond mother writing to the absent father will describe at length how their child has grown; how the clothes just bought had to be let out there or enlarged here and finally thrown away because of insufficiency of size. The child's attainments form the basis for many words of admiring parental comment and father and mother unite in a mutual admiration society which may be said to take as ifs text "Behold our handiwork. is it not of exceeding great goodness?"

The application is one that may be used with reference to Duluth which is constantly gathering to itself new possessions of mercantile wealth and like the growing boy, is forced to discard the half-worn habiliments of municipal existence, because, perforce, they are too small. The most pronounced enemy of Duluth, no matter how deep seated are his convictions that Duluth is an excrescence on the otherwise fair earth, cannot but admit that the infant is making wonderful strides, not toward cityhood, (for that milestone of progress was passed several years ago) but toward metropolitanism, and that in many instances Duluth and its environments are in the front rank.

Not quite two years ago the Duluth Jobbers union was formed and thirty firms comprised the list. At the close of last year there were 122 firms, employ-



ing about 130 traveling salesmen, with a business aggregating nearly $35,000,000, or about a third greater volume than the previous year. The outlook for the present year is even more reassuring and the establishment of new wholesale houses is a foregone conclusion. A large wholesale crockery house, a drug house, a boot and shoe house, a hat, cap and fur house, a paper warehouse, and several other establishments of equal importance are known to be secured and the locations of most of them have been already announced.

Nearly 2,000,000 tons of coal of all kinds were received on the companies' docks last year and at this time, a couple of months in advance of the arrival of the first steamers from below, the dealers are confronted with a much larger demand and practically emptied dockage capacity.

The development of the iron industry has been phenomenal, particularly on the Mesaba range, where a year ago spectators, investors and others were tramping about in cold and snow, with no assured mines, but any quantity of "test pits" alone to mark the picket line of the army of tonnage of iron ore soon to follow. Now two railroads tap the range and penetrate into its innermost recesses while two, if not four other lines, are hovering about the outskirts with a strong probability that they too will gridiron the richest known deposit of iron ore in the world. But this is not all—the ore is not only there—mining companies have been organized and some of them have already had returns from their shipments of ore; yes, indeed; some of the Mesaba ore which less than a year ago was undiscovered is today being riveted on the sides of McDougall's big whaleback wonders in the shape of steel plates. Again, contracts have been entered into which seem to indicate an output of 1,200,000 tons of ore from the new range this year, giving employment to thousands of men and putting millions of money into circulation. The older range, the Vermilion, has not been idle, and its output last year shows a vast increase, with the most flattering prospects for a still better showing for the present year. The caprice of furnace men and the whims of vessel owners do not have equal weight with this branch of commercial life that they could command a few years ago. The solution is found in the fact that the reduction of ores has been begun at this end of Lake Superior, and before two



years a great portion of the annual output will be manufactured and find a market demand right here, and ships that now carry the ore will be able and anxious to load with the manufactured products in their ramified classifications.

The great flood of golden wheat which three or four years ago flowed uninterruptedly eastward or southward now halts a big percentage of its volume at our very doors, and from this point takes up its flow eastward in the shape of flour which has already a market whereever it is offered. Over 1,000,000 barrels of flour were shipped Eastward last year and the concomitant bulk of shorts, middlings and coarser residuum was whirled back to near by consumers at a cheaper rate than ever before.

The "sturdy woodsman with his axe" has wielded his glittering weapon appeace so sturdily and well that a total of approximately 350,000,000 feet of pine lumber with little side "jags" of 66,000,000 lath and 113,000,000 shingles were the milled result. This is an increase over the previous year of nearly 90,000,000 feet, and even this large figure bids fair to be entirely swamped in the magnificent outlook for the present year.

Municipal, governmental, corporate and individual improvements at Duluth last year were about $5,500,000 in value, also greatly in excess of any previous year, and nearly an equal amount is in sight for the present year. Superior street, the great arterial thoroughfare of the city, has been paved to the present western city limits and meets the West Duluth and Oneota interurban highway and now a carriage can roll smoothily along a "principal street" for nearly ten miles in one direction, to say nothing of the superb street railway system which utilizes the same avenue and carried its millions of passengers during the year just past.

The inaccessibility of the hills back of Duluth has been minimized and incline railways carry passengers in three minutes from the commercial bustle of "down town" to the domestic bustle on the hills where the rattle of many hammers and the clatter of the builders' art gives out an Aurorial reveille long before the world, 500 feet below, is shaking off the grasp of Somnus and grappling with the problem of keeping up the hum of a really live city.

One of the most important evidences of improvement during the past year was the completion of Lake avenue viaduct and the paving of that street for its entire south length, changing a muddy and oft impassable highway to a cleanly and attractive thoroughfare at all times.

In every direction the growth of Duluth has been marked during 1892, and the prospects for the present year in every particular exceed those of any previous year.

SUITS!

We Received by Express Today and Will Put on Sale

MONDAY MORNING,

18 Handsome, Stylish Made Suits,

The newest thing for the coming season. The Suits were made to sell for $25, but as an advertisement we shall sell this first lot at

$15 EACH.

Three colors—Navy, Tan and Black. No two garments made alike. The very latest style. We are receiving fresh Spring Novelties in our Cloak and Suit Department daily and extend a cordial invitation to all our patrons to call and see what is going to be worn the coming Spring.

NOTE—Those Ready-Made Suits will interest you. Don't fail to see them.

Silberstein & Bondy

NEW DULUTH!

Has Nine Manufacturing Plants—Six in Operation!

NEW DULUTH is only eighteen months old, has a population of 1500 people.

NEW DULUTH is located on St. Louis Bay at the head of navigation; will be a party of Duluth proper on Jan. 1, 1895; is within sixty miles of Mesaba Iron Mines; will be the terminus of all railroads running to the mines; the ores shipped from these mines must come via New Duluth.

IRON MANUFACTURING CONCERNS seeking advantageous locations are requested to write to this company.

NEW DULUTH LAND COMPANY own 2,200 acres of land. The first plat comprises only 232 acres.

CAN YOU REALIZE that an investment in lots and houses in New Duluth will bring a net revenue of 12 per cent per annum.

NEW DULUTH LAND COMPANY will build houses for parties who will purchase lots in New Duluth, and guarantee them 12 per cent on their investment.

IF YOU WANT TO INVEST MONEY where it is safe and will bring in large returns, write to us.

James W. Norton,

General Manager New Duluth Land Co., Duluth, Minn.

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

B. Murphin, stock and bond broker, has removed to rooms 300 and 301 First National bank building.

"Go South, Cold Man."

You can bask in the sunshine and sea breezes of the gulf and not cost you a cent for transportation if you will call on Holwick & Youngblood, 321 West Superior street, and make arrangements.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

The Highland electric cars are running regularly from the head of the Incline through the prettiest tract of land at the head of the lakes.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building

Two Handsome Offices

For rent in the new Herald building on the ground floor. Call and inspect them. Inquire at Herald office, 220 West Superior street.

Railway Conundrums.

What is the railway mileage of the United States? 170,601 miles.

What has been the cost? Over ten billion dollars.

What state heads the list in point of mileage? Illinois—10,079 miles.

What is the average cost of constructing a mile of railroad? About $30,000.

Who built the first locomotive in the United States? Peter Cooper.

What is the cost of a palace sleeping car? About $15,000, or $17,000 if vestibuled.

What road carries the largest number of passengers? The Manhattan Elevated railroad, New York—525,000 a day or 191,625,000 yearly.

What are the chances of fatal accident in railway travel? Statistics show one killed in every 10,000,000.

What road runs the famous vestibuled, electric lighted and steam heated train between St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago? The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. It leaves St. Paul at 8:10 o'clock every evening. Considered one of the most complete and handsomest trains in this country.

How many trains per day via this road from the "Twin Cities" to Chicago? Four—from St. Paul Union depot at 7:50 a. m., 2:55 p. m., 6:55 p. m. and 8:10 p. m.

Are they all heated by steam? Yes.

If there any road except "The Milwaukee" which furnishes electric berth lamps to read by? No.

Who should a passenger apply to for information as to the lowest rates to all points in United States and Canada via "The Milwaukee?" To any coupon ticket agent in the Northwest, or address

J. T. Conley,
Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

Picture Frames.

Our spring line of gold mouldings is elegant. See them.

F. E. Butts & Co.

Bargains in Real Estate.

Are you looking for a good residence? Call and see what I can show you. Lots in Duluth proper, Portland, Endion and East Duluth.

E. W. Markell,
7 Phoenix blk.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. Summers,
City Tkt. Agt.
G. M. Smith,
Genl. Agt.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

I Want to Rent

A house with eight or nine rooms and all conveniences. Must have hot water or furnace heat and location must be first class. Will rent for a term of years. Apply to

James R. Park,
Union Dock, Lake Avenue.

Painters.

See us for prices on painters' supples.

F. E. Butts & Co.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

$45,000 to loan in large or small amounts on improved or unimproved property.

Myers & Whipple,
Under First National Bank.

$5.00 PER MONTH

The Generous Offer Made by the Copeland Medical Institute

To All Sufferers of Catarrh Which will Hold Good to April 1, 1893.

The Support Given the Copeland Medical Institute by the People of This Vicinity

Has Been All That Could Have Been Desired.

As a Recognition of Its Hearty Support by the People of Duluth,

The Physicians of the Copeland Medical Institute Make This Generous Offer

To Place the Treatment Within the Reach of All.

The Copeland Medical Institute has been established in this city for many months. It has many good reasons to point with pride to the excellent record it has made. Ever since the doors of the Institute were opened for business it has been taxed to the utmost capacity. That the Copeland Medical Institute has received a glad welcome to Duluth and the treatment given by its able physicians, indorsed as that of the highest order, is evident from the fact that it has and continues to be patronized by the foremost people in the city, many of them in high official and business capacities. Clergymen of almost every denomination indorse the work done by the eminent specialists. The uniform success attained by this Institute is entirely due to its policy. First, it does not in any case advertise what it cannot do; second, it never undertakes what it cannot complete, and, third, it gives every one, rich or poor, honest treatment. The physicians of the Copeland Medical Institute will give you an honest opinion whether you have money or not. That people have implicit confidence in the treatment given by this Institute is plain to see. In the columns of the daily papers can be read the statements and addresses of patients who have been treated and can be seen by any one who doubts the genuineness of the cases. What stronger proof can possibly be produced than living witnesses, right at home. The novel plan adopted by the Copeland Medical Institute of furnishing people treatment, including medicine, for a small fee per month, has attracted wide attention, especially among people of moderate means, for it means to them an honest treatment at a moderate price. No longer is it necessary to go to high-priced specialists when you can secure the services of highly-trained specialists of great experience at a reasonable price.

The fee has now been placed so low as to be within the reach of every one who may need treatment, and there is no excuse for a person suffering from catarrh to delay treatment. Beginning March 1 the Copeland Medical Institute will treat catarrh and all kindred diseases for $5 per month and furnish all necessary medicines, and this offer will hold good to all who may apply prior to April 1, 1893.

Remember this is the season of the year you are most liable to colds and their neglected results. Don't delay, proper attention now may change the whole course of your life.

ALL NEW PATIENTS BEGINNING TREATMENT AND ALL OLD PATIENTS RENEWING TREATMENT DURING MARCH WILL BE TREATED AT $5 A MONTH AND ALL MEDICINES FURNISHED FREE OF CHARGE. THIS OFFER IS FOR THE TREATMENT OF CATARRH AND KINDRED DISEASES.

Still another link is added to the great chain of evidence in support of the work done by the able physicians of the Copeland Medical Institute. Catarrh of the stomach causing dyspepsia and indigestion, is an affliction of which many people suffer. The following case is related to show the effect of properly administered remedies in such cases.

Mr. John Hogberg lives at 1818 West Second street. He is car inspector for the St. Paul & Duluth railroad and tells the following story in regard to his case: "My trouble began a year ago last September. It started by a soreness in the stomach that was worse after eating. I could not eat meat at all or any sweet or salty food because of the distress it would cause me and could only get relief by throwing up contents of stomach. I would sometimes suffer so that it would almost drive me from my work. Headaches across the front of my forehead were of frequent occurrence. I felt weak and tired easily, seldom had any energy or desire for work."

Present Condition.

"My stomach is now in good condition so that I can eat anything. There is no more vomiting after meals and my food seems to give me nourishment and strength so that I can do my work with ease and comfort. I can recommend the Copeland system of medical treatmen to those who suffer as I did. The doctors seemed to understand my case thoroughly for I began to improve from the first and continued to do so till now I am quite well again and happy in the enjoyment of the pleasures of life."

REMEMBER THE $5 RATE FOR THE TREATMENT OF CATARRH AND KINDRED DISEASES IS ONLY OFFERED DURING MARCH. TAKE ADVANTAGE OF IT NOW.

Notable Credentials.

The location of the offices of the Copeland Medical Institute in the city of Duluth is a permanent one. Their leases and contracts are for a term of years.

Dr. Copeland is a graduate of the Bellevue Hospital Medical College, of New York city; was president of his class in that famous institution, and, after thorough hospital training and experience devoted his entire time and attention to the special lines of practice named below. Passed through a similar course, Dr. Hunt and Dr. Drenning also devote themselves exclusively to the treatment of these specialties. Years of experience in their special lines, preceded by extensive hospital work, have fitted them in a notable degree for the practice of their profession.

Copeland Medical Institute,

PERMANENTLY LOCATED OFFICES,

Rooms 312, 313, 314 Lyceum Bldg,
Opposite the Spalding Hotel.

DR. W. H. COPELAND,
Consulting Physician.

DR. H. M. HUNT and
DR. F. C. DRENNING,
Examining Physicians.

Specialties: Catarrh and diseases of the Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Nervous Diseases, Skin Diseases, Chronic Diseases. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m., 7 to 8 p. m.; Sunday, 9 a. m. to 12 m.

CATARRH CURED.
SKIN DISEASES CURED.
NERVOUS DISEASES CURED.

If you live at a distance send four cents in stamps for question circular. Address all mail to the Copeland Medical Institute, Lyceum building, Duluth, Minn.

NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL

Bichloride of Gold Co.,

Dr. H. O. Rockwell, Residing Physician,
Rooms 616-617 Chamber of Commerce Building

Use the Celebrated Dr. Mark M. Thompson bichloride of Gold Remedies.

What We Will Do.

We Replace Slavery With Freedom

In the case of anyone who really desires to quit the use of Alcohol, Tobacco and Opium, we absolutely cure the disease which creates the appetite.

No Time Lost From Business,
No Injurious Effects,
No Restraint of Liberty.

Treatment given at the office of the company. All appetite for narcotics completely and permanently eradicated from the system in from three to four weeks' treatment.

Strongly endorsed as the most scientific yet discovered by Miss Francis E. Willard, Bishop Fallows, John V. Farwell and the press and clergy everywhere.

Write for circulars. All communications are treated in strictest confidence.

Address—
SECRETARY OF
NORTHWESTERN NATIONAL
BICHLORIDE OF GOLD
COMPANY
Room 616 Chamber of Commerce Bld Duluth

A. FITGER & CO.'S

Lake Superior Brewery

Is the argest in the State of Minnesota outside of the Twin Cities.

$8.00--BEST SET OF TEETH



CULLUM.
Painless Dentist.
Room 702,
PALLADIO BUILDING.

CATARRH

Are you ever troubled with

CATARRH

in any form? If so, go at once to A. Tattersall & Co., 607 Chamber of Commerce, Duluth, Minn., and try CATARRHALIX, the greatest known cure for this offensive and dangerous disease. Do not delay! Catarrhalix reaches the diseased parts at once, giving immediate relief and drives the poison from the system, and effects a positive cure.

Cures acute cases in seven days.
Price of CATARRHALIX only ONE DOLLAR
Costs nothing to learn all about this great remedy.

A. Tattersall & Co.,
No. 607 Chamber of Commerce,
DULUTH, MINN.

NYE ABOUT THE HORSE

William Met a Doctor Who Dilated On the Proper Educational Facilities For That Animal.

Nye Once Had a Hunter Himself, Who Was Much Afraid of a Great Many Things.

He Also Gives Some Advice How to Make a Valuable Cow Love Her Home.

EN ROUTE.

Last week we met an educator of the horse and the author of a work on "Preparatory Education of the Horse." He gave me one for review. He claims that very few horses, especially in America, have proper educational facilities, and many that they do have remain unimproved. "It is a common experience to find," says he, "horses of great intellectual capacity, yet middle aged and disappointed. Too many have left the coun-



WITH THE DETECTIVE.

try and gradually drifted toward the great cities, especially New York, which has given more work for horses in street car and Fifth avenue stage line circles than anywhere else, because she has been the last to adopt mechanical methods for pulling street rolling stock. All the country villages have had electric cars for years and years, and so the country horses, with swelling bosoms and swollen heads, have gone to New York, where they have suffered on in silence, but too proud to return.

"Sometimes an American horse is able to go abroad to finish his education, but very rarely. To travel and see America is the privilege also of but few. There are horses that have seen all of life in Australia and Europe, crossing the continent of America afterward."

The doctor regrets that the education of the horse has been so sadly neglected, and that the self made or self educated horse is the rule rather than the exception.

For some years the doctor, who is a veterinary surgeon, has occupied a chair in the Horse College for Diseases of the Eye and Ear. He is a Welshman by birth and has imported many Shetland ponies to this country. He has also brought over many beautiful, sleek, contralto jacks to this country from Spain. They are held in high esteem by the people of Spain and are called ministers. This is no joke, but a living fact and not intended to reflect upon the clergy. (To the Editor—Probably this is too true for publication.)

The doctor says that he attended a royal bull fight at the capital, and, though accustomed to sights of great suffering and having been through all the slaughter houses of Chicago and the abattoirs of Paris, he was still unprepared for the sad and sickening sight. He had come prepared to see the matadors, or whatever they are, knocked about by the bull to the lively music of the band and had hoped that one or two might be fatally injured, but they were not. Eighteen horses torn and mortally gored showed, however, that the fight had been a success. How different people are in respect to their pleasures and their methods of relaxation!

I think we all have something of the brute in us, but not in the same way. Some of us are sly and secretive like the fox—for instance, like the detective. I met one the other day whom I had seen a year ago for a moment. We met on the corner of the main street, in front of the postoffice, and he told me why he was there. He was on the trail of a man who had wrongfully taken $10,000 in government bonds. "I've found him," he said, "and now I am looking for the bonds."

"Why don't you ask some of these people who are coming for their mail?" I said, with a sneer. Then I asked him if the man was yet at large.

"Oh, yes," he said; "we are watching him to see where the bonds are. Oh, yes: you have to shadow a man sometimes for years. I went around the world shadowing a man last year. Saw everything and kept him in sight also. The bank paid the expenses without a murmur, except where I had charged the expenses of an engagement ring worth 500 krentzers to the concern because I had to make love to the girl in order to pump the victim through his valet, who was the girl's brother. They said 400 krentzers was all they could allow on that. Hist!" he said, "here comes my bird now down the street, with no more idea that he's my huckleberry than a man in the moon. Glance at him as he goes by, and I will look the other way."

I did so. He was a fair haired young man, and as he went by he gave me a loud and merry wink of the other eye.

Reports say that he has once more eluded the vigilance of the detectives, and as the bonds are not registered it is feared that they may not be recovered till next year, and possibly not at that time.

The doctor says many good things about the horse and how to break him of bad tricks. Take, for instance, the one of kicking and running away when the tail gets over the line. This is quite common, and many horses must have their tails cauterized on this account. The mate has to go through the same operation in order to match.

All this trouble may be saved by putting a surcingle on the horse, and after placing a broom handle or other round stick under the tail tie it by both ends forward to the surcingle, placing the stick horizontally. In one night he is cured.

I had once a very fine horse, but he had this fatal gift of kicking when some one dropped the line under his tail. He would hug that line with his massive tail and kick everything into chaos and run like a frightened comet with its tail over the dashboard.

I got hold of this recipe and had faith in it. I have yet, but it is too much expense to take care of the man's family after he has put the broom handle under the horse's tail.

The doctor has another good cure for shying. It is a general rule, too, among good horsemen. It is in substance to lead the horse or drive him to the object, let him smell of it and put his nose against it, and he will never fear it again.

This is common sense, but it must not be followed too closely. I had a very spirited hunter once with which I used to chase the fox whenever I could get one that would last me two or three years and come home to his meals.

This hunter was a clay bank filly named Lady Pinkham. She was afraid of nothing, it seemed to me. She would jump a rainbow if somebody would steady it for her, and I've known her to jump an exorbitant livery bill and come home without a flutter of the nostril.

But I soon discovered that she was afraid of the bear, of which there were a great many on my estate. Well, now, how are you going to take a spirited horse and lead him up to a bear and then rub his nose over the bear?

You can't do it, you know.

Then she was always afraid of a dead colored man hanging to a tree so I had to sell her.

She was also afraid of the limited train which goes past our place, but does not stop there.

Well, you can't lead a scared horse up to a limited train that is going at 60 miles an hour. It is undignified in the first place, and then again the passengers resent it. People don't want unknown horses to rub their noses against their private cars that way.

One of the most valuable things in the work is a recipe for making a cow come up at night. Much sorrow is felt in otherwise happy homes by that sad, sad question in the heart:

"Where is my wandering cow tonight?"

Some cows are wild and gay. They become the heads of families before their girlhood is fully passed. They like still to spend the evening with other young people. Thus they do not come home where they often supply a family with milk and then get kicked in the stomach by the friendly hired man.

This staying out of nights with gay companions, on the part of the cow, leads down to the dark and cheerless beef barrel. It is sad, and it has to be stopped. You can stop it if you really admire and respect her. First teach her to love you and come to you whenever she wants a lump of sugar or a new pair of undressed kid gloves to eat. Win her heart; then you can be sure she will come home when there is no other place open.

Now get her to come and breathe her sweet tornado in your ear while you feed and pet her. Have prepared two straps three inches wide and just long enough to buckle around the knee—the cow's knee. Drive these straps full of tacks, with the points just penetrating the leather a fraction of an inch. Buckle them below each knee on the fore legs, and when she gets over her giddy evening with young friends of her own frivolous style she will kneel down by the side of her bed for a moment, as she should, but she will feel pained by the sharp tacks and will shake her head and snort, but after awhile she will examine another bed and try it. This also will hurt, and she will try to get the other heifers up with her to put in the night. She will lift them a little with one horn and then try them with the other, but they are slumbering and will only shake their heads in a dreamy way or swallow their quid and shut their eyes again.



NYE'S HUNTER.

Then the irritated cow goes to a nearby tree and tries to knock it over as she utters a low moan. Sadly, by and by, she says to herself: "Well, by claim, I know of one place where I can lay down—or lie down, rather—and it is home. There is where I ought to be. There is where my little old wabbly calf is," and it is home. You be there on hand to take off the straps, and she will more than likely come home earlier than usual the following night.

I could tell many other interesting things regarding animal life, but space forbids.

The above, however, will show that we should not only make home more attractive than any other place, but we should also make all other places less attractive than home. I knew one man who tried this recipe and overdid it. Now his cow won't go away from home, but timidly remains in her rooms and has her meals brought to her.

Let us not overdo a good thing. The home should not be too alluring even to the loved child or husband. Some of our greatest men have won their richest laurels by being thrust forth from the home life and compelled to seek a lower social level, perhaps, and associate with people who knew more.

Bill Nye

Crinoline Again.

The civilized world is threatened with a terrible affliction. The fashionable dressmakers assure us that the hoopskirt or crinoline is about to come in again.

There are some awful thoughts connected with this revival. There is the tennis girl. What if she doesn't die before next summer? What if she lives and is very healthy and persists in playing tennis in order to remain healthy? Fancy playing tennis in crinoline!

As for dancing, that will have to be done at arm's length. A system of signals should be devised, such as hoisting colored lanterns or waving different flags, so that partners may communicate with each other. Kissing will probably become a lost art—at least among women—while the sweet, low voice which struck Shakespeare's fancy will not be up to the necessities of the new case.

How can a girl gracefully inhabit a hammock, or lear, sylphlike, over the edge of boats, or spring lightly down from the dizzy heights of four-in-hands, or pursue any of the summer girls' joys, hampered by a large crinoline in which she is the solitary prisoner?

We shall also have a revival of the famous ballroom remark made by the escort of a young lady whose clothes had a particularly wide circulation. He was standing behind this desert of crinoline, in the center of which, oasislike, rose the damsel's head and shoulders. A friend approached him and said:

"I say, Jack, is Miss Brown engaged for this dance?"

"I don't know," was the reply. "Excuse me five minutes, and I'll go round in front and ask her."—London Answers.

Hooping Her Up.



—Truth.

In the Vestibule.

Young De Lisle was making a late call on Miss Arabella Rose.

"Well, really, Miss Rose, I have staid too long. But you are so bewitching. Good night, Miss Rose, good night."

"G-o-o-d n-i-g-h-t, Mr. De Lisle."

"Oh, I beg pardon. I see that I was leaving my stick. Thanks awfully. Good night, Miss Rose."

"Goo-aw night, Mr. De Lisle."

"I'm sure you'll forgive me for not being gone, but it just occurred to me that you did not know the hour of the concert Thursday evening. It is 8 o'clock sharp. Good night, Miss Rose."

"Goo' nigh', Mr. De Lisle."

"Really, how stupid, don't you know! I forgot to leave my best regards for your mamma. You're not angry, dear Miss Rose. Oh, you are too good to say so. I'm such a sad fellow, I am. Good night, Miss Rose."

"G'n't— Mr. De— Lisle."

Voice from above to the rescue:

"Hello! You'd better change the form of that dialogue. It's good morning now."

The front door slams.—Detroit Free Press.

The Girl With Many Brothers.

Brother (from the country)—How is this, Liesel? You are afraid of asking leave to go out this afternoon, when I, your only brother, have come to pay you a visit.

Servant Girl—Well, you see, Hans, I have had so many brothers calling to see me lately.—Rappel.

A Graphic Description.

A French Canadian employed to turn a crank in a certain industrial establishment asked to be let off one morning. "I hope you're not going to have rheumatism again," said his employer. "I do not know," he answered, "but mine body, it ees all stomachache." He was let off.—New York Sun.

A Great Crop.

"Hullo, Morley. How are you? Haven't seen you since you turned farmer."

"No?"

"Raise anything on your farm last year?"

"Yes. A beard."—Harper's Bazar.

For Revenue Only.

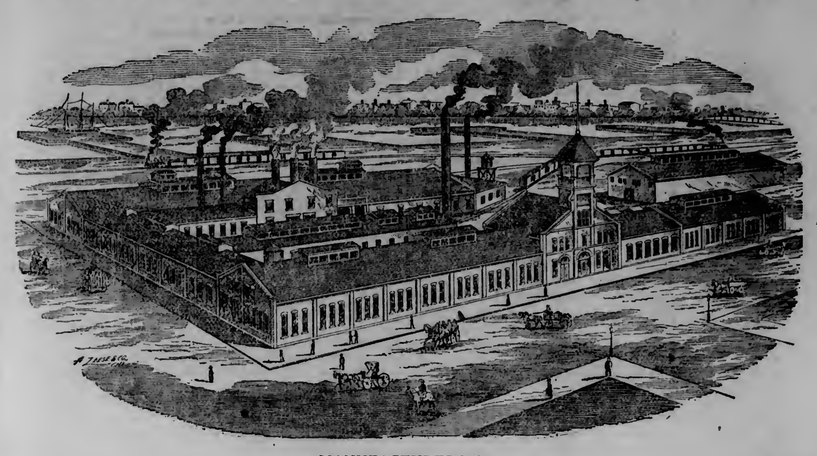
He—Would you love me more, dearest, if I were rich?

She—I think not. It would not be necessary. In that case I could marry you without loving you at all.—Indianapolis Journal.

An Agreeable Message.

"Mayer," said the principal on the 29th day of the month to one of his clerks, "my memory is so treacherous I forget everything. Just remind me on the 1st to give you notice to quit."—Semana Comica.

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To get
The Want
You want to get
You want to get your want
Into the want getter.

.....THE.....

Evening Herald

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Because it wants
You to get
The Want
You want
To get.

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JOHN MASON.



ZELIE DE LUSSAN.

GOSSIP OF THE STAGE

Denman Thompson's Play, "The Two Sisters," to Be Given at the Lyceum Monday Evening.

"Ben Hur" Will Be Produced By Local Talent at the Temple Next Friday Night.

Henrietta Crosman, Leading Lady of "Gloriana," and Kate Davis, Late Contralto With "Miss Helyett."

James J. Corbett was the only theatrical attraction of the week, and was not that enough? Not that there is anything theatrical about James but then pugilistic actors are not supposed to act—a strange paradox, by the way—but are to be seen, and in Corbett's case it would be better if he could not be heard. The champion's voice is decidedly disappointing, very boyish and flat. However, if Corbett had not appeared in Duluth this theatrical season would have been incomplete and it is well that he came, at least Manager Condon thinks so for the house was packed and the S. R. O. sign went out early.

The Edith Ross Scottish Concert company sang to a very slim audience Tuesday evening. On Monday and Tuesday next Denman Thompson's play "The Two Sisters," will be presented at the Lyceum.

"THE TWO SISTERS."

Denman Thompson's Play to Be Produced at the Lyceum.

Denman Thompson's "The Two Sisters" will be produced at the Lyceum next Monday and Tuesday evenings. "The Two Sisters," is said to be a piece full of quiet pathos and natural and not overdone sentiment. The heroines of the play are two girls with the biblical names of Martha and Mary. Martha and Mary Howard drift to New York, young girls seeking employment.

The one, Martha, finds a young man who fascinates, cajoles and ruins her. The other more steady in the purpose of pure womanhood under temptation endures poverty and repulses importunity and at last is crowned in a happy love and a perfect home. The second sister reaps the reward of her false step to the full. The play contrasts the outcome of these two lives in such a way as to draw a very strong if a quite obvious lesson.

The erring woman's sister deserted by her paramour at last seeks a home with her sister, contented if she can find a place to die in peace. Forgiveness and all the assistance that loving hands and hearts can extend are tendered her instead of reproaches, and the lesson of charity is quietly but effectively taught.

"The Two Sisters" is said to be a perfect museum of city characters, cleverly and clearly drawn, presented naturally and effectively and with true humor. The acting has for its leading and most pleasing character a quiet naturalness, a subservience to methods of comedy rather than to that of farce. The piece is effectively staged, especially the scene on the house tops of New York at night and before the hotel, where the men sit in their shirt sleeves listening to a street musician.

SPECTACULAR PANTOMIME.

"Ben Hur" to be Produced by Local Talent at the Temple.

The next attraction at the Temple will be the spetacular pantomime "Ben Hur," on March 10, 11 and 13, given by local talent under the direction and management of Clark & Cox, proprietors. The entertainment opens with the meeting of the wise men in the desert followed by the incidents of their journey. Ben Hur and his mother are introduced and the drill of the Roman soldiers in a street of Jerusalem and the arrest of Ben Hur, are succeeded by the circumstances of his life as a galley slave and his seach for his mother and sister.

Among the prettiest scenes are the lake by moonlight and the palace of Idernee with its typestry-like hangings. The chariot race is represented, and the finding of Ben Hur asleep on the steps of the deserted home of his mother and sister offers opportunity for dramatic effect. The pantomime closes with the allegory of Iras' story of the Nile. Flowers and sea shells open as though by magic disclosing maidens resting within. The scenes are interspersed with dances and statuary grouging. A butterfly dance, the revelry of the priestesses in the grove of Daphne, the drill of the naids, the dance of the blackbirds and the candidapax dance are pretty variations of the program.

BRIGHT STAGE LIGHTS.

Two Actresses Whose Work is Always of an Excellent Order.

Henrietta Crosman has been so long identified with "Gloriana" that many persons are of the opinion that she has never done anything on the stage except farcical and light comedy work. This is, however, a very great mistake.



HENRIETTA CROSMAN.

Miss Crosman got her first glimpse of daylight in Wheeling, about a quarter of a century ago, and she looks even younger than she is. Her debut was not attended with pomp and ceremony," for she first appeared on the stage when a charming miss of 16, in Bartley Campbell's "White Slave," at the old Windsor theater on the Bowery, New York. She adopted the theatrical profession because she had always had a strong bent in that direction and pecuniary necessities compelled her to test her abilities.

Miss Crosman's next engagement was with Daniel Frohman, by whom she was engaged for the part of Gladys Wyncot in "The Rajah." When she left this company, it was to assume the title role in "Young Mrs. Winthrop." Then for a brief period she was Edmund Collier's leading woman. Miss Crosman subsequently did leads with Robert Downing and Fred Warde. By this time she had earned such a reputation as a capable and thoroughly conscientious actress that she was engaged by Augustin Daly to play seconds to Ada Rehan. She left Daly and took a similar position at the New York Lyceum theater. Daniel Frohman, while Miss Crosman was under contract to him, loaned her to Charles Frohman for the production of "Mr. Wilkinson's Widows," and later for "The Junior Partner." Since then she has drifted into the regular employ of this "Napoleon of theatrical managers," by whom she has been engaged for an elaborate new production which will be made in New York next season.

Three years after Miss Crosman went on the stage she married Sedley Brown, a dramatic author, actor and stage manager of considerable reputation. She has one child, a handsome, well grown little fellow of 5, who is naturally his mother's idol. Miss Crosman has very decided views with regard to the threatened crinoline epidemic. She declares with emphasis that she will never wear a hoopskirt, even if all the man milliners in the world combine in favor of the monstrosity.

Miss Crosman was raised on the frontier and has the vivacity and charming disingenuousness of manner to be expected under the circumstances. She is really a beautiful woman. Her face beams with intelligence and good humor, and she has the figure of a Juno. As a conversationalist she is easy, direct and intensely entertaining.

Kate Davis is a genuine artist. It requires a strong mind to induce a pleasant faced woman to voluntarily "make up" to look like a hideous termagant, and yet this is what Kate Davis did during the long time that she played the Spanish widow in that snappy little musical comedy, "Miss Helyett." Miss Davis was born in Boston.

Miss Davis was the reader of Miss Ober's lecture bureau in Boston about 10 years ago, having succeeded Georgia Cayvan. She became a member of the Boston Ideals, singing small parts, with a view of testing her ability. The test was eminently satisfactory, and Miss Davis determined to adopt the stage as a profession. Since that time she has been a close student of everything pertaining to music and the drama. She became Daniel Maguinnis' leading lady and left him to play "Fantasma" with the Hanlon brothers. She remained with them three years and accepted an offer to play the Irish servant girl in "A Tin Soldier." This established her reputation as one of the best character actresses in America. Since then she has been a member of the "My Aunt Bridget," Howard Athenæum, "Bridget's Baby" and "Miss Helyett" companies. Miss Davis has the remarkable record of never having scored a failure.



KATE DAVIS.

Her phenomenal success has been due doubtless to the fact that she was particularly well equipped in advance for her life work. She was educated at the Ipswich (Mass.) seminary and then attended the Boston university, from which she graduated with high honors. She is a firm believer in Delsarte, and while at Ipswich was the leader of the gymnastic class. At the Boston university she was regarded as the most promising pupil in the school of oratory. She also enjoyed special training by the instructor of elocution. Miss Davis' fad is, as it has always been, study. She is a bright woman of sturdy ideas and has decided opinions on all subjects connected with her art.

LUCY LAWN.

THE DRAMA IN NEW YORK

Two Recent Productions of Varying Degrees of Merit.

NEW YORK, March 1.—"His Wedding Day," one of Charles Frohman's many farces, is remarkable at least in one respect. Although it is in three acts, there is but one scene. The play is the work of H. Graham, and if the author can keep up to the standard set in "His Wedding Day" much good work may be expected from him. Charles Frohman has given us so many farces—most of them good—that those which would have passed muster two or three years ago would meet with very little favor now.



MAY IRWIN.

"His Wedding Day" is a particularly broad farce, but it is in no sense suggestive. Pretending to be nothing but a farce, it is not fair to subject it to the same criticism which a comedy or a drama would invite. Of course nothing in the piece could well happen in real life, but probability and logicality are not to be expected in such an entertainment. For instance, it is exceedingly unlikely that a young lady would visit her prospective husband's private apartments on the morning of the day set for the wedding, but, to use the vernacular, "everything goes" in farce.

It is difficult to corner what, for want of a better term, must be called the plot of "His Wedding Day." Dick Wellington has been very much in love with Lottie Singleton of the Royalty theater of varieties, but has become engaged to be married to the daughter of Robert Faddleum, an alderman, who is a violent opponent in the board meetings of the prevailing methods of advertising variety stars in general and Lottie Singleton in particular by means of pictures taken in abbreviated costume.

On the sly Faddleum is really a great admirer of the nude in art and appropriates a lithograph of the Singleton woman which he finds in the apartments of his son-in-law to be on the morning of the latter's wedding day. He has also written a number of letters over a fictitious signature to the heart breaker of the Royalty varieties, and these, together with some epistles of a decidedly tender nature received by the same fair damsel from Tom Doubleton, whom she is suing for breach of promise at the opening of the play, cut very decided figures in the funmaking which follows.

Wellington, who has been on a "bat" the night before, is very gloomy over the prospect of having to marry Mabel Faddleum, whom he doesn't love, and a friend, Jack Wilding, sympathizes with him and seeks to delay the ceremony by presenting Wellington a silver covered flask filled with powerfully drugged brandy. His hope is that Wellington will drink the liquor and become stupefied. Instead, however, it is left on the table, where a process server, a cabman and Alderman Faddleum in turn partake of it and are rendered unconscious. Wellington believes them to be dead.

The possibilities for humorous complications are now almost limitless, and the author, Mr. Graham, has taken advantage of them to the greatest extent possible. The result is an almost continuous roar of laughter. In the cast are Henry Miller, May Irwin, Harry Brown, Harry Mills, Basil West, Thomas W. Ryley, Emily Bancker, Phyllis Rankin and Mrs. McKee Rankin. It will be seen that the company is a strong one. While Henry Miller is always an excellent actor, the part of Dick Wellington is unsuited to him, and the honors easily fell to May Irwin as Lottie Singleton and Thomas W. Ryley as William Cripps, a solicitor's clerk.

Viewed strictly from a laughter inducing standpoint, "His Wedding Day" is superior to "Jane," although, unlike the latter, it contains no distinctly star part. It ought to be a great "go" when it reaches New York. It was first seen in this vicinity at the Amphion theater, Brooklyn, E. D.



SCENE FROM "FOR REVENUE ONLY."

I have heard indirectly but reliably from London as to the Geraldine Ulmer story, and it is a canard pure and simple. There is not even a vestige of truth in it. Miss Ulmer is beseiged by managers who wish her to return to the stage, but she is taking a well earned rest and will not go to work again until she is ready. She is perfectly happy, too, with her husband, Ivan Caryll, the composer, and her home life is an ideal one.

Two rising American authors are Marguerite Merington and Glen Mac Donough. The success of the former's "Captain Letarblair" is a matter of theatrical history, and now, despite the newspapers' opinions, Manager Field of the Boston Museum, who produced her second play, "Good Bye," has announced his determination to send the piece on the road next season. Mac Donough's funny "Prodigal Father" is doing exceedingly well. It was stated in a newspaper a short time ago that De Koven is to write the music to a libretto by MacDonough for J. M. Hill. It was added that legal complications are likely to ensue, as the music had already been composed by a lady who would naturally object to being set aside in favor of Mr. de Koven.

The facts of the case are that the old opera will not be used by Mr. Hill. The new work has not even been started, and Messrs. Mac Donough and De Koven are still discussing the subject of the proposed libretto, the former having several which he considers available.

The unprecedentedly large number of unemployed actors now in this city has brought about a terrible condition of affairs. Lots of people who ordinarily demand and receive salaries of $50 a week are now glad to get $30 and even less in some cases. Actors live on food, just the same as other people. Food costs money, and as there are hundreds of play folk in this city now who have no money they welcome work anywhere and on almost any terms.

OCTAVUS COHEN.

A MUSICAL DOCTOR.

A Young Irish Woman Who Enjoys a Unique Distinction.

With the single exception of the Princess of Wales, who holds the title in a purely complimentary sense, Annie Wilson Patterson is the only woman in the British empire who is a doctor of music. Dr. Patterson is a native of County Armagh, Ireland. She is a young and handsome woman of brilliant attainments. Her career has been an exceptionally promising one.



DR. ANNIE WILSON PATTERSON.

When but 14 years of age, Miss Patterson was proficient in the Italian, Latin, French and Greek languages. She had previously given evidences of the possession of great musical ability, and when 15 years old she entered the Royal Irish Academy of Music, from which she graduated in due time with high honors. Subsequently she became the conductor and musical director of the Dublin Choral union.

Dr. Patterson has written many songs and cantatas of great merit and has been the recipient of several medals in recognition of her ability. She was graduated from the Royal Irish university as bachelor of music and bachelor of arts in 1887 and was graduated as doctor of music at the Royal Irish academy in 1889.

She has written some very pretty poetry and many able musical essays.

Boston Stars.

The coming concert attraction of the week will be the concert Tuesday evening, the 7th, by the famous Boston Stars, in the elegant new First Methodist Episcopal church. The company appear under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. and the Epworth League.

The company is composed of Miss Marion Osgood, who for seven years has been conductor of her ladies' orchestra, and ranks among the first lady violinists of the country; Miss Viola Morrill, who is a fine soprano soloist, and excels as a ballad singer; Miss Edith Florence Bickford, a reader and pianist of much merit; and Mr. Dudley H. Prescoll, the musical imitator and ventriloquist who has made himself famous by his unique and original entertaining powers. By a peculiar arrangement of the vocal chords he is able, without any mechanical or artificial aid, to imitate almost every sound, musical or otherwise, giving them a finish by his excellent acting and pleasing address.

THEATRICAL TATTLE.

James A. Herne has withdrawn from the cast of "The New South."

"A Knotty Affair" has closed. The stars, John C. Rice and Sally Cohen, will be seen next season in a new play.

Miss Marie Tempest, the prima donna of "The Fencing Master," recently lost a diamond star valued at more than $1,000.

There is absolutely no truth in the recently published rumor that Edwin Booth will begin a starring tour next autumn.

Pretty novelty gloves for $1 at Madame Warde's, Burrows' block.

TWO ARTISTIC SINGERS.

Voice Has Meant Considerable Money to Both of These Ladies.

Nina Bertini is a living exemplification of the fact that on the stage, as elsewhere, conscientious effort, allied to natural ability and an artistic temperament, is certain to win success under even the most discouraging conditions.

Miss Bertini was born in Ireland. Her family name is Humphrys, and she has readopted it because of the annoyance caused by a confusion of assumed cognomens of similar sound. As a child Nina was celebrated for miles around as the possessor of a phenomenal voice.

She was educated in Germany, France and Italy, and in consequence speaks the languages of those countries almost as well as her own. She studied singing in Milan under Lamperti and Brambilla and made her debut there as Amina in "La Sonnambula." She made a hit and soon after sang in grand opera in Germany and England. She then came to America and became the prima donna soprano of Emma Abbott's company.

After two seasons with Miss Abbott Miss Bertini was with the J. W. Morrissey Grand English Opera company in New York for three years, when she joined Heinrich's New American Opera company in Philadelphia. She then retired temporarily from opera, and during the season of 1890-1 sang in concert in New York with Seidl, Thomas and Gilmore.



NINA BERTINI-HUMPHRYS.

After a trip to San Francisco with a grand opera company which "smashed up" there Miss Bertini signed as prima donna of "King Kaliko," which had a run of one consecutive week. Late last summer she joined "Miss Helyett," singing the role of Manuela, in which she made a great hit. At the end of 19 weeks she left, owing to a disagreement with Mrs. Carter, the star of the organization, and has since been in New York, where she is devoting her time to concert singing and the study of music.

Miss Bertini is a thorough musician and has a repertory of 30 operas, to which she is constantly adding. She likes the French composers best, and of them all Grieg is her prime favorite. She is a great admirer of Duse and says she cannot conceive how any one can improve upon the great Italian's acting. Miss Bertini is a highly intellectual and exceedingly pretty young lady. She has never been married.

Alice Hosmer is the contralto of "The Isle of Champagne." She has not a remarkably strong part, but she has made a good deal out of it, as she does with any role intrusted to her. Miss Hosmer was born in Washington. She made her professional debut at the age of 17 in New York, where she had been sent to complete her musical education. She was then a high soprano and was engaged by Gertrude Corbett to sing Adelgisa in "Norma." Miss Hosmer next sang soprano roles in H. B. Mann's company, which gave only Von Suppe's operas. Jennie Winston was also in the cast.

Then she made a concert tour of the United States with the great Wilhelmj, after which she joined Louis and Alice Harrison, who were doing a farce comedy called "Photos." She next played the title role in "Evangeline" and then went to Philadelphia, where she became a member of the Temple theater stock. She remained there until the house was destroyed by fire, when she secured an engagement with the "Little Tycoon" to play Miss Hurricane. This part gave her the long hoped for opportunity, of which she was not slow to avail herself, and she made in it the hit of her life. When "The Isle of Champagne" was produced, she was engaged to create the contralto role, and she still has the part. Miss Hosmer ceased to be a soprano and became a mezzo when she joined the Temple theater stock company.

Miss Hosmer is in private life Mrs. Jacob K. Adams. Her husband is an excellent baritone singer. She comes of a literary family. Mary B. Hosmer, her mother, is the well known New England poetess, and the daughter has inherited her talent in a marked degree, as her numerous contributions to the papers will show. Miss Hosmer's aunt, Harriet Hosmer, is a sculptress of no little reputation.



ALICE HOSMER.

Miss Hosmer has no fad except that she likes pleasant home surroundings. She plays the piano nicely, but does not paint, and humorously admits that the only thing she can draw is salary. Unlike most theatrical artists, Miss Hosmer does not like the stage and only remains on it because it serves to yield her an excellent support. In private life Miss Hosmer is just as jolly as she is behind the footlights, and altogether she is a thoroughly charming woman.

LUCY LAWN.

Genuine Activity in Real Estate.

The liberal propositions and terms of payment offered by the North Galveston association to investors is rapidly bringing purchasers into the field. The enormous amounts already expended in public improvements—such as street paving and grading, tree planting and sewerage, public buildings, hotels, etc.—have rapidly enhanced the value of property. Every new factory or other enterprise means a very healthy increase in valuation. There never was a better time than now to invest, as North Galveston, Tex., is built upon a sure foundation. For full particulars call on or address Holwick & Youngblood, 327 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn., the local agent, or the North Galveston association, box 963, Minneapolis, Minn.

MONDAY AND TUESDAY, MARCH 6 AND 7,

AT THE LYCEUM.

DENMAN THOMPSON AND GEO. W. RYER'S NATURAL PLAY,

THE TWO SISTERS.

COMPANION PLAY TO THE OLD HOMESTEAD.

Wit, Humor, Song And Story.

SEATS NOW SELLING.

IN THE FISTIC ARENA

The Great Encounter Between Hall and Fitzsimmons to Occur at New Orleans Wednesday Night.

A Purse of $40,000, the Largest On Record, Hung Up By the Crescent City Club.

Mike Daly and Austin Gibbons, Two Noted Lightweights, to Fight On the Previous Night.

The semi-annual grand encampment of the sporting army is now taking place at New Orleans, where a program of athletic events of great moment and promise in the world of sport has been prepared. The September carnival at the Olympic club, in which the championships of the three classes of pugilism were decided, was perhaps a more important factor in the making of ring history, but the elements that go to make up contests of intense present interest did not enter so largely into it as they do in the pending gladiatorial tournament, although no championship that has passed down through fistiana is involved. In the way of money the aggregate incentive that brought Dixon and Skelly, McAuliffe and Myer, and Corbett and Sullivan together pales into insignificance when placed beside the pile the ownership of which will be decided in the ides of March at the Olympic club and its affluent offshoot, the Crescent City club.

The men who will come together this week and next are, with the exception of one match, so evenly matched that even the most profound judges of fistic form, the most studious exponents of the manly art—on paper—have with remarkable persistency avoided the expression



JIM HALL.

of a decided opinion as to the probable outcome. The sports who went early to the scene of the fights have been much disgusted with the result of the Ryan-Dawson match which has been declared off. Tommy Ryan, of Chicago, who has fought his way to the front of the welterweight class with the help of native shrewdness that prevented his taking desperate chances, would have met in George Dawson, of Australia, a more worthy opponent than has thus far stood up to him in the ring, for Dawson, although not regarded as a top notch in Australia, where they are born to fight and train on, is certainly superior to Danny Needham, who put up the hardest argument that Ryan has had to meet on his way to the front. Needham, by the way, was knocked out by "Shadow" Maber at Butte, Mont., last Tuesday night, after a hard fight lasting thirty-five rounds. The disgust of the sports at the collapse of the Ryan-Dawson match is intensified by the impression that Ryan's claim of having sprained an ankle is merely an excuse for flunking and that he is really afraid to meet the Australian. Ryan has not succeeded in living down the stigma that attached to him through his failure to enter the ring with Needham a year ago. Although the fact was clearly established that he was physically unfit to fight skeptics who viewed the matter from a



BOB FITZSIMMONS.

distance were not convinced. The young man has, therefore, more to win than the long end of the $10,000 purse in his encounter with Dawson, and desperation if nothing else would have impelled him to make the fight of his life. It therefore seems a little unjust to charge that he has flunked. Misfortune seems to be punishing him with relentless grasp. Dawson is pronounced one of the cleverest and shiftiest men that ever donned a glove. He has a long list of victories to his credit in Australia, and he won his first battle in America by defeating Billy Gallagher of the California Athletic club, San Francisco, by knocking him out in forty-two rounds.

The fight between Jim Hall and Bob Fitzsimmons, which the Crescent City club has for its piece de resistance, is scheduled to take place next Wednesday evening, the purse being $40,000. Charles Noel, president, Joseph L. Sporl, and Capt. Frank Williams were the originators of the Olympic club, before which was decided that memorable contest between Sullivan and Corbett. Owing to some dissensions of the inner circle of the members of the board of directors, the above named gentlemen incorporated the Crescent City club for the sum of $100,000, which was subscribed for in less than ten days after the opening of the books. The Crescent City Athletic club fosters all sports of a legitimate nature, such as rowing races, bicycle races, base ball, and, in fact, anything that pertains to sport of the first class.

The names given below are those of the gentlemen who constitute the board of directors, among whom are represented every phase of business and professional life in the city of New Orleans, having bankers, brokers, lawyers, doctors, and railroad officials on its list of 600 members: A. B. Cooper, secretary; G. L. Travis, treasurer; C. L. Worth, Charles J. Brachino, C. T. Kelsho, R. G. Memory, Charles T. Pabst, J. J. McCann, L. J. McLaughlin, L. C. Grevennig, R. M. Frank, Henry Lehmen, F. Codman Ford, D. Einsiedel, and William Faust.



JAMES CORBETT.

The contests of this club will be officiated over by that prince of referees, Prof. John H. Duffy. The police protection afforded by this organization will be absolutely of the very best, and those witnessing these contests can rest assured that they will see nothing but fights to the finish.

To those who have given attention to matters pugilistic during the last decade and who have followed with interest the vicissitudes of the scores of men prominent in fistic circles it is doubtful if any match, with probably one exception, since the days of Heenan and Sayres has created so widespread concern as has been occasioned by the fight which is to take place between the two Australians, Jim Hall and Bob Fitzsimmons. Aside from the fact that the men are as evenly matched as ever mortals were in skill and other prerequisites essential to fistic success the match has been one which has been looked forward to with a degree of unusual interest by the patrons of the manly art.

Another item which adds to this feeling is the amount of the purse for which the men are to contest. Forty thousand dollars, a fortune in itself, is the sum offered by the club, and of this sum $2500 will go to the loser of the battle, leaving a margin sufficient to allow the winner



JOHN L. SULLIVAN.

considerable spending money and car fare. The purse is the largest bona-fide purse ever put up by any club, and this fact alone, if unsupported by the merit of the men, would make the match one calculated to arouse no little excitement. The purse money and the side bets will, with the heavy betting which is sure to be indulged in by those with a desire to back their respective favorites, make the fight one of the most important events in a financial way that has ever been contested, and the sum which will change hands on the event may be put down in advance as a princely fortune.

Since the day when Bob Fitzsimmons landed in this country a penniless immigrant, who, for want of funds, worked his way to San Francisco from his native soil, the land of the kangaroo, the American public has been interested in his doings in the ring. His easy victory over Murphy on the Pacific slope, his more easy defeat of Upham in New Orleans, and the record he had made for himself on his native heath attracted the attention of the sporting world and the famous match with Jack Dempsey followed in no long time.

The history of the defeat of the "Nonpareil" is too fresh in the public mind to require a repetition of the phases of the contest. Fitzsimmons' victory stamped him as a wonderful fighter. Dempsey had all along been noted for his quickness and shiftiness, but the cleverness of Fitzsimmons so far excelled his ability in this respect that the contrast was strongly marked. Fitzsimmons next fought Peter Maher, the heavyweight, who was heralded as the champion of Ireland, but who only indifferently well represented his country. Heavyweight as he was, strong and clever, as those who saw the fight have admitted, Fitzsimmons put him to sleep in nine short and hot rounds. The tall Australian can be justly credited with remarkable strength, shiftiness, cleverness at long and short range, and that more essential requisite, coolness in the ring. He is as quick as a cat in his every movement, and his pistonlike jabs with both right and left have in no small degree tended to give him that eminent position which he has so long held.

Jim Hall, the equally tall and strong opponent of the champion, is a foeman worthy of the prowess which Fitzsimmons has proved himself to be possessed of. As a boxer he is Fitzsimmons' equal, and in the skillful use of his feet, his readiness to get away at the proper moment, and quickness to take advantage of the slightest opening, Jim Hall is credited with being able to excel the present holder of the title of champion of the world at the middle-weight limit. His remarkable victory over Ted Pritchard, the conqueror of Jem Smith, who was for years the idol of the English pugilistic world, won for him renown which Fitzsimmons gained by his victories over Dempsey and Maher.

Hall whipped Fitzsimmons on one occasion, but it is a matter of history that the fight was prearranged and therefore cannot be justly taken as a criterion of what the men can do when they contest on the square, which will be done at their approaching meeting if they hope for any of the purse money. The men are enemies, not deadly enemies, however, as some people might have the public believe, but nevertheless they are enemies. Fitzsimmons has been stung to the quick by the widespread publication of the fact that he gave in to Hall in years gone by. He is justly proud of the reputation which he has won in this country, and fully realizes that he must whip Hall before the stain which rests upon his escutcheon is removed.

Hall, on the other hand, is jealous of the honors which his countrymen have won. Fitzsimmons stands in his way to fame and the possibility of possessing a fortune and it safe to say he will exert himself to the utmost to make Fitzsimmons stand aside from his path and leave clear his way to pugilistic honor.

However much be said by carping pessimists of the lack of honor in the pugilists of the day some attention should be given the fundamental principle that in every man there lies some good and that nature does not make a man wholly bad. The men have realized that any jobbery will be discovered as it was in the last case, and with the aim of winning the big purse, which carries with it a reputation not to be disregarded and an additional possibility of



JACK SKELLY.

wealth, they will make the efforts of their lives and fight as they have never before done.

These facts will tend to explain the reason of the interest which the coming middleweight fight is exciting, and there is in store for the spectators of the contest a pugilistic treat such as has seldom if ever been witnessed within the confines of the roped ring. Other efforts in the past were made to get the men together. Once they were on the verge of a battle at St. Paul, when the authorities stopped the fight, and the second time the match, which had all but been consummated, fell through owing to the inability of the men to agree as to details.

They will fight this time, however, and Hall will be given a chance to exhibit to the American public those powers of the hurricane fighter which he is credited with, while Fitzsimmons will be afforded an opportunity to show himself in the light as a boxer and receiver and administer of corporeal punishment. Prof. Duffy, who has refereed more noted contests than any man in the country, whose decisions have never been questioned, and whose honesty and integrity are above cavil, will referee the fight, and he is of that caliber of man who makes pugilists give to the spectators a quid pro quo in the way of an exhibition.

Aside from the Fitzsimmons-Hall event the Crescent City club has another match on hand. This is the Gibbons-Daly match, a light weight contest at the regulation weight limit, for a purse of $6,000 and a side bet, in which, however, the club has no interest. Mike Daly, of Bangor, Me., is a pugilist of no mean ability, and has won fame for himself and money for his backers on too many occasions in the past to be rated as anything other than first class. It will be remembered that he put up one of the most clever exhibitions of boxing with Jack McAuliffe that the public has ever seen, and his nineteen round draw with Jimmy Fleming Carroll added considerable to his fame.



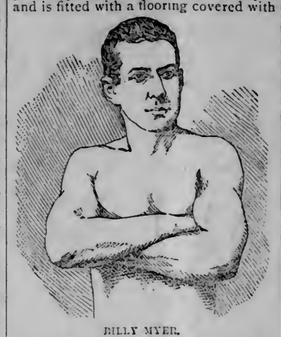
DICK BERGE.

Austin Gibbons, who will face him in the ring the night of March 7, the night before the Fitzsimmons contest, has figured too recently in ring affairs to require an introduction. He holds the title of champion of the South by reason of his defeat of Andy Bowen, the previous holder of the title, and is both a clever and game man, while his ring generalship is unquestioned.

The arena of the Crescent City club is located on Canal street at the intersection of Cleveland avenue, within ten minutes' ride of the Clay statue, the most central point of the city. Access to the arena is had by two lines of steam railways, the West End and the Spanish Fort roads, and by a line of street cars. The approaches to the place are wide avenues of gravel but recently laid and they afford a splendid drive for carriages and vehicles of every description. The arena proper is a handsome structure, of substantial make, and octagonal in shape. This is in itself a novelty in the construction of such edifices.

The arrangement of the seats is rendered in consequence much more to the advantage of the spectator than could be effected under the old-style ring of square shape. The distance from the eight corners of the big building to the center of the fighting ring are under the present plan reduced one-eighth, a fact which can be appreciated by those who, having come late, have secured "corner seats" and have been at a disadvantage in watching the progress of the fights because of the great distance which their tardiness has placed them.

The amphitheater is roofed substantially and is fitted with skylights to afford the best of ventilation. The ring is of standard dimensions, restricted by padded posts and a double line of ropes and is fitted with a flooring covered with



BILLY MYER.

a thick layer of felting and canvas. A four-foot space for the use of seconds and the handlers of the fighters runs round the ring, and in two of the corners, diagonally opposite each other, are spaces into which the seconds retreat while the men are engaged in fighting, thus doing away with the annoyance of the view of the spectators being interfered with by the presence of men on the outside of the fighting ring. A stout netting of barbed wire bars the approach to the ring, rendering the fighters free from interruption and deterring any unruly spirit from attempting to get into the roped arena.

On the outside of the wire fence are seats for the members of the press, each seat being numbered and ample space being given for "elbow room." Behind these are the boxes, each containing six chairs, and back of the boxes is a broad passageway, by which spectators can get to their seats. From the limit of this passage the banked seats for the holders of general admission tickets begin to rise and flank the eight sides of the big structure. Each seat is divided off and ample space given for broadguage people. Above these seats are the galleries, which are so arranged that a man on the topmost row can see every point of the ring, while those on the top row of the banked seats below can also view all points of the ring.

The ring will on the nights of the contests be lighted by eighteen arc lights, and as a precautionary measure gas jets and oil lamps have been provided so that no interruption can take place for want of sufficient light. There are three broad entrances to the building—one for holders of box and reserved seats and two for the general admission ticket holders. The former gives on to Canal street, while the other two open on the two streets running at right angles to that thoroughfare.

Such is a brief description of the big structure in which the two events on the program will take place, and in point of general excellence it will not be saying too much to aver that the comfort of the spectators and the arrangements made to have the fights brought to a successful issue rival if they do not excel those offered by any athletic club in the world. The management of the club have learned by experience and the experiments of their predessors and have benefitted thereby. The seating capacity of the arena is 12,000 and it is the expectation of the management to have a full house on the night when Hall and Fitzsimmons do battle.

SMITH WAS THE WINNER.

Joe Goddard Knocked Out in the Eighteenth Round.

NEW ORLEANS, March 4.—Joe Goddard, the "Barrier Giant," and Ed Smith, the Denver pugilist, met last night in the arena of the Olympic club for a purse of $10,000, the loser to take barely enough from the purse to defray his training expenses.

The handsome Olympic club house was ablaze with dazzling lights; crowded carriages filled the streets surrounding the grounds and the reception committee was taxed to its utmost in the entertainment of the club's guests, hours before the time for the fight. The fight was won by Smith in the eighteenth round. Time was called at 9:30.

In the sixth round Goddard had the Denver chap groggy. He then recovered and jabbed Joe wickedly. Another terrific short range battle and Smith hammered Goddard to the ropes, where both fell. Terrible fighting followed; both men were unable to rise, and only struggled to their feet as the round ended. Smith had the best of it. It was then hammer and tongs for several rounds. After more cautious work they fought furiously in the thirteenth and next two or three rounds.

In eighteenth, Smith was the aggressor. He caught Goddard on the jaw and then followed a rattling exchange of blows and Goddard pushed Smith to the ropes, landing two upper cuts. They mixed matters and Smith knocked Goddard down. Smith then rushed him. When he arose he landed a terrible swing on Goddard's jaw, knocking him down. Goddard was unable to rise and was counted out. Prof. Duffy declared Smith the victor amid terrific cheers. Time of fight, one hour and ten minutes.

Thirteen Are Missing.

LONDON, March 4.—A serious collision, involving the probable loss of a number of lives occurred last night in the English channel. A vessel called the Cacique, was sunk by an unknown steamer. Ten of the survivors have landed at Dover in a boat and it is stated that thirteen others are missing, and it is feared, have been lost.

Sermons on the Bible.

Rev. F. C. Southworth will deliver a series of short sermons at the Unitarian church on Sunday evenings during the month of March, on the Bible and modern thought. The subjects are as follows:

March 5, "The Origin and Transmission of the Bible."

March 12, "The Dogma of its Infallibility."

March 19, "The Bible Reconstructed."

March 26, "Its Real Value to the World."

There will be music at all these services by the Arion quartet.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
City Tkt. Agt.
G. M. SMITH,
Genl. Agt.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

I have for trade a first mortgage of $4250 which I can trade for house, lots or good acre property in Duluth, West Duluth or Superior; can pay $400 to $500 cash and assume a small mortgage. Have customer for house in Portland or Endion division. L. P. SWANSTROM, 409 Palladio Building.

Lost, one black fur robe with leather mark of "N," one cloth robe, yellow lining, with a peacock inside. Finder will please return to W. L. Nichols, 122 West First street and receive reward.

When Marshall P. Wilder speaks his face is a study. His eyes are as keen and sparkling as a pair of black diamonds and his mouth is as mobile as the tail feathers of a young duck. Usually his lips do not extend any farther than those of any other mortal, but when he dances a jig with his mouth—that is what he calls it—he can bring them from ear to ear and from chin to forehead and into any other possible direction between these two. This is the way in which he related the remarkable feat:

"I delivered a lecture in Philadelphia once and there were several thousand people present. It was part of the performance to describe a deaf and dumb fellow who wanted to relate the story of a jig. So I placed a white handkerchief around my face and began to let the lips describe the motions of the jig. First one man in the audience began an involuntary imitation, then another, and so on until every one performed the most frightful contortions with his mouth. I motioned to my piano player to go it faster, and he did, until the thousands of dancing mouths became too much for me. I couldn't help bursting out laughing, and that ended the seance. The people at first did not seem to know what had happened to them. When they tumbled they laughed as much as I did."

Perfect Happiness



Reigns in the White House, as elsewhere, that the Superb,—Safe, Sunshine-bringing

Kirk's White Russian Soap

is used. It is Pure—you must have Pure Soap to cleanse well. Its strength is in its complete saponification.—Pure soap without strength fails—It is Reliable, you can depend upon it. Purity, Strength, Reliability, always bring Perfect Happiness.

To keep the hands supple use *Kirk's Dusky Diamond Tar Soap.*

WEAK, NERVOUS WOMEN.

Dr. Laury McHenry Gives Them Some Good Advice.

HEADACHE AND WEAKNESS.

The Doctor Tells How They May be Quickly Relieved—He Says Women are Suffering Needless Pain—The Secret of Their Happiness.

"Oh, how my head aches!"

Far too often is this exclamation made by some suffering woman. She is weak and nervous, and some excitement, some strain on the nerves, has brought on a racking headache. She has chilly feelings, a sickness at the stomach, and other painful symptoms, but above all she has this throbbing, this nerve-splitting aching of the head which nothing seems to relieve.

Can nothing be done to relieve this terrible agony?

"Yes," is the answer given by Dr. Laury McHenry, a celebrated physician who has devoted a life time to the study and cure of just such troubles as these. He says:

"Take things easier. Do not fret. Do what you can and don't worry about work left undone. Sleep more than you do. Now there are many means of speedy relief, but the cure that I want you to make is thorough, complete and lasting, and like all things well done, requires patience. To sum it all up: The radical, permanent cure for sick headache in weak, nervous women must combine the following: A general toning of the system, regular habits, and plenty of sleep at the right time."

Yes, you say, I would gladly try anything to be freed from the suffering I endure, but how is it to be done? What shall I take for it? There so many remedies how am I to choose the right one? These are reasonable questions; there are so many tonics, nervines, sarsaparillas, and other concoctions claimed to be ready reliefs, but which, in reality, only make matters worse. Physicians will tell you that there is only one safe and reliable cure known to medical science that really does soothe and nourish the worn out nerves, permanently cures headache of every kind, and strengthens the system. What this great remedy is and what it will do for suffering women is best told in the words of some who have tested it. Here is what a few well-known women have to say about its wonderful powers:

Helen Ashland Kean, who wrote, "When the Tide Comes in," and many other popular songs, and who resides at Hartford, Conn., says: "One year ago I lay at death's door, a complete mental and physical wreck. I had neither hope nor ambition enough to desire life. My dear little children had ceased to give me joy or cheer. I was moody by day, despondent and sleepless at night. At times I fell into a sort of trance, losing all power over nerve or muscle. My feet and limbs were like ice and my heart almost pulseless. In such a state, my nurse and friend administered something for which I was always profoundly grateful. The first dose imparted warmth to my body. I began to gain visibly, rapidly, and steadily, day by day. I feel now as if I could endure everything without its tiring me, and it is all due to that grand discovery, that wonderful specific for the nerves that conquers all prostration, Paine's celery compound. My literary labors are such that I write sometimes far into the 'we sma hours,' consuming the midnight oil, but not as of yore consuming brain, nerve and muscle without their being replenished. I would not be without the grand compound for its 'weight in gold.'"

To the same effect are the earnest, outspoken words of Mrs. C. E. Prescott, who resides at No. 8 Worcester street, Cambridgeport, Mass., which are as follows:

"There is nothing like Paine's celery compound. It has helped me wonderfully. For more than five years I have been troubled with constipation. My heart was so weak that I could not do any kind of work without a terrible throbbing. Ever since I can remember I have had nervous headaches of the worst sort. I have taken several bottles of Paine's celery compound and find it the only thing that helps me. I heartily recommend it to all suffering from the complaint with which I was afflicted, for this compound has done me such a marvelous amount of good that I want others to know of its value."

Can anything be more convincing than this? And if this great compound could do so much for these ladies, may it not be just what you require to prevent the coming on of untimely age, the withering of the energies, and drooping of the life? If this great discovery has been so grand a friend to thousands, does it not stand to reason that it may also prove a friend to you?

Time is Money.

Save three hours in time on your next trip to Chicago, the South or East, by taking the "Chicago special" on "the Northwestern Line." This is a solid train leaving Duluth daily at 4:50 p. m., arriving at Milwaukee 7:25 and Chicago 7:45 a. m. The "Omaha" is the only line from Duluth to St. Paul and Minneapolis, running Pullman sleepers and the only line from Duluth running all its trains solid to St. Paul, Minneapolis and Chicago. City ticket office, 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
City Ticket Agent.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

Dock and Warehouse

Near the canal to lease to the right parties for a term of years on a basis of but 5 per cent or for sale on exceptionally easy terms. Apply at 206 Palladio building.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS,
G. M. SMITH, City Tkt. Agt.
Genl. Agt.

ONE PRICE AND THAT RIGHT

J.E. HAYNIE & Co

American Store.

Saturday March 4th, 1893.

The weather tomorrow is likely to be generally fair; warmer.

The Changes For Spring!

That imperial birthplace of fashion's periodical whims—Paris—has outdone any previous achievement in producing oddities for the coming season, and all this has been occasioned by the modern characteristics of Uncle Sam.

The World's Fair

Has been the powerful influence brought to bear in this instance.

This is The Market,

The recognized outlet for the most ultra creations produceable. There is amongst the nobility of Europe a demand for quantities of high art merchandise, but the division of classes is so distinct, that what they use, others are denied. But in this broad free country there are no such conditions except through the exclusiveness that a merchant gives his merchandise by careful management. Therefore, the same merchandise that is used by the nobility of Europe is accessible by the dressy ladies of the United States.

We Have Them,

At least a portion of them now, and each day the freight and express lands their proportionate loads.

The Store

Is gradually getting on its spring clothes.

J.E. Haynie & Co.

ONLY A FEW DAYS MORE

In which to take advantage of the bargains to be had while we are closing out the remainder

OF KAHN'S BANKRUPT STOCK

CORNER FIRST AVENUE WEST AND FIRST STREET.

PRICES CUT NO FIGURE.

The goods must be sold. We have still a well assorted stock to select from.

IF YOU WANT

A Velvet, Moquette, Brussels or Ingrain Carpet, come and procure one at less than cost of manufacture. Or if you wish a choice Dress Pattern, we will sell you one at a great deal less than wholesale cost. Cloaks, Dresses and Furs at prices never before heard of. In fact, you will find

BARGAINS

In every department in the house; Blankets, Bedding, Shawls, Dress Goods, Linens, Domestics, Notions, Carpets, Curtains, Draperies, Dresses, Furs and Cloaks, all must go regardless of cost.

CALL AT ONCE.

You can not afford to miss this opportunity to procure something you need and at the same time save a dollar or two on your purchase. Only a few days more of this great sale. Remember the place.

DAWKINS! DAWKINS! DAWKINS.

102 AND 104 WEST FIRST, CORNER FIRST AVENUE WEST AND FIRST STREET.

ON THE GOOD MARKET

Mrs. Mendenhall Describes the Famous Bon Marche of Paris as An Example of Co-operation.

Several Morals Are Deducted From Its Success to Show That Co-operation is Perfectly Possible.

An Experiment in Co-operative Cooking Which Was Tried By Two Duluth Ladies Very Recently.

The "Bon Marche," or "good market" was a dry goods store of Paris, which Mr. Boucicant, then 42 years old, took in 1852. Its yearly sales at that time amounted to 450,000 francs; its employes numbered about 20. Under the first stone of the present buildings of the "Bon Marche," laid in September 1869, on a parchment in a leaden box, he records that he "confidently expects the sales of 1869 to reach the sum of 21,000,000 francs." At his death, in 1877, they reached 66,649,584 francs. Madame Boucicant made advances in what had been the joint management of husband and wife, for a quarter of a century, and at her death in 1887, the business exceeded 100,000,000 francs a year.

This was the first grand and paying co-operative store, persistently guided to honest and generously beneficent success by husband and wife, and when the "auld wife" became by death of husband and son, the sole proprietress, she with the firm hand, as of strong maturity, not advancing age, led, guided and guarded 373 whom she made co-associates, selected from employes or former clerks of the house, who after her death at 71 years of life, remained sole proprietors of the capital stock. Besides these 373 shareholders are 81 employes who have an interest in the total business of the house, and 158 who have an interest in the profits of their department; these profits more than double the salaries of the clerks, so each is remunerated, according to his work in compliance with justice. Leakage is prevented by the constant vigilance of all, because all are personally interested in the profits.

I would like the women, whom this national work of household economics is trying to rouse and help, and for whom I am hunting to "point a moral" if not "adorn a tale," I would like the women to apply the "moral" I see for them. Woman passes through all grades in life's "economy." We find her enslaved and enfranchised; the drudge and the queen regnant. To the capabilities and possibilities for which the Maker of the "mother of all living" designed her, she has not yet been awakened or been educated. The first point I want to make is that this paper in describing the co-operative store of the "Bon Marche," as promised last week, is consistently continuing, before interest chills by interruption of the topics—as was compelled by circumstances in the case of "The Kitchen and a Cup of Coffee Therein"—the suggestions of co-operation.

The morals I would class, as, first, that wisest and most nearly perfect union of husband and wife, where they help each other, not for mere social or moneyed aggrandizement, but "to achieve success by honesty and kindness;" delighting to remember each the other, and then the rest of the world; second, that Madame Boucicant was a woman; third, that she was a woman and wife partner in the most notable store of the most brilliant city in the world; fourth, that she was not young, nor had grief forgotten to "mark her as her own," when at 61, she took up the burdens alone that husband and son had before only needed from her to share; and though years added their burdens in rapidly increasing ratio, as they do where one has passed life's glowing meridian, she, though "only a woman," rapidly increased the brilliance, beneficence, scope and moneyed value of the "Bon Marche."

To woman; to woman as life saddens from widowhood and deprived motherhood; to woman, as life grows weighted by the subtractions of this strange form of addition found in added years, as in a few other additions, such lives, of such women, bring the needed courage to stumble on, until in some unexpected darkest, or it may be brightest, if the goal be neared, hour, the last stumble is over the threshhold, and into that presence whose purity is too great to behold evil, and the brightness of whose glory no mortal eye can bear to look upon, where the "well done, thou good and faithful servant," is rapturing reward.

Another phase of my moral is, that this woman's success came from this stupendous system of co-operation within co-operation, beginning with the tiny speck at the center—co-operating husband and wife, man and woman—and enlarging until its outer circle touched "all France and the farthest countries of America, China, Japan."

The failure of past co-operations has been a theoretical largeness, which lacked that smallness of beginning and steady growth, which make the best guarantee of success, where experience, noble purpose, wise rock-firmness and thorough business exactness, compass and control its enlargement and accretion.

This city of Penn has begun co-operative housekeeping where I, on differing from Mrs. Peirce, think it ought to begin—in the kitchen. I would prove it step by step, and when wise from failures and grown as all life does, by slow scales, inches or years, the store for business profits or savings might emerge. Here, a few distracted housekeepers have combined in one neighborhood, use the kitchen of one, thus avoiding any expense, and giving them time to examine and plan their betterment. Lately, in Duluth, I, with a close neighbor, tried one form for a couple of weeks. It, too, was very simple. One week, one housekeeper entertained the family of other. The theory, which my unexpected, but necessary visit to Chicago interrupted in my week, which was the first—the theory was that the housekeeper should supply a free, well-stocked table, keep strict account of such expense, for food only, at retail prices. Plenty of everything and everything of the best and most delightsome, to even capricious appetites. A little addition, then this scholar rapidly skipped to division by the number of tablers, who were not "roomers."

Even this form was considered a benefit in these ways. Each housekeeper had her "week off," free from kitchen friction and responsibilities; the guests had charge of diet, and much merriment over what the masculines (who precipitated ruin, Mrs. Peirce says in her Cambridge form) chose to dub "Co-op." It was demonstrated to the feminine mind, that, organized for a month or a more extended time, one cook of one family could be dismissed, if economy were desired; or, as we did it one week's attention was given by each cook to more elaborate cooking, and the next week she had a full day off, as did the second girl, and attended to some ironing that had been laid over for that week, and was also able to give more searching care to cleanliness of hidden places. She, too, felt a "lifted burden." The kitchen occupants could go out to enjoy their meals with their neighboring kitcheners or supply their own tables, in their own domain, as thought best.

If supplies were bought wholesale—we wanted to see extreme expense, and so used retail that week for everything—it would show, we decided, even cheaper living than usual, as our expense even when divided by the number in the double family did not exceed the customary price of the comfortable boarding house table, but we did not count in rent or wages, fuel or furnishings, but we adopted the "live while you live, the epicure would say." We kept two cooks, which no medium priced boarding house does, though they often keep two waitresses. To do it economically would be easy, and we, two women experimenters, were satisfied it could be made a savings fund.

The Bon Marcha is divided into forty-seven departments or sections. In some are clerks holding diplomas of high degree. "Young people who have neither family nor friends in Paris, are lodged in a house fixed up purposely for them by the concern. Lodging, service, food, medical attendance, courses of language, vocal and instrumental music, all is free. Prizes are offered regularly to stimulate ambition and those who distinguish themselves in the study of English language spend six months in London at the expense of the home, to perfect themselves."

The creation of vast establishments is the result of the natural tendency of our times. So is the creation of vast establishments for co-operation, as is shown in apartment house blocks, in vast office blocks, and in a near future in co-operative housekeeping blocks, which will provide relief from wearing cares and friction, variety in foods, more sociability and the needed rubbing of mind against mind for fresher magnetism and fresher, wider thought. It must, if on a large scale, be divided into departments, and presided over by educated minds, also educated to that attention to details that is necessary to any full success. Instead of harrassed boarding house keepers, those who now enter that life where all feel free to criticise, perhaps condemn, will find a happier estate in some of the departments of the co-operative store, kitchen, laundry, etc.

The housekeeper will be free to be mother, evolving all its broadest meanings, or go into a partnership with her husband, more delighting and profitable than that with her servant; or make of her one talent ten, instead of "hiding it under the napkin" which at present covers the one undeveloped or unused or dwarfed talent called woman's work. There will be happier faces and keener wits and yet nobler aims.

To revert to Mrs. Peirce's book: "To begin co-operative housekeeping. Let a preliminary committee of not fewer than thirteen intelligent and resolute women first pledge themselves to stand by each other and their cause, through everything. Then issue capital stock of not less than 250 shares at $5 a share, each member to own not less than one or more than five shares, and each share to command one vote. Call it simply a 'Housekeeping association.'

"Draw up and print their rules, elect their officers, together with an executive committee of not less than twelve directors, the officers, of course, to be ex-officio members of this committee.

"Not until the shares are completely paid up and at least thirty members pledge their family custom for one year should the directors rent a room in a convenient but not expensive locality, putting in the very cheapest possible fittings, such as unpainted shelves, and a long, unpainted pine table for a counter. Reserving one quarter's rent, with the balance of the $1250, let them start a co-operative grocery, beginning with a complete stock of goods if they have money enough, if not, leaving out at first the four articles which are expensive to buy, inconvenient to handle, and on which, though the consumption is large, the profit is small, viz: flour, sugar, molasses and kerosene.

Poor women who wish to become members, but who cannot afford to purchase a share, should be permitted to be customers of this store until the proportion of their profits equals the price of a share, after which they must be enrolled precisely on the basis of all the other members. Artisans in Rochdale, England (the rich co-operative community) are living now in their old age, upon the savings the "Store" has made for them, without their ever having paid in an originally penny toward its capital. They began buying there, and that was all. How can a greater blessing to the poor, than such a store, be imagined or expressed?" E. R. M.

Music Saturday at Union Skating Rink.

The Omaha city freight and ticket office is now permanently located at 405 West Superior street.

B. W. SUMMERS, City Tkt. Agt.

G. M. SMITH, Genl. Agt.

Notice of Stockholders Meeting.

Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Iron and Steel company will please take notice, that the annual meeting of this company called for March 8th, 1893, has been postponed until the return of the treasurer Mr. Simon Clark, from Scotland.

Attest: HENRY TRUELSEN, Vice President.

FRANK M. ZELLER, Secretary.

Duluth, March 1st, 1893.

RAILROAD CHANGES.

G. C. Gilfillan Has Come to the Missabe Road from the St. Paul & Duluth.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern road has secured G. C. Gilfillan, formerly assistant general passenger and freight agent of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, as general freight and passenger agent of their line. Mr. Gilfillan brings to the Missabe road the strength of an intimate acquaintance with freight and passenger traffic in the northwest. The appointment was made February 27, but was only announced yesterday.

J. H. McFadzean of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad has been promoted to the position of contracting agent of the road and will be succeeded in the city ticket office by S. R. Brown, formerly freight solicitor for the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha line.

G. L. Gorton, local freight agent of the Omaha road, has resigned and J. H. Poteet has been appointed in his stead.

Duluth Bidders Got Left.

The Duluth bidders for the big five-mile sewer and drain contract at Red Jacket, Mich., returned last night. The work covered a lot of piping from 6 to 18 inches in diameter and brick sewer work from 22 to 42 inches, and included about 110 manholes. There were eighteen bids ranging from $26,521 to $61,564, but the Red Jacket village authorities threw out the lowest bid and awarded the contract to Wagner, Reid & Sharp, of Port Huron, Mich., at $29,713. The work is to be completed by Oct. 15.

February Health.

The death rate for the month of February was 6.03, an exceedingly low rate even though it was only a month of twenty-eight days. The total number of deaths was twenty-one, none from contagious diseases. Among the causes of deaths were the following: Pneumonia, 3; heart disease, 2; intestinal tuberculosis, 2; puerperal eclampsia, 2; phthisis, 2, and accident, 2.

The total number of births was ninety, evenly divided among males and females. There were one pair of twins and six still born and one illegitmate children.

City Library Figures.

The report of Miss Angie Neff, city librarian, shows the total number of books issued during the month to have been 6061. On Feb. 25, the greatest number was issued, 263 being given out, and on Feb. 2 the least number 49. The average daily circulation was 263. Of the books issued 71 per cent were fiction, the lowest percentage of any month on record. On Feb. 28 there were in circulation 1878 books and 5319 cards. There were issued in February 152 cards. Fines to the amount of $26 78 were collected and 233 new books were added.

A Hanging in Alabama.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 4.—Bob Sims, aged 20 years, was hanged here at noon yesterday for the murder of Ebner Jordan, a year ago.

Cullum, dentist, 702 Palladio building.

Kickapoo Indian Remedies

WHAT THEY ARE.



They are the Purest, Safest and Most Reliable medicines Known to Humanity. They have never failed, never will fail, Never Can Fail. The Essence of their Nature is Health, their Composition Based upon God-given Indian Instinct, their Combination Founded upon the Solid Rock of centurial experience, their Virtues Absolutely Indisputable, their Success Only Limited by their Never-ceasing Production.

No Poisonous Ingredients Enter into Their Formula, no Mineral is Tolerated in their Pharmacopœa, no Subtle Chemical Fume in their Medicine Kettles. The Forest is their Laboratory. The Roots, Barks, Gums of Trees and Herbs are their Components. Kickapoo Indian Medicines are not Mineral but Vegetable; not Poisonous but Healing; not Death-dealing but Life-giving; not Destroying but Upbuilding and when Applied in Season and used with discretion They Perform Great Cures.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa

GIVES

"Long Life and Good Health."

AND IS THE

Only Genuine Indian Stomach and Blood Remedy Sold in America.

Sold by All Druggists and Medicine Dealers. $1 Per Bottle, 6 for $5.

Kickapoo Indian Oil, (For pains) 25 Cts. | *Kickapoo Indian Worm Killer, 25 Cts.*
Kickapoo Indian Salve (For Cuts) 25 Cts. | *Kickapoo Indian Cough Cure, 50 Cts.*

KICKAPOO INDIAN MEDICINE CO., HEALY & BIGELOW, AGENTS, NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Eyes Examined Free!

Sight is of Priceless Value and the Preservation of the Eyesight is of the Highest Importance.

Mr. J. T. Corwin, graduate of Chicago Ophthalmic College, may be found at W. A. Montague's jewelry store, No. 325 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn., where he will be permanently located on and after March 4th, 1893.

We have every facility for testing the eyes and fitting them with glasses which will preserve the sight. Defects of vision from various causes can be helped, and in many cases permanently cured, by the use of glasses especially adapted.

Call and see him before your eyes are any worse.

Ben Hur!

—AT THE—

Temple Opera House

BEGINNING

Friday, March 10th,

Under the auspices of the LITTLE PILGRIM FREE KINDERGARTEN.

Clark & Cox's grand spectacular production of Gen. Lew Wallace's world famous story. A beautiful and instructive presentation of scenes from the Holy Land at the Dawn of the First Century.

Not a passion play, but omitting everything that might appear sacrilegious from copyright. Libretto arranged by the author for Clark & Cox and with the permission of Messrs. Harper & Bros.

Tickets at Regular Prices.



Twenty Pages--PART THREE--Pages 13 to 20.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1893. FIVE O'CLOCK EDITION. THREE CENTS

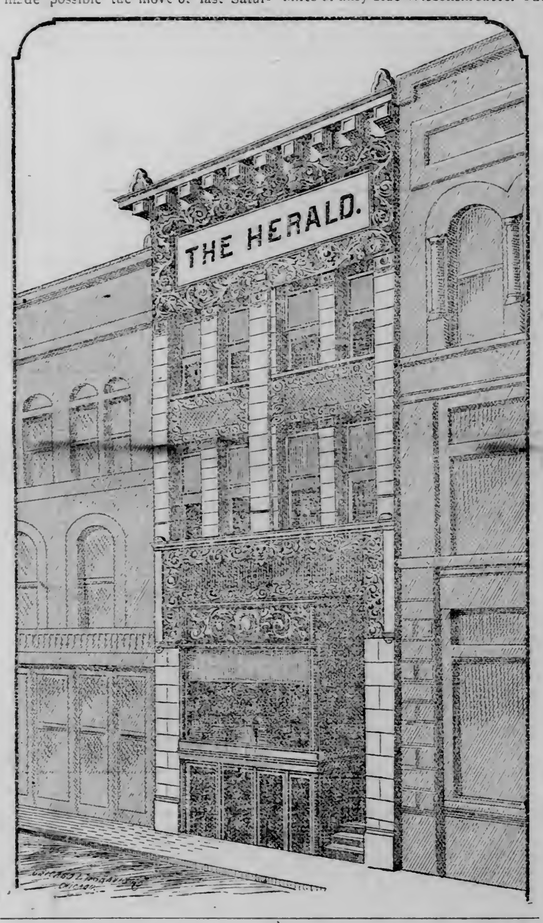
THE HERALD'S ABODE.

The Handsome New Home Which Has Been Provided for the Favorite Paper of Duluth.

In Abundance of Room and Elegance of Appointments It Surpasses Everything in This Section.

No Other Newspaper Building in the Northwest, Outside the Twin Cities, Which Equals It.

At last! Yes, at last! Stick a peg in there, gentle reader, for it will help you to remember that The Duluth Evening Herald has emerged from the wilderness and taken up its permanent residence in its commodious and finely appointed new home at 220 West Superior street. From early morn 'til dewy eve, the members of the force mingle with their labor of getting out the best paper at the head of the lakes, a ringing song of praise to the effect that "Hallelujah, 'Tis Done." Because of their sins the rebellious children of Israel camped out and depended on Moses and the Lord for their daily bread for forty years, after which the Promised land was opened up for settlement under the homestead act. But The Herald has had no sins to expiate, which fact, coupled with the telling habit of hustling, has enabled the institution of an exodus and made possible the move of last Saturday from the old quarters to the present permanent home.



The new Herald building is a brick structure 25x115 feet in area. The Michigan street front is five stories in height while the main front on Superior street extends heavenward four stories. This front is of Ohio "Central pressed brick" with facings of Kettle river sandstone. The stone carving is very neat and gives a classic touch. Ascending the broad and easy iron steps, flanked on each side by copper bronze railings, the outside vestibule is reached. On one side of it the wall is faced with a rather dark porcelain tiling. On the other is the large plate glass composing the front of an office room designed for a bank or some similar institution.

The front door is of oak and massive with its copper bronze latch, trimmings and hinges. It enters a 14-foot hallway. On one side of this is the oak pannelled and crystalline glass wall of the bank office. On the other is a delicate cream colored porcelain tile wainscoting with marble cap and base. The floor of the hall is a most durable tiling of pleasing figure and appropriate color.

Proceeding down the hall, the base of the stair case is passed and a large sliding door reached. That opens into The Herald business office. The first thing is the cashier's desk. This is a rich and expensive piece of office furniture, being furnished by A. H. Andrews & Co. of Chicago. On its top is a steel net work extending upward several feet. There are pigeon holes for each day's papers, numerous drawers, and on the back side, against the wall, is generous desk room for the bookkeeper. Off from the open space within, is a small vault for books and documents. Adjoining the space occupied by the cashier's desk and screens, is further space for desk room, cabinets or any thing else that may prove desirable to place there.

Leading off from all this is the sanctum sanctorum of the business department, 11x15, generously furnished with desks and furniture, comfortable rugs on the floor, pictures of noted journalists on the walls, a couple of large windows looking out on the Duluth harbor and the waters of Lake Superior. This is the refuge and retreat of A. C. Weiss, the manager of The Herald.

Communicating with one another and one with the manager's office, the other with the cashier's department, are two snug apartments which will be occupied respectively by the city circulator and the manager of the advertising department. Suitable furniture, desks and other furnishings are also provided, fully meeting the comfort and convenience of the occupants.

Leaving that part of the building, the stairs are taken to the second floor which will be occupied by offices. The finishings of the halls and stair cases are as beautiful and complete as on the first floor. Passing up short flights of steps ending at the roomy landings, the third floor is reached. To the right, is a commodious toilet room. Passing by that and through a door, entrance is made to a commodious composing room 25x60 feet in area. The nine foot ceiling, a large skylight and numerous windows, give ample light by day, while for night service an incandescent electric light hangs over each stand of cases. There are enough stands of news cases at the front windows to employ twelve compositors, with abundant room for more in other parts of the room. Six stands of cases for advertisement compositors face the side windows. There is then the usual outfit of stones, racks, and all the regulation composing room furniture, together with commodious coat stalls and cabinets for storage purposes.

Returning from that part and passing through the hall past the head of the stairs, the news department is reached. This apartment is 12x40, is occupied by the city editor and reporters, has white walls, nine foot ceiling, electric light, and a splendid view of the harbor and lake, Superior and West Superior and miles of hazy blue Wisconsin shore. The plashing of the waves, the fog horn's soothing bellow, the whistling of busy tugs, the lazy glide of the "whaleback" and the noisy switch engine will all be available to soothe the nerves, rest the weary eye, help turn the wheels of thought and facilitate the flow of the journalistic idea.

Connected with and parallel to the local room is the managing editor's room, 12x30 feet in area, with its bookcases, desks, exchange table and all his aids and appurtenances. Adjoining it is the telegraph editor and operators' quarters, 8x12 feet in area.

Passing back to the street, by stairs as broad as those said to lead to destruction but infinitely safer, a descent is made to the basement in which is the press room. First comes a storeroom for tons of the white rolls of paper. Then comes the press room, occupied by the Cox Duplex Perfecting press, which spits out more than 5000 copies of The Herald each hour without balking or turning a hair. Power is furnished by a ten-horse power C. & C. electric motor. The ceiling is 9 feet 6 inches in height and the floor is composed of a smooth, hard cement. The walls have a white paint finish, and an elevator plies back and forth from the cement floor to the composing room on the third floor, bearing the forms of type. Off from the press room are ample quarters and facilities for the mailing department and back of that is the waiting room for the newsboys, who enter from Michigan street.

In the sub-basement is situated the large boiler which evolves steam heat for the large force of busy workers in all the many parts of the building.

Thus ends a hasty architectural description of this modern home for a modern newspaper. This structure was commenced last June and the finishing touches have just been given. J. A. Robert, of this city, secured the contract and he has proven himself a master in his line. The woodwork is all quarter-sawed oak and the firm that furnished it

Continued on page 14.

THE HERALD'S PRESS

The Fast Web Perfecting Press Which Is Now Being Used in The Herald's Pressroom.

It Possesses All the Latest Improvements of Cox Duplex and It is a Beauty.

Will Print, Cut, Paste and Fold Five Thousand Copies of The Herald in An Hour.

The new Cox Duplex printing press, which was recently placed in the Herald's press room, marks an epoch in Duluth journalism. There is nothing stereotyped about it. Like the news printed in The Herald, it is the latest and consequently the best. This innovation is simply the consummation of the aims of the present management of the paper, and has been necessitated by the constantly increasing circulation of The Herald, which has now grown to such proportions that the ordinary presses are unable to handle it within the required time. Those who have seen the new press feed itself with blank paper from a large roll and turn out thousands of handsomely printed, pasted and folded papers can truthfully say that the pleasure of realization is much greater than the pleasure of anticipation. The cut given herewith is a faithful representation of the new press, which was made expressly for The Herald by the Duplex Printing Press Co., of Battle Creek, Mich., and possesses all the latest improvements used on this style of press.

The evolution of the printing press is among the marvelous things of this century, or rather the last quarter of this century, for it has all taken place within twenty-five years and less. Public information regarding the great strides which the art of newspaper printing has taken of late is, of course, small, because the latest improved presses, such as The Herald is now employing, are as yet comparatively few, although the makers have orders for months ahead and are working night and day to supply the demand. But they are truly wonderful machines.

When printing from movable type was first invented the matter of presses was one of minor consideration. Speed was not an element to be considered, and anything which would press the paper upon the types so as to leave an impression was considered good enough. So an arrangement of a platen and levers was used, worked by hand, and it answered all purposes for many a long year.

Finally newspapers came in, and from the old press what was known as the Washington hand press was evolved. It differed but little from it, the only improvement being an arrangement by which the form of type would travel in and out from under the platen at each pull of the lever so that the type could be inked and a new sheet of paper put on. A smart and muscular boy, working hard, could probably print from 150 to 200 impressions an hour with such a press, but newspaper circulations were not great in those days and the Washington hand press answered every purpose of publishers.

But soon something which would print faster was demanded, and then the idea of an up-and-down moving platen was abandoned and a cylinder was introduced. This cylinder at first ran over the form from one end to the other, traveling in tracks at the side, which kept its full weight off the type, but yet allowed it to press the paper upon them. Then the cylinder was made stationary, but revolving, the paper being fed around it, and the bed of the press containing the type forms traveling back and forth underneath it. After this, on the better presses, steam power took the place of hand, a stalwart laboring man no longer having to toil at the wearisome crank.

All this was an advance, but it was not much after all. Even the best of these presses were so slow that they would be rejected in a country newspaper office today, and although the principle on which they worked was the same as that of the press of our friend, the rural editor, still he would turn up his nose at them. They only printed one side of the sheet, so that all papers had to go through them twice and were generally unsatisfactory. But they were the best which human ingenuity had devised to that time and they had to do.

Then came the war of the rebellion and it revolutionized newspaper business in this country. Before it newspaper reading could hardly be called general. It made it universal. Before it newspapers were largely devoted to long-winded and ofttimes tiresome editorials on matters of public policy or clippings from exchanges, generally of a class of reading now found, if at all, in magazines and trade weeklies. After the war had begun the people eagerly inquired for information on what was going on on the battlefield, in the camp, in the hospital, on the ocean, or at Washington, and the demand for what is now known as "news" sprang up.

The papers brought the telegraph into use, they sent correspondents to the front, they began to publish the news of the day, all absorbing, deeply interesting news it was, and readers flocked to them by the thousands. People would buy the papers at any price; there was a universal hunger for news of the war and journals which had formerly known a circulation of but a few thousands suddenly found the number of their readers increased ten and sometimes one hundred fold.

Then it was that the necessity for faster presses became so urgent that it could not be denied and the principle on which the best presses of today are manufactured was discovered. It was a simple thing when one came to look at it, but it completely changed the art of printing.

Before the type had been put in flat chases, upon which the paper was printed in sheets. The new proposal was to place the type on revolving cylinders and pass the paper, which should be made in endless rolls, between them, printing it on both sides as it went through and cutting it after it had been printed. It was like passing the paper through a big wringing machine, the type being in the rollers.

After various difficulties in the way of locking up type on these huge cylinders and others of a similar character had been overcome the project was found to be feasible and the new method proved a success. It was, of course, imperfect, but it was much faster than the old and as improvements, such as folding machines, were added the press of that day, although by no means the beautiful machine the one of today is, took on considerable resemblance to it.

Then came another great stride, the process of quick stereotyping was invented, and it was made possible in but a few minutes to cast from the flat form of type a perfect metal plate from which the paper could be printed. This form was cast to fit the cylinders of the press and so it was made possible to reduce those cylinders in size, a great saving of time as well as in the bulk of the press. When the type themselves had to be locked on the surface of the cylinders the cylinders had to be very large, so as to present as near a flat surface as possible, but these stereotype plates could be cast in any segment of a circle desired, and today they cover exactly half the cylinders, two of them forming a circle.

From this time on the improvement in the fast printing press has been steady. Stereotyping, however, was found to be very expensive. To most papers outside the large cities where the circulation was from 15,000 upwards, the cost of stereotyping was too great, and inventive genius turned its attention to producing a press that would combine the best features of the web perfecting presses, without the expense of stereotyping. The delay incident to the latter process was also a serious matter to evening newspapers, to which the time lost in stereotyping was a heavy loss. One of the chief features of the evening paper is the presentation of the news when it is news. The result of this great need is the Cox Duplex press, one of which now stands in The Herald's commodious pressroom. The machine is the growth of many years of study, experiment, failure, disappointment, with final success and triumph.

Nearly fifteen years ago Joseph L. Cox, a young printer who was possessed with remarkable inventive genius, became convinced that there was something needed in presses that had never been considered practical. Seeing the wide gap between the hand-fed presses on which the bulk of the printing of the world is still being done and the expensive stereotype machines on which the great metropolitan dailies are printed, he determined to fill it with a machine that should meet the demands of speed and economy, combined with little expense of operating, of that large class of daily newspapers having a circulation of from four to ten thousand, and of weekly, monthly and other publications of large circulation.

Like many other real inventors he departed from the beaten paths of his predecessors and applied his mind to working upon new lines. He seemed convinced that the limit of speed in presses of the old kind had been practically reached, and that the advance must be something entirely new.

The first machines were built six years ago and were put into use by the proprietors of the Burlington, Ia., Hawkeye, the Grand Rapids, Mich., Democrat, the Rockford, Ill., Register and other dailies of that class. They were practically successful and are still in operation. The only objection to them was that the speed, while much greater than that of any other flat-bed press, did not justify the cost of their construction or satisfy the expectations of the inventor. Their capacity was about 2000 perfected papers per hour.

Since that time the energies of Mr. Cox have been directed toward simplifying the machine and increasing its capacity. The expenditure of five years of energetic thought, and an immense amount of labor and capital has accomplished this.

The press now operating in The Herald office is a simple, strong, durable and thoroughly practical machine, capable of printing, pasting and folding from a roll either four, six or eight pages, from flat-beds with ordinary type forms, 5000 perfect papers per hour. It retains simply the vital principles of the old machine. Its form is changed completely. It is simplicity perfected, with the speed doubled. It is practically free from adjustments, and there are few parts likely to get out of order.

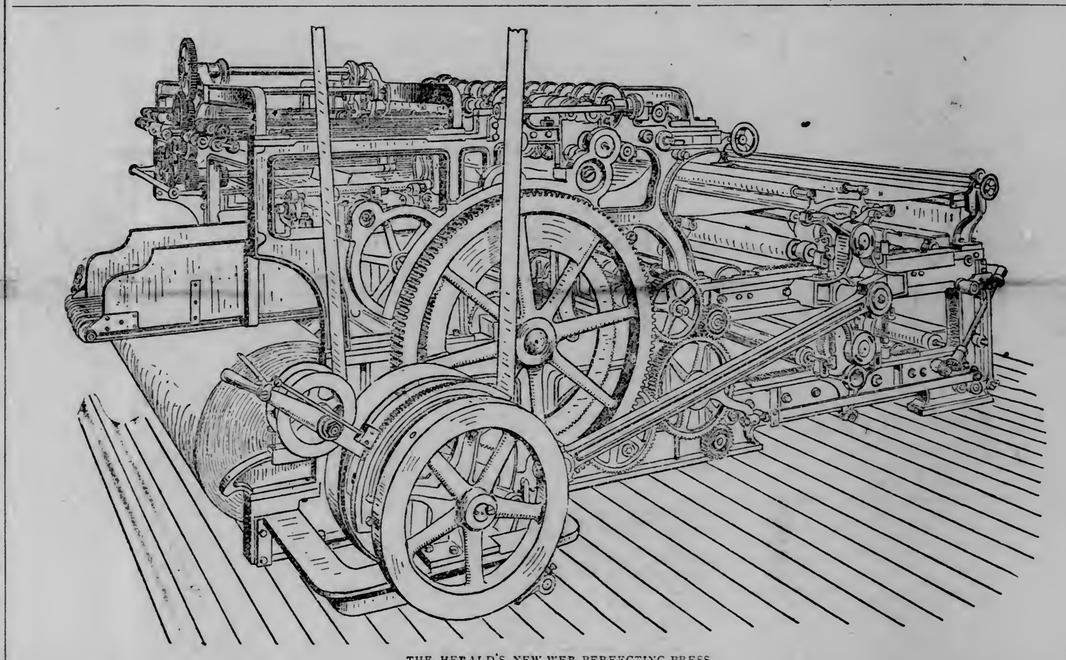
The power is applied from the main driving wheel to the impression without a gear; in other words, with less intervening mechanism than in any other flat-bed press, not excepting even the simplest drum cylinders. The cut of the new machine shows that the mechanism is very simple. Two impression cylinders, located one directly over the other, and journaled into cross-heads or carriers, are reciprocated over stationary beds, making two impressions with each alternate movement, or printing two complete papers with each revolution of the large driving wheel. The cylinders are the only reciprocating parts in the press, and as these are driven by a crank motion no air buffers or springs of any kind are required. The form rollers are carried with the two cylinders, and they pass over the form twice for each impression. Only two fountains are required, notwithstanding the fact that the rollers take ink at each end of the press. The folder is between the main wheels and above the shaft carrying them. The folded papers are delivered in a packing box directly over the roll of paper at the end of the press. The upper bed is less than three feet from the floor, while the pressman, standing on the floor, can look down upon the upper surface of the folder.

The machine has a rotary movement throughout, with the exception that the cylinders are reciprocated, and the paper dwells during the impression in that part of the web only which lies horizontal, and that which extends over the rear end of the press, as seen in the cut. The web in every other part is constantly moving at a uniform rate of speed. It is fed from the roll by calendars having a constant and uniform motion, and is fed, printed, through a rotary cutter into the folder in the same way. The whole machine occupies a floor space of only about 9x15 feet.

This press will print, fold and paste either a four-page, a six-page, or an eight-page paper, and either size may have six columns or seven columns to the page. No adjustments whatever are required in either press or folder in changing from the four to the six or eight-page paper. All that is necessary is to put in the proper width of roll.

As all the gearing and other mechanism employed to move the beds in ordinary cylinder presses is dispensed with in this machine; as there are no grippers or small and delicate mechanisms of any kind; as the movements are mostly rotary and not rapid, and as the press is designed and constructed in the most solid and thorough manner the durability of the press is, beyond question, far greater than that of other machines.

Another noticeable feature in the construction of the press is that it is designed to produce the least possible wear of the type. The greatest liability to wear type is entirely obviated in this press, as the beds do not move at all. The forms are easily and quickly adjusted and the press can be started immediately after the forms are ready. A thousand papers can be printed, ready for delivery, while a stereotyper would be making his plates.



THE HERALD'S NEW WEB PERFECTING PRESS.

HOW PAPER IS MADE.

What the Wood-Pulp Process Has Done for the World.

Many inventions have combined to make the modern newspaper possible, the most wonderful being perhaps the fast perfecting presses like those on which The Herald is printed, but none has done so much to help the cause of cheap newspapers as the discovery of the wood-pulp process of manufacturing paper.

It was not so very long ago that paper of any kind was the luxury of the rich, and while its use has been known for centuries it was only comparatively recent that it became cheap enough to be popular.

The old Romans wrote first on tablets of stone somewhat similar to our schoolboy slates, and then used wooden tablets covered with wax from which they could erase the marks and use them over again. Parchment was made out of skins and used for writing purposes, but the first real paper was made of the bark of a tree called biblo, from which a book came to be called biblium, and the Bible, which is but another name for "The Book," got its name. The Egyptians also made paper from the leaves of the papyrus palm and thence our word "paper" is derived.

But while the use of wood in the manufacture of the article is so old, later generations discarded it and made their paper out of rags—a trick learned from the Chinese and for centuries that was the only material used.

A German named John Spielman, who was knighted for his services, set up the first recognized paper mill in England in 1588, locating near Dartford, although it is claimed by some authorities that one John Tate made paper before him in Hartfordshire. Spielman's mill was a small one, his product being so costly that there was but little demand for it and even as late as the sixteenth century paper was a scarce thing in Europe, parchment made of sheepskins being used for all legal documents and court purposes.

Finally, in 1853, 300 years after Sir John Spielman set up his primitive mill, Charles Watts evolved the idea that paper could be made out of wood pulp. He secured a patent for his invention, but partly through imperfections in his process and partly through the disinclination of the English to accept anything new, he was unable to secure any commercial recognition of his discovery and he never profited from it.

But in 1873 Professor Mitcherlich, of the Munden academy, Hanover, Germany, took up Watts' abandoned idea and invented a chemical process of converting wood into paper which revolutionized the newspaper printing business of the world. It was called the "sulphite process" and not only succeeded in turning out a satisfactory product from wood—the paper on which The Herald is printed is an example—but reduced the cost over 300 per cent and enabled the newspaper publisher to reduce the price of his journal to the reader.

At once wood pulp mills sprung up all over the world and in this as in other countries became an important industry. Many of them only manufacture paper for fast newspaper presses, which comes in huge rolls, not cut into sheets, and the principal points of manufacture are Niagara Falls, Holyoke, Mass., places in Wisconsin, and Little Falls, Minn. The process is an interesting one when seen at its best in mills like these of the Hennepin Paper company at Little Falls in this state. To these mills the wood is brought in five-foot lengths with the bark off. An all-consuming cutter, acting like an enormous hash-chopper, cuts it into five-inch slices across the grain as fast as it can be fed, and endless elevators carry the slices into boilers where they are dumped and caustic soda added. For six hours the wood is boiled under a pressure of 68 poundsot steam and then, reduced to a pulp, the contents of the boiler are emptied.

After this other chemicals are added, each manufacturer having his preferences and own particular secrets, but the main ingredients are cotton waste, alum cake, white china clay and talc.

Then the pulp is put into a machine which pours it out into molds in uniform thickness and of an even consistency, draining off the water at the same time, while endless belts carry it off, allowing it to dry and giving it a finish by passing it through calendars. After this the paper is ready to be cut up if sheets are required or if it is for use on a perfecting press such as The Herald employs it is wound in one continuous sheet into huge rolls, each one containing from 500 to 800 pounds of paper. Then it is shipped to the pressroom of the daily paper and is ready to be used.

What It Means.

Leonidas Merritt: "Briefly summarized the opening up of the Mesaba range does not mean only iron mining and the building of a railroad—in themselves both important points in a city's development—to carry ore into Duluth and supplies out. It means the opening up of a hitherto unknown agricultural region whose inaccessibility made it impossible to attract settlement towards it, and timber resources that have never yielded a dollar in revenue. If the home-seekers who are going out to Dakota to seek a prairie home could be shown the farms on the Canadian side of the Rainy Lake river and then see the virgin soil on the Minnesota side waiting to be improved, I believe there would be a greater rush for Northern Minnesota than Dakota has ever known."

The Natural Outlet.

Editorial in New York Evening Post, 1896—"We think of Duluth as far away from Nebraska, but the distance from Omaha to Duluth is the same as from Omaha to Chicago, and of all the great country north of Omaha, Duluth is the natural outlet."

TIPPECANOE'S INAUGURATION.

The Most Elaborate Pageant That Has Ever Been Seen in America.

ALLEGHENY, Pa., March 4.—While men are telling with great pride just now how they voted for every president from the days of Andrew Jackson, Col. James D. Minroll, at present residing on his son-in-law's farm near this place, but a native and until recently a resident of our national capital, who lacks but two or three years of being a centenarian, has witnessed the inauguration of every occupant of the presidential chair from the days of Thomas Jefferson until the present time, and his recollections of even the earliest of these events are as fresh and vivid as though it had transpired yesterday. In telling about past inaugurations, the colonel said:

"The inauguration of William Henry Harrison Thursday, March 4, 1841, was in some respects the most remarkable event of its kind. The popular enthusiasm aroused by the occasion was fully equal in point of intensity to that which greeted President Jackson, and was even more public and widespread, though it found expression in a much more decorous manner. The day was cloudy, though no rain fell, and a piercing east wind prevailed. The stanch old farmer and soldier declined to ride in the elegant carriage presented to him by Baltimore admirers, and, instead, rode to the capitol upon a white horse in the center of a hollow square of cavalry. After him came the most elaborate pageant that has ever been seen in this country up to that time. There were coons, log cabins, and hard cider barrels innumerable. There were many companies of militia wearing coon-skin caps. There were power looms, or spinning jennies as we called them in those days, in full operation. One log cabin was so large that thirteen horses were required to draw it. All the church bells in the city rang out a merry peal as the procession passed along. Many dwellings and stores along the route were handsomely decorated—something very unusual in those days.

"But though apparently a primitive tiller of the soil, Old Tippecanoe was well grounded in the classics and delighted in quotations from them. His inaugural address, which was of such length that it occupied an hour and a half in its delivery, was liberally embellished in that way, abounding in allusions to the heroes of antiquity and containing numerous mythological and metaphorical references. He compared himself, in his progress to the capitol, with those victorious Roman generals of old making a triumphal entry into Rome along the Appian way.

"During all the time he was speaking he was wholly unprotected by overcoat, hat or gloves, and stood facing a fierce east wind, which toyed with his gray hair and penetrated to his very vitals. I have always believed, and always shall believe, that that cold hour and a half of elaborate, flowery oratory was largely responsible for his death, which occurred April 4, exactly one month from the day of his inauguration.

"There was no ministerial or other pretest against the inauguration ball that year, as there was when his grandson, Benjamin Harrison, was inaugurated in 1889, and two such assemblies were held. I shall never case to remember, with keen amusement, the looks of horror, the blushes, giggles, and unsophisticated remarks elicited at the more plutocratic of these gatherings by the decollete dress worn by the wife of one of the foreign diplomats. 'Well, I swow! If that ain't dretful!' 'Oh, my! I think she'd oughter be ashamed!' were some of the exclamations of the beaux and belles of the period.

"Fortunately or unfortunately civilization has progressed since then, and when Benjamin Harrison, the grandson of William Henry, was inaugurated on a very rainy, disagreeable 4th of March in 1889, the sight of fair ladies whose dress, or rather undress, was supported only by a narrow strip of ribbon across the shoulders, did not excite a ripple of attention or comment at the inauguration ball from the descendants of those who were so shocked at Grandfather William Henry's inaugural 'shindig.'"

A WESTERN PITTSBURG

The Growth of Duluth as a Manufacturing Center a Leading Feature of the Age.

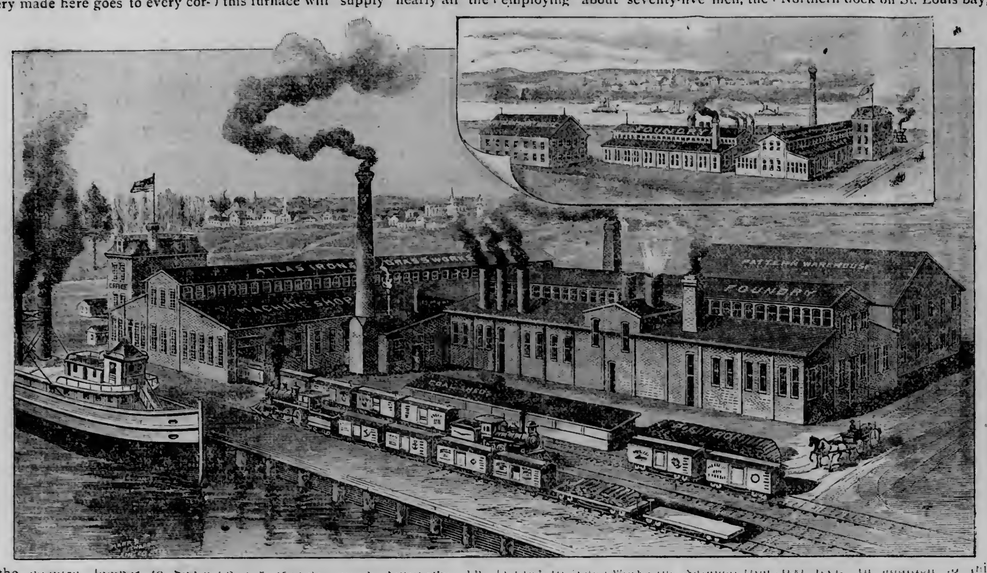
Indications Point to a Development of the Iron and Steel Industry of Great Magnitude.

A Hurried Glance at Some of the Concerns That Are Now Employing Thousands of Men.

Duluth's great pride is now and ever will be her manufacturing interests. In this line the Zenith city is pushing forward to the front rank and is fast becoming recognized as possessing the greatest of possibilities and advantages, not merely because of the close proximity of all the raw materials necessary, but also because of the wonderful facilities for distribution. In every direction the manufactured products of Duluth's institutions are being sent, not even the Western hemisphere is its limit. The machinery made here goes to every corner of the country, lumber to South America, cut stone all over the West and so on.

These manufacturing interests which promise so much for the future do not all run in one line. They are diversified and any one of several of them is in itself enough to make a city. There is the iron industry, the possibilities of which are almost beyond estimation; the lumber industry which now gives employment to thousands of men and is constantly growing and attracting the most substantial and experienced men in that business in the country; the flouring industry, the possibilities of which have been so widely advertised, not by Duluthians, but by the rivals of the Zenith City, and legions of others which might be expatiated upon in columns of type.

All contribute their share to the general progress. The lumber industry has been in a great measure responsible for the wonderful growth of the Duluth jobbing houses. Since the opening of the Mesaba mines the iron industry has brought another great stimulus to the jobbing trade. So it is with every branch of manufacture. Each aids in the great work of development and all combined give an impetus which is tremendous.



Iron Manufacture.

Duluth's iron industry, although possibly not now her greatest, will one day surely be. The great prophesies of growth and development which everyone, regardless of residence, who has studied the situation predicts for the Zenith city are all based on the theory that this is to be a second Pittsburg. None seem to question this, all accept it. No more than a couple of weeks ago Jim Hill said that there was every reason why this should be another Pittsburg and Jim's prophesies although often sounding rather wild somehow or other have a knack of proving true.

One year ago when the outside world was just beginning to appreciate the magnitude of the Mesaba range discoveries there could be heard on every hand the wildest of predictions for Duluth's future as an iron manufacturing center. Many of these, of course, came from excited brains, but conservative men admitted that if all that was claimed for the Mesaba mines could be verified by the actual work of development then it was but reasonable to believe that at the head of the lakes would be established one of the greatest, if not the greastest, iron manufacturing centers on the continent. Today the truth of the claims made has been demonstrated. Mesaba ore has gone down the lakes to Pittsburg; it has passed through the furnaces and with what result? With the result that the iron trade papers now declare that the Mesaba ores control the market. Right here in our city also have these ores stood the test.

The West Duluth blast furnace is today using Mesaba ores and turning out a No. 1 Bessemer pig iron. Formerly one-third Chandler (Vermillion) and two-thirds of Gogebic ore was used. The opening of the Mesaba mines and the introduction of these ores has brought a saving of about $2 per ton. Not only this but by the mixing of a number of the low grade Mesaba ores with others first class foundry iron can be and is being produced. This is higher in phosphorus and not so hard, Bessemer pig iron being too hard for foundry use. The blast furnace is now turning out No. 1 Bessemer pig three weeks of the month and foundry iron the other week. For the latter a fine market is being built up and it will be but a few months before this furnace will supply nearly all the foundries from the Northwest. The capacity of the furnace is now about 125 tons per day and 150 men are employed.

But while the discovery of the Mesaba mines has made it plainer to the eyes of the world at large that Duluth is to be an iron manufacturing center, it has always been apparent to those acquainted with the particular advantages possessed here. The discoveries only hasten and augment the inevitable. Long before the Mesaba had been heard of great iron manufacturing establishments had been erected here and were in a flourishing and prosperous condition. The West Duluth Manufacturing company's plant has been in operation for several years, and today is doing an excellent business, turning out monthly a product aggregating at least $100,000 in value and employing 600 men. Its logging car is the best made and is in great demand. No better ore car was ever turned out of a shop than those that have been furnished the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road. Merchant and bar iron is manufactured and many jobbers in Duluth today are getting all of the material of this class which they handle from this company. The contracts which the company has already made indicate that this will be the most prosperous and successful year of its existence.

The Marinette Iron Works is another shining example of what advantages this place possesses. Success has attended it from the start and today the machine shops are running night and day to keep even with the work ahead. Three hundred men find employment. The specialty of this company is the manufacture of saw mill machinery and its orders come from every corner of this great country. The Prescott band mill is the best made and when it is known that sixteen have been turned out in the past two months this will be regarded as no idle boast. The Prescott steam feed patent is controlled by this company and it is the most perfect made. Other saw mill machinery, such as edgers, trimmers, etc., are manufactured. At present the company is working on a contract for the Ironton Structural Steel company aggregating at least $175,000. All of the machinery for this plant will be furnished by the Marinette works. The great engine which is being turned out weighs 225 tons and will be 2800 horse power. This particular contract and many others now on hand assure a rushing season.

The Ironton Structural Steel company's plant now building and which will be in operation, it is expected, during the coming summer, will enter a field heretofore unoccupied by Duluth institutions, the manufacture of structural iron and steel. This plant will at the start employ over 300 men. It is built on an extensive scale and with a confidence that surprises and yet compels the admiration of those unaccustomed to Western push and energy. Nevertheless as large as the plant is being built its projectors are, even before its completion, planning a material enlargement.

Another industry is about to be established which is of much promise. This is the building of the turtleback vessels. One is soon to be built as an experiment, and it is a foregone conclusion that it will be successful. The establishment of a great shipbuilding yard will surely follow.

This brief outline of the iron industry cannot begin to cover everything, and many more institutions that contribute their share to the general advance of iron manufacture might be enlarged upon. There is the Clyde Iron works employing about seventy-five men, the Gilbert Iron works, the National Iron works and others. All contribute to the general upbuilding and deserve their share of the credit.

The Lumber Industry.

The lumber industry is undoubtedly Duluth's greatest industry at present especially as to the number of men employed although the iron business undoubtedly has the greatest future. The lumber business of the Duluth district was very insignificant a few years ago and was not considered a factor in the market at all. In 1880 the entire cut was only about 35,000,000 feet while for 1892 it reached the magnificent total of 318,000,000 feet. The supply of pine is inexhaustible and in the Duluth district there is standing at least 20,000,000,000 feet. The Saginaw valley has always been the great lumber district of the Northwest and its lumber business has wonderfully developed that section of Michigan, building up prosperous towns here and there and logging railroads which subsequently were taken into large railroad systems. The great mills and lumbering interests that made this development cut annually about 1,000,000,000 feet. In addition to this nearly 15,000,000 feet will be required for elevators and at least 7,000,000 feet for flouring mills. Then there are many other enterprises going ahead which will create an immense demand for lumber. Nearly every coal dock at the head of the lakes will enlarge and several new ones are to be built. The mills themselves will consume several million feet. Merrill & Ring, for instance, are putting in another half mile of dockage which will give them a full mile. Mitchell & McClure, whose dock adjoins them, has a full mile, which gives these firms two full miles of piling room for about 50,000,000 feet. Duluth has much to expect from her lumber interests and it is as certain as that the sun rises that she will not be disappointed.

Duluth's Flouring Mills.

The flouring industry of Duluth and its possibilities and the advantages possessed by this place as a location for flouring mills is familiar to almost everyone, thanks to the exceedingly beneficial and effective advertising which the drowning Minneapolis millers gave it during last year. Duluth today has milling capacity of over 7,000 barrels. The Imperial mill has ground 6300 barrels in a day and by that accomplishment won the title of the largest mill in the world. The Duluth Roller mill grinds easily 800 barrels per day. The output in 1891 was 684,000 barrels and in 1892 jumped to 1,050,000 barrels.

The coming summer will see a great addition to the flouring mill capacity of Duluth in the new mill of the Duluth Flour Mill company, an outgrowth of the Duluth Roller mills owned by Gill & Wright. A handsome structure 140 by 90 is to be erected at once. It will be larger and handsomer than the Imperial building, which is 110 feet square and six stories high. Its capacity will be for the present 2000 barrels, but the building will be erected for a 6000 barrel mill. With the increase in business which the firm of Gill & Wright have been having ever since it started it is but reasonable to expect that in two or three years the full capacity will be put in.

The Imperial Mill company has for some time been considering the erection of another mill, and it is possible that the coming fall will see the commencement of operations. The Duluth mills have an established trade and the erection of a new mill by them is vastly different from the building of one by an entirely new firm—it is a certainty, not an experiment.

Electrical Manufacturing.

The manufacture of electrical machinery is an industry which is entirely an unknown quantity in Duluth at present, but there is every reason to believe that it will prove to be one of the greatest and most renumerative of any of the lines of manufaturing now represented here.

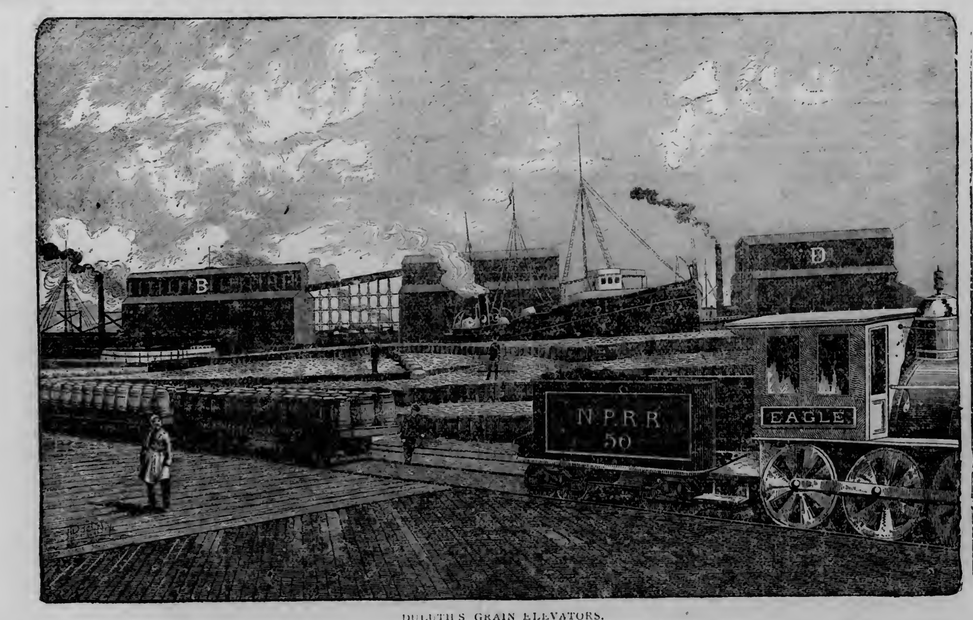
There is now just starting in this city a plant which has every prospect of becoming one of the greatest in the country in its particular line and will furnish in time employment to 2000 or 3000 people. This is the Great Western Manufacturing company which was brought here through the efforts of R. S. Munger, O. H. Simonds and others. In another column will be found an article from the Western Electrician published at Chicago which gives a detailed account of the organization of the company and a full description of the factories. It predicts great success for the Duluth plant.

The location of a company of the magnitude of this one in Duluth has aroused an interest in other concerns employed in the same line and several inquiries have been received by land companies at the head of the lakes inquiring as to the advantages which this section possesses for the manufacture of electrical goods and machinery. It will undoubtedly be found in time that the location of the Great Western Manufacturing company in Duluth will have brought other electrical manufacturing firms to the great Zenith city.

Other Manufactures.

The industries enlarged upon in this article do not by any means represent all that Duluth possesses. There is the cut stone industry constantly growing in strength and emoloying many men. Lake Superior cut stone is shipped all over the Northwest and leads in competition with almost every other building stone, both for its beauty and high quality and its cheapness. The manufacture of artificial stone is constantly growing also, and a fine trade is being built up. Then there are the brickyards, lime kilns and many other establishments which in the aggregate give employment to hundreds of men.

The lighter lines of manufacture are also well represented in Duluth. Cigar factories, spice mills, candy factories and hosts of other establishments are all doing a splendid business.



DULUTH'S GRAIN ELEVATORS.

A CENTER OF COMMERCE.

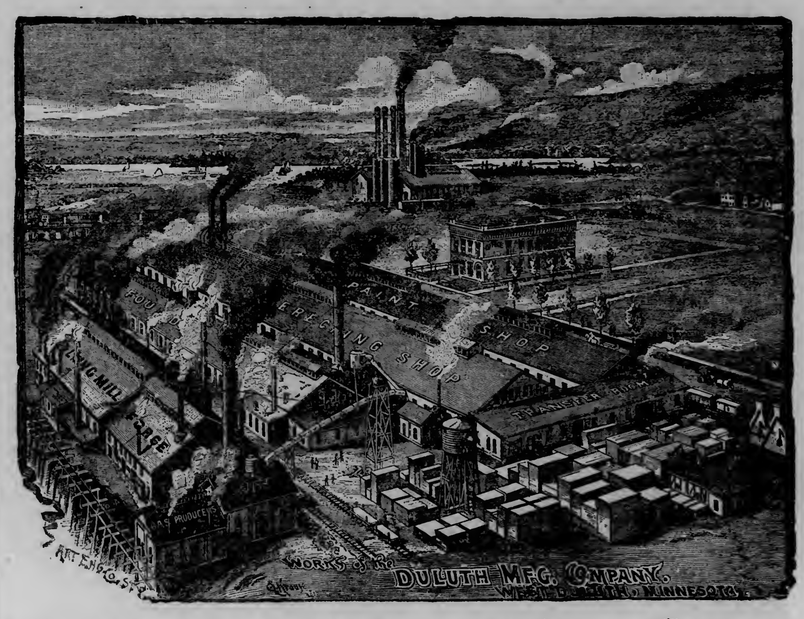
Here is the Place for a City of the First Rank.

In article published a year ago, the United States Investor, of Boston, said: The record of marvelous growth and development displayed by Duluth and Superior include only features incident to the wonderful growth and development of many portions of this goodly land of ours, but unquestionably these cities are far more favored than many, not only as regards transportation facilities, but because of the territory, rich and boundless, which must pour its traffic through their channels.

In every quarter of the globe, and in all ages, the chief cities of the world have been built for the necessities of trade in exchanging and distributing the supply for man's needs. A center of commerce, a place where traffic is distributed, where the great exchanges are made in transportation—that is the spot for a city of the first rank, and such are the places which Duluth and Superior are destined to be. The work is already well begun. The way is clear and we feel perfectly safe in making these predictions. Duluth and Superior are solid!

THE HERALD'S ABODE.

Continued from page 13.



say that it is taken from the material in stock. Without boasting, or misstatement, it can be said that the new Herald building is the most finely finished structure in Duluth. Every department is bountifully supplied with incandescent electric lights and city water runs to every part of the structure. It is substantial, symmetrical, durable, convenient in arrangement, a sweet boon to The Herald and a credit to Duluth. No newspaper in the Northwest, outside of St. Paul and Minneapolis, has such commodious and elegantly appointed quarters.

A GIANT WHO WRESTLES.

Taiho, the Jap, Is Six Feet Eight Inches Tall.

Taiho, or the "Big Gun," is one of the best wrestlers in Japan, and it is probable that few men in the world could defeat him at any style of wrestling he is acquainted with. Taiho is 6 feet 8 inches tall, and despite his great height is almost perfectly developed and as strong as an ox. He is only 19 years old, but he has already made a great name for himself in Japan. His first appearance in public occured about a year ago, when he defeated every one in his class and the class above him, but was finally thrown before he won the right to meet Konishki, the Japanese champion. He has improved greatly of late and will probably be champion of Japan before long. Winning the championship in the mikado's empire is a most difficult task. The wrestlers are divided into different, classes according to the merit they have shown, and a would be champion must vanquish every man between him and the championship one after another and without losing a single fall. Taiho is said to be as magnificent a specimen of physical excellence as the world knows today.



TAIHO.

SPORTING NOTES.

Frank Looney recently made a new world's amateur record for a flying leap on skates of 16 feet 1 inch at Lowell, Mass. The best previous leap was 15 feet 2 inches, made by S. D. See in January, 1885, at Van Cortlandt lake, New York.

The Central Turnverein of New York has chosen Arthur Haubold, Sr., president, and Brewer Jacob Ruppert has bought the society's big clubhouse to prevent its being sold by unfriendly creditors.

The cyclist vote in England is so large that Sir William Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, and ex-Chancellor Goschen are both on record as being opposed to taxing bicycles.

Jim Hall is training for his battle with Fitzsimmons at Lakewood, N. J., and not many blocks from the Cleveland cottage.

Captain John Barr will sail the Boston cup defender to be built by Yachtsman John B. Paine.

CRACK SHOT VERSUS CLUBMAN.

George Work and His Recent Victory Over Champion Fulford.

There was considerable of a sensation among marksmen a few days ago when it was announced that E. D. Fulford, the famous champion wing shot of the world, had been beaten by George P. Work, an amateur shot and a well known man about town in New York. The contest was the result of a discussion as to whether or not there were amateurs in New York who could hold their own with such world famous professionals as Fulford, Brewer, Elliott, Budd and others.

The crack amateurs who frequent the Larchmont, Cartaret and Westminster gun clubs—men comparatively unknown outside of the organizations to which they belong—were of the opinion that they could kill as many birds as any man on earth who followed shooting for money.

Negotiations were finally concluded between the Larchmont club and Champion Fulford which provided for three matches between Fulford and two clubmen—George P. Work and L. S. Thompson. Work was the first to face Fulford. The match, like those that followed, was for $250 a side, 100 birds each, 30 yards boundary, 5 traps and the Hurlingham rules to govern. The contest was a very exciting one, and at 50 birds each man had dropped 43. It was evidently an off day for the champion, but he worked hard and only lost the match by one bird. The score stood: Work, 88 killed, 12 lost; Fulford, 87 killed, 13 lost.



GEORGE P. WORK.

Fulford was in better form for the second match, and although L. S. Thompson, his opponent, killed 46 birds without missing during the match and tied the champion at the eighty-sixth bird, he was finally beaten by the following score: Fulford, 92 killed, 8 lost; Thompson, 86 killed, 10 lost. Thompson's showing was better than Work's, but Fulford was evidently in a shooting mood and could not be beaten. Work and Fulford shot the third match, which was won by Fulford with comparative ease. The score was: Fulford, 89 killed, 11 lost; Work, 81 killed, 19 lost.

CHRONIC WOES.

Nothing to do but work,
Nothing to eat but food,
Nothing to wear but clothes,
To keep one from going nude.

Nothing to breathe but air;
Quick as a flash 'tis gone;
Nowhere to fall but off,
Nowhere to stand but on.

Nothing to comb but hair,
Nowhere to sleep but in bed,
Nothing to weep but tears,
Nothing to bury but dead.

Nothing to sing but songs,
Ah, well, alas! alack!
Nowhere to go but out,
Nowhere to come but back.

Nothing to see but sights,
Nothing to quench but thirst,
Nothing to have but what we've got;
Thus through life we are cursed.

Nothing to strike but a gait;
Everything moves that goes;
Nothing at all but common sense
Can ever withstand these woes.
—Chicago Mail.

The Lexicon of Youth.

Parents cannot be too careful how they answer the apparently trivial questions of their children. It would almost seem as if a child's dictionary were a necessity of the age. Here is an illustration:

"Pa," said a little chap to his father, "what does a man mean when he says, "'I'll fix you?'"

"Means that he'll do him up," answered the father briefly.

"But, then, what does 'do him up' mean?"

"Bother! You ask too many questions, child. It means that he is going to kill him."

The little fellow was silenced for the time; but, as events proved, he thought over the subject. Soon after he was taken ill, and the family doctor being absent a strange physician was summoned. Left alone with him for a few moments the little fellow began to ask questions.

"Going to cure me, doctor?" he inquired.

"Yes, yes, my little man," said the doctor, who was preparing a dose, "I'm going to fix you."

What was the doctor's surprise to see a small, white robed figure dart from the bed and make a bee line for the door, through which he disappeared. The astonished medical man followed him and found him sobbing in his mother's arms. To her he was relating his fears that the doctor intended to "fix" him in the sense that his father had defined the word to him a few weeks before.—Detroit Free Press.

"Very.



"What bizness yer in now, Jimmy?"
Jimmy—Stationery.—Truth.

A Trespasser.

The Portland Transcript tells a quaint story of Portland's veteran capitalist, W. W. Thomas, and one of his tenants. Mr. Thomas' house faces on Danforth street, his tenant's on Gray street, and the lots join. In front of the Gray street house is a pleasant lawn, and the premises are separated by a high board fence [illegible] one beautiful morning in September Mr. Thomas called on his tenant, his face presenting a severe aspect, and in a gruff manner demanded why he had trespassed on his ground. Denial was of no avail, and finally Mr. Thomas got the alleged delinquent to come over to his garden on Danforth street. Then he was shown how a squash seed on the other side of the fence had sent forth its vines in trespass on the Thomas estate, the result being an enormous squash. This Mr. Thomas had tended carefully, and now presented with quiet humor to his surprised friend.

Papa Tries It.

Mamma—And how did my little pet get to sleep last night without mamma?

Little Pet—Papa tried to sing to me like you do, an I hurried up an went to sleep so's not to hear it.—Good News.

$40 $40

Get A HOME

In the Heart of theCity!

Buy a Lot In Duluth, at Village Prices!

Why put your money in a savings bank when you can buy a fine Lot, convenient to an Electric Car Line, only Ten Minutes Ride from the heart of the city For $225 and make 100 per cent within a year.

Cash Payment $40 Down, DURING MARCH.

Balance in monthly or yearly payments to suit purchaser.

FOR THE BEST BARGAIN

Ever offered at the Head of the Lakes, call on the

Highland Improvement Co.,

ROOM 1, LYCEUM BUILDING.

$40 $40

BOWWOWS ON BENCHES

These Are the Days in the Year When Dogs Are Kings in the Large Cities.

The Recent Chicago Bench Show and the Coming Exhibitions at New York and Philadelphia.

Strange New Fad in New York is the Dog Party Which Has Too Much Dog.

It may hardly be proper at this time of year to declare that these are dog days, but from a bench show point of view the statement is as near to fact as an unabridged dictionary. The big show of the Chicago Kennel club has just closed at Battery D; the annual exhibit of the Westminster Kennel club of New York, the greatest event of the year in America's dogdom, will occur at Madison Square garden Feb. 21, 22, 23 and 24, and the big show of the Keystone Kennel club and the Pointer club of America is scheduled for Feb. 28 and March 1, 2, 3 and 4 at Philadelphia. Quality and not quantity was the aim of the Chicago show managers, and about 500 dogs of high degree barked and yelped to their heart's content at Battery D.

THE BOSTON TERRIER HECTOR.

In the mastiff challenge class Elkson defeated Ormonde and other famous dogs. Elkson is owned by E. L. Kimball of Jackson, Mich. Major McKinley, the magnificent Great Dane belonging to J. M. Studebaker of South Bend, Ind., carried off first honors in the open class for dogs of his breed. Major McKinley is only 15 months old, but he is 34½ inches high, weighs 163 pounds and is a magnificent creature.

The finest kennel of St. Bernards was exhibited by E. H. Moore of Melrose, Mass., who captured among other prizes the Chicago Kennel club's special prize for the best kennel of four smooth or rough coated dogs. His dogs were very successfully pitted against the high priced St. Bernards recently imported by Colonel Jacob Ruppert of New York. Moore won the open and novice classes with Altoneer and the open smooth coated class with Melrose. Ruppert's Empress of Contoocook was declared the best American bred smooth coated dog, and the colonel also received the silver medal for the best kennel of four rough coated St. Bernards.

To J. B. Lewis of Bellville, O., however, went the honor of having the premier St. Bernard of the show. This canine was Io, a magnificent American bred 3-year-old bitch 32 inches tall and weighing 188 pounds. Io fairly towered above the other dogs in her class, easily defeating Ruppert's $1,500 Kingstonian Beauty and his $2,000 Kingstonian Countess. Among the other very intelligent dogs exhibited was the Boston terrier Hector.

Many of the dogs exhibited at Chicago will also be seen at New York and Philadelphia, and particularly at New York, because a first prize won there at the Westminster Kennel club's show is the highest honor that a dog can attain in America. Every year the entries at New York grow larger, and this year over 1,400 of the finest dogs in the world and representing every known and valued breed will bay at the myriad of miniature electric moons that stud the lofty ceiling of the famous Madison Square garden.

This immense number of entries to a show that has a higher entrance fee than any other similar organization in the world shows the great value placed upon Westminster Kennel club prizes by the dog fanciers of the country. For many years the club's entrance fee had only been $3 a head, but in 1892 the number of candidates for honors increased to such an extent that the fee was raised to $5 a head. This move had little effect, however, and the entrance fees for the coming show will reach a total of between $7,000 and $8,000.

KINGSTONIAN COUNT AND COUNTESS.

Among the high bred dogs that will be greatly admired at New York are the world famous Sir Bedivere, the St. Bernard that cost $6,500; Colonel Ruppert's $3,000 Kingstonian Count, Kingstonian Countess, Beauty, Lady Gladwin and Empress of Contoocook. The Empress weighs 170 pounds and has won 27 first prizes. Marvel and Otos, new St. Bernards of magnificent proportions, are expected to make havoc among the best prizes.

The St. Bernards and Newfoundlands will be judged by a woman expert—Miss Anna H. Whitney—who has owned and bred both species. Prince George and Prince Hal will represent the high class Newfoundlands.

An odd feature of the New York show will be the kitchen department of a big kennel of St. Bernards. Their bill of fare will show that they are fed on boiled beef and mutton, carrots, onions, beets, celery, turnips, bread and milk—a menu that few hungry human beings would turn away from.

The Keystone Kennel club, which claims the honor of having backed the only financially successful show ever held in the Quaker City, is making elaborate preparations for its forthcoming exhibit, and many of the most expert dog fanciers in the United States will be present to make the awards. Joseph A. Wenderoth is president of the club.

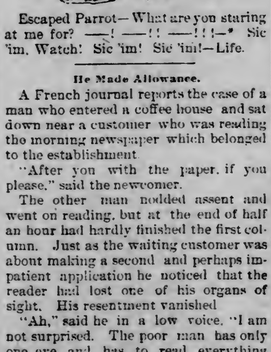
Fashion's worship of the dog has increased in a remarkable degree within the past few years and has only been rivaled by society's adoration of the horse, but New York's latest fad—the dog party—seems to have just a trifle too much dog in it to become universally popular.

EARLE H. EATON.

A Mistake.



Reynard—That is a strange looking bird, but I must fascinate it and get it for my lunch.



Escaped Parrot—What are you staring at me for? —! —!! —!!!—° Sic 'im. Watch! Sic 'im! Sic 'im!—Life.

He Made Allowance.

A French journal reports the case of a man who entered a coffee house and sat down near a customer who was reading the morning newspaper which belonged to the establishment.

"After you with the paper, if you please," said the newcomer.

The other man nodded assent and went on reading, but at the end of half an hour had hardly finished the first column. Just as the waiting customer was about making a second and perhaps impatient application he noticed that the reader had lost one of his organs of sight. His resentment vanished.

"Ah," said he in a low voice, "I am not surprised. The poor man has only one eye and has to read everything twice over."—Exchange.

Willing to Follow Advice.

Uncle—When you find that you've made a mistake, start again right where you were before and try to do better.

Nephew—Thank you, sir. I've made the mistake of spending that $400 you gave me two weeks ago. Please give me $400 more, so I can start where I was before.—Chicago News-Record.

BEATEN.

A Teacher Who Was an Eye Opener to the Whole Town.

"You don't want to brag too heavy 'bout your muscles, my boys," said Uncle Lisha Todd to a group who were testing their strength in front of his store. "You can't tell nothin 'bout what a man's made of from his talk, no more'n yer can tell from a catamount's haowl how much damage he'll do." The boys did not gainsay the truth of this assertion, and the old man continued:

"Now, Lem Cole, he was given to thinkin uncommon high of Lem Cole's strength till he learned himself more thorough." The boys dropped down upon the steps in happy expectancy, for they knew a story was coming.

"There was a schoolmaster come here a good spell back to teach up there to that little red institution of learnin in the holler. He were a mild, slim, hungry lookin chap, an when he landed off from the stagecoach Lem sighted him an decided ter 'tend the fall term. He 'lowed ter the boys he could pick up the master and snap him between his thumb an finger, same's you would a little green snake in the spring.

"Well, it come commencin day, an the teacher called 'em ter order an made a little gentle speech to 'em 'fore he begun. Then he up an asked Lem, bein he was the eldest an biggest, where they left off in figures in the spring.

"Lem, he got up kinder slow an says, 'We were a-studyin subtraction of fractions, an our teacher, bein only jest a little, small part of a man, we subtracted him onten the winder. There was aught an one ter carry, an I guess we'll go right on from there,' an so sayin he up an picked up the schoolmaster an started fur the winder.

"Now, the master hed college learnin, an he fit scientific, an 'fore Lem knowed it he was in the woodbox an the cover shet down. There was cracks enough ter keep 'im from smotherin, an the teacher kep' him there three hours.

"After the scholars hed gone he opened the lid, an says he, 'Are you sure 'twas subtraction?' And Lem he answered up mighty perlite an says, 'Come ter think it over, I guess 'twas partial payment, an you've begun all right.'

"An after that he were the stidiest boy in the whole school. He never boasted no more on himself, Lem didn't, and that teacher he were jest a eyeopener ter the whole town."—Youth's Companion.

You See.

An exchange attributes this statement to a professor of chemistry who was explaining why an experiment had failed: "As you see, gentlemen, at present you see nothing. Why you see nothing you will see directly."—Youth's Companion.

Ages of Men and Women In France.

Until recently the average life of women in France was 38 years, and of men 36 years, but last year's statistics show that they have both crawled up to 40 years. The men are evidently on the gain there.

PEN, CHISEL AND BRUSH.

Emily S. Bouton, who has charge of the editorial work on the woman's page of the Toledo Blade, is pronounced one of the best read women in the northwest.

Bjornson's 60th birthday, recently celebrated, was almost a national anniversary in Norway, and the whole country seemed to be trying to do fitting honor to his name.

Marshall Spring Pike, who wrote the popular song, "Home Again," is 76 years of age and is still singing at public concerts. He wrote "Home Again" one night in 1845 when he couldn't sleep.

Steele Mackaye is an absorbed student of reptile lore. At one time he kept a rattlesnake at large in his study. He would write with the creature coiled up on his table, its head close beside his hand.

Hubert Herkomer's pictures, or rather a collection of the master's works, are now exhibited at the Frankfort permanent gallery. Although a German by birth, Herkomer made his reputation in London and is better known there than in his native country.

Ada Ellen Bayly, better known as Edna Lyall, has devoted the proceeds of "Donovan" to the purchase of a peal of three bells, which have been christened "Donovan," "Gladys" and "Dot" and presented by her to her brother-in-law's church, St. Savior's, Eastbourne.

Mrs. Oliphant does all her work at night. Her whole life is organized with a view to this habit, and she declares that it is the only way in which a mistress of a house can work quietly and without interruption. Though her hair is snow white, she is a powerful, young looking woman for her years.

THE JEWEL CASKET.

Crosses are still worn.

Little gypsy rings are made for children.

Hematite bonnet pins are for mourning wear.

Men have conceived a fancy for richly wrought Indian rings.

Ladies' vest chains are seven inches long and are made like men's.

Gold safety pins are the last consideration of thoughtful jewelers.

Padlock and key bracelets are the gifts of friendship and anniversaries.

Children's bracelets consisting of colored beads strung on spring wire are in demand.

It would be impossible to enumerate the designs in scarfpins. They are up in the thousands.

American pearls and colored diamonds have been having a large show of the popularity of the gay season.

Men's vest buttons of gold and jewels come in sets of four. Others have crests and monograms on them.

Beautiful white ware in sets, ewers, creamers, etc., are overwrought with silver. Some fine specimens have been shown.

Young girls wear a great deal of pretty jewelry, especially bracelets. Sectional blocks with small colored stones set in them are in great favor. These stones are also set in linked bracelets.

There is no limit to the magnificence of girdles. Mrs. Potter is said to have brought to this country some fine specimens of Indian work in girdles. A girdle of American workmanship was luxurious enough to cost $10,000.—Jewelers' Circular.

WINSOME WOMEN.

Mrs. W. C. Whitney's dinners are invariably for 25 people.

Bartel Garetji, a woman of Copenhagen, had a beard reaching to her waist.

Mrs. A. M. Hough, a sister of the late Jay Gould, resides at Los Angeles. She is the wife of a retired Methodist minister.

The sapphires belonging to the late Mrs. August Belmont are very beautiful and very costly. They descend to Mrs. August, Jr.

Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher, although 80 years old, is an indefatigable worker with her pen. She spends hours at her desk every day.

Miss Helen M. Gould is a member of the Berkeley Athletic club and has usually been very regular in her attendance at the different classes.

Mrs. Levi P. Morton has been as frequently interviewed as any lady in the land, and she always is affable and courteous upon such occasions.

Lady Brooke—she who "gave away" the Tranby Croft baccarat story—has started a "friendship garden," in which grow only flowers and shrubs that have been planted there by her dearest friends.

Mrs. Frank Leslie-Wilde gives a good deal in charity, but she sometimes disappoints a petitioner, and waving a hand laden with diamonds declares that she really cannot afford to give a penny.

The chief amusement of Mrs. Hetty Green, the richest woman in America, reminds one of the nursery rhyme of "The King of Hearts"—counting out her money. She spends hours sitting in the vault which holds her securities.

Mrs. Leland Stanford has a passion for shoes, and she has probably more pairs at a time than Queen Elizabeth ever dreamed of possessing. When she married Mr. Stanford—then a poor man—one of her father's wedding presents to her was any number of shoes. He feared that Mr. Stanford could not afford to gratify his wife's whims in this direction.

Women as Senatorial Candidates.

It is a significant fact that for the first time in the history of the country women have this winter received complimentary votes for United States senator. Two women have had this honor. When North Dakota was balloting for United States senator, Mrs. M. L. McCormack, wife of one the Democratic state senators, received 30 Democratic and Populist votes. In Wyoming the legislature gave Mrs. Mary E. Bartlett of Cheyenne 7 votes for senator.

GOLDEN GLOBULES.

Tears are sometimes a better happiness than smiles.

It is always harder to give utterance than it is to comprehend.

The fetters of propriety should be worn as an ornament, not a chain.

Beyond all power of expression rests the eternal silence of thought.

Time, that writes wrinkles on the face, smooths away the wrinkles from life.

To be in love is to lose one's identity, but it is also to attain new perceptions of delight.

It is strange to reflect that too much freedom becomes a chain and too much rest a weariness.

Time and tide wait for no man, yet there often comes a crisis when man forgets to wait for them.

The soul has depths that joy can never fathom. Suffering is the lead that sounds the deep waters.

Not "out of the fullness of the heart the mouth speaketh," for the fullness of the heart is often silence.

The more we study human nature the less we know about it. Each new discovery is a contradiction of the last.

We wear the love of those about us like an everyday garment. It is only when we lose it that we know the world is cold.—Mary Ainge de Vere.

Laid Up.

A.—Do you know why Softleigh did not attend the lectures today?

B.—Yes; he told me he had caught cold yesterday looking at the Parthenon frieze.—Harvard Lampoon.

Truly a Modest Maid.

I want no duke nor honored earl,
No brave and comely knight;
I want a man who'll tend the stove,
And the kitchen fires light.

I want no daring warrior
Before whose sword men fall;
I want a timid little man
Who'll answer to my call.

I want no lordly banker
With wealth on land and sea;
I want a man whose hoardings
Shall in my keeping be.

I want no handsome, brilliant man
Whose glance the heart can hurt;
I want a man so ugly
That none will with him flirt.

I want a man of learning,
Of the mental, vast and high;
I want a man who knows and feels
He knows much less than I.
—Omaha Bee.

THE CAKE THAT KATE BAKED.

This is the cake that Kate baked.

These are the plums
That lay in the cake that Kate baked.

This is the boy
That ate the plums
That lay in the cake that Kate baked.

These are the ills
That worried the boy
That ate the plums
That lay in the cake that Kate baked.

These are the pills
That cured the ills
That worried the boy
That ate the plums
That lay in the cake that Kate baked.

This is Katie, pretty and sweet,
Who gave the pills
That cured the ills
That worried the boy
That ate the plums
That lay in the cake that Kate baked.

This is the doctor, so grave and neat,
Who proposed to Katie, pretty and sweet,
Who gave the pills
That cured the ills
That worried the boy
That ate the plums
That lay in the cake that Kate baked.

This is the parson who thought it a treat
To marry the doctor, so grave and neat,
Who proposed to Katie, pretty and sweet,
Who gave the pills
That cured the ills
That worried the boy
That ate the plums
That lay in the cake that Kate baked.
—London Tit-Bits.

HAS A NEW MISTRESS

With the Inauguration of President Cleveland, the White House Gets a New Social Leader.

Mrs. Cleveland and Baby Ruth Will Be the Center of Interest With Washington Society.

The Wives of the New Cabinet Officers Who Will Also Be Prominent in Social Circles.

The White House has a new mistress today, and a charming person is the first lady of the land—a beautiful as well as an accomplished helpmeet of the man who has twice led the Democracy of the nation to victory. Frankie Folsom was Mr. Cleveland's ward, considerably his junior, and there were many people surprised when it was first whispered that she was to become the bride of the man who had risen so suddenly from sheriff of Erie county to the chief magistracy of the land. But that it was a love match, pure and simple, the world has since learned, and today there is no more loving couple than the president who was inducted into office at noon today and his charming wife. Their return to the White House is welcomed by Washington society, because Mrs. Cleveland is an admirable hostess and a gracious entertainer. And then there is Baby Ruth! This diminutive representative of Clevelandism is also an object of interest. Baby McKee has had his day, and now Baby Ruth will succeed to the place occupied in the public eye by President Harrison's grandson.

In a graphological column in an illustrated paper there recently appeared the following interesting study of Mrs. Cleveland: A dimpled cheek and merry turn of lip argue to this lady the possession of a sunny, cheerful disposition, adaptable and accommodating, though not to the degree of weakness. Mental powers, both brilliant and stable, may be seen in the forehead, which is at once lofty and broad, showing that mentally she is quick-sighted and far-sighted.

Prominence of the forehead above the inner corner of the eyebrow indicates keenness of perception; a more moderate development of the temples an excellent appreciation of cause and effect, and a slightly retrousse nose, ready wit. Action is spontaneous but not impulsive. the eyebrows indicating too much of reflective habit for impulse to predominate. The somewhat level upper eyelid is eloquent of strong powers of application, and a fullness above the outer corner bespeaks a fine sense of color. Her full lips and gently swelling features denote a temperament warm and even ardent, with keen capacity for enjoyment and pleasure, curbed only by a sense of the fitness of things. The soft outline of the chin and its somewhat retreating direction shows that, though prompt in decision and controlled, she is not immovable. Self-appreciation may be read in the curves of the mouth, and love of the appreciation of others.

With savoir-faire born of knowledge of the world is linked the ingenuousness of a nature wholly inartificial, ambitious, worldly, and fully alive to all that appeals to the senses, but also genuine, sincere, self-contained, and well-regulated.

BABY RUTH AND HER MOTHER.

Of All the Lovely Babies, She is the Most Talked About.

Of all the lovely babies in the length and breadth of the land—each one, by the verdict of its own select circle, the loveliest ever seen—Baby Ruth is today the most talked of and the most popular baby, says G. A. Davis in Frank Leslie's Weekly. Whether by right of her own personal charms, or of the charms of her mother, or because of her proud prestige as the infant-elect of the White House, one need not stop to inquire; suffice it that she is a celebrity on a small scale, although, to the world at large, an unseen one whose beauties are to be taken for granted.

No authorized camera has given Mrs. Cleveland's admirers a glimpse of the baby, and no predatory kodaks, haunting the groves of Lakewood, have caught more than the lace umbrella of her perambulator. A "thumb-nail sketch," however, may be taken while nurse is wheeling the infant belle up and down the sunny sidewalk, and from it may be gained an idea of Miss Ruth's salient points—a pair of large dark eyes chiefly, with the prettiest of long lashes, —see that she has delicately regular features and guess at the fair coloring and the dark hair.

It is not difficult to see "the baby," who is spoken of usually as if there were but one baby in Lakewood; she takes her airing, with all the other children of the cottages and hotels, between the hours of ten and twelve, and her plain little wicker chariot may be seen on the broad plank walks by the Lakewood hotel, and up and down any of the pine-sheltered



MRS. CLEVELAND AND BABY RUTH.

avenues, driven by the vigilant nurse, who is ever on the watch to protect her charge from too intrusive admirers. Everybody stops to look at her or to speak to her, and the manners of the young princess are most affable. The artist was fortunate in crossing the path of the little carriage just before baby in her white cloak and cap, with a biscuit clutched in one white mitten, was preparing to take a nap, and thus was favored with a sight of the dark eyes and a faint smile, which might be interpreted as expressing the last degree of boredom at again hearing the inevitable —"Oh, what a lovely baby!"

NEW CABINET WIVES.

Women Who Will be Prominent in Washington Society.

Everybody knows all about the men that Mr. Cleveland has picked out for his new cabinet, but what of the women who, as their wives, are to figure as prominently in Washington society as the secretaries themselves? At least three of these women, Mrs. W. S. Bissell, Mrs. Hoke Smith and Mrs. Daniel S. Lamont, says the Chicago Tribune, will fill the positions to which they have been called with grace and tact. All three have children, and take more interest in those little cabinet pledges than in anything else on earth. They are all young women, about the age of Mrs. Cleveland, and they are all energetic. Each owes a great rise in the world to the husband whom she was good enough to marry.



MRS. CLEVELAND.

Mrs. Wilson S. Bissell, wife of Mr. Cleveland's old friend, law partner and postmaster general of the incoming administration, was Louise Fowler Sturges, the daughter of Edward Sturges, of Geneva, N. Y., the granddaughter of Eben P. Sturges, of Mansfield, Ohio, and on the maternal side, of Philemon H. Fowler, of Utica. She was born in Utica in 1866, and is consequently now in her twenty-seventh year. Her parents were not wealthy, but they were able and willing to give their daughter more than the ordinary educational advantages, and the facilities afforded by residence in Utica were supplemented by study and travel in England and on the continent.

Early in life she developed great talent for music. She studied three years under Stockhausen in Frankfurt, and finished with Mme. La Grange in Paris. When she returned with her musical education perfected it was expected, naturally enough, that she would put her talents to practical use and adopt the concert stage as a means of reaching distinction. But instead of this she married Wilson S. Bissell, whom she met in Buffalo while visiting friends there.

The wedding took place Feb. 6, 1890, a little over three years ago, at Geneva, N. Y. Mr. Bissell took his bride back to Buffalo and established her in an elegant home on Delaware avenue. Mrs. Bissell has all the charms and graces that are so admired in social circles, and it was not surprising therefore that she took the position to which her husband introduced her and maintained it.

Mrs. Bissell, as Washington society will see her, is a woman of considerably above the average height, of a full, commanding figure. She is fine-looking rather than beautiful. Perhaps handsome would be nearer the adjective. Her type is the brunette. The striking features of her face are her color and the animation and vivacity that light up the countenance. She is young enough to appreciate and enjoy the pleasures of life, and she has the high spirits that go so well with youth and health.

This is an administration of babies, and Mrs. Bissell is strictly at the front. She has a little daughter born in October, 1891, a few days after the advent of Baby Ruth.

It was ten years ago that Mr. Hoke Smith led to the altar Miss Bertie Cobb, of Athens, Ga., the youngest daughter of Thomas R. Cobb. She and her husband had been engaged about five years when they were married, this long betrothal being caused by Miss Cobb's reluctance to leave her invalid mother.

At the time of their marriage Mr. Smith had tramped over all the hardships and discouragements that must come to penniless young barristers, and had made a fortune. He was only 28 years old at this time, and when he took his bride to Atlanta from her colonial home in Athens he made her the mistress of a mansion whose building they had planned during their engagement. This house, with its wide piazza, its thirteen spacious rooms, and its beautiful conservatory, is situated on a lofty eminent and surrounded by a wide terraced lawn, dotted with trees and shrubbery, which were planted during their honeymoon by the young people.

Mrs. Smith is a youthful and attractive woman, with a pink and white complexion, and a face whose sweet and happy expression betokens a nature full of comfort in all the blessings of a happy domestic existence. She is not only a good wife and mother, but she has a big heart and a generous hand for all the unfortunates who appeal to her, and she and her husband do a great deal of charity in a modest way.

Mrs. Lamont has both experience and tact enough to make her friends predict for her an enviable position in the social life of the new administration. She hasn't the youth and beauty of Mrs. Cleveland, nor the wealth and social ambition which made Mrs. Whitney a queen in Washington official circles. But she is a very attractive woman, with a grace and courtesy which will give her popularity whether she wants it or not. Mrs. Lamont is tall, with a good figure and well set head. Her dark hair is thickly sprinkled with gray; she has pleasant, brown eyes, an extremely sensitive mouth, and a charming voice. Her face is not beautiful. It is much less a "pretty" face. But it is much more than good-looking, and, taken with her manner and voice, it has a real attractiveness.

Her voice is decidedly un-American. It is soft, with the natural softness which does not forget itself. In manner Mrs. Lamont is unaffected, but at the same time self possessed. Her movements are quiet like her voice. She hasn't any great amount of magnetism, perhaps, but she has repose. She prefers to listen to others rather than to talk herself, so that, while it may be that Mrs. Lamont has not the characteristics necessary for conquering society, she has those traits which will win it.

Mrs. Lamont was born near Cortland, N. Y., and, despite the evidence of her gray hairs, that event occurred only about thirty-five years ago. She was a farmer's daughter, but attended school in an adjoining town and afterwards went to Elmira college. When she was about thirteen years old her parents moved to McGrawville, a small town near Cortland, and it was here that she met Dan Lamont, then a young college fellow who came home to McGrawville to spend his vacations.

Most of the courtship of the young couple was carried on during their college days. They were married soon after this in June, 1876, and went to Albany to live. There their two eldest children, Bessie, eleven years old, and Julia, nine years old, were born; and there they lived until Mr. Lamont was made Mr. Cleveland's private secretary in 1884. The next four years were spent in Washington, where their third child was born and named by Mrs. Cleveland herself, Frances Cleveland Lamont.

The last four years Mrs. Lamont has spent principally in New York, her longest absence being last year, when the entire family went abroad in March and traveled until October. Their house is, above all, a home. There is no stiff and formal drawing room reserved for purposes of society only. The long parlor on the first floor is furnished in a prevailing tone of dull pink, with heavy rugs, that join with a blazing grate in giving warmth to the room. On an open piano there are always some stray sheets of music, and there is also a large photograph of Mr. Cleveland, with his autograph written boldly in one corner. At the end of the piano stands an easel overhung with tall palms. A crayon portrait of Mrs. Cleveland, made when she first went to the White House, stands here. There are plenty of soft pillows on the window seat; the children's chairs are by no means banished from the apartment; Mrs. Lamont's French escritoire stands open beside the onyx fireplace, and the whole aspect is one of homelike comfort and luxury.

IS NOT TO WEAR HOOPS.

Mrs. Cleveland's Gown Designed For the Inauguration Ball.

There will be nothing lacking to make a brilliant setting for the inauguration at Washington tonight. Yet where would all this be without the gorgeously gowned beauties and famous women who will throng the place? Indeed, if all the women came garbed in sober black or brown, the managers of the ball would consider the occasion the most unhappy kind of a failure.

After all, the gowns are really a most important feature, not only to the women themselves but also to the tradesmen and dress makers of the country, for if there is anywhere near the number of people present this year who attended the last ball four years ago, there will be fully 8000 women there, whose wardrobes will represent easily over half a million dollars, and their jewelry will represent quite as much more. As this will be distributed all over the country, it is not only Washington that benefits by such a grand occasion, but every state gains something from the elaborate dressing.

It has always been customary for the inauguration wardrobe of the president's wife to be known weeks beforehand and thoroughly digested by all the women of the country. But Mrs. Cleveland has taken another course and the women at Lakewood have had their hands full trying to get some clue as to what sort of gown she will appear in at the inauguration ball. But Mrs. Cleveland declines to give even the slightest hint, and to all hints and direct questions turns the most unmindful style of an ear. The beauty has been hanging for a month in a wardrobe in the Little White House, but the faintest detail has not been divulged. Indeed, the making of the gown has excited more curiosity than any other dress that has been manufactured in this country since bloomers were tried on a long-suffering public.

Mrs. Cleveland is at once the despair of a dressmaker and her delight. She herself cares nothing about what she wears, and goes for months without trying on a single gown that is made for her. She has such an imposing figure that modistes delight to dress her. Her opinions are very pronounced as to what she will and what she will not wear, and the inauguration gown, while designed especially for her, reflects her own taste. The material is a heavy, handsome silk, rich in coloring, but delicate in design. She has allowed her fondness for colors to outweigh the general popularity of white for a ball gown for the first lady on such an occasion, and has selected a combination of colors in which hydrangea shades are predominant.

The goods were not purchased expressly for the occasion, but were selected early last fall for an evening dress. After election Mrs. Cleveland decided that they were suitable for her inauguration ball dress, particularly as the goods gratified her taste both in color and daintiness of design. The skirt is very simple, gored and quite full at the bottom, with a round train. Mrs. Cleveland likes nothing at all fussy about her gowns, and many a woman will be struck with the severe simplicity of this ball gown. The corsage is only medium low, with wide bretelles and the drooping shoulders that have recently come in. It is thoroughly American, although the goods were not manufactured especially for her.

The curiosity to know if the president's wife would appear in crinoline at the ball can be set at rest. The skirt of the gown she wears will be well stiffened with crinoline, but there are no wires and no hoopskirts accompaniments. Mrs. Cleveland is not at extravagant in her expenditures for dress, and this ball gown is one that can be worn frequently afterwards. Another pretty dress that forms part of the outfit she has arranged for Washington is a silver gray and pink illuminated surah silk. The design is a geometrical moss-like figure that covers the silk solidly. This is made for a dinner gown and has short puffed sleeves with a bertha of lace on the corsage.

Still a third dress is of black and pink brocade, close fitting, the skirt being trimmed with three ruffles of black satin ribbon.

She has secured only a few dresses now because the season after the inauguration will not be long or very gay and as there will be no state levees in the evenings such elegance of dress is not demanded this season.

Of course, Mrs. Cleveland's appearance at 10 o'clock will be the sensation of the evening, but there will be another sensation for those who have not seen Mrs. Cleveland since she left the White House, and instead of the young girl who went away the people will see an imposing woman, who affects matronly styles and colors. Her color is not as high as four years ago. Her face has become very determined and many a woman will find Mrs. Cleveland herself a much more interesting study than the gown she wears.

Unfortunate Similarity of Sound.

"I want to get off at Throop street," said a young woman of resolute, self possessed appearance as she paid her fare to the conductor of a West Madison street car yesterday morning.

He nodded and passed on.

A few minutes later he went through the car again, and she inquired:

"Have we got to Throop street yet?"

"I'll call out when we git to Troop street," answered the conductor shortly.

A few minutes more had glided into the silent past when a man at the forward end of the car who had been hiccoughing quietly and unostentatiously at intervals all the way from the eastern entrance of the tunnel was seized with the inclination to hiccough at the precise instant that the car bumped violently over some obstruction on the track. Under the combined impulse and shock his mouth flew open and a convulsive ejaculation escaped him:

"Whoop!"

At the sound the young woman sprang promptly to her feet, walked to the rear door, opened it, went out on the platform and waited for the car to stop.

It was Throop street surely. Had she not heard the conductor call it out?

Yet the car did not stop.

She pulled the bell rope violently. The car came to a halt, and she stepped off.

A moment afterward the bystanders at the corner of West Madison and Sangamon streets were surprised to see a young woman who had hastily glanced up and read the name of the cross street on a lamppost run along the sidewalk shouting and shaking her fist at a street car rapidly moving on in the direction of Throop street, six or eight blocks away.—Chicago Tribune.

Useful Books.

If a scholar has little money for books, he should expend it mostly for works of reference, and so get a daily return for his outgo. So seems to have thought a young man of whom an exchange tells a story.

The agent for a new encyclopedia called upon the aforesaid young man and began to set forth the great merits of the work.

"No," said the young man, "I don't need it. I have an encyclopedia already."

"Which one is it?" inquired the canvasser.

The young man could not remember. Neither could he tell who published it, but it was a fine work, in many large volumes.

"Do you ever use them?" asked the agent.

"Certainly—almost every day."

"In what line?"

"Oh, I press my trousers with them. They are splendid for that."—Youth's Companion.

BELLES OF THE BALL

Some of the Handsome Costumes Which Were Devised for the Final Ante-Lenten Gayeties.

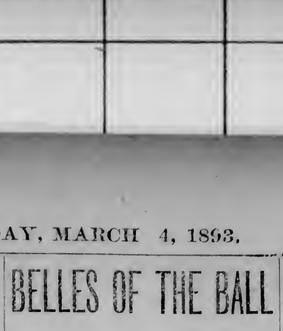
The Beautiful Gown Worn by Mrs. Willie Vanderbilt and Miss Sloan's Dainty Dancing Costume.

New Veils and the Latest Conceits in Laces —Spring Dress Goods in Tinted Effects.

The last grand ball of the season demands the prettiest and richest gowns as well as the first. It does not matter so much what goes between. We remember only the first and last, like the first and last clap of thunder, and forget those that intervene.

And did ever any one see such dresses as our modistes are showing us now? One gives us a Josephine waist of velvet draped with silk tissue, and with jewelled belt and sleeve loops, and a skirt of crepe de chine, with a stingy little gold embroidery and ruffle at the bottom.

Another shows something that has survived the mold and mildew of centuries and is as fresh and bright as if conceived but yesterday. One shows a trim, long waist of moire trimmed all around with closely curled ostrich plumes, with gauze butterfly wings on the shoulders and a priceless lace bertha, and so it goes on. Our remotest ancestors hobnob with the creations of a day, and all of them are pretty. "You pays your money, and you takes your choice," and can be a Greek goddess divinely tall or you can be a dainty Dolly Varden. You can have classic linked chains in your hair or you can wear a wreath of roses, as did the much bewailed young woman of some generations ago. She wore them on her snowy brow. Our modern belles prefer to sew tiny branches of real violets upon their fans and fill the air with sweetness, as the blossoms wither and die in the heat of a ballroom.



FOR THE LAST BALL OF THE SEASON.

I saw a beautiful ball dress which was sent from abroad for Mrs. Willie Vanderbilt, but it had been sent for alteration in some detail to my own dressmaker, and she gave me a sly peep at it. It was of the richest and most superb quality of peau de soie in a delicate cream color, and embroidered at the bottom in buttercup colored silk and silver, the slashes opening over a mauve satin underskirt. The dress was cut en princesse and was slightly draped in front under the openings, which had band of narrower embroidery. The waist was cut square across to the armpits, and from this fell a drapery of point de venige of the most exquisite quality, and the sleeves were made of the same. There were mordore velvet straps, and rosettes of the same adorned the shoulders and sleeves. A white ostrich plume fan, with pearl and gold sticks, completed this elegant dress. I should have said that the train was of the same silk, lined with mauve satin.

A dancing dress for Miss Adele Sloan, one of the beauties of the season and a Vanderbilt granddaughter, is to be worn at this ball, and it is of the daintiest description. It has an underskirt of white glace silk and is just a nice dancing length, with two deep lace flounces at the bottom. The upper skirt is of white silk tissue, with tiny rosebuds embroidered on it, and where the flounces are sewn to the tissue there is a wreath of roses all around the skirt. The same extends all around the shoulders. The waist is a "baby" waist and the sleeves simply full ruffles. There is a sash of leaf green Florentine silk, which forms two large loops and ends in the back. The hair is arranged in a peculiar manner and has a wreath around the knot. Both have white satin slippers and white silk stockings as well as long gloves.

Long gloves, which reach to the sleeve of all short sleeved dresses, are now de rigueur, as they were in our great-great-grandmother's time, but for the long sleeves we can wear 2-button gloves if



THE BALL BEFORE LENT.

we wish and let them go in under the sleeve, or we can wear them long and outside the sleeve. Probably the favorite glove of the season is the pearl dressed kid. None is so satisfactory from many standpoints.

I have just been reveling in laces all this week, for I am choosing a wedding outfit for a friend of mine who lives away off in Chicago, and while the old laces are always precious the new ones are almost equally pretty. A novelty of this season is colored chantilly. It is blue, lilac, old gold, pink and red. It will be largely used in trimming the sheer muslins and lawns that come in all these shades and the widths are unusual, being sometimes 10 and 12 inches.

There are many new black nets shown now, and it is said they will be largely used to make summer gowns where the underdress will be princess, and this lace will hang loose from a yoke.

The silk figured drapery nets are made 45 inches wide for the purpose, and there are other nets where the figure is plain and open, like fish net and Russian. Narrow velvet is used as trimming at the bottom. The new veils in purple, blue and green are really beautiful in spite of their high colors. There is also a new chiffon veil, which is very becoming, and oddest of all are the grenadine veilings with plaid borders. Black veils with and without dots and figures are always popular, and I saw some round veils in chantilly with exquisite borders and dots in the center. I think i should have called these mask veils, as they are only about large enough to cover the face.

Among the more expensive laces were many novelties in pattern and design in point alencon, fierre, argentin brussels point and combinations of effect of black and white or cream or beurre shades. The difference in cream and beurre shades is just that between cream and butter, but not the very yellow butter of commerce.

I noticed many beaded laces and spangled laces. The white laces have white glass beads, pearls, or "satin bugles," which are long beads of glass with a satin luster on the inside. They are sewn on in a manner which reproduces the design of the lace and are very pretty. The black ones done on chantilly lace are very handsome. The jet beads are usually small and fine, but some are long and fluted and by aid of the difference in their shape the figures in the lace are well followed. The lace becomes very heavy by this treatment and is only suitable for trimming heavy goods and to some extent in millinery.

There are some new spring dress materials this week that are very well worth special mention, and among them there is a changeable diagonal which is indescribably rich. They claim that there are 24 distinct colorings in it, and that in that manner it produces four times as many shades as it folds and moves. Life is too short for a woman to spend her time counting them, but the goods is a study of effects in light and shade and superb in quality, and the general effect is of one soft, pleasing tone.

There are some Scotch bannockburns of excellent quality, and they make up into such serviceable gowns. They are mostly in natural wool and tinted effects and misty, broken plaids. They are always good value, though a little costly. There is a crepon, with a check thrown up, of plain color over an iridescent effect.

I do not think it has ever been attempted before to try for a changeable effect in cotton goods, but this season nearly half the ginghams, chambrays and some sateens have at least two shades combined in that manner, and certainly one-half the silk and several woolen fabrics. Some of these chameleon colorings are very beautiful, and some more striking than truly elegant. Some have red and blue combined, so as to look like a purple dove. Others have gray, blue and pink. Others again show red and green in real fighting shades, and yet they are all beautiful, breaking up as they do into new suprises with every move. HENRIETTE ROUSSEAU.

New York.

"A Fine Figure of a Woman."

Poor, honest Joe Gargery, in "Great Expectations," could find no word of praise for his shrewish wife further than that she was "a fine figure of a woman." Yet it means not a little praise, since a number of pleasing attributes go to the making of a comely woman. The possession of only a few may render her charming, but if others are attainable there can be no question that they are desirable as well.

She who would be attractive in person studies her own health—what she may and may not do with immunity, what tires or wears upon her and what is refreshing and exhilarating. She avoids medicines and doctors, knowing that a semi-invalid has few bodily charms, but she scrupulously follows all those simple laws of hygiene which may be adopted without exciting comment. She is never a crank.

So she is never conspicuous in her dress, yet she is almost always a trifle odd—that is, she robes herself in the current fashion, but seeking some individuality, which causes admiring friends to call her toilets "just like her" and attempt to reproduce them in vain.

She leaves cosmetics in any form religiously alone, as she is far from sharing that simple trust of the beplastered face —that it will pass with onlookers for the roses and lilies of health. She bathes regularly and thoroughly not only for sanitary reasons. She has in mind that first impression made upon every one by the beauty Laagtry, which was voiced by one person: "She seems as though she had that moment come from her bath. The effect of spotless cleanliness is at the back of her reputation for good looks."

The attractive woman reads, too, and observes sharply. She may not be naturally very clever, and if not she is at least wise enough to be unassuming. A pretense at pedantry would render laughable another Cleopatra. Still, because comeliness is only "skin deep" and may pall upon the constant observer, she has sufficient wit to seek for other graces of every sort and kind, among the rest those that come from a plentiful supply of small talk and from a general knowledge of men and things as they are recorded in the daily papers. She "keeps up with the times," as an old fashioned saying has it.

There is one thing more. The fine figure of a woman is not complete unless it is well molded physically and mentally —as has been seen—and also spiritually as well. She must have tact to imitate virtues if she have them not, and so never to offend by suggestion of immodesty, irreverence or commonness of thought or action. Then, in sooth, is this—shall we say rara avis?—nobly planned "to warn, to comfort and command."

RUTH HALL.

A WOMAN OF AFFAIRS.

The Wife of Manager Palmer Has Remarkable Executive Ability.

Mrs. Laura A. Palmer, wife of the well known theatrical manager, is a remarkable example of feminine executive ability. The lady is of English birth, but came to this country when a tiny child, and while some family ties still endear the older country to her heart her tastes, interests and sentiments proclaim her loyalty to American customs and institutions.

In addition to her personal supervision of her home at the corner of Madison avenue and Sixty-fifth street, New York, where four children receive her affec-



LAURA A. PALMER.

tionate care, she is an active worker in the charities connected with Holy Trinity church, of which she is a member, a director of the Hahnemann hospital, the Woman's guild, the Ladies' Health Protective association, the Little Mothers' and the Blue Anchor societies. Mrs. Palmer also fills the chair of philanthropy of Sorosis, and her cordial spirit and breezy welcome to new members in the Goethe society, of which her husband is president, has breathed new life into that intellectual club, which was languishing from suffocating conservatism. Her literary gifts are of an uncommon order, and her facile pen has been employed with signal success in translating and dramatizing plays presented at her husband's theaters.

To her ability to plan and execute, to drill and command a legion of workers, is largely due the trophy of $175,000 netted by the Actors' Fund fair to the treasury of the association. The latest project of her busy brain, an idea conceived during the progress of the fair, is the recently organized Professional Woman's league, a benevolent, protective and philanthropic society that is designed to throw its sheltering arms about girls and women engaged in professional pursuits. Mrs. Palmer was elected to the presidency of this organization by unanimous acclamation, and it may be noted that her executive abilities have been more widely recognized when it is stated that to her was tendered space, with the charge and control of a dramatic exhibit, at the World's fair, an honor she was compelled to regretfully decline for want of time and strength to devote to so vast an undertaking.

ADA CHISP MARSH.

Infant's Crib Set.

The infant's crib set here illustrated is made of that new and exquisite fabric, china linen, which is soft and fine as silk. The pillow is about 15 inches wide



THE PILLOW.

and 20 long and is stuffed with eider down. The edge is daintily finished with a full frill of silk lace. The designs worked upon the pillow are close wreaths of forgetmenots, tied with loops of very narrow blue ribbon. The flowers are done in two shades of filo floss in satin stitch, and the ribbon in blue filo floss in short and long buttonhole stitch.

The cover is about 35 by 45, and the top is turned over about five inches to form a sham. This sham is edged with



THE COVER.

silk lace frilled on to correspond with the pillow. The design on the cover is worked in the same manner as the pillow.

India silk, china silk or even some more inexpensive material would make a very pretty crib set if made in this way.

GERTRUDE WILLETT.

Evidence of It.

"Do you know Mr. Drydust?" said Maud.

"Yes," replied Mamie. "He's very learned, isn't he?"

"What makes you think so?"

"He can talk so long on such uninteresting things."—Washington Star.

FRENCH & BASSETT

No. 24 EAST SUPERIOR STREET,

20% DISCOUNT GREAT REMOVAL SALE FROM MARCH 1st TO 25th 20% DISCOUNT

FROM OUR REGULAR LOW PRICES ON ALL HOUSEHOLD GOODS IN STOCK.

When you consider that our stock is a large and choice one and that our prices are much lower to start with than ANY COMPETITOR, the public must realize that THIS IS A RARE OCCASION to provide their wants in these lines.

We Prefer to Move Our Stock Into Your Homes

than to handle it twice, consequently make this sacrifice in order to sell our stock before moving, April 1st, to FIRST STREET AND THIRD AVENUE WEST.

TO SECURE THIS 20 PER CENT DISCOUNT, GOODS MUST BE PAID FOR AND DELIVERED BEFORE MARCH 25th, as we shall practically suspend business from that time until April 1st, and devote ourselves to arranging our new store.

THE HIT BIRD ALWAYS FLUTTERS!

Watch Our Competitors and You Will See Who is Hit.

In the past when we have had sales, several of our would-be competitors and imitators, in desperation (knowing they could not touch our prices) have resorted to certain trick advertising to try to mislead the public. The public, however, was not mislead. We hope no dealers will make themselves ridiculous this time. If we did not sell goods low why should we be doing a business which compels us to seek such large quarters? If this is true how can anyone afford not to buy now and get **20 per cent** from such LOW PRICES?

Come Early and Get First Pick.

WE MAKE A FEW QUOTATIONS TO SHOW THE KIND OF PRICES FROM WHICH WE ARE GIVING 20 PER CENT DISCOUNT:

FURNITURE.

Antique Chamber Suite	$12.50
Antique Chamber Suite, Oak	$15.00
Antique Chamber Suite, Oak	$17.00
Antique Chamber Suite, Oak	$20.00
Antique Chamber Suite, Oak	$22.00
Antique Chamber Suite, Oak	$25.00

And Upwards

Good Solid Chairs

50c, 65c, 80c, 90c, $1, $1.10, $1.25, $1.50 and upwards.

Folding Beds

$11.00. $15.00, $20.00, $25.00, $30.00 and upwards.

Exception. We except Office Furniture from this sale. but we are making some VERY LOW PRICES on same. We also except the price of all labor.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

CARPETS.

Hemp Carpets	Per yard	15c
Cotton Ingrain	Per yard	30c
Wool Filling, C. C.	Per yard	55c
All-wool Extra Super	Per yard	62c
Tapestry Brussels	Per yard	55c
Body Brussels	Per yard	70c
Body Brussels, Standard Makes	Per yard	$1.20
Velvet (Wilton back)	Per yard	$1.25
Moquette, best	Per yard	$1.45
Axminster	Per yard	$1.60
Wilton	Per yard	$2.00

John Bromley & Son's

Smyrna Carpets and Rugs at prices unheard of

6x9	For $17.00
7 1-2x10 1-2	For $24.00
9x12	For $32.00

All other Rugs, Mats, etc., in proportion.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

DRAPERY.

Chenille Curtains

With handsome Borders and Heavy Fringe: $3.75, $4.50, $6.50, $8.50.

Nottingham and Saxony Lace Curtains.

50c, 65c, 75c, 85c, $1.10, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00.

Irish Point Curtains

$3.25, $3.75, $4.00, $4.50, $5.50, $6.75, $7.50, $8.50 and upwards.

Brussels and Tambour Curtains

$5.50, $6.75, $8.00. $850, $10.00, $12.00, $13.75, 15.00 and upwards.

FRENCH & BASSETT.

THE HERALD'S CAREER

Next Month The Herald Will Celebrate Its Eleventh Anniversary, Having Been Started in 1883.

It Has Had Numerous Ups and Downs in the Course of Its Very Eventful Existence.

Many Were the Changes in Ownership, While the Editorial Management Has Also Changed Frequently.

The Herald will complete the tenth year of its existence as a newspaper with the publication of Saturday's paper, April 8, 1893. The first number was issued from the Bunnell block on Lake avenue on Monday, April 9, 1883. Milie Bunnell was editor and publisher, and in his opening editorial the reader may find a paragraph which is fully in line with the views held by the present management. The paragraph in question asserts, regarding the policy of the paper: "It will not be wedded to any political party or local ring, but will have an opinion of its own on all live issues, and will not be slow in expressing such opinion without fear or favor."

The paper when first started was a six-column folio "issued every afternoon except Sunday at 4 o'clock," and sold for 2 cents a copy. There were six trains in and out of the city daily at the time of its birth and Col. C. H. Graves was mayor. The police force consisted of a chief and four men, and The Herald, asking pardon for its temerity, indulged in an editorial suggesting a large increase in the police force of "at least two men." A few days after its birth, when local and editorial matter had run a little bit low, the following remarkable statement appeared, presumably as a filler: "The hill on which Duluth is built is 900 feet high!" The wearing hand of Father Time appears to have been used to good advantage for in the ten years the hill has materially lessened and is now at its highest point, scarcely 500 feet altitude. If this rate of annihilation of our rocky and picturesque background continues less than two decades will suffice to make a dead level of the townsite. The Dramatic Temple, now a part of the Beckman block, was the only respectable theater then. The Journal, an evening paper started by Col. Lounsberry, was consolidated with The Herald in 1887.

With some minor staff changes The Herald management and control was vested in Mr. Bunnell until the last day of February, 1889, for by reference to the files we find that Eliot Lord, a Boston importation, took charge of the publishing on March 1, 1889, associating with him George French, also from the East, as managing editor. Mr. Lord was somewhat of a tender blossom and unused to the "hustle" incumbent upon the publication of a successful paper in the West. His coadjutor, Mr. French, was a thorough newspaper man and infused considerable life into the various departments of the paper. The political complexion of The Herald showed a freckle on its independent countenance, for the new management announced in its salutatory, as indicating its political leaning, "it will be steadfastly Republican; as nearly as possible of the Lincoln stamp." Mr. French held editorial management until Dec. 1, 1889, when becoming weary with the non-fulfillment of many of Mr. Lord's promises, he folded his tent and went back to the East. The paper was increased to a seven-column folio under his rule and very frequently issued a blanket edition of eight pages. The Duluth Weekly Herald was started on May 15, 1889, and has grown in popularity ever since, being frequently referred to as the handsomest weekly in the Lake Superior district.

After the retirement of Mr. French, D. E. Woodbridge acted as managing editor until May 1, 1890, when the Duluth Evening Herald company was organized and he was formally appointed to the position he had been filling. The officers of the new organization were: W. K. Rogers, president; Eliot Lord, vice president and treasurer, and R. L. Brown, of Richmond, Va., secretary.

The paper had then attained a daily eight-column size, occasionally augmented by extra editions and extra pages. The new hands at the helm worked harmoniously for a time, but after a little there began to be apparent "rifts within the lute" as it were, and the unity of the office existed only in name. R. L. Brown was appointed business manager and, to quote the Bostonian singer Barnabee, he was a "la-la." He tried to infuse Southern warmth and sociability into his work, but after a brief but meteoric career he laid down by the side of his occupation and rested. He is now said to be freight clerk for his father in Richmond, Va.

About July 1, 1890, W. H. Burke and others started the Duluth Evening Times which flourished only a short time and was absorbed by The Herald company, the outfit, excepting the press, (which reverted to the builders) being stored in the basement of the Bunnell block.

About this time a certain mortgage to Miron Bunnell began to press The Herald company very hard. It was finally foreclosed and the property bid in by M. B. Harrison who turned it over to Phillips & Buell. This was on Friday, March 10, 1891, and the announcement of the change of owners appeared in the issue of that day. But there were some irregularities in the foreclosure and the frozen out creditors began to examine into the condition of affairs. They found out that day that neither the press franchise, nor the name and good will of the paper, nor the Times outfit, which had been stored away, had been included in the sale or mortgage, so they hastily petitioned Judge Stearns to appoint a receiver for the affairs of the Herald company and received an injunction denying to Phillips & Buell the right to use the name or franchise of the paper. The receiver, Emil Schmied, was appointed at 2 o'clock March 20, and on that afternoon succeeded in issuing The Herald, by the aid of some of the material of the Daily News, the Phillips & Buell party starting a new paper called the Evening Post, which they printed with the old Herald material. Receiver Schmied then brought to light the Times outfit and The Herald afterwards appeared regularly printed from the newer plant.

On April 1, 1891, the Duluth Printing and Publishing company was organized and assumed control of The Herald plant and publication, the property passing out of the receiver's hands by due process of law. The business management was vested in Emil Schmied, J. Adam Bede was engaged as editorial writer, D. E. Woodbridge retained as managing editor and W. D. Evans city editor. The business office and editorial rooms were in the Chamber of Commerce building and the press room was in the basement of the Fargusson block. Matters progressed then on a business-like basis and the present business manager, A. C Weiss, took charge Dec. 15, 1891. Mr. Woodbridge resigned early in 1892 and Mr. Bede became managing editor, and he in turn was succeeded by W. T. Thompson on May 1, 1892. The office had just before this been moved to the Henderson block, where it remained until the removal to The Herald building last Saturday. A detailed description of the new home appears elsewhere.

Under the present business and editorial management, The Herald has reached its greatest period of prosperity. Early last year it was found necessary to increase the size to eight pages of six columns each and recently the six-column form was abandoned and the metropolitan seven-column style adopted. The number of pages vary from six to twenty, the latter size having been reached several times owing to the rush of advertisers for positions in the Saturday edition. The circulation has also progressed rapidly, and is now considerably in excess of that enjoyed by any other paper in this section.

IS BORN TO GOOD LUCK.

Something Always Happens to Lift Duluth Out of Any Depression.

E. V. Smalley in Northwest Magazine:

Duluth appears to be born to good luck. Something always happens to lift her out of every depression into which she falls. When hard times check her forward career for a while there is sure to be some new development that gives her a fresh impetus. The building of the Northern Pacific railroad gave her the first start; then the cutting of the canal across Minnesota Point made her a first-class lake port; and later, after a period of discouragement, the big wheat farms of the Red River valley gave her a staple of commerce to handle.

In after years the rapid growth of the two Dakotas, with their surplus of grain and their need of coal, built for her huge elevators and great coal docks. Then lumbering came in to swell her business and afterwards the discovery and opening of the Vermilion iron mines became a new factor in her growth. The cheapening of lake transportation by the building of huge steam barges and uncouth whalebacks increased the movement of commodities by the lake route, and this was still another source of gain to the city at the head of the chain of inland seas.

Now, after a quiet year, there comes a new and important stimulus. Northern Minnesota furnishes another iron field larger than that of the Vermilion range; larger, too, than that of the famous Gogebic range, in Wisconsin. The ore deposits partially explored on the Mesaba range, north of Duluth, are of phenomenal extent and richness and are so situated that mining will be almost as inexpensive as scooping out gravel from a bank with a steam shovel.

THIEVES AND FAKIRS.

Washington Filled With Them and Detectives on the Lookout.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Professional pickpockets have come in great numbers to the inauguration and will secure about a bushel of watches. These gentry fatten on this quadrennial celebration. A large percentage of them are from New York, but many arrive from the West. They not only ply their craft in the crowds, but work the trains going to and fro.

Thanks to their industry, many a holiday maker will find his "wad" gone and himself penniless in Washington. Congress pays for 400 special policemen and detectives from other cities will be employed to look out for thieves. Fifty of the latter were shipped out of town on one train at the last inauguration.

It will be a harvest for the fakirs, who have arrived in flocks with stocks of inauguration souvenirs, including thousands of left-over Harrison badges made over into Clevelagd badges. Busts of Mr. Cleveland in macerated money are being turned out in quantities from the raw material obtained at the bureau of engraving and printing.

It is said that Mr. Cleveland was guarded by detectives on his way to Washington, as he was eight years ago when he came on to his first inauguration. Highly exaggerated storiss were told of the arrangements made at that time with Police Inspector Byrnes. Such precautions, it was alleged, were never before taken for the protection of any citizen in this country. For weeks before the president-elect started he was surrounded by detectives in all sorts of disguises. At not a single moment was it possible for any person to approach him without being closely watched. On the journey hawkshaws were with him at every turn. His carriage was driven by a detective. Every servant who waited on him was a detective.

At the capitol, as he delivered his inaugural address, he was environed by a cordon of detectives scattered through the crowd. It is hardly too much to say that every man within pistol shot of him was watched. Such, at all events, was the report—presumably imaginary to a great extent. The huge bills for detective service stated to have been paid by the inauguaration committee have never been exhibited.

Rheumatism Quickly Cured.

Three days is a very short time in which to cure a bad case of rheumatism; but it can be done if the proper treatment is adopted, as will be seen from the following by James Lambert, of New New Brunswick, Ill.: "I was badly afflicted with rheumatism in the hips and legs, when I bought a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It cured me in three days. I am all right today; and would insist on every one who is afflicted with that terrible disease to use Chamberlain's Pain Balm and get well at once." 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

If you are not satisfied with your laundry telephone 447 and have Lutes' laundry call.

THE INAUGURAL BALL.

The Temporary Kitchen and the Provender It Will Provide.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—It is expected that 12,000 people will attend the inaugural ball tonight. For the building of the temporary kitchen annexed to the pension office $1700 has been spent. The supper will be furnished by a Washington caterer, John Crohan, who was recommended by Mr. Wanamaker. He is to get $1 for each supper ticket sold. He is guaranteed $3500, but he must provide for 7000 suppers—the remainder at his own risk. Four years ago the supper was prepared by a Philadelphia hotel keeper. He was guaranteed $6000 and took in $6400.

The people who eat at this national festival are usually hungry. It is estimated that they will devour 65,000 oysters—20,000 of them raw—500 gallons of soup, 8000 chicken croquettes, 7000 sandwiches, 300 gallons of chicken salad, 150 gallons of lobster salad, 300 gallons of terrapin, 150 boned turkeys, 300 quarts of Romna punch, 800 pounds of pate de fois gras, 1300 quarts of ice cream and water ices, and 7000 quarts of cream and milk. The guests will, it is expected, consume 400 pounds of coffee, which will be drawn from 100 copper tanks.

To serve all these viands 200 waiters will be required. They will all be colored men hired in Washington. Four years ago a part of the help was imported from Philadelphia. One man will do nothing but look out for accidents and breakages. If a clumsy menial should chance to spill a pint of ice cream over some unfortunate person's dress coat this attendant will mop up as much of the muss as possible. If a lady upsets in her lap her quota of lobster salad he will be on hand to help and console. On these occasions the rush of the hungry at the buffet is always so great as to make the serving of food difficult. This, however, will be mitigated by waiters who will stand at intervals along the outside of the gobbling line, receiving filled plates from other servants at the buffet, and passing them on. To hold and carry the edibles and drinkables provided 20,000 pieces of china will be required. After the ball is over it will take twenty-five women three days to wash all the things.

Some things are to be done at this inauguration which have never been attempted on a similar occasion hitherto. Pennsylvania avenue is to be brilliantly illuminated for one hour all the way from the capitol to Washington circle. At the same time the capitol and the treasury will be ablaze with revolving suns. There will be twenty such suns for the capitol and ten for the treasury.

The decorations of the ball room will be the most superb ever known in this country. Nothing will be spared that flowers, electricity and bunting can do to beautify the interior of the pension office the night of March 4. The cost of this alone will be $13,000. The display of fireworks at the Washington monument will be of unprecedented magnificence. It will cost nearly $5000, but in reality $10,000 worth of fireworks will be set off, because a St. Louis company is supplying them and desires an advertisement.

For the first time there is to be a stand exclusively for the press. It will hold 250 persons and is intended only for the working correspondents.

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

– OF THE –

DULUTH FLOUR MILLS COMPANY.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we the undersigned have associated ourselves together for the purpose of forming a manufacturing corporation pursuant to the provision of Title two of Chapter thirty-four of "General Statutes 1878" and to that end have organized by adopting and signing the following articles of incorporation.

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be Duluth Flour Mills Company.

ARTICLE II.

The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be to erect, maintain and operate at Duluth, Minnesota, one or more flouring mills, with such elevators, cooper shops, docks and warehouses appurtenant thereto as may be necessary or convenient for properly and economically engaging in the manufacture of flour, and the buying of grain and manufacturing the same into flour at said mills and selling the product of such mills, and the functions of said corporation shall be limited to the said business of manufacturing flour and to business essential thereto.

ARTICLE III.

The principal place of transacting the business of this corporation shall be at the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota.

ARTICLE IV.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the 15th day of February, A. D. 1893, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years.

ARTICLE V.

The amount of capital stock of this corporation shall be five hundred thousand (500,000) dollars, and the same shall be paid in by installments at such times and in such manner and in such amounts as the directors may require.

ARTICLE VI.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which this corporation shall at any time be subject is the sum of five hundred thousand (500,000) dollars.

ARTICLE VII.

The names and places of residence of the persons associating themselves together to form this corporation are as follows:

Henry P. Gill, Duluth, Minnesota.
William C. Sargent, Duluth, Minnesota.
Augustus B. Wolvin, Duluth, Minnesota.
William E. Richardson, Duluth, Minnesota.
William McKinley, Duluth, Minnesota.
George W. Buck, Duluth, Minnesota.
Chester D. Wright, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VIII.

The government of this corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of seven (7) directors who shall be stockholders in this corporation, and who shall be chosen annually by the stockholders at their annual meeting, and the time and place of holding such annual meeting shall be fixed by the bylaws of this corporation.

The officers of this corporation shall be a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, all of which said officers except treasurer shall be elected by the directors from among their own number at their first meeting held immediately after the annual meeting of the stockholders in each year. The treasurer shall be elected by said board at the same time, but need not be a director.

ARTICLE IX.

The names of the first board of directors of this corporation are Henry P. Gill, William C. Sargent, Augustus B. Wolvin, William E. Richardson, William McKinley, George W. Buck and Chester D. Wright.

The first officers of this corporation shall be, Henry P. Gill, president; George W. Buck, vice president; Chester D. Wright, secretary, and William E. Richardson, treasurer, all of which said officers and directors shall hold their respective offices until the next annual meeting of the stockholders of this corporation, and thereafter all directors and officers shall hold their respective offices for one year and until their respective successors are elected and qualified.

ARTICLE X.

The capital stock of this corporation shall be divided into five thousand (5000) shares of the par value of one hundred (100) dollars each.

In testimony whereof we have hereunto subscribed our names and affixed our seals this 14th day of February, A. D. 1893.

HENRY P. GILL. (Seal.)
WILLIAM C. SARGENT, (Seal.)
AUGUSTUS B. WOLVIN, (Seal.)
WILLIAM E. RICHARDSON, (Seal.)
WILLIAM MCKINLEY, (Seal.)
GEO. W. BUCK, (Seal.)
CHESTER D. WRIGHT. (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of:
DANIEL G. CASH,
ARTHUR HOWELL.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS, }

On this 14th day of February, A. D. 1893, before me, personally appeared Henry P. Gill, William C. Sargent, Augustus B. Wolvin, William E. Richardson, William McKinley, George W. Buck and Chester D. Wright, to me known to be the same persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument and severally acknowledged that they executed the same freely and voluntarily for the use and purposes therein expressed.

DANL. G. CASH,
Notary Public,
St. Louis county, Minn.

Notarial Seal.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS:

STATE OF MINNESOTA, } ss.
COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS. }

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record on the 17th day of February, A. D. 1893, at 10:45 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book N of Miscellaneous, page 68.

AMOS SHEPHARD,
Register of Deeds.
By B. O. LOE,
Deputy.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, }
DEPARTMENT OF STATE. }

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 18th day of February, A. D. 1893, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in book I-2 of incorporations on page 1.

F. P. BROWN,
Secretary of State.

Feb.25.M.4.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

RAILROAD.

THE DINING CAR LINE

TO

Fargo, Helena, Butte

AND THE

PACIFIC NORTHWEST

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS

THE SHORT LINE TO CHICAGO

THE COMING CABINET.

A Glance at the Men Who Will Direct the Destinies of the Next Administration.

Full Particulars of the Life Work of the Members of President Cleveland's Official Family.

Gresham, Carlisle, Lamont, Richard Olney, Hoke Smith, Bissell, Herbert and Morton Are the Men.

With the inauguration of President Cleveland today, a new cabinet will take charge of the administrative departments. Mr. Cleveland did not make any secret of the names of those whom he had selected for members of his cabinet, but announced them as fast as they were decided upon and had filed acceptances. The selection of Judge Gresham for secretary of state was a great surprise to the politicians. Following is a full list of the cabinet, following by sketches of their life work:

Walter Q. Gresham, of Illinois, secretary of state.

John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, secretary of the treasury.

Daniel S. Lamont, of New York, secretary of war.

Richard Olney, of Massachusetts, attorney general.

Wilson S. Bissell, of New York, postmaster general.

Hilary A. Herbert, of Alabama, secretary of the navy.

Hoke Smith, of Georgia, secretary of the interior.

J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, secretary of agriculture.



JUDGE GRESHAM.

Hon. Walter Q. Gresham, the new secretary of state, was born in Lanesville, Harrison county, Ind., on the 17th of March, 1832. He was the fourth child of Col. William Gresham, the high sheriff of Harrison county, who was killed by a desperado he went to arrest, when the young Walter was only 2 years old.

His grandfather was the noted George Gresham, one of the original pioneers of Indiana, and one of the most active and successful in planting Methodism in the West. The family, in all its branches, were remarkable for courage, sagacity, integrity and high religious principles. Young Walter Q. Gresham was no exception to the rule. He received such tuition as the county schools then afforded till he was 16, when he earned the money to give him three years of academic and collegiate training. He then studied law and commenced a very successful practice in 1854.

He also engaged in politics, and soon made himself felt as a power in his state. He served in the legislature of Indiana, was an ardent stump speaker for Fremont and Lincoln, and, on the breaking out of the war, entered the service as colonel of the Fifty-third Indiana. He very soon distinguished himself, and in 1864, with the rank of major general and division commander, was transfered to the army of the Tennessee. He was wounded at Leggett's Hill, July 20, 1864, and was invalided for over a year.

After the war he resumed the practice of his profession, was twice a candidate for congress against M. C. Kerr, whom he nearly succeeded in beating, and finally in December, 1869, was made United States district judge for Indiana. He was appointed postmaster general in 1883, and promoted next year to be secretary of the treasury. In October, 1884, he was appointed and confirmed United States circuit judge in place of Judge Drummond, retired, which position he still fills.

Judge Gresham is one of the most remarkable men of the age. He has been lawyer, statesman, politician, soldier, cabinet member and judge, and was eminently successful whenever duty called him. He is a man of the highest attributes of heart and mind, pure, honest and incorruptible, religious and moral, a type of the great Methodist church, in which he was raised and to which he adheres.

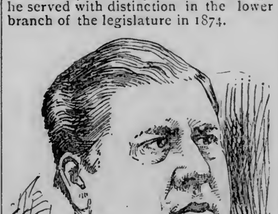


JOHN G. CARLISLE.

John Griffin Carlisle, the new secretary of the treasury, was born in Campbell (now Kenton) county, Ky., Sept. 5, 1835. After he had received a common school education, he taught school in the county and afterwards at Covington. He then studied law with J. W. Stevenson and W. C. Kincead, and was admitted to the bar in March, 1858. In 1859 60 he was a member of the state house of representatives.

In 1864 he was nominated for presidential elector on the Democratic ticket, but declined the honor. He was elected to the state senate in February, 1866, and re-elected in August, 1869. When the Democratic national convention was held at New York in July, 1868. Mr. Carlisle was a delegate-at-large from Kentucky to it. In May, 1871, he was nominated for lieutenant governor of Kentucky. In June of the same year he resigned his seat in the senate, and two months later was elected. He served until 1875. He was alternate presidential elector for the state at large in 1876.

Mr. Carlisle was elected to the Forty-fifth, Forty-sixth, Forty-seventh, Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth and Fiftieth congresses. He was elected speaker of the Forty-eighth, Forty-ninth and Fiftieth congresses, and was re-elected to the Fifty-first congress as a Democrat, receiving 18,907 votes against 12,887 votes for Robert Hamilton, Republican, 103 votes for Scott Shoemaker, Prohibitionist, and 105 votes for W. R. Fox, Labor candidate. Mr. Carlisle was a senator in the Fifty-second congress, having been chosen to succeed the late Mr. Beck.



DANIEL S. LAMONT.

Daniel S. Lamont, secretary of war, was born in Cortland county, N. Y., Feb. 9, 1851. He was the only child of a country merchant in good circumstances, who gave him an academic education. Upon leaving college, he entered his father's store as clerk, an occupation which proved uncongenial and was soon relinquished for the pursuit of politics. Mr. Lamont was made a delegate to Democratic state conventions before he attained his majority. His first office was as deputy clerk in New York.

He was a member of the New York assembly in 1870, 1871 and 1875. In 1876-77 he acted as chief clerk in the New York state department under John Bigelow. Mr. Lamont was a confidential man about Samuel J. Tilden during the time he was governor of the Empire state, and after his nomination for the presidency in the period of his candidature. It is stated that Mr. Tilden had employed him oftener in confidential matters than he had any other man.

From 1875 until 1883 Mr. Lamont was secretary of the Democratic state committee of New York. He evidenced as such a marvellous acquaintance with the details of state politics, and a knowledge of public men and politicians rarelh equalled. His facility of remembering persons and calling them by name is very remarkable. He was appointed to the position of private secretary to President Cleveland Jan. 1, 1883, and also military secretary with the rank of colonel.

RICHARD OLNEY.

Richard Olney, attorney general, was born in Oxford, Mass., Sept. 15, 1835, and was graduated at Brown university in the class of 1856. He studied at the Harvard law school and entered the law office of Judge Benjamin F. Thomas in 1859. In his chosen profession he ranked among the foremost lawyers of the Suffolk bar. He was for many years counsel for the Eastern Railroad company, and upon the consolidation, became counsel for the Boston & Maine, which position he still holds. Mr. Olney is an "old-line" Democrat, but has never been in any sense a politician, although he served with distinction in the lower branch of the legislature in 1874.

WILSON SHANNON BISSELL.

Wilson Shannon Bissell, postmaster general, was born in Rome, Oneida county, N. Y., Dec. 31, 1847. In 1853 the family removed to Buffalo, where they have since resided. Wilson, who was a bright and promising lad, attended the public schools of Buffalo, for two years in one where German was the language spoken.

Having made rapid progress and evidencing superior aptitude for study, he was afterwards sent to Hopkins' grammar school at New Haven, Conn., where he took a two years' course. He subsequently entered Yale college, where he remained four years, and from which institution he graduated with honors in 1869. Mr. Bissell began the study of law in the same year of his graduation, reading in the office of a firm of lawyers doing business in Bugalo.

In September, 1872, he formed a partnership with Lyman K. Bass, and on Jan. 1, 1874, Grover Cleveland became a member of the firm, which was then known as Bass, Cleveland & Bissell. Mr. Bass withdrew, but the other parties retained their association until Mr. Cleveland went to Albany to assume the office of governor of New York state. Upon the retirement of Mr. Cleveland, the firm was again reorganized. Mr. Bissell acted as counsel exclusively. The firm is one of the best known in Buffalo, and does a large business for corporations as well as in perhaps less remunerative practice. Mr. Bissell is a member of both the City and Buffalo clubs. It is generally understood that he is President-elect Cleveland's most intimate friend.



HOKE SMITH.

Hoke Smith, secretary of the interior, is a lawyer, and was born in Newton, N. C., Sept. 2, 1855. He is descended from the best puritan and cavalier strains in this country, and has shown the highest characteristics of both. His father, Professor H. H. Smith, of revolutionary stock, was a distinguished educator in New Hampshire, and his mother, Mary Brent Hoke, comes from a famous family of jurists and public men of Virginia and North Carolina.

Mr. Smith went to Atlanta, Ga., in 1872, to read law; taught school a while in Waynesboro, Ga., concurrently studying law, and was admitted to the bar in Atlanta in 1873, beginning practice there at 17 years of age. He was president of the Young Men's library in 1881, '82-83, and inaugurator of the unique and successful art loan of 1882. In June, 1887, he organized and became president of the Atlanta Evening Journal, which under his sagacious management has developed into the leading afternoon paper of the South.

Mr. Smith is a bold, energetic man, versatile, studious and practical, whose strong methods win success in everything he attempts. At 35 years of age, starting with nothing and among strangers, he is one of the foremost lawyers of his state, with a practice of $25,000 a year, one of the largest real estate owners in Georgia, the head of a great newspaper, and president of the board of education of Atlanta, and all this success of his own making.

As a lawyer, he has been original, learned and indefatigable, grasping the principles and mastering the methods of the profession, and succeeding immediately as a skillful pleader and a strong speaker. He leads in Georgia in that largest field of jurisprudence—corporation and commercial law. He is a pioneer in great public questions, has litigated great suits and won large verdicts, having been especially successful against railroads.

Mr. Smith married the youngest daughter of Gen. T. R. R. Cobb, and he is devoted to his family, with which he spends all his leisure time. Although he is chief owner of the Atlanta Journal, his newspaper experience has covered a period of less than six years. He went into the newspaper business solely as a matter of principle. He was for a low tariff. The Atlanta Constitution, under the management of Henry W. Grady, was for protection. Mr. Smith led the low tariff fight in Georgia in 1888, and although Mr. Cleveland was defeated and the cause of tariff reform seemed to be dead to a great many people, he unhesitatingly declared that it would yet triumph, and continued to predict its final success in the columns of his paper.

In 1888 he championed the candidacy of Senator Colquitt for re-election and won, despite the opposition of the Constitution and the protecting wing of the party in Georgia. Two years later he took up the cudgels in favor of the election of Gen. Gordon as United States senator. Here he scored another triumph against his former antagonists. From the very first he has been recognized as the leading exponent of tariff reform in Georgia, and he has been a pronounced Cleveland man for years. Owing to his many victories and the policy which the Atlanta Journal has pursued since he became its director, the paper has become a magnificent property, and Mr. Smith is recognized as a chief moulder of public opinion in Georgia.

The secret of Mr. Cleveland's regard for Smith and his selection of him for a cabinet place is this: When Senator Hill was last spring making his forlorn fight for the Democratic nomination, the Atlanta Constitution, edited by Clarke Howell, of the Democratic national committee, became his strongest Southern alley and champion. Smith's paper, the Journal, on the other hand, bitterly attacked Hill and supported Cleveland. In fact his paper has been all along one of the strongest anti Hill and pro-Cleveland papers in the South. He is now to have his reward.

HILARY A. HERBERT.

Honorable Hilary A. Herbert, of Alabama, secretary of the navy, is a member of the house from the Second district of his state, and is chairman of the house committee on naval affairs. He was born at Laurensville, S. C.; but when a child his father moved to Greenville, Ala. Col. Herbert was educated at the universities of Alabama and Virginia, studied law and was admitted to the bar. He entered the Confederate service as captain, was promoted to the colonelcy of the Eighth Alabama Volunteers, and was disabled at the battle of Wilderness, May 6, 1864.

He continued the practice of law at Greenville, Ala., until 1872, when he removed to Montgomery, which city has since been his home. Col. Herbert was first elected to serve in the Forty-fifth congress, and has been re-elected seven times, so that he is about to enter upon his fifteenth continuous year in the national house of representatives. He has distinguished himself by his thorough mastery of the intricate affairs of the navy, and it was inferred, therefore, that he would have the naval portfolio in the cabinet.

The people of Alabama are enthusiastically united in his praise, the general assembly recently passing, without one dissenting vote, a series of resolutions commending Col. Herbert to Mr. Cleveland and to the country as a citizen and a Democrat worthy of any distinction that could be conferred upon him by the president-elect.

J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, secretary of agriculture, was born in Adams Jefferson county, N. Y., in 1832, and when a mere boy he went to Michigan to live. He returned East to finish his education, and was graduated from Union college with honors. When 22 years old Mr. Morton married and went to Nebraska to take charge of the Nebraska City News.

That was in 1854, and Nebraska was then a prairie ocean, possessed almost entirely by Indians, buffalo and coyotes. But the Mortons took a lot of wild land and settled down to help build a state. Mr. Morton has been a Democrat from the start. He was twice a delegate to the territorial legislature, and in 1858 he was acting governor for a while. When Nebraska was admitted as a state in 1866 he ran for governor on the Democratic ticket. He was defeated, of course, for in those days the Republicans had full swing in the prairie states.

Until 1881, when his wife died, Mr. Morton refrained from again being a candidate for office. In 1882 he ran for governor again on the Democratic



J. STERLING MORTON.

ticket with a tariff reform platform. Two years later, in 1884, he ran and was beaten the third time. Last fall he again ran for governor as a straight Democrat because he was strongly opposed to any fusion with the Populists. In this last campaign he preached sound money principles and declared that he even preferred a Republican protectionist who was right in financial matters to a free trader with loose ideas regarding money.

When the old greenback craze swept over the West he stood firm for the resumption of specie payments. In about every political campaign in Nebraska since the war he has been conspicuous on the stump as an advocate of substantially the political doctrines embodied in the personality of Mr. Cleveland. For some time Mr. Morton, while continuing to live in Nebraska, wrote editorials on financial matters for the Chicago Times while it was under the direction of its famous editor, W. F. Storey.

Mr. Morton was the founder of Arbor Day in Nebraska and is an authority on forestry cultivation. His wide practical experience as a farmer will make him, it is confidently believed, an admirable secretary of the department of agriculture. Mr. Morton has a strong, rugged personality and is not likely to be a colorless member of the Cleveland cabinet.

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NATIONAL IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Engines, Pumps and Mining Machinery.

IRONTON STRUCTURAL STEEL CO Manufacturers Builders' and Bridge Materials.

DULUTH MANUFACTURING CO., Manufacturers of Freight Cars, Castings, Merchant Bar Iron, Forgings.

MARINETTE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Steam Engines.

CLYDE IRON WORKS, Machinists and Founders, Marine Supplies.

CRAWFORD STEAM ENGINE WKS. Manufacturers Steam Engines, Pumps.

DULUTH BOILER WORKS, Manufacturers Stationary and Marine Boilers, Iron Tanks.

PEYTON, KIMBALL & BARBER, Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

DUNCAN BREWER & CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

C. B. WOODRUFF, Wholesale and Retail Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

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HOWE LUMBER CO.--Tower Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

MITCHELL & McCLURE Manufacturers Lumber.

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HOWARD LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber, Lath and Shingles.

RICHARDS LUMBER CO., Manufacturers Lumber.

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MEMORIES OF A PAST

Some of the Men Who Were Engaged in Newspaper Work in Duluth in Former Years.

Tom Hanna and McGuire Who Ran the Bee During the Famous Kindred-Nelson Campaign.

"Kit" Adams, Stinchfield, O'Dwyer, Geo. Loomis, Arveson, C. M. Schultz, Joel P. Heatwole and Many Others.

It would require a good-sized book to tell about the newspaper men who have labored in Duluth during the past ten years or more, and it would likewise require considerable research to get a complete list, because they were numerous and many of them lingered here but a few weeks or months. Along back in 1882, there was a Daily Bee published in Duluth, which was started with money furnished by C. F. Kindred to aid his congressional campaign. Tom Hanna was one of the editors, and he had as an assistant "Red Headed" Millan. Both were addicted to the flowing bowl to too great an extent, but were smart and clever writers, Millan having an imagination that even excelled that of C. C. Brown. He went on The Herald when it was started, and later traveled to Kansas City, subsequently turning up at St. Joe where he was run over by cars and killed.

Another old timer who is still well remembered by the older business men was B. F. Stinchfield who was city editor of the Tribune for three years from 1881. In the same year S. G. Sherburne arrived here to succeed one McGuire as managing editor of the Tribune. He had formerly been on the Kansas City Journal and the Omaha papers and was accounted a good man. He came to Duluth from St. Vincent and remained for one year on the Tribune, when he broke a leg and went to the hospital. George N. Loomis was his successor on the Tribune, coming from the Minneapolis Journal, and remained with the Tribune, except at frequent intervals when it suspended publication, until 1888, when he entered the theatrical business, going out on the road as business manager for George C. Miln, the preacher-actor. His experiance with Miln was not encouraging but he persevered and soon was found ahead of the Emma Abbott opera company. When last heard from, he was with David Blakeley's syndicate that runs Sousa's Marine band.

About the time of Loomis' arrival here in July, 1882, M. A. Hays also put in an appearance and became telegraph editor of the Tribune. He has remained here ever since. It was in the same year that Dwight Woodbridge started in the newspaper business, succeeding Tom Hanna on the News. "Kit" (J. B.) Adams, the professional humorist, who was formerly with Bill Nye on the Laramie Boomerang and also worked on the Detroit Free Press, Burlington Hawkeye and Bloomington Pantagraph, went on the Tribune as "funny man" in the fall of 1882. He was here only three months and was next heard of in Bismarck. He had figured in several divorce cases, and while here corresponded with his first wife and he married her again. It was said he committed suicide down in Tennessee.

It was in 1883 that Millie Bunnell arrived from Albuquerque under arrangements to buy an interest in the Daily Bee, but he backed out and soon afterwards launched The Herald on the sea of journalism. Meanwhile the Journal of Commerce was running having been started in 1881 or 1882 by C. F. Johnson and Harry Evans. Roberts, who afterwards became managing editor of the Milwaukee Sentinel, came here from Moorhead and worked on the Bee with Goldie West and McGuire, but stayed only a few days. Then J. T. Evans took stock in the Bee in the fall of 1882, and A. C. Arveson, who had been editor of the Journal of Commerce, became business manager of the Bee, which changed its name to the Times. Arveson was at this time secretary of the Duluth board of trade, and, by the way, he was its first secretary. The Times, shortly after Bunnell started The Herald, changed to the Sunday Times and was run by McGuire & Hanna, but it did not last long.

The next newspaper man to come here was C. M. Schultz, now publisher of the St. Joe News. He also came from Albuquerque and went into partnership with Millie Bunnell on The Herald, the firm being known as Bunnell & Schultz. He did not find things to his liking and remained only three or four months, going to the Twin Cities. Later he became commercial editor of the Pioneer Press and afterwards city editor. He resigned to become managing editor of the Minneapolis Tribune, when it was owned by Haskell & Palmer. When they sold the paper back to A. J. Blethen he went to St. Joe.

Joel P. Heatwole, the well-known editor of the Northfield News, and recently the Republican candidate for congress against O. M. Hall, was also a newspaper worker in Duluth. He came here from Indiana in 1883, and was a partner with W. S. Woodbridge in the publication of the Lake Superior News. After a stay of about six months, he quit Duluth and went to Northfield. Walter O'Dwyer will also be remembered as a Herald reporter for a long time. He was an old man and a good journalist of thirty years experience, having quite an eventful career. He was formerly private secretary to Horace Greeley and was also an editorial writer on the New York Tribune. He went from here to Minneapolis and ran a small weekly and when last heard from was on a Montana paper.

Another elderly man who was engaged in newspaper work in Duluth for some time, and had "seen better days," was John Stephen. He worked on The Herald for nearly a year and about the same length of time on the Tribune. He was a near relative of Sir George Stephen, one of the projectors of the Canadian Pacific railway and also at one time heavily interested in the Manitoba road, and who has within a few years been made a British peer with the title of Lord Mount Stephen. John Stephen was rather a curious character in many ways but was a perfect gentleman, well read and nicely educated and a graceful, rapid writer. He was wealthy at one time but lost all his money in starting newspapers in Montreal, being the publisher of Canada First, a weekly paper that created quite a sensation in the Dominion by declaring for Canadian independence. His ideas were too far advanced for that day and the paper failed to be a financial success. He went from Duluth to Chicago, where he was employed on a trade paper. His mind finally became unbalanced and he was sent to an insane asylum where he died about a year ago.

It is unnecessary to refer to the many newspaper men who have been here in recent years, but among them may be mentioned Arthur Bennington, who began his newspaper work on the Tribune and is now a valued member of the staff of the New York Morning Journal, and F. R. E. Woodward, who created a sensation by enlisting in the regular army and exposing the inhuman treatment of the men by the officers at Jefferson barracks, his story being published in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch for which he was acting, and resulting in an investigation by the war department that remedied the men's grievances to a great extent. But why go on with the list? The memory is crowded with names of those who have tilled the journalistic fields in Duluth in the past and found them barren—such men as W. H. Burke, now employed on the Chicago Times, or Col. Lounsberry, at present drawing a fat salary as special land agent and contemplating embarking in another newspaper venture in North Dakota.

Let us ring down the curtain on the past, and turn our gaze upon the present, with its handsome newspaper offices, fast presses, large circulations and hustling staffs. Like the old army presses, the dissipated, seedy looking individuals who posed as newspaper men ten years ago have been relegated into the misty past, and in their place has arisen a new generation of bright, energetic workers, sober, industrious and educated, with new methods and new ideas.

Worse Than a Fire.

Papa—Terrible crush down town. Seven men were trampled to death.

Mamma—Mercy! Was there a fire?

"Oh, no. A ribbon sale."—Detroit Tribune.

Not Exactly What She Meant.

"Was that man who just went out a friend of the family?"

"Oh, bless you, no; he's my husband!"—Vogue.

Both Satisfied.



The Old Wife—Have you induced your husband to give up cigarette smoking yet?

The Young Wife—Oh, my, yes. He only inhales them now. We compromised on that.—Truth.

Force of Habit.

"I don't know what has come over our son since he went to work in a shoe store," said Mrs. Blaggins. "He was looking at a calendar, and he spoke of the figure '6' as '3' and '4' as '2.' His mind must be going."

"Oh," replied her husband, "that's all right. They have put him to work selling shoes to the lady customers."—Washington Star.

And He Gave the Truant a Licking.

"Where is that postage stamp?" grumbled Wipedunks, sealing his letter and looking impatiently among the papers scattered about the table. "I had it at my tongue's end a minute ago!"—Chicago Tribune.

No Risks.

Reporter—I hardly knew what adjective to use in describing Miss Faraway

Friend—Why not call her bonny?

Reporter—Heavens! No. The compositors might set it up bony.—London Tit-Bits.

A Generous Fellow.

Ethel—Jack Dasher asked me to dance with him last night.

Clarissa—It was very good of him. But he has always had the character of being the soul of generosity.—New York Press.

A Growing Pleasure.

He—Aren't you pleased with the way my mustache is growing?

She—Yes, indeed! I'm more tickled with it every time you call.—Brooklyn Life.

Too Cold.

Mamma—Why don't you go outdoors and play?

Little Daughter—I've lost dolly's mittens.—Good News.

Following His Advice.

Prisoner—Yes, your worship, I committed the theft with which I am charged entirely through the instigation of my medical adviser.

Magistrate—You mean to say that in carrying out an experiment in hypnotism he suggested the crime to you?

Prisoner—I don't know about that, but one thing is certain—he told me to take something before going to bed.—Agenda Printemps.

Well Up In It.

Florence—Do you know anything about swinging dumbbells?

Charley—Well, I guess I do. I had to dance four times with that horrid Miss Flintly last night.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

A Mother's Understanding.

Mr. Altock—I'm puzzled over your daughter's marriage. Candidly, what do you make out of it?

Mrs. Du Pendent—A living.—Detroit Tribune.

Boys of No Use.

Mother—Why don't you let the boys play with you?

Little Ethel—We isn't playin circus. It's a intellectual game.—Good News.

I AM SO NERVOUS

The Cry and Plaint of Many Thouaands.

What Does it Mean in This Age of Civilization.

Are We Becoming a Nation of Nervous Wrecks.

The Warnings are Plain and Unmistakable.

Heed Them Now, or it May be Fatally Too Late.

Hundreds of thousands of our people are nervous, thousands upon thousands suffer from mental exhaustion, brain fatigue, weak and irritable nerves, sleeplessness, gloomy depression of mind and exhaustion of nerve power, especially at this season of the year. They do not realize the dangerous gravity of their condition, nor the fearful result of neglect of these symptoms. They have perhaps consulted many physicians who have ascribed their disease to any and every cause but the right one; they have adopted many modes of treatment, but all alike have failed to afford a cure. And why? Because, like the sufferer, the physicians have failed to recognize the dread character of the disease which has fastened its clutches upon the very life principle.

It is nerve and brain exhaustion which makes the brain tired, the arm nerveless, the limbs trembling, muscles weak and the whole body without strength, energy or ambition. It is loss of nerve and vital power which is slowly but surely sapping the very life itself, and unless help is sought from the right source the end will be shattered nerves, insanity with softening of the brain, nervous prostration, heart failure, paralysis or premature death.

The question comes home to every heart with keenest anxiety—is there a source of help?

The answer is positive and convincing. Nature in her boundless mercy has provided a balm for every ill, and fresh from the bosom of the earth yields the nerve-strengthening, nerve-invigorating and health-restoring vegetable medicines which certainly and unfailingly cure these terrible diseases. These valuable medicines have been prepared and compounded into the wonderful remedy, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, the great health restorer, which is acknowledged everywhere to be the greatest nerve and blood remedy in existence and the most valuable medical discovery of the century.

Do not despair, nervous sufferer. Neglect alone is dangerous. Now is just the time to be cured, now when this great spring medicine will do so much for you. Use this great and wonderful remedy and the nervous, irritable, weak and trembling feelings will disappear; your sleep will be natural, calm, restful, and you will wake mornings feeling strong and vigorous instead of tired and exhausted; all gloomy depression and sense of anxiety and dread will fade from your mind; your nerves will become strong and steady as steel, your strength, energy and ambition will be restored, and perfect health take the place of weakness and debility.

It perfectly and completely cured Mrs. Janet Johnson, of 164 Cedar St., Boston Highlands, Mass., and without doubt saved her from insanity.

"I suffered from nervous prostration," she says, "and was so weak and prostrated I could not attend to my household duties, closed my house and gave up my home, as I was so restless I could not remain in one place. I could not sleep for weeks at a time, and insanity seemed sure to result. I resorted to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy with wonderful effect. It produced good sleep, restored my appetite and strength until I feel like a new person."

Follow her example and you will be well.

Remember that doctors prescribe and recommend this medicine. It is the prescription and discovery of the well-known specialist in the cure of nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York, who can be consulted in regard to any case free of charge, personally or by letter.

Adulterated Wine

Cholerine in Pennsylvania.

Swickley, Penn.: We had an epidemic of cholerine, as our physicians called it, in this place lately, and I made a great hit with Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. I sold four dozen bottles of it in one week and have since sold nearly a gross. This remedy did the work and was a big advertisement for me. Several persons who had been troubled with diarrhœa for two or three weeks were cured by a few doses of this medicine.

P. P. KNAPP, Ph. G.

25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by druggists.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies

—OR—

Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S

Breakfast Cocoa



which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

LAKESIDE!

As Spring Approaches

You will be thinking of Renewing your lease or getting

A Permanent HOME!

Remember LAKESIDE and all its advantages.

Take the Street Cars

Some nice day and ride through this beautiful property.

MAPS AND FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION.

LAKESIDE LAND COMPANY,

WM. C. SARGENT, Manager.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning March 5. Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC.—The Lord's day. How shall we keep it? Neh. xiii, 22; Matt. xii, 8-13. "Sanctify the Sabbath day." Neh. xiii, 22.

1. The Sabbath day. The oldest institution of the world is the Sabbath or Lord's day. It is almost as old as creation. Born on the seventh day of time, christened amid the thunderings of Sinai, observed as sacred and holy by Christ and His disciples, it has all the marks of divinity upon it. If venerableness adds anything of interest or worth to the customs of men, surely it should be accorded to the Sabbath day. It has outlasted the patriarchal altars, witnessed the decay of sacred monuments, survived the tabernacle, temples and gorgeous sacrifices, and after almost 19 Christian centuries it is still honored and revered of men. Its future history is as certain as its past history, because it is divine. Nor will it end with the end of time, for the Scripture tells us of a rest or Sabbath that remains to the people of God beyond this life. All honor, then, to that which always has been, which is and always will be—namely, the Christian Sabbath!

2. Why should the Sabbath be kept? There are many reasons. God observed it and commanded it to be observed. Christ observed it and illustrated the true spirit in which all should observe it. It is necessary to the best physical, mental and moral development of man. God did not institute the Sabbath for divine benefit. "The Sabbath was made for man." Man needs it. The individual needs it. The nation needs it. The world needs it. The toilers in the field, the factory and workshop need it. Nor is it less necessary to the one who labors with his mind. A Sabbath given to the soul is the best of all means for refreshing the intellect of man. The soul needs the Sabbath—both the soul of the saint and the sinner.

3. How should the Sabbath be kept? This is a much discussed question today. Some perhaps are too conservative and others too liberal. It should not be observed in such a way as to make its only virtue that it comes but one day in seven. On the other hand, no such spirit of carelessness, of disregard, should characterize it as to do away with all the sacred claims it has upon us. It is the Lord's day and should in some way be devoted to Him. As its name signifies, it is a rest day, and as such we should keep it holy. On that day we should rest from the labors and pleasures of the other six days; rest because we need rest and this seventh portion of time to devote to God. That the body and mind may have true rest, and that the soul may receive the highest benefit from the Lord's day, we should spend the time in public worship of God, fellowship and communion with the members of our own families, quiet reading and meditation of God's holy word. Thus only can we "sanctify the Sabbath day."

Bible References—Gen. ii, 1-3; Ex. xx, 9-11; Num. xxviii, 9; Deut. v, 14; Ezek. xlvi, 3; Neh. ix, 14; Isa. lviii, 13; Matt. xii, 12; Luke iv, 16, 31; vi, 6; John ix, 14; Acts xiii, 14; xv 44; Acts xiii, 27; Heb. iv, 4, 9; I Cor. xvi, 2; Jer. xvii, 27; Num. xv, 32-36; Rev. i, 10.

The External Appearance of Jesus.

I have often wondered what the external appearance of Jesus was like—whether He was tall and slender or short of stature, and whether He was emaciated on account of His frequent fasts and the great burdens resting upon Him. Especially have I wondered what His face was like—whether it was a sweet face which once seen could never be forgotten, or whether, as some tradition says, there never was a smile upon it.

Is there anything wrong in such a thought as this? Does it not seem natural that when one reads so much about the words and acts of Jesus, and knows that a nobler, kinder being never lived, he should wonder as to the expression of His face, the color of His eyes and hair, and meeting Him upon the highway would men be attracted by the beauty of His face or would they be impressed by His homeliness?

While going up and down the Holy Land I thought much about the external appearance of Jesus and wondered whether anywhere in that country I should meet a face that would in some measure answer to my idea of the Christ. In the crowded streets of Jerusalem, in the Garden of Gethsemane, at the Pool of Siloam, at the supposed site of Calvary north of the Damascus gate, at Bethlehem, Nazareth, and as we wound along the beaten paths of travel among the hills and over the plains, I kept my eyes open for a picture of the Christ.

Leaving the camp at Tiberias early one morning for a walk northward along the sea I came upon a man standing apparently in deep meditation upon a rock. His hair was long, his figure slight, his countenance sad, his eyes piercing and yet full of tenderness. There seemed to be something about him that aroused strange feelings within my heart. Had I seen the Christ? I have tried to forget that face and form, and yet it clings to me. Whatever the form of Jesus may have been, I know this—that there never was one that came so near my ideal as this.—Rev. E. Herbruck, Ph. D.

Christian Endeavor Notes.

The number of Presbyterian Christian Endeavor societies is as follows: Presbyterian, 5,363; Cumberland Presbyterian, 549; United Presbyterian, 275; Reformed Presbyterian, 43; Scotch Presbyterian, 24. In addition there are enrolled two Westminster leagues of Christian Endeavor.

The Congregationalists have 4,368 Christian Endeavor societies.

Mr. H. B. Pennell, now of Boston, son of Mr. W. H. Pennell, led the first Christian Endeavor prayer meeting, being at the time but 11 years of age.

The total number of Christian Endeavor societies is 23,163; 845 of these societies are in foreign and missionary lands, 1,546 in the Dominion of Canada and 20,772 in our own land. There are now 2,859 Junior Christian Endeavor societies enrolled.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 25th day of November, A. D., 1891, made, executed, acknowledged and delivered by John G. Krebs, of West Duluth, St. Louis and state of Minn., mortgagor, to Moses Stewart, Jr., of Duluth, Minn., mortgagee, to secure the payment of the sum of four hundred ($400.00) dollars and interest, according to the conditions of one promissory note made by the first party to the second party, which was duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 27th day of Nov., A. D. 1891, at 4.55 o'clock p.m., in book 82 of mortgages, on page 203; and

Whereas, said mortgage was duly assigned by said Moses Stewart, Jr., to Abbie F. Goodale by an instrument in writing, bearing date the 27th day of November, A. D. 1891, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis county on the 27th day of November, A. D. 1891, at 4.55 o'clock p.m., in book 75 of mortgages, on page 613; and

Whereas, there is claimed to be due and is due on said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of four hundred twenty and 25-100 dollars, for principal and interest, and also the sum of twenty-five dollars, attorneys' fees, provided for in said mortgage, and no action or proceeding in law or in equity has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof;

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale by the sheriff of St. Louis county of the premises described in said mortgage, and which are situated in said St. Louis county, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot twelve (12), in block twelve (12), of Stewart's addition to West Duluth, Minn., according to the recorded plat thereof, to the highest bidder for cash at public auction, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, with interest, taxes (if any), costs and expenses of sale and said attorneys' fees.

Dated Jany. 11, 1893.

ABBIE F. GOODALE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

PEALER & TITUS,
Attorneys for Assignee.
Jan. 28, Feb. 4-11-18-25 March 4-11

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

Time Table Effective Jan. 9, 1893.

STATIONS.	Detroit Passenger (Sunday)	Boston Express (Daily)
Leave Duluth	11 00 am	7 30 pm
Leave West Duluth	11 15 am	7 45 pm
Arrive Hurley	4 18 pm	.....
Arrive Ironwood	4 26 pm	.....
Arrive Houghton	10 40 pm	12 45 pm
Arrive Marquette	10 45 pm	7 20 am
Arrive Marinette	.....	12 15 pm
Arrive Green Bay	.....	2 15 pm
Arrive Sault Ste. Marie	.....	1 25 pm
Arrive Grand Rapids	5 15 pm	6 30 am
Arrive Saginaw	3 10 pm	7 17 am
Arrive Detroit	6 55 pm	7 20 am
Arrive Buffalo	4 10 pm	5 55 pm
Arrive Toronto	8 15 pm	5 25 pm
Arrive Montreal	7 55 pm	3 40 pm
Arrive Boston	6 05 pm	8 05 am
Arrive New York	3 45 pm	6 45 am

Westbound trains arrive at Duluth:

Detroit Passenger	8 30 pm
Boston Express	7 20 am

Ticket offices: 426 Spalding House block and Union Depot.

T. H. LARKE,
Commercial Agent, Duluth.

SANTAL-MIDY

Arrests discharges from the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

It is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY is ascertained by result Capsules, which bear the name in black letters, without which none are genuine. (MIDY)

ASHLAND MILWAUKEE ROUTE

MILWAUKEE, LAKE SHORE & WESTERN RY

Through Sleeping and Parlor Car

With Fast Trains From

ASHLAND

TO

Milwaukee and Chicago,

Rhinelander, Kaukauna, New London, Manitowoc, Wausau, Sheboygan, Appleton, Racine, Oshkosh, Kenosha

DIRECT ROUTE

TO

OCONTO, DEPERE

GREEN BAY, FOND DU LAC

NEENAH AND MENASHA,

via WATERSMEET to

NEGAUNEE, MARQUETTE

ISHPEMING, ESCANABA,

And all points in Upper Michigan.

Through Tickets at lowest rates on sale to all points in the United States and Canadas.

Milwaukee City Office, 100 Wisconsin St
Chicago City Office, 197 Clark St.

H. F. WHITCOMB, General Manager. C. L. RYDER, Gen. Pass. Agt.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.

BROU

BROU BROU

THE OLD RELIABLE CURE

for the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet. No other treatment required. Non-potsonous. No Stricture. No inconvenience. Sold by ALL druggists. J. Ferre, (successor to Brou), Pharmacien, Paris.

SHIP CANAL TUNNEL

Sketches of the Plans of the Successful Engineer in the Duluth Canal Tunnel Competition.

A Clear Description of the Manner in Which it is Proposed to Build the Tunnel.

Diagrams Giving a Sectional View From the Mainland and the Part Under the Canal.

By the courtesy of the Engineering News of New York, the leading engineering journal in the country, The Herald is enabled today to present two illustrations showing the proposed tunnel under the Duluth ship canal, according to the design of C. C. Conklin, of Scranton, Pa., which received the prize of $1000 offered by the board of public works for the best plan. This award was made on the recommendation of S. A. Artingstall, M. Am. Soc. C. E., of Chicago, who was engaged by the board as consulting engineer. Mr. Artingstall's reasons were summarized:

1. The design is eminently adapted to the location and character of the ground.

2. The method of construction presents no unusual dificulties.

3. The cost, $750,000, is reasonable, and when completed will leave a safe, secure, durable and dry tunnel.

4. Being essentially a concrete tunnel, advantage being taken of the gravel and sand on the ground.

Mr. Artingstall commented as follows on Mr. Conklin's plans:

"The design for tunnel submitted by C. C. Conklin, in my opinion, is the best offered. It complies with all your requirements and is eminently adapted to the location and character of the ground. The method of construction presents no unusual difficulties, the cost is reasonable, and when completed will leave a safe, secure, durable and dry tunnel. As will be seen by the drawings presented, this is essentially a concrete structure, advantage being taken of the large amount of gravel and sand on the ground which will be used, and thus avoid the use of expensive material to any great extent, the tunnels being afterward lined with brick masonry. This structure will be built in an open excavation, properly sheeted and braced on the sides, and under the canal in a cofferdam. These temporary structures are readily kept and maintained watertight at the sides, and the amount of water percolating the fine sand in the bottom will never be so great but it can be taken care of by proper appliances.

"The author's estimate of the cost of this work is too low, but I have made a careful estimate, following the drawings closely as presented, and in my opinion it will cost $796,400, the detail of which is attached.

"Modifications can be made in these drawings which will not in any way impair the strength, durability or security of the tunnels, and will at the same time reduce the cost. First, there is abundant room for the footway to be placed between the roadway and the railroad tunnel, as there is no necessity or advantage in having a solid masonry wall 16 foot thick between the two roadways; this will effect a great saving in masonry and reduce the with of the cofferdam. Second, the heavy masonry dock walls on each side of the canal can be replaced by timber cribs with advantage. Third, the open approach walls may be concrete faced stone without detriment. Fourth, by a more careful consideration of the details of the arch, an improvement may be made. With modifications on the lines suggested above, the tunnel can be constructed within the sum of $750,000."

The general features of Mr. Conklin's design are shown in the accompanying cuts, which were prepared by the Engineering News from blue prints furnished by Mr. Conklin. It should be noted, however, that these plans will probably be somewhat modified before the construction of the tunnel. The most important of these modifications will be the changing of the location of the footwalk, which is at one side of the tunnel in the original plan, to the center, between the railway tracks and the roadway, as indicated by the broken lines in Fig. 1., a very obvious improvement.

The plans, as shown in the accompanying profile and cross section, provide for three separate passages under the canal with varying lengths of approaches. At the left (Fig. 1) will be the passage for the railway, 14 feet 6 inches wide and 18 feet high at the center, and at the right that for the roadway, 20 feet wide and 14 feet high. Between the roadway and railway will be the passage for the foundations for the concrete retaining walls and 035 feet is closed. The grade of the track in the approach will be 3.62 per cent. The tunnel proper under the canal will be 250 feet long with a vertical curve of 1 deg. 7 sec. On the Park Point side the closed approach of the railway tunnel will be 1410 feet long, with a grade of 2.5 per cent, and the cut 710 feet long, with a grade of 3.03 per cent. The roadway tunnel, on the city side, will have an open cut, 305 feet long, with a grade of 6.17 per cent, and a closed approach 570 feet long, with a grade of 5.61 per cent. The section under the canal will have a vertical curve 2 deg. 43 sec. On the Park Point side the closed approach is 815 feet long, with a 6.08 per cent grade, and the open cut 285 feet long, with a 6.46 per cent grade. The passage for the foot-walk will be only about 60 feet longer than the width of the canal, and will connect at each end with a shaft carrying a spiral stairway, by which the street level is reached.

As will be seen from the illustrations, the tunnel is essentially a concrete structure, advantage being taken of the large amount of sand and gravel on the site. The approaches are to be constructed in an open trench, to be excavated from the surface, and the tunnel proper under the canal by means of a ceffer-dam, only one-half of the canal being closed at a time. The foundations, sides and arches of all three tunnels are to be built of concrete and lined with brick twelve inches thick, laid in cement in the closed approaches, and in concrete underneath the canal. At the outer lines of the foundations, rows of sheet piling twelve feet long are to be driven, and the sand thoroughly rolled and packed, and the concrete laid on the sand, working from the bottom up. The brick arches are to be laid on a timber centering.

The costs of the various classes of work, as estimated by the designer and by Mr. Artingstall, are as follows:

	Conklin.	Artingstall.
Excavation	$ 75,000	$ 60,000
Concrete	326,000	407,000
Masonry	131,000	112,000
Brickwork	77,000	45,000
Coffer-dam	16,000	40,000
Drainage	5,000	3,000
Sheathing and bracing		10,000
Rock filling	8,850	
Sidewalks		1,000
Paving	5,000	12,000
Stairways	8,000	15,000
Sundries	20,000	
Total	$682,800	$705,000

City Engineer D. A. Reed states that Mr. Conklin's plan utilizes the sand and beach gravel which constitutes the bottom of Lake Superior, and which forms the dry ground of Minnesota Point. The sand is a little finer than could be desired for concrete, being about suitable for bricklaying, and the beach gravel is not as desirable as machine-broken stone, but the expense of these two articles (sand being about 90 cents not including hauling, and broken rock $2 a cubic yard not including hauling) being so great, the expense for concrete will consequently be very large unless the natural material can be utilized.

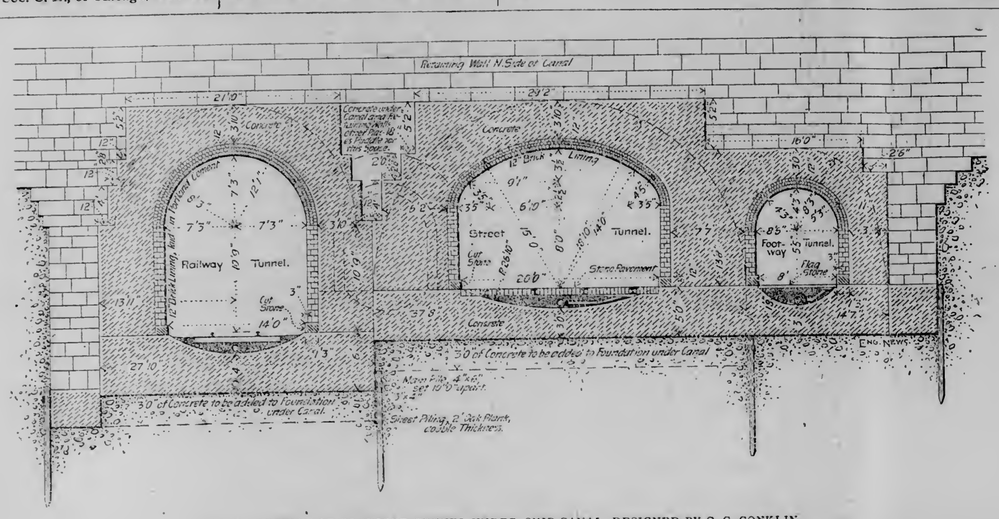


FIG. 1. SECTION OF PROPOSED TUNNEL UNDER SHIP CANAL, DESIGNED BY C. C. CONKLIN.

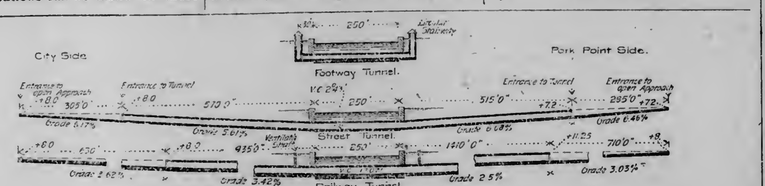


FIG. 2. PROFILES OF TUNNEL UNDER SHIP CALAL.

Duluth Holds the Key.

Minneapolis Tribune, 1891.—"When J. J. Hill obtained control of the Great Northern system he conceived the idea, which has remained with him ever since, that Duluth, at the head of navigation, held the key to the traffic situation, and would eventually become the great commercial center of the Northwest."

Will Leave Them the Shell.

Hon. H. M. Rice, advocating union of St. Paul and Minneapolis, 1889—"We have to consider Duluth. It has iron, coal, wood, and can manufacture as cheap as we can. It is as good a distributing point as we are. Unless we unite that little giant (Duluth) will take the meat from the oyster and leave us the shell."

The Topmost Round.

Joaquin Miller on Chicago, in New York Independent, 1889—"Chicago will surpass New York as New York has passed Boston. Finally another and still higher round in the ladder will be reached in Duluth."

THE GREAT WESTERN.

The Gigantic Electric Manufacturing Company Which Has Removed Its Factory From Chicago to Duluth.

Preparations Now in Progress for Removing the Machinery of Other Electric Companies for Consolidation.

The New Concern Will Manufacture and Supply Everything From Push-Buttons to Power Generators.

The Western Electrician published at Chicago, in its issue of Feb. 11 devotes considerable space to the Great Western Manufacturing company, describing its factories and buildings, the organization of the company and the field which it will endeavor to fill. Several illustrations are given, one of which shows the factory at Duluth and several other views. The article will be especially interesting to Duluthians and is as follows:

Next to the incandescent lamp litigation the most important piece of news that has lately attracted the attention of the electrical fraternity is the announcement that the Great Western Electric Supply company, combined with several other manufacturing and supply companies, has removed its factory to Duluth, and engaged in the general electrical manufacturing business, a new company having been formed under the corporate name of the Great Western Manufacturing company. Inasmuch as the new company proposes to cover the entire field, manufacturing and suppiying everything from push-buttons to power generators and boldly meeting all competitors, the scope and extent of the new enterprise is deemed worthy of the somewhat extended notice given in this article.

The Great Western Manufacturing company is the result of the consolidation of the Great Western Electric Supply company, the Chicago Insulated Wire company and the Baine Electric Manufacturing company of Chicago, the Phœnix Manufacturing company of Duluth and the Western Electrical Supply company of St. Louis. It was organized Jan. 13, 1893, with a paid-in capital of $1,500,000, of which $1,300,000 is in common stock and $200,000 preferred. All the assets of these companies, cash, stock on hand, raw material, machinery, good will, bills, accounts receivable, office fixtures, patents—in shorts, assets of whatever description—have been transferred to the Great Western Manufacturing company. The value of these assets has been passed upon by a committee appointed by those constituting the new company, and it was, at a conservative estimate, taken at $1,300,000. The $700,000 preferred stock has been subscribed for at par, $100,000 in cash having been raised by Duluth capitalists and the remaining $100,000 by Eastern men.

The history of the consolidated company is interesting. In the spring of 1889, the Great Western Electric Supply company was organized. At first it did a jobbing bussiness only, with headquarters at 190 and 192 Fifth avenue, Chicago. It was not long, however, before the directors of the company realized that for their own protection they must enter the manufacturers' field, and with this end in view space was obtained at 193 South Canal street, and a shop opened there. It soon became necessary to largely increase the manufacturing facilities of the company, and the result was that the entire establishment was moved to its present site, 195-207 South Canal street. In less than two years the company has increased its space three times, and its manufacturing branch has become one of the most important features of its business.

Less than a year ago the corporation became interested in the Chicago Insulated Wire company, and lately has purchased all the stock of that concern. The wire company's history is much like that of the Great Western, starting in a small way, until now it occupies its own buildings in Sycamore, Ill., and has over three hundred machines for the insulation of wire in operation.

A number of representative gentlemen in Duluth, interested in the Phœnix Manufacturing company at that place, opened negotiations with the Great Western company, and after an examination of the affairs of each by committees from the respective concerns, it was decided to unite the varied manufacturing interests of the Great Western Electric Supply company at Duluth in the works of the Phœnix Manufacturing company, and to organize a new company, which should be known as the Great Western Manufacturing company.

Later the Bain Electric Manufacturing company was taken into the combination, and preparations are now in progress for the removal of all machinery, tools and supplies of this company to the Duluth factory, where the manufacturing operations of the old Great Western Supply company are now carried on. This company has for some time been virtually under the same management as the Great Western Electric Supply company.

The officers of the company are: President, T. B. Casey, formerly vice-president and now director of the Northwestern National bank, Minneapolis, Minn.; first vice-president and managing director, R. S. Munger, president of the Imperial Mill company, Duluth, Minn.; second vice-president, Stephen J. Young, president Union National bank, Brunswick, Me.; third vice-president and assistant treasurer, O. H. Simonds, general manager Duluth Transfer Railway company, Duluth; secretary and treasurer, H. A. Odell, patent attorney, Chicago; general manager, E. R. Gilman, formerly president of the Northwest Thomson-Houston company, of St. Paul; electrical engineer, Foree Bain.

A few words about the officers of the company will not be amiss. E. R. Gilman, the general manager, is well known as the former president of the Northwest Thomson-Houston Electric company which he started in 1887 with a capital of $10,000, had increased its capitalization before he left it in 1890 to $750,000 and was doing an annual business of several millions having installed the greater portion of the electric street railways and central and isolated plants in the Northwest. With his wide experience in that company and later in handling electric stocks, bonds and securities Mr. Gilman is well qualified for his new position. The president of the company, Mr. Casey, is widely known throughout the Northwest as a conservative business man and banker. He is a man of large means and was formerly vice president of the Northwestern National bank of Minneapolis.

Mr. Munger, first vice president, is the president of the Imperial Mill company of Duluth, which is said to be the largest flouring mill in the world. Mr. Munger is also interested in many of the leading enterprises in Duluth and vicinity. Hon. Stephen J. Young, second vice president, is president of the Union National bank of Brunswick, Me., and is as well known in the East as Mr. Munger is in the West. He is a man of wealth, conservative, and with exceptional business ability. Mr. Simonds, third vice president is general manager of the West Duluth Land company and manager of the Duluth Transfer Railway. He is possessed of indefatigable energy and excellent business ability. Mr. Odell, the treasurer, is a gentleman who has a thorough business training, although a lawyer by profession, and is well fitted to his new position.

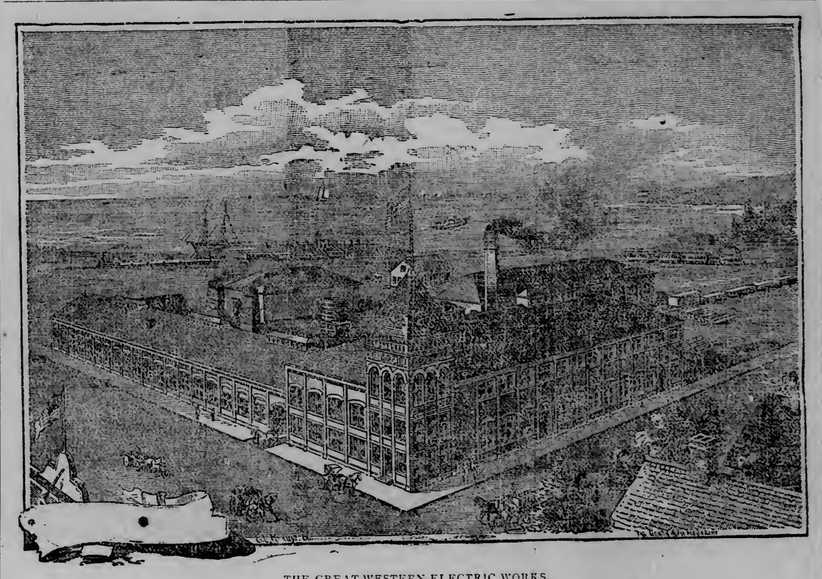
The Duluth factory is thoroughly well equipped for a large manufacturing business. Originally built for the Iron Bay company, the establishment was fitted with every appliance necessary for the manufacture of machinery of all kinds. The location is regarded as peculiarly advantageous for the production and distribution of electrical goods. Situated on Bay St. Louis, at the head of navigation on Lake Superior, the factory is within a short distance of the great iron and copper mines of the Northwest, the products of which enter so largely in the manufacture of electrical machinery. Fuel is obtained at an unusually cheap rate, and the shipping facilities, both by rail and water, are excellent, as the tracks on the Duluth Transfer railway run directly into the factory. E. A. Maginnis is superintendent of the factory, and he has succeeded in putting the establishment in running order in a very short space of time, considering the difficulties to be contended with, not the least of which was the extremely cold weather which has prevailed in Duluth, and, indeed, throughout the entire Northwest, this winter. The factory is not yet running with a full force of men, but it is confidently predicted that, with all the departments in operation, 500 hands will be employed before the year is out.

The plant is located in West Duluth, on the corner of Fourth avenue east and Fourth street north. The principal building is of brick, L-shaped, with street frontages of 157 and 200 feet. The corner portion is four stories high with an attic. The wings are respectively one and two stories high and 60 and 75 feet deep. In addition there are two other buildings not shown in the picture. One of these 200 by 75 feet, will probably be used as a wire factory, and the other, which has dimensions of 175 by 60 feet, will serve as a warehouse.

In the big factory power is supplied by three engines, one Corliss with 14 by 30 inch cylinder, and two automatic, with cylinders respectively 6 by 10 and 10 by 20. Steam is furnished by two tubular boilers 16 feet long and 5 feet in diameter, and the plant is rendered complete by a steam pump and feed water heater. There is also a pumping station, equipped with a 20-horse power boiler, Knowles pump and Korting injector, water being taken from Bay St. Louis. The dynamo equipment consists of five machines—a Thomson-Houston 250-light incandescent machine and a Ball arc dynamo of 25 lights capacity for lighting the building, a Sperry 50 lighter and a Thomson-Houston machine of 15 lights capacity for testing arc lamps and a small Eddy dynamo used for furnishing current in the plating room. The factory is completely equipped for machine work, the plant including a 12-ton Walker traveling crane, three 15-ton cranes in the foundry and three 10-ton cranes in the machine shop, 1800 feet of shafting, about 30 lathes, as well as slotting machines, planers, etc. All the buildings are connected by tunnels. The two-storied wing contains the power plant, machine shop, fixture rooms and plating and polishing departments, while the foundry and blacksmith shop are in the eastern wing. The central portion is devoted to offices, show rooms, stock room and draughting department.

The Great Western Electric Supply company has been manufacturing electric, gas and combination fixtures, arc lamps, and a large variety of electrical supplies. This company's machinery has been moved to the Duluth plant, and the manufacture of these articles is now going on. The machinery, tools and supplies of the Bain Electric Manufacturing company are now being removed to the Duluth factory, and this department of the business will manufacture dynamos, motors, electric mining locomotives, electric mining drills and welding machines, beside electrical testing and station instruments of various kinds. An addition to the factory will probably be built for this portion of the business. It has not yet been determined whether the insulated wire factory will remain in its present quarters at Sycamore, or if it, too, shall be consolidated with the other branches at Duluth. It is expected, however, that it will be moved there at no distant day. It is the intention to put in complete rolling mills early in the summer for the rolling of copper rods and wire drawing.

Foree Bain, one of the best equipped electrical engineers in Chicago, will have charge of the electrical work at the factory, and the Bain dynamo will be the type produced by the company. Mr. Bain has paid much attention to electrical mining machinery, being a pioneer in this field, and the company will devote especial attention to this class of apparatus. Coal mining machinery will be particularly exploited, as Mr. Bain has devised a complete set of machines for this use. The mining generator is especially designed to run for a long period on full or varying load. Constant potential generators and motors will be manufactured in sizes having capacities varying from 10 to 200 kilowatts, wound for any voltage desirable, either shunt or compound. The company will also soon put on the market Mr. Bain's new reciprocating rock drill for quarrying stone. This machine has been quietly but persistently developed for the past year. It is said that when this machine is offered for sale it will be durable and practical in every feature. Within the next year the company will introduce the Bain system of alternating electric light machinery. Contracts will be taken for complete central station plants for lighting and power, with every item of the company's own manufacture.



THE GREAT WESTERN ELECTRIC WORKS.

The insulated wire factory at Sycamore, Ill., is a two-storied brick building 216 feet long and 48 feet wide. There are also two frame warehouses. Nearly all the operations of insulating wire are performed by machinery, and in the factory there are 160 braiders and 140 other machines. These machines are tended by girls and young men, and about fifty hands are employed under the direction of Superintendent F. H. Sydney, who is an expert wire insulator. Most of the manufacturing is done on the first floor, but the magnet wire winders and spoolers, with the stock of cotton, are in the upper story. All the compounds, paints and waxes used are prepared on the premises. The capacity of the factory is from 25,000 to 30,000 pounds of wire a week. Braid insulation is used exlusively except on annunciator wire. Power is furnished by an Allis 40-horse power engine, which also operates a 200-light Edison dynamo. The factory has only been in operation about a year, but is doing a good business.

Included among the 300 stockholders are many of the representative business men of Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth. With this strong backing and two well-equipped factories, the new company embarks in the general electrical business with bright prospects of success.

TEN YEARS IN ELECTRICS.

When This Paper Was First Issued Electric Cars Were Unknown.

When the first edition of The Herald went to press nearly eleven years ago, vague rumors were in existence of the wonderful things which "the wizard of Menlo Park" had in contemplation for operating cars by electricity. The general public was sceptical, and the story which had come across the water from Berlin to the effect that Prof. Siemens had already been able to operate a small electric railway in a practical way was considered an exaggerated rumor of some scientific toy. Yet from this small beginning of a decade ago have come results more wonderful than those produced by Aladin's lamp, and in the whole field of invention and progress nothing has made such rapid strides since The Herald came into existance as has the electric railway.

The residents of Duluth need no argument to convince them that this is true. When the first issue of this paper went to press, names which have since become foremost in connection with its development were comparatively unknown. Frank J. Sprague was, at that time, a lieutenant in the United States navy; Charles J. Van Depple was designing church decorations and furniture at Detroit; Leo Daft was attempting some minor electric lighting experiments; Walter H. Knight was the examiner at the patent office at Washington; O. T. Crosby was in the military academy at West Point; Prof. Elihu Thompson was just commencing the practical production of electric lighting apparatus at New Britain, Conn.; the great Edison was the only one of all these men who had at that time secured a national reputation. Yet within ten years each and all of these gentlemen have produced inventions in connection with the practical operation of such railways as are now being discussed, that are fairly marvellous, and if thoroughly understood by the general public would entitle them to as much credit as Morse has received for the invention of the telegraph, or Bell from the invention of the telephone.

Prior to this period—in fact, as early as 1850—inventors who were then considered visionary, had conceived the idea of operating cars by electricity or by electro-magnets created through the use of the electric current, but their scattered and trivial experiments were all made on different lines from those followed in the use of the modern electric motor.

It is unnecessary to refer in detail to the experiments which were first made, when the only source from which electric current could be obtained to operate motors was from chemical batteries, up to the time when along in the seventies, the active development of the modern dynamo had been commenced for electric lighting purposes. At an electric lighting exhibition in Vienna, some of the workmen who were experimenting with the dynamos for this purpose accidentally took the wires which would have constituted the lighting circuit from one of these machines and connected them with the terminals, so called, of an exactly similar machine—that is, to the parts of the second machine from which wires would have been connected to the lighting circuit, if this second machine was in operation. The first machine having been started, to the surprise of everyone, the second machine commenced to revolve, and then and there was discovered the modern electric motor, the principle being that the first dynamo was converting the energy of the engine which was driving it into electricity, and the second dynamo or motor, as we now call it, was reconverting electricity back into energy which can be applied to driving machinery or other practical purposes, at great distances if need be from where the power was originally created.

This principle, discovered less than twenty years ago, at Vienna, was in the initial steps of its development in connection with railway operations, when The Herald came into existence, but has since developed toward perfection and efficiency something like ten times as fast as has the steam engine from the time of its first discovery. While the principle of electric power was known ten years ago not a single detail of its application had been continued. Even the appliances which were used in connection with it only four years ago were shown at the recent meeting of the National Street Railway association at Cleveland a few weeks ago and contrasted with the devices of today, and those familiar with the entire matter commented at length on the almost amazing development which has occurred even within four years. By looking back for ten years it seems marvellous indeed that human energy could have produced so much within such a short space of time.

So far the only practicable method discovered of getting the electricity from the dynamo which creates it to the electric motor on the car has been by the trolley wire, so-called. When The Herald was first issued, substantially all the experiments were in the direction of accomplishing this by using the rails of the track, by storage batteries and by underground conductors, and in fact everything which can be conceived of excepting the trolley wire itself, the heory being that that a wire in the air was objectionable; yet all plans other than the use of the wire have proved fu ile; so the attention of all of the great inventors of the electrical field has been turned toward making the erection of the trolley wire unobjectionable, both as to appearance or in danger to persons or property. Today the trolley stands perfected, and is unquestionably the safest and most cleanly method of securing rapid transit for all cities.

Ten years ago today not an electrical car was in practical operation in the United States. Today there are over 10,000, operating on over 7000 miles of street railway track. The tremendous number of electric cars which are in operation here stated in a general way can hardly be realized without a special statement as to how extensively they are used in particular localities. In the city of Boston alone there are not less than 800, and in the state of Massachusetts, outside of Boston, there are 600 more in operation; while something like 500 more will be put in operation throughout the state within the next three months. The state of New York has over 700, and not less than 700 more will be in operation in the city of Brooklyn lone in the next few months. New Jersey has something over 250. The state of Pennsylvania over 600. Maryland over 200, with 300 more to be put in operation at Baltimore before next spring. Old Virginia claims something over 200, and even North Carolina has over 100, while the state of Georgia boasts of nearly 300. In the state of Ohio there are over 700 and in far-off Texas over 300. St. Louis alone has over 300 and there are as many more scattered throughout the towns of Missouri, while west of the Mississippi river can scarcely be found a horse car at the present time.

To sum up this wonderful progress, when the first issue of The Herald was made there were of every description and character about 700 street railroads in the United States, all of which were operated by horses, with the exception of some ten or twelve cable roads. Within ten years, less than twenty-five additional cable roads have been built, but during the last half of the decade over 400 electric railways have been built and completed, and about 100 more are now in process of construction and equipment. The developments already recited, marvelous as they are, must be even more rapid within the next ten years than in the past.

RESOURCES IN ABUNDANCE.

Adaptability of the Lake Superior Region for Agriculture.

In a recent letter to the Winona Republican, William F. Phelps, of St. Paul, formerly secretary of the Duluth chamber of commerce, said: "From a somewhat detailed and careful examination, in company with the land commissioner of the St. Paul & Duluth railway, during the past year, I have been greatly surprised to observe the existence of extensive areas of the finest agricultural lands in St. Louis, Lake, Carlton, Pine, Kanabec and adjacent counties in our own state and Wisconsin. On the north, the valley of the Red Lake river contains some of the best farming lands within the state. On the Canadian side of that stream these lands are settled, and we find there one of the most prosperous agricultural communities beyond the border.

"The time is not far distant when agriculture will assume that prominence in the Lake Superior region which its latent resources and the demand of the community amply justify. This will be necessary to supply the wants of the rapidly increasing population now concentrating around the great inland sea to handle its vast commerce, to develop its resources of iron and copper, its quarries of granite and sandstone, its forests of pine and other valuable timber, and to operate its colossal manufacturing establishments now springing up on every hand.

"That country is abundantly capable of producing not only 'cabbages and white beans' enough to supply its own markets for years to come, but to gladden the heart of the Athens of America on the one hand and fill the stomachs of the devotees of sauer kraut in all Iowa. The resources are there in abundance, and the work of development has begun. Dairy, stock raising, market gardening and farming are destined soon to assume their due importance and they will add their full share to the wealth, the prosperity and renown of our great state."

Nearer the Producers.

Editorial in London Financial Times, 1890—"Duluth is at present inferior to Chicago only in size and population. It is as near Chicago to the Eastern seaboard and much nearer the great producing West."

One Great City.

Thomas Lowry, 1891—"Commanding the head of Lake Superior, Duluth has a manifest destiny of its own. In the natural course of events West Superior and West Duluth must merge themselves in the older town and form a great city."